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DISPATCHES
SPECIAL WILLAMETTE VALLEY NEWS SERVICE

The Daily Capital Journal

Weather Report.
Oregon: Tonight and Tuesday fair, light to heavy frost, gusty westerly winds.

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HUNGARIAN BOUNDARY TO BE FIXED

Peace Terms Will Provide Economic Rehabilitation For Former Dual Monarchy

TRANSYLVANIA WILL GO TO JUGO-SLAVIA

Austrian Army Will Be Reduced To Mere Police Forces And Maintained On Volunteer Basis.

By Fred S. Ferguson
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)
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Paris, May 12.—The Austro-Hungarian peace terms, while designed to reduce the former dual monarchy to the status of a third class nation, will provide its economic rehabilitation, it was learned from an authoritative source today.

The treaties, though not yet completed, are expected to be ready for presentation this week. The outstanding feature naturally will be the definition of boundaries. This will officially establish the independence of Hungary and the two republics of Czechoslovakia and Jugoslavina. No doubt will be allowed to remain regarding the independence of German Austria. Not only was this specified in the German treaty, necessity for approval by the council of the league of nations of any union with Germany will be provided in the Austrian treaty.

As in the German treaty, the first section of the Austro-Hungarian pact will be the league of nations. Other salient points, the United States is able to state, will be as follows:

Boundaries.
Austria will be reduced to what is now known as German Austria. Banat and Transylvania will be awarded to Jugoslavina. In the Hungarian treaty a large part of Transylvania will go to Rumania. Tyrol will become Italian. Regardless of the outcome of the Fiume dispute, Austria and Hungary will be given access to the sea. This would be in the form of the right to use the railways and docks in Fiume.

Military.
The Austrian and Hungarian armies will be reduced to mere police forces. Their basis, as conscription would be abolished. All munitions and artillery will be surrendered, including any remaining big air guns. Hungary will be required to reduce her fortifications on the Rumanian frontier.

Naval.
All except nominal number of warships will be surrendered.

Economic.
The economic provisions will be along the same line as those of the German treaty, save that the conditions will be



Opportunity only knocks once, but the wolf hain't so particular. When a woman says, "I hain't mentusin' no names," it hain't necessary.

BELGIUM PROTESTS

Paris, May 12.—Belgium has issued an official protest to the allies against the plan of the German republic to use Belgium's national colors for its new flag.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH CELEBRATES FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY IN SALEM

Congregation Will Have Interesting Program Throughout Week.

The present week will be a memorable one in the history of the First Presbyterian church of this city, as it includes the 50th anniversary of the founding of this church. Fifty years ago on May 15th this church was established in Salem with a group of 29 charter members, all of whom have passed away with the exception of one—J. M. Patterson of The Dalles, who is expected to be present on Thursday evening. At this time the ladies of the church will spread a sumptuous banquet in the Sunday school rooms, at which time there will be toasts, speeches and reminiscent talks. This occasion will be made more interesting by the presence of the minister who organized the church—Rev. T. J. Wilson, now of Eugene. Rev. H. T. Babcock, of Merced, Cal., who was pastor of the church for a period of eight years, has also been invited to be present. This promises to be one of the liveliest events in the history of the church, and it is hoped that every member and former member of the church who can get to Salem from other parts of the state will be present at the banquet. The invitation has been made a broad one, including the families of the congregation, each family to provide a certain share of provisions for the tables. The addresses and musical numbers will follow immediately after the banquet, which is to be served promptly at 6 o'clock.

To Review Activities.
On Friday afternoon there will be an especially attractive meeting of the Ladies Missionary society, at which Mrs. Geary and Mrs. Seelye, of Portland, will be present and address the ladies on important topics. It is expected that this will also be a feature of the jubilee, as it will bring up something of a review of the missionary activities of the church during the half century.

Saturday evening there will be a social and entertainment in the Sunday school rooms, in charge of the young people, who extend an urgent invitation to everybody to attend, promising a good time. Then on Sunday morning there will be an appropriate address in keeping with the occasion, together with the reception of new members.

Sunday evening, as the crowning feature of the anniversary week there will be a special song service by the choir, who will present one of the most beautiful programs ever undertaken in the church, including solos, quartets and chorus numbers. For this program, which has entailed a great deal of extra work for the leader, Miss Miller, and the choir members, a silver offering will be taken, the proceeds going to defray the expense of new music.

Along with this program will be several brief addresses in line with the jubilee occasion and with the future work of the church.

In the line of church history, in connection with the foregoing, A. O. Condit who has served as clerk of the session for a long period of years, has been gathering data from the records which will be presented at the meeting on Thursday night. Among other memoranda he notes that the church was organized in 1869 as a United Presbyterian church, with Rev. T. J. Wilson as its first pastor, but in the year 1872 it changed its denominational affiliation. During the half century of its existence the church has been served by fourteen pastors, including the present incumbent, Rev. T. S. Anderson. At the jubilee banquet Thursday night Mr. Condit, who will preside over the meeting, will give a detailed account of the early church experiences, and this will be supplemented by an address by Rev. T. J. Wilson, of Eugene, who is now 82 years of age, and will bring up a long list of pleasant memories. Further data and reminiscence of a later date will be contributed by Rev. H. T. Babcock, who was the predecessor of Rev. Carl Elliott in the pulpit, and who is now pastor of the church in California. These pastors, together with the older members of the church, will make up a complete story of the church life.

GERMAN MINISTER MAY RESIGN

London, May 12.—Berlin dispatches received here today reported that resignations of Foreign Minister Brockdorff-Rantzau and possibly Herr Landsberg as members of the German peace delegation is considered inevitable.

BIG FOUR CONSIDERING LA TEST GERMAN NOTES

Work For Everyone Is Report Of Agency

Portland, Or., May 12.—Anyone who really wants to work in Oregon can find a job, according to the Portland office of the United States employment service.

According to figures which were announced today by the local employment bureau, there are only 335 men out of employment in the state, and there is work for everyone of them if they are not too particular as to the kind.

Bulletins which have been received at the Portland office, giving the latest summary on labor conditions in other states, show none with less employment than Oregon. Connecticut has a labor surplus of 20,000, Buffalo, N. Y., 10,000 and Youngstown, O., 13,000. Other eastern states and cities report surpluses varying widely in numbers.

ALLEGED 'GERM PLOT' PERPETRATOR KNOWN

"Bugs" Were To Have Been Sent To Allied Leaders And Kings.

Los Angeles, May 12.—Arrest in northern California within a few days of the so-called "mastermind" in an alleged plot to distribute disease germs among the crowned heads of Europe prior to the entry of the United States into the war was predicted today by George T. Holman, department of justice agent.

His statement followed the arrest of Dr. Gustave Behrend last week at Ocean Park. Dr. Behrend was held as a witness to aid in the investigation.

Department agents declare the conspiracy was hatched in Wilhelmstrasse to send germs to former Czar Nicholas, then ruler of Russia; King George of England, and many allied leaders.

The germs, they alleged, actually were propagated in California laboratories.

PACKERS HOLD OFF FROM MARKET MANY POUNDS ARMY MEAT

War Department Would Dispose Of It Without Affecting Meat Prices.

Washington, May 12.—After a series of closed conferences, the big packers have succeeded in holding off from the market 264,000,000 pounds of army meat, bought by the war department and no longer needed, it was learned today.

This was disclosed in a statement made by the war department showing that millions of pounds of meat, at the packers' request, will be restricted to export, at least temporarily and should this prove impossible, it would be sold under war department direction at regular prices.

LIBERTY LOAN ARMY TO BE DEMOBILIZED

Believed That Oversubscription Will Aggregate One Million.

Washington, May 12.—Demobilization of the Liberty loan army of 2,000,000 has been ordered by the secretary of the treasury. With the closing of the Victory drive, Secretary Glass made arrangements for the "discharge" of the great corps of volunteer workers today.

The force of paid experts, however, will be relieved slowly. Federal reserve bank organizations were swamped under the job of tabulating loan subscriptions. Reports reaching the treasury showed that all of the federal reserve banks had subscription records to make which would keep them busy more than a week. Each mail was bringing in quantities of official records from local banks, messages received here said.

No figures showing definitely the amount of the oversubscription were available today. Treasury officials, however, believed that the surplus would aggregate approximately \$1,000,000.

While the minimum quota which the treasury has agreed to accept is \$4,500,000,000, officials point out again that all subscriptions of \$100,000 or less had been allotted in full. This will probably force the issuance of notes aggregating close to \$4,470,000,000, officials believed.

Huns Ask That 400,000 War Prisoners Be Repatriated As Soon As Treaty Is Signed And That International Law Conference Be Held At Once In Versailles To Revise Labor Section Of Peace Treaty.

By William Philip Simms
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)
Paris, May 12.—The "big four" today took under consideration the latest German communications regarding the peace treaty. The notes were later referred to a committee of experts which will report back to the "big four."

These communications were contained in two notes filed with the French foreign office by Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the enemy delegation. The first stated that Germany already has many of the reforms contained in the labor section of the treaty and proposed that an international law conference be held in Versailles at once to revise this article. The second asked that the 400,000 German war prisoners be repatriated as soon as the treaty is signed, and that they also be guaranteed adequate food and clothing.

Germans Have Other Kicks.
The latest communications followed two submitted by the Germans last week, one of which asked immediate admission of Germany to the league of nations. The other declared that the terms in general are not consistent with the principles of right and justice. To the first the allies replied by referring the Germans to the league covenant which shows how Germany may seek membership. To the second the allies stated they would not admit discussion of their right to enforce the terms substantially as drafted.

WEATHER CONDITIONS DELAY NC-4 FLIGHT

Commander Towers Awaits Information Of Other Seaplane Before Giving Orders For The Start Of The Attempted Trans-Atlantic Flight.

Chatham, Mass., May 12.—Weather conditions today seemed likely to prevent the seaplane NC-4 from hopping off from Halifax, although all repairs had been completed and everything was in readiness for the flight.

The wind was from the northeast, while rain and fog added to the unfavorable conditions.

Commander Read and his crew were obviously disappointed at the delay.

AWAIT ARRIVAL OF PLANE
By A. E. Johnson
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)
On Board U. S. Prairie, Trepansey, N. P., May 12.—Commander Towers today awaited information as to the probable time of arrival here of the seaplane NC-4 before giving orders for the start of the attempted trans-Atlantic flight. The NC-1 and the NC-3 are ready to go but the NC-4 was delayed at Chatham, Mass., by engine trouble. Towers suggested that Lieut. Commander Head of the NC-4 make a nonstop flight from Chatham to Trepansey so as to arrive in time for the getaway.

Weather conditions in mid-ocean are rough, according to latest reports. There is a northwesterly wind. Rain is expected along this coast tomorrow.

Curry Skilled Mechanics.
In preparation for the long air trip from here to the Azores—1200 miles—mechanics are equipped to repair motors while flying and even to change propellers in the air if necessary.

The huge planes were given another inspection, in which every motor and every stay was gone over inch by inch. There was considerable talk of awaiting arrival of the NC-4, which was forced to stop at Chatham, Mass., for motors. If the NC-4 makes a quick direct flight from Chatham to Trepansey it is believed possible the three naval machines can start together on the longest hop of their trans-Atlantic flight.

BUSINESS TELEPHONE ONE DOLLAR HIGHER

No Changes Will Be Made In Rates For Residence Telephones, However.

The rate on business telephones has been raised \$1 a month and business houses who receive their May statement will find the charge for the month of May billed at \$4 for a well set and \$4.25 for a desk phone. Also a charge of 90 cents for an extension of a well set or \$1.15 for an extension of a desk set.

This is due to the fact that the Pacific Telephone company applied to the public service commission some time ago for an increase in rates, making a showing that it was about to lose money on its present estimated revenue.

Several hearings were heard before the commission in Portland, the city being represented by B. W. Macy, city attorney. It was the prospect of having a material increase in rates that brought the matter of a municipal telephone before the city council. The council committee has been investigating the claims made by E. T. Bussell, but as yet no action has been taken.

The public service commission established something new in the way of a two party line for business houses. This monthly rate will be \$3.50 with the usual additional charge of 25 cents a month for a desk set.

Radical Raise.
There is a radical raise in suburban

TIRES DROP TODAY

New York, May 12.—A cut in tire prices averaging 15 per cent was announced today by the Goodrich Tire & Rubber company.

The Firestone Tire and Rubber company and the Miller Rubber company also announced that they would reduce prices.

Cut in production costs due to lifting of government war contracts and return to peace basis is given as the reason for the lowering of prices.

PEEK MAKES ATTACK ON CABINET MEMBERS AND ADMINISTRATION

Washington, May 12.—Sharp words and a wide difference of opinion between members of President Wilson's cabinet are the net results of creation of the department of commerce industrial board lower living costs.

Following dissolution of the board, George N. Peek, its chairman, has issued a statement assailing Railroad Director General Hines, Secretary of the Treasury Glass, the irrelevant opinion of Attorney General Palmer (which said the proposed board was unauthorized by law) and the democratic administration, which he says has failed to give over the business of politics to the business of government.

Glass reading Peek's statement, retorted, sharply aligning himself, Palmer and Hines against Secretary Redfield and Peek. Glass says the board was hopelessly committed to an unsound and dangerous policy. As for Peek's parting statement on the board's efforts, Glass said there is scarcely one accurate assertion or sane deduction in all the screed. It is not incorrect to say Mr. Peek has persistently and consistently practiced deception in nearly every public statement he has made. Thus the government effort to lower prices has ended.

Rumors today that Redfield would resign—but these were scouted by administration officials.

RUSSIA MAY RELINQUISH RADICALISM

Bolshevik Secret Agent Declares Russia Is Seeking Only To Reach Goal Of Communism.

BELIEVES EVERYTHING MUST BE SPECIALIZED

Ultimate Plan Is To Make Money So Plentiful That No One Will Want It.

By Frank J. Taylor
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)
Berlin, April 10.—(By Mail.)—The Russian soviet government with abandon bolshivism if it finds that doctrine is not the proper method to reach its goal, communism, M. Makowski, bolshevik secret agent in Berlin, said in an interview today.

"The bolsheviks have no definite program, since Premier Lenin holds that what is 'medicine' for this country today may be 'poison' tomorrow and pitiful reforms cannot be made permanent," said Makowski.

"The aim of the bolsheviks is communism and equality for everybody. We may find out eventually that bolshivism is not the proper means for attaining our end. We will then act accordingly and somehow teach communism by opportunity, but always work toward communism."

"We believe that ultimately everything must be specialized. Everything must belong to the state and no one must own anything. A person may have anything he wants simply by asking for it. That is our utopia, which we may not reach for a long time, of course."

Says Capital Is Enemy.
"We hold that the greatest enemy of communism is the capitalistic system. Naturally the capitalists will not divide up equally, so we are abolishing individual capitalists and making the state the only capitalist. Since the state exists for everybody, the entire proletariat benefits. We make everyone proletarian, or worker, either with their hands or their heads. The capitalist whose wealth is taken over by the state becomes a member of the proletariat as a skilled head of a plant."

"That is the point we have reached in Russia. We cannot make the complete step to communism in one stride, so we have begun by socializing practically all the wealth. A few industries are still unsocialized. When they have been taken over, and all the wealth is taken over and production has been brought up a point above normal, we will abolish money and will simply give every man what he wants. Until we have produced enough of everything so that everyone has all he desires, we will have to use money or a card system of distribution. In some things we already have the card system. But we are automatically getting money out of use by printing it as fast as we can. As soon as we can get print still more. Eventually it will become so plentiful and worthless that nobody will want it. By that time our system of state production will be so developed that there will be more than enough of the necessities of life for everyone. The luxuries will be distributed by the card system."

Credit Will Be Worthless.
"Of course, our credit with other countries will be worthless at first. But we will buy what we need with gold and jewels which the state now controls. You can have our gold. We do not want it. We are glad to get rid of it. It represents capital, and we will gladly pay you everything that represents money value, until we have nothing of the kind left. Then we will deal by credit. The state will own everything and by then we figure other states will of necessity be in the same status. At least all of Europe will be so. It cannot possibly get out from under the debts which this war heaped upon it."

"Only communism can save Europe, although Great Britain and America probably can emerge from their load of debts with a capitalistic system, since they are not so far in debt and can profit by trade. They will be the conservative test, which will be pitted against communist Europe."

MANY TRANSPORTS DUE ABOUT MAY TWENTIETH

Debarkation Ports Gradually Being Cleaned Of Soldiers On Way Home.

Washington, May 12.—Transport sailings were announced today as follows: Transport Martha Washington, Pauline to New York, due May 17, with 221st machine gun battalion; second battalion 20th engineers and headquarters and medical detachments; 307th field signal battalion headquarters, medical and supply detachments and companies A, B, C; detachments 427th and 328th infantry.

Transport Walter A. Loeknebach, Bordeaux to New York, due May 19, with 327th infantry, field and staff headquarters, supply and machine gun companies; first and second battalions and sanitary detachment.

Transport Mount Vernon, Brest to New York, due May 17, with 122nd infantry; 122nd machine gun battalion; 124th machine gun battalion; 33rd division headquarters and headquarters troops; railroad detachment 33rd division, three casual companies; 108th mule ordnance repair shop; five convalescent detachments.

Valencia to Come May 21.
Transport Valencia, Brest to New York, due May 21, with 119th machine gun battalion; 120th infantry company K and M and medical detachment; five casual companies.

Transport Seranton, Bordeaux to New York, due May 21, with 328th infantry, first and second battalions.

Transport Matsonia, St. Nazaire to Newport News, due May 22, with 118th infantry; one casual company and 28 sick and wounded casuals.

Transport Sierra, Bordeaux to New York, due May 20th, with seven casual companies; two Bordeaux convalescent detachments; 176th and 639th aero squad squadrons; 83rd division headquarters and troop, postal detachment; 42nd detachment military police; 22nd division; 327th infantry, detachment machine gun company; 328th infantry, field and staff; medical detachment and headquarters company; 103rd infantry brigade headquarters; 164th infantry brigade headquarters.

Major General George B. Dunne, 82nd division; Brigadier General R. Lindsey, 164th brigade and Colonel R. D. Walsi, commanding 103rd infantry

WEBOOK KILLS THREE

Moulton, Iowa, May 12.—Three men were killed and two were seriously injured when a Webook freight train jumped the track two and a half miles south of here, Sunday evening. A spreading rail caused the accident.