



The Clarinda Electric Washer and Wringer

The Clarinda Electric Washer is the most compact and intensely practical power washer made. All gears and working parts are completely enclosed in dust proof casings. It has no belts, no chains, no cams, no cranks, no pitmans, and no exposed gears--which are dangerous features and should not be permitted in any home. SAFETY is the first essential in any machine.--either for factory or home. So completely enclosed is every gear and working part of the Clarinda Electric that the only moving part visible in the operation of the machine is a small semi-revolving smooth knob that operates the "dolly." Noiseless gears make the machine quiet in operation. All the mechanism is on top so that the oil holes are of easy access for oiling. The electric motor is of the completely enclosed type, designed especially for and absolutely essential to the home type of power washer. A full one-quarter horse power Emerson Ventilated motor is used on the Clarinda Electric, fitted with cord ready to be attached to an electric light socket.

Sold on installments.

Easy payments.

PORTLAND RAILWAY LIGHT & POWER CO.

Last Night's Program At Auto Show Unusually Good

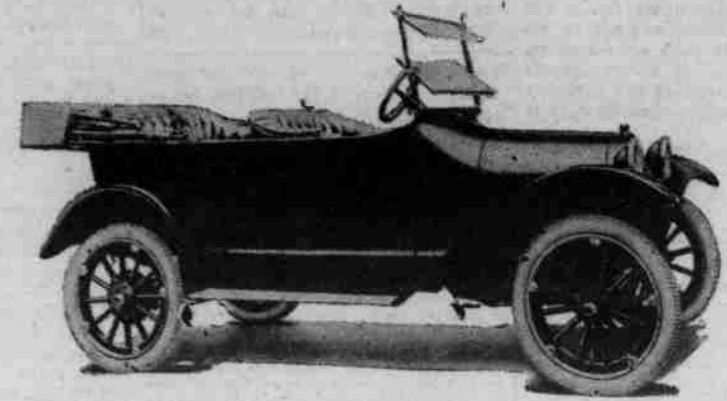
The armory was the storm center of entertainment again last evening, and everybody felt as though they had received "four bits" worth of enjoyment in return for their quarter. Oscar B. Gingrich, the stenographer, was on the platform as chairman of the meeting and he went after mutual agreeableness with the same determination as he tackles the sale of a Maxwell. The program went through according to schedule, with one or two unexpected additions--a series of violin numbers by Miss Elizabeth Levy, who was especially pleasing in a medley of old favorite airs. Russell Morgan, with his big baritone, made a decided hit in his popular melodies. The chorus of high school maidens who made up the girls chorus showed most excellent form and training in their renditions, and the dainty little dancer, Genevieve Barbour, rounded out the evening with a series of motion dances in costume. All the numbers were greeted with enthusiastic applause. A large number of automobile owners and prospective purchasers were on the floor, listening to the persuasive eloquence of the agents and framing up a future deal. The actual work of the automobile show cannot be estimated from direct sales; there is a psychological side to this project, and the effect of it will be felt in the automobile trade for months to come. Tonight, the closing hour of the show, should draw out a big crowd for there is a good chance to spend a pleasant evening in the armory, even if one does not dance or belong to the automobile class.

AURORA NEWS.

A hop contract made some time ago between the Seavey Hop company and Crisell Bros. and Hong Kee, by which the latter parties are to grow and deliver 15,000 pounds of hops to Seavey at 18 cents, has just been recorded at Oregon City.

George McFarland recently sold his crop of carrots to the Salem King's Products company at \$15 a ton. There has been a considerable shortage of some of the vegetables this company uses in filling its government contract--notably carrots and parsnips.

Many beavers have been trapped here this season. Ed Kraup caught a large one a few days ago, making almost a dozen. E. M. Howe has trapped eight or ten. Canby parties are said to have trapped nine or ten. Allen Kell caught some, and Ralph Lebo has several to his credit. Prices vary from \$5 to \$15. Hugo Mueske hands the Observer a "monthly prison current" card sent the Willamette Trading company at Barlow June 22, 1893, by Allen & Lewis of Portland, giving market quotations on that date. Some of these quotations are as follows: Oats, 48 cents a bushel; potatoes old, \$1.50 to \$1.75; new California, \$1.50 to \$1.60; eggs, 15c a dozen; butter, 20c to 40c per roll, according to quality; bacon, 13 to 14 cts.; lard, 14 to 15 cents; young chickens, \$2 to \$5 per dozen, and turkeys, 16 cents. All of which make the consumer long for the "good old days."--Observer.



The Automobile Show was a decided success, not from the standpoint of sales, however, but from a social standpoint.

Such affairs always create a friendly feeling among dealers and they come to realize that their competitor is their very best friend.

From a standpoint of the customer these shows are a success because of the educational feature and such shows often are the deciding point, as to which car to buy.

We know personally of several parties that made their decision as a result of the show and as one of the exhibitors we feel well repaid and perfectly satisfied with results.

Salem Automobile Co.

F. G. Delano

Phone 97

A. I. Eoff

246 State street till after March 1st then 151 High st. across from Court house

Distributors of Chevrolet and Scripps-Booth Cars and Republic tires.

Roll of Honor "From Over There" General Pershing's Official Report

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces:
Wounded severely 110

- WOUNDED SEVERELY.**
Privates.
Henry Miller, Roslyn, Wash.
Fred Mills, Winona Idaho
Wm T Murphy, Eliat Mich
Harvie Roundtree, Farmerville Texas
Richard H Schaaf, Chula Vista Cal
Geo T Seerist, Dayton O
George Simos, San Francisco Cal
Basil M Stump, Gena Va
Grover C Stinnett, Boston Tenn
Henry A Wood, Edgefield S C
Harold I. Allen, Early Ia
Wadeo Allen, Zenia O
Carl Cantoni, Fairmont Mich
Archie Collins, San Antonio Texas
Joseph O Daniel, Whitehall Mont
Yony Demaris, Buffalo N Y
Giovann Demari, San Francisco
Marion Duvina, Waldenburg Kas
Walter J Doulan, San Francisco
Roland G Elkins, Remus Mich
Harol H P Erickson, Chicago
Albert J Erickson, Chicago
Willie Erids, Pierce Texas
Fran Foell, Cologne N J
Marlin O Foll, Limon Colo
Harrison F Foor, Napoleon O
Everett A Gatcher, Greenville Texas

George Charles Goupil, Whittemore Mich.
Herbert A Gove, Tecumseh Mich
Frederick Grand, Cleveland O
Jones M Jones, Padinor Mo
Verda Lawrence Lay, Strank Ky
Albert Joseph Leha, Detroit Mich
Joseph B McAndrew, Gilroy Cal

SOCIETY OF NATIONS

(Continued from page one)

war of 1914-1919.

Article XXII. The high contracting parties agree to place under the control of the league all international treaties to be constituted in future shall be placed under control of the league.

Secret Treaties Unlawful.

Article XXIII. The high contracting parties agree that every treaty or international engagement entered into hereafter by an state member of the league shall be forthwith registered with the secretary general, and as soon as possible published by him, and that such treaties or international engagements shall be binding until so registered.

Article XXIV.

It shall be the right of the body of delegates from time to time to advise the reconsideration by states-members of the league, of treat-

ties which have become inapplicable, and other international conventions of which the continuance may endanger the peace of the world.

Nations Bind Themselves.

Article XXV. The high contracting parties severally agree that the present covenant is accepted at abrogating all obligations in force which are inconsistent with the terms thereof, and not otherwise engage that they will not hereafter enter into any agreement inconsistent with the terms thereof.

In case any of the powers signatory hereto or subsequently admitted to the league shall, before becoming a party to this covenant, have undertaken any obligations which are inconsistent with the terms of this covenant, it shall be the duty of such power to take immediate steps to procure its release from such obligations.

Article XXVI.

Amendments to this covenant will take effect when ratified by the states whose representatives compose the executive council and by three fourths of the states whose representatives compose the body of delegates.

Article XXVII--In the event of disputes between one state member of the league and another state which is not a member of the league, or between states not members of the league, the high contracting parties agree that state or states not members of the league shall be invited to accept the obligation of membership in the league for the purposes of such disputes upon such conditions as the executive council may deem just, and upon acceptance of such invitation, the above provisions shall be applied with such modifications as may be deemed necessary by the league.

Upon such invitation being given the executive council shall institute an inquiry into the circumstances and merits of the dispute and recommend steps to be taken as seem to be best and effectual.

In the event of a power so invited refusing to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purpose of a dispute which in the case of a state member of the league would constitute a breach of article XII, the provision of article XIV shall be applicable as against the state taking such action.

If both parties to the dispute when so invited refuse to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purpose of such dispute, the executive council may take such action and make such recommendations that will prevent hostilities and will result in the settlement of the dispute.

Contracting Parties Agree

Article XXVIII--The high contracting parties agree that the league shall be entrusted with general supervision of the trade in arms and ammunition with the countries in which the control of this traffic is necessary in the common interest.

Article XIX--To those colonies and territories which as a consequence of the late war have ceased to be under the sovereignty of the states which formerly owned them and which are inhabited by peoples not yet able to stand by themselves under the stren-

BOYCOTTS ARE

(Continued from page one)

the safeguarding, the bill provides that ice cream may have as low as eight per cent of butterfat. The present law calls for 12 per cent.

In case of death, removal or withdrawal from the district of a candidate on the ticket of any political party before election, the central committee of the state or county shall have the legal

nomination conditions of the modern world, there should be applied the principle that the well being and development of such peoples form a sacred trust of civilization and that securities for the permanence of this trust should be embodied in the constitution of the league.

The best method of giving practical effect to this principle is that the tutelage of such peoples should be entrusted to advanced nations who, by reason of their resources, by experience, their geographical position can best undertake the responsibility, and that this tutelage should be accepted by them as mandatory on behalf of the league.

The character of the mandate should differ according to the state of the development of the people, the geographical situation of the territory, its economic conditions and other similar circumstances.

Certain communities formerly belonging to the Turkish empire have ceased to exist as independent nations and their existence as independent nations can be provisionally recognized, subject to the rendering of advice toward development and assistance by a mandatory power until such time as they are able to stand alone. The wishes of these communities must be a principal condition in the selection of the mandatory power.

Concerning Africa

Other peoples, especially those of Central Africa, are at such a stage that the mandatory must be responsible for the administration of the territory subject to conditions which will guarantee freedom of conscience or religion, subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals, the prohibition of abuses such as the slave trade, the arms traffic and the liquor traffic and the prevention of the establishment of fortifications or military or naval bases and of military training of the natives for other than police purposes and the defense of the territory, and will also secure the equal opportunity of trades and commerce of the other nations of the league.

There are territories such as south-west Africa and certain of South Pacific islands, which owing to the sparseness of their population or their small size or their remoteness from the centers of civilization or their geographical contiguity to the mandatory state, and other circumstances, can be best administered under the laws of the mandatory state as integral portions thereof, subject to the safeguards above mentioned in the interest of the indigenous population.

right to name a candidate and place the name legally on the ballot. There was some objection to the word "withdrawal" as there was just a suspicion that a candidate might withdraw at the last minute, specifically if he happened to have a hunch he could not win. But as politicians are not in the habit of withdrawing or of ever resigning, the bill finally passed the house.

C. E. Spence, master of the state grange, made the assertion some time ago that patents of the Warren construction company had expired. To get at the truth, a resolution was passed in the house this morning, authorizing the attorney general to make an investigation as to whether the patent on bitulithic pavements of the Warren people had expired. It is claimed that the original patent was taken out in 1901, and that it expires this year.

Friends of the paving trust did not object to the resolution, the wise ones are of the opinion that the Warren people through their attorney, Mr. Moutagne of Portland, are not overlooking any bets and that an investigation will show that the company is firmly entrenched with all sorts of legal rights and that it still holds a legal patent on bitulithic pavements.

Dave Morrison of the Portland Telegram will address a joint meeting of the senate and house Monday evening on port consolidations. Those interested in ports are respectfully and cordially invited to attend.

Oratory will be turned up in the house beginning at 9:30 o'clock Tuesday morning when the big \$10,000,000 road bonding bill is made a special order of business. When the hands of the clock indicate the 6:30 hour Tuesday morning all other business will be suspended and the big fight will be on with friends of the paving trust on one side and opponents on the other.

The constitution of the state of Oregon provides that the doors of the house and senate shall not be closed and that the discussions of the representatives are open to the people. Hence, all are welcome.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Arthur L. Whitman, deceased, by the county court of Marion county and state of Oregon, and has qualified. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby notified to present same, duly verified, together with the proper vouchers therefor, to the undersigned at the office of S. M. Endicott, Salem, Oregon, in said county of Marion, within six months from the date of this notice.

Date of first publication, this 24th day of January, 1919.

GRACE HANSEN, Administratrix of the estate of Arthur L. Whitman, deceased. 2-21

JOURNAL WANT ADS PAY

JOURNAL WANT ADS PAY

TRIED TO KILL

(Continued from page one)

actual competition in bidding be secured in all matters relative to the construction of public highways.

Also that in all bids for hard surface paving, that complete specifications for such work be prepared and that in case patented paving be submitted, there shall be submitted at least one kind of non-patented paving of a similar type.

Also that in case patented paving bids are submitted, they must set forth the amount representing royalty. Also that all contracts shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder.

It is upon these provisions that friends of the paving trust are fighting as they do not suit the trust. And in an effort to suddenly get the bill before the house contrary to the usual way that the fight was started.

Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Childs said that the friends of the trust had signed up 32 representatives to kill

the bill, a vigorous fight was made by Sheldon, Scheibel and E. E. Smith to prevent it from being indefinitely postponed.

Sheldon said it was the greatest piece of legislation before the session. The bill was drawn to permit honest competition, Mr. Sheldon said, and to prevent unfair competitions for the highway pavements. The efforts of members to kill the bill favoring competition without giving the house a chance to discuss its merits, Mr. Sheldon claimed were absolutely unjust and unfair.

Having made the motion to kill the bill before the members had a chance to discuss it, Graham of Washington finally withdrew his motion and the famous senate bill 67 was passed on for a third reading and will come up for discussion in the usual manner.

In the fight for competition in the paving of the highways and giving other firms a chance against the paving trust, the Marion county delegation voted as follows:

With the paving trust and in favor of the paving trust, Loney. Against the paving trusts, Martin, Weeks, Hughes, and Speaker Seymour Jones.

There is an "Exide" Battery for Your Car



and it will give "punch" and "pep" to your starting system. The space saving "Unit Seal" construction gives extra plate surface--hence greater capacity per unit of weight and volume. This means built-in durability and power. Let us show you your "Exide" Battery and explain its special features.

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This service is free to all battery users. Repairs, the prompt and satisfactory kind, on any make of battery at the right price.

AUTO ELECTRIC SERVICE

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R. D. BARTON, 171 S. Commercial St.

BICYCLE REPAIRING Tires and Accessories

When in need of anything in the above line, don't forget to try Scott's New Cycle Store at 147 South Commercial street, where you will find the most complete line of cycle goods carried in the city.

Expert mechanics in charge of our repair department at all times, and you will find our prices reasonable.

See the new Harley-Davidson bicycles.

Harry W. Scott Formerly of Scott & Piper

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