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# The Daily Capital Journal

Weather Report  
Oregon: Tonight and Friday rain; moderate westerly winds reaching gale force on the coast.

FORTY-FIRST YEAR-- 270. SALEM, OREGON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1918. PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS-- FIVE CENTS

## GERMANS BEGIN EVACUATION AND ALLIES STARTED FORWARD TODAY

### AMERICANS MARCH TOWARD METZ AND ON TO STRASSBURG

Poincaré, Clemenceau and Foch To Accompany To Alsace-Lorraine.

### BRITISH FLEET ARRIVED OFF CONSTANTINOPE

### French Officials Replace Enemy Administrations in Occupied Towns.

London, Nov. 14.—(1:44 p. m.)—The Americans have begun their march to Metz and Strassburg, according to advices received today.

President Poincaré, Premier Clemenceau and Marshal Foch will personally accompany the Americans in their occupation of Alsace-Lorraine, it was stated.

Paris, Nov. 14.—(2:55 p. m.)—A council of ministers has been appointed for the administration of arms in Alsace-Lorraine during the period of the armistice.

State Councilor Maringer will be high commissary of Alsace-Lorraine and regional commissary of Strassburg. M. Tirman will be commissary of Metz and M. Poulet of Colmar.

London, Nov. 14.—(British admiral by wireless)—The British fleet arrived off Constantinople at 8 o'clock this morning of November 13, the admiral announced today.

The allied fleet passed through the Dardanelles November 12, in fine weather. British and Indian troops occupied the forts and were paraded as the ships passed.

Paris, Nov. 14.—(1:40 p. m.)—The Americans have occupied Briey.

Briey is the center of the famous iron basin of that name. It is 28 miles north east of Verdun, 12 miles northwest of Metz and only three miles from the German frontier.

### ALLIES MOVE FORWARD

By John De Gandt  
Paris, Nov. 14.—(10:30 a. m.)—The allied armies on the west front, following the evacuation of the Germans, are reported to have started forward this morning.

Strassburg, Metz, Colmar and various towns in Alsace-Lorraine are expected to be occupied Sunday.

The Americans are said to be marching toward Metz and Strassburg. Marshal Foch, on behalf of the allies, will take possession of those two cities in the presence of President Poincaré, Premier Clemenceau and other French ministers.

A large part of the great Briey iron basin is in the hands of the Germans.

### ABE MARTIN



O' course th' feller that talks th' biggest about settin' with th' Kaiser was ever builded. It's purty hard to tell which is th' easiest 't lose—a peddler's pup or a cameo pin.

### American Casualties For October Begin To Come In

Washington, Nov. 14.—Nearly 75,000 American casualties have been reported to the war department up to today.

War department officials said there is absolutely no way now of making an accurate estimate of what the final total will be.

Casualties for October are coming in. Some of the most costly fighting of the war occurred in that month. Returning officers have said that the casualties, including the slightly wounded, whose cases were almost insignificant, would run past 200,000. However, war department officials give no authority for such a claim, and the conservative estimates go as low as 100,000.

### RAINBOW DIVISION PROBABLY BACK FOR CHRISTMAS DINNER

New England Division Also One Of First To Land In France Expected Soon.

Washington, Nov. 14.—The Rainbow and New England divisions are believed likely to be back in the states by Christmas. With the exception of the first regular division, they were the first troops to land in France. While priority of return will not entirely follow priority of original shipment, these two divisions are likely to get back first.

The war department, however, has made no announcement yet as to the probable time for any unit and its plans are unsettled.

The war plans section of the general staff is giving serious attention to the matter of a standing army after demobilization and also to the problem of universal training. These subjects have been before the section for a long time and probably will be presented to Secretary Baker soon.

According to Baker's interpretation of the present military status, all enlistments will close with the end of the war emergency, unless congress acts before that time. Hence, it is believed that the war plans section's decisions will be embodied in legislation for congress soon.

Congress will determine, in the last analysis, how great a standing army the United States should have and whether universal military training should be followed, now that the war is ended. The regular army establishment prior to the war amounted to about 205,000 officers and men.

War department officials believe universal military training should be instituted, but they are doubtful about the tone of public opinion and inclined to the belief that the public will prefer to settle back to the pre-war status.

### SENTENCE INCLUDED IN ARMISTICE TERMS IS PROVING PUZZLE

Indignation Aroused In Fear That Atrocities May Escape Punishment.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Germans responsible for the unspeakable atrocities in Belgium and elsewhere may go scot free, under amended section six of the armistice.

Without having definite information of the purpose of this article some state department authorities so interpreted the sentence therein, reading:

"No person shall be prosecuted for offenses in participation in war measures prior to the signing of the armistice."

This was held by some to mean that if any Germans were left behind in France or Belgium, the governments or peoples should not take retribution on them for crimes they committed beyond the pale of war laws. On the other hand, some interpreted the clause to mean the peoples of evacuated territories should not be punished in any way for participation in the war, either actively or in sympathy with either side.

The clause has aroused indignation in some quarters on the theory that it means those who ravished Belgium will escape any punishment.

The clause was the result of American-aided liberation evidently, and if the interpretation given here is correct, it means that the Versailles conference has struck a new note in its idea of a stern, just peace.

### FEAR OF BOLSHEVISM IN EUROPE GROWING

Troops To Be Maintained In Worst Places For Guard To Property.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Fear of a bolshevik wave in Europe is growing in diplomatic circles here today. For some time diplomats have foreseen such a possibility and have been urging that troops be maintained to police the worst centers.

England and the United States have least to fear from such a movement, although warnings are being sounded in both countries.

Switzerland is having a hard tussle with bolshevism. General strikes are on in German Switzerland cities and are beginning in some French sections. No violence is reported in these instances.

Troops have apparently been mobilized in anticipation of outbreaks and the president of the Swiss confederation, addressing the chamber of deputies, told them in detail of the situation.

He told them that the government would not yield to malcontents. Penalties are likely to be severe against strikers, the cables say.

### SAN DIEGO WAS SUNK BY DEUTSCHLAND SAY OFFICIALS TODAY

At First Was Cargo Submarine Cruiser, Later Filled With Torpedo Tubes.

By Carl D. Great  
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Washington, Nov. 14.—The German submarine Deutschland is charged with responsibility for sinking the United States cruiser San Diego a short distance out of New York a few months ago.

The information is the best available that the navy department could give as to the cause, it was stated by an official today.

The Deutschland, originally a cargo submarine cruiser, was converted to lay mines and also was fitted with torpedo tubes. She was known to have operated for a while off the Azores, it was stated.

As far as the navy department has been able to ascertain, she was the vessel that crept into American waters and discharged mines which later sank the old cruiser San Diego. It was indicated that the navy's proof so far is not positive, but its evidence is regarded as rather conclusive.

The Deutschland, under Captain Koenig, first came into Baltimore harbor with a cargo of ironstuffs. After about four weeks she went out with a cargo of nickel, and when she made her second trip she docked at New London, Conn. On her outward voyage there was a collision in which a tug was sunk.

What happened to her sister ship, the Bremen, is still a mystery so far as the world is concerned. The British admiralty probably knows, and there may be some American naval officials in on the secret. One thing is certain—she was expected at New London and never appeared. Stories current in naval quarters are that she was captured and interned by the British. Germany is understood to have built seven or eight of these vessels of the Deutschland type, which she later converted into submarine cruisers.

### SERIOUS NEWS PRINT PAPER CONDITIONS STILL EXIST

Chicago, Nov. 14.—That news print paper conditions are still serious and that there is still little likelihood of an immediate reduction of prices, was the opinion expressed here today by Thomas E. Donnelly, chairman of the paper committee of the war industries board.

"Book papers have a better tone now," said Mr. Donnelly, "but some manufacturers claim that their prices as fixed by the board are too low on news print. We do not expect to make any decision on lifting the ban on the establishment of new newspapers until news print conditions are better."

All paper prices are about as low as they can get at this time. I am of the opinion that for the present news print prices will remain stationary."

Donnelly left today for Washington to attend a meeting of the paper section, which will consider book paper prices and conditions.

### STUDENTS TO RETURN

Washington, Nov. 14.—The navy department estimated today that 50,000 men could be spared from the navy within the next month. As one means of releasing men, students of schools and colleges can apply for release to their commanding officers and the department policy will be to grant it.

### MAJORITY FAVOR HIGH COURT TO JUDGE CASE OF EX-HUN RULER

By William Philip Simms  
(United Press staff correspondent.)

Paris, Nov. 14.—Will Wilhelm lose his head, be banished, or allowed to disappear?

Public opinion here is divided. High officials apparently are almost unanimously in favor of his execution. The majority of the masses seemingly rebel at the escape of the former kaiser, who was regarded as the principal artery of war and the murderer of 20,000,000. These are in favor of an international high court to pass judgment on his case. They oppose banishment on his landing to Napoleonville him into a hero to which he is not worthy. Others declare the kaiser and crown prince were marionettes in the hands of the militarists and kings of commerce, who are the ones responsible for the war. They contend that, if possible, these ring leaders also should be haled before an international court so that something like justice might be achieved.

The opinion is unanimous that the allies have hard jobs in fixing Germany so that no one man or clique can make war again and at the same time arresting a famine so far as circumstances permit by holding out a helping hand to a thoroughly beaten foe.

Jan Van Hamel, professor of jurisprudence in Amsterdam, now in Paris, was interviewed concerning the possible disposition of Wilhelm. He said he believed the Dutch government will refuse to allow the former kaiser the benefit of asylum if an international court of justice should require his appearance.

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Allies Have Hard Job Before Them To Arrest Famine In Germany.

By William Philip Simms  
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Paris, Nov. 14.—The new Prussian government has confiscated the entitled property of the Prussian crown, a Berlin wireless dispatch announced today.

### GERMANY MAKING EFFORT TO SECURE U. S. A. AS COUNCIL

Trying To Create Impression That She Has Lenient Friend In America.

IS UNDOUBTED DANGER TO AMERICAN PRESTIGE

Beaten Nation Must Beg From Whole World Rather Than Washington Alone.

By J. W. T. Mascoe  
(United Press War Expert.)

New York, Nov. 14.—Germany is continuing with subtle persistence her effort to secure the support of the United States as special counsel at the peace table.

By trying to create the impression that in the United States, Germany has a lenient friend at court, the government at Berlin is seeking to start controversies at the peace conference between America and the other democratic nations. There is undoubted danger of America's world prestige in this effort of the Germans to isolate America from the allies. Hitherto, world prestige has had little interest for Americans; but now that the United States may be destined to play the prominent part in the forthcoming league of nations, the equalities of international leadership have a new value for this country.

Co-operation Must Exist.  
Leadership among nations is a matter of character, strength and initiative ability to do the right thing at the right time.

Germany is trying to develop the notion that American leadership means America must be addressed as a favored nation apart from other nations and as the world's commander in chief. In this idea lies the germ of destruction of full co-operative effort between America and the allies at the peace conference.

Jealousy Easily Aroused.  
America cannot allow Germany to single out this country from among the world's democracies for the purpose of addressing her notes and petitions exclusively to Washington. International suspicions and jealousies are as easily aroused as personal suspicion and jealousy. Germany had traded on this basis for years. It is widely to her advantage to continue to do so. What Germany must beg should be asked from the world. What Germany has to shed in mitigation of the sentence for her terrible crimes, against humanity

### NEW GOVERNMENT HAS TAKEN OVER PROPERTY OF PRUSSIAN CROWN

Newspapers Denounce Terms Declaring They Are Inhuman.

London, Nov. 14.—The new Prussian government has confiscated the entitled property of the Prussian crown, a Berlin wireless dispatch announced today.

London, Nov. 14.—The revolutionists are coming more firmly into power in Germany, it is indicated by reports from various sources.

A Wolff bureau dispatch by way of Copenhagen declares the German eastern high command has acknowledged the authority of the workmen and soldiers. Councils of soldiers have been organized at Landsberg, Warthe, Glogau and Senzburg.

A new Prussian cabinet has been formed by the workmen and soldiers, according to a Copenhagen report. Eugene Ernst is minister of finance; Otto Braun and Adolph Hoffmann are joint ministers of agriculture, and the other portfolios are held by Count Hirsch and Heinrich Stroebel.

The independent socialists will demand the trial of Grand Admiral Von Tirpitz and other junkers held to be responsible for the declaration and continuation of the war, an Amsterdam dispatch stated. They will also seek to abolish the stock exchange, cancel war loans and divide the land.

German newspapers continue their bitter denunciation of the terms of the armistice.

"The armistice terms are modeled upon those which Rome exacted from Carthage," says the Deutsches Tages Zeitung. "The German people must ask that the government take measures to meet the catastrophe."

"There is no alternative but to accept them (the terms)," says the Vorwaerts.

"The outrageous diabolical plan to keep the blockade will result in famine and perpetuation of the revolution; it is monstrous," the Tageliche Rundschau declared.

"It is unprecedented inhumanity," according to the Tagelblatt.

### WILL OF LATE MRS. SAGE MADE PUBLIC IN NEW YORK

New York, Nov. 13.—The will of the late Mrs. Russell Sage, made public here today, leaves \$1,515,000 specifically to public institutions throughout the country. Large amounts were also given to relatives. The value of the estate was not mentioned. The will gives a legacy of \$8,000,000 to Joseph Jeremiah Slocum, a brother. There were \$180,000 in personal bequests, including \$5,000 left to Miss Mary Jones Boardman, St. Paul.

Mrs. Sage left to each servant who had been in her employ ten years or more the sum of \$5,000 and to those who had been employed five years \$2,500.

Specific legacies to public institutions included \$200,000 to the Idaho Institution for the Deaf and Blind and \$25,000 to the Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church of America.

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DON'T FORGET TO HELP THEIR BIG BROTHER BY CONTRIBUTING TO UNITED WAR FUND



THERE is no interest bearing coupons attached to this fund. You are asked to Dig, Give and Smile About It. Be glad that the great majority are coming to their homes again. They never "flaked" in the front line trenches --- that's the big reason why you can't do it here---Better phone the solicitors where to find you