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 SPECIAL WILLAMETTE VALLEY NEWS SERVICE

The Daily Capital Journal

Weather Report
 Oregon: Tonight rain west portion, fair east portion. Sunday rain west portion, rain or snow east portion, moderate winds mostly southerly.

FORTY-SECOND YEAR, NO. 33, SALEM, OREGON, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1919. PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS—FIVE CENTS

PEACE WITH GERMANY NEXT CONSIDERATION OF PARIS CONFERENCE

New Provisions Removing, In Part, Some Of Restrictions Placed On Enemy, Will Be Presented By Marshal Foch, in Extending Armistice, At Treves Monday.—Preliminary Peace May Also Be Offered.

By Fred S. Ferguson
 (United Press staff correspondent)
 Paris, Feb. 15.—With the league of nations temporarily disposed of the peace delegates today directed their efforts toward effecting a definite preliminary peace with Germany which will enable general demobilization and resumption of normal industry and commerce throughout the world. Practically all the conference have agreed that this is the most vital problem now before them.

The world is now in a state of stagnation. Industries everywhere are awaiting the actual signing of peace and the growing unrest and uncertainty in many countries can be traced directly to economic conditions.

Semi-official reports from Germany indicate that country has enough food to last until March. New crops will not be available before June. In the interim, conditions of actual starvation may prevail and bring about serious disturbances unless steps to meet this situation be taken speedily. A preliminary peace would correct these conditions and would be comparatively simple in accomplishment. The military status could be fixed by demanding immediate demobilization upon a peace basis. The allies could agree what Germany should pay in the way of indemnities and how she should pay it and

SOCIETY OF NATIONS CAN SETTLE DISPUTES

Nineteenth Article Deals With Subject Of Colonies And Territories.

(The first sixteen articles in the constitution for a society of nations were printed in yesterday's Capital Journal. The remainder, as read before the general peace conference by President Wilson yesterday afternoon, is as follows.)

In every case of mandate the mandatory state shall render to the league an annual report in reference to the territory committed to its charge.

The degree of authority, control or administration to be exercised by the mandatory state shall, if not previously agreed upon by the high contracting parties, in each case be explicitly defined by the executive council in a special act or charter.

To Review Yearly Reports.

The high contracting parties further agree to establish at the seat of the league a mandatory commission to receive and examine the annual reports of the mandatory powers, and to assist the league in ensuring the observance of the terms of all mandates.

Article XX. The high contracting parties will endeavor to secure and maintain fair and humane conditions of labor for men, women and children both in their own countries and in all countries to which their commercial and industrial relations extend; and to that end agree to establish as part of the organization of the league a permanent bureau of labor.

Commerce Safeguarded.

Article XXI. The high contracting parties agree that provision shall be made through the instrumentality of the league to secure and maintain freedom of transit and equitable treatment for the commerce of all states (members of the league), having in mind among other things, special arrangements with regard to the necessities of the regions devastated during the

COMPENSATION ACT WON'T BE REFERRED TO VOTE OF PEOPLE

Senate Kills Bill On Part Of Program To Reform Court Procedure.

By a vote of 19 to 5, the senate today refused to refer to the people a proposed constitutional amendment providing for compulsory workmen's compensation.

The proposed amendment was a part of senate joint resolution 15, by Smith of Coos, and was killed on a motion to adopt an unfavorable report made by the senate judiciary. By adopting the report the resolution was indefinitely postponed.

Senator Smith of Coos tried to save the resolution from defeat, but Senator Moser and Hurley argued that conditions have changed within the last few weeks until now it is deemed inadvisable to raise the issue of compulsory compensation at this time. The senate accepted that view.

The five senators who voted against killing the resolution were Eddy, La Follette, Pierce and Smith of Coos. Senators Dimick, Farrell, Lachmund, Norblad and Smith of Josephine were absent, and the others voted against the resolution.

The senate killed house bill 188, introduced by Representative Hare as part of a program to reform court procedure in this state. Lawyers in the senate hoped on this bill as being intended to protect shyster lawyers, or attorneys who do not know how to properly prepare pleadings in a case. The bill provided that the court, at its discretion, could permit an amendment to be made to pleadings at any time before the case went to trial.

Senator Orton and Senator Wood defended the bill, saying that it would make it possible for cases to be tried on their merits instead of being thrown out on technicalities or errors in pleading, but Senator Eddy and Senator Norblad and other lawyer senators in-

BOYCOTTS ARE LEGAL ACCORDING TO BILL PASSED ON BY HOUSE

Ten Million Dollar Road Bonding Bill Will Come Up Tuesday Morning.

Boycotts are legal and are to be permitted according to the bill passed this morning by the house. It was introduced by Horne of Portland and legalized labor unions, and permits them to do about as they please. The bill also prevents a judge from issuing injunctions against labor unions to prevent strikes. It also provides that a labor union may act as an individual from a legal standpoint. Those speaking in favor of the bill claimed it was a copy of the federal law. The Marion county delegation voted solid in favor of the bill.

The lawyers had a little lining this morning when the house passed a bill providing that in divorce cases, the party at fault shall be adjudged to pay reasonable attorney's fees.

To relieve the sheriff or his deputies from traveling all over the county summoning juries, a bill was passed making it legal to notify by registered letter. The bill was passed as a matter of economy.

As the law now stands, where the wife has property of her own and she joins with her husband in a deed, she is not bound by the covenants of the deed. The bill which passed the house this morning makes her equally liable with her husband. The present law says that the deed must be signed and sealed. In the bill passed this morning, the word "sealed" is to be eliminated.

Safeguards are thrown around the manufacture of ice cream in the bill passed by the house today. So much so that the manufacturing of this necessity will be obliged to have pretty complete equipment. However, water going

PRESIDENT WILSON IS ON WAY HOME ABOARD GEORGE WASHINGTON

Week Intervening Between Arrival In U. S. And Return To France Will Be Overflowing With Business.—Conference With Governors On Unemployment And Appeal To Congress For Its Indorsement Of League Of Nations Are Principal Items.

Brest, Feb. 15.—President Wilson and for the United States aboard the liner George Washington at 11:15 a. m. today.

He gave out the following statement just before embarking for the United States:

"I cannot leave France without expressing my profound sense of hospitality of the French people and the French government. The have received and treated me as I most desired to be treated—as a friend; a friend alike in spirit and in purpose.

"I am happy to think that I am to return to assist with all my heart in completing the just settlements which the conference is seeking, and I shall carry with me during my absence very happy memories of the two months I have spent here. I have been privileged to see near at hand what my sympathy had already conceived of the sufferings and problems of France, and every day has deepened by interest in the solution of the grave question upon whose proper solution the future prosperity of France and of her associates and of the world depends.

"May I not leave my warm and affectionate farewell greetings."

Atlantic City, N. J., Feb. 15.—President Wilson will arrive at Boston on the transport George Washington about February 24. It was announced here today by Presidential Secretary Tumulty.

It was stated that Tumulty and received a cablegram from the president in which Wilson announced his intention to deliver an address at Boston upon his arrival there.

By Robert J. Bender.
 (United Press staff correspondent)
 Treaty Signed In June.

Brest, Feb. 15.—President Wilson started home confident that the peace treaty will be completed and signed in early June.

He feels that the biggest part of the peace settlement was accomplished when the league of nations was outlined and that the problems which have already been mutually threshed out, will be speedily solved.

The president has already turned his attention to the economic situation in the United States and is preparing his plans to ease the doubts of returning soldiers regarding employment.

The campaign for popular support of the league of nations constitution will be opened in Boston, where the president plans to land, instead of New York. He will go direct from Boston to Washington without stopping en route. He has cabled Secretary Tumulty to meet him in Boston where they will talk over the general domestic situation and plan conferences with various congressional leaders, because much must be accomplished in the shortest possible time.

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HOW LEAGUE OF NATIONS WILL OPERATE COMPOSITION

President Wilson Will Have Power Of Calling First Conference.

Paris, Feb. 15.—Administration of the league of nations shall be in the hands of an executive council and permanent secretary.

Each member nation shall have one vote in the body of delegates, which shall meet at the league's capital at stated intervals.

The executive council shall consist of representatives of the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan, with four representatives from other states to be selected by the body of delegates.

The secretariat shall be comprised of a secretary-general and assistants to be selected by the executive council.

President Wilson will summon the first meeting of the body of delegates and the executive council.

Membership:

Non-member nations, upon giving guarantees of their intention to observe the league's mandates, shall be admitted to membership in the league upon an affirmative two thirds vote of the member nations.

Preservation of Peace

Member nations are required to submit disputes to the executive council, which may refer problems to the international court of justice.

An award will be made within six months and the disputants will be bound not to resort to war for at least three months after the award is made.

If a disputant files an acceptance of the award of the executive council, it shall decide measures to enforce the award.

These may take the form of severance of diplomatic relations, economic blockade, or use of armed forces under direction of the executive council.

In case of a dispute between a member of the league and a non-member, the latter shall be invited to assume the obligations of membership and submit to the provisions for averting war with the alternative of facing the same measures as the disputant member nation.

Disarmament

The executive council shall formulate plans for the reduction of armaments to the lowest point consistent with national safety.

The private manufacture of war materials shall be prohibited.

Colonies

The German colonies in the Pacific and in Africa shall be placed under the protection of the nations best suited to their administration.

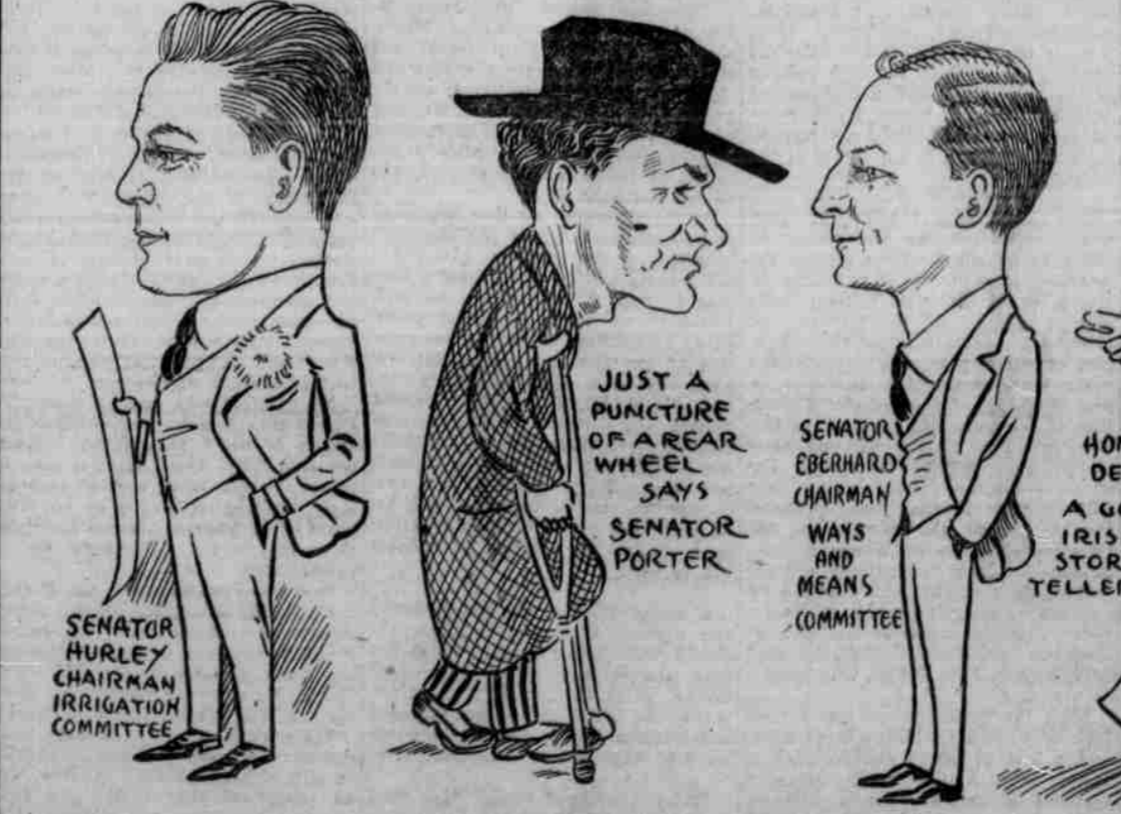
The slave and liquor traffics shall be abolished in the African territories affected.

Turkish Territories

Certain Turkish territories shall be given the benefit of protectorates on

(Continued on page three)

UNDER THE CAPITOL DOME.



Here is a group of the star actors in the Legislative Drama, caught by the artist when they were too deeply engrossed in matters of weighty public concern to offer objection. Most statesmen object to publicity of any kind.

FRENCH VETERAN BAND IS COMING TO SALEM

World-Famous Organization Composed of Battle-Scared Veterans Of War.

The French Army Band veterans, hero-musicians under Captain Fernand Pollain will visit this city on March 5th. They are now making an extended tour of America to further strength on the "tentative cordiale" of France and America.

Most of the band members have been actively engaged at the front in many battles. Most of them wear the chevrons of the wounded. More than half of them march with sore hearts, remembering interned families, children taken from them, imprisonment, agony, struggle. Now they are here on leave of absence, to play for us our own Star Spangled Banner and their Marseillaise. Fraught with what memories of "over the top!" Let us give them a cheer.

What a treat it will be to hear them play the "Sambre et Meuse" which is the French Polli's battle song as he goes into action. We shall see Croix de la Guerre on their coats; medals with which they have been decorated for bravery under fire. They come to us from the front to America to play in behalf of their wounded comrades in France, their Foyer du Soldat. For the past two years they have proved their worth in the trenches, as they proved it as artists long ago when they won first prizes—every man of them—at the Paris conservatoire. Let us show France what our city thinks of the French Army Band veterans and make their day in our city a real Tri-Color day with the French flag in evidence everywhere. The proceeds of the concert will go to the fund for home coming soldiers. The Cherrian club is sponsoring the appearance of the band.

Japanese Prince Ill With Spanish Influenza

Tokio, Feb. 15.—Prince Yamagata, it was officially announced today, is seriously ill from influenza.

Later it was learned pneumonia has developed.

Prince Yamagata is a marshal of Japan and one of the elder statesmen. He is president of the privy council. During the civil strife that attended the restoration, he took a distinguished part.

ABE MARTIN

The Kaiser is raising a stubby beard which looks like he was gittin' ready to sneak back into Germany as an ex-brother member. What's because of the fellow that used to be afraid somebody would see him go in a saloon an' later afraid ever 'buddy in town wouldn't see him come out!