

Our Guarantee

Your grocer will refund the full price you paid for MJB Coffee, if it does not please your taste, no matter how much you have used out of the can



Most Economical Coffee You can buy

Ask your grocer

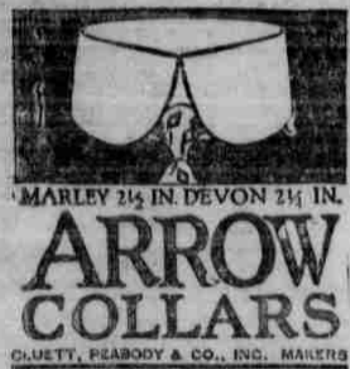
To Start Off The Month Right

Clip This Advertisement. We will allow you \$1.00 on the purchase price of a pair of dress shoes and 50 cents on the price of a pair of Army Shoes or Work Shoes for this advertisement. GOOD TOMORROW ONLY.



Plan To Mobilize Lady-Bugs To Rout Aphids

Portland, Nov. 1.—The aphid hosts which attack the grain fields of Oregon and Washington each drought season and cause serious loss are to be routed next year by an army of lady-bugs recruited from the mountains and



MARLEY 2 1/2 IN. DEVON 2 1/4 IN. ARROW COLLARS

canyons of the national forests, if a plan now on foot is successfully carried out.

The bureau of entomology, assisted by the state and county agents, is attempting to locate a sufficient number of the lady-bugs to meet any emergency which may arise in the grain districts of the two states. The lady-bug has no more use for aphids than civilization has for the Huns and attacks and destroys them with great zest, according to entomologists who are familiar with the insects.

The lady-bugs, which are really beetles and not bugs at all, congregates early in the fall at high altitudes, or in canyon bottoms, and are sometimes found in all manner of places. They remain inactive in these large colonies, or caches as these gatherings are called, until late the following spring clinging to vegetation of all kinds. The beetles have a red body with black spots and are from one-eighth to one-fourth inch in length.

The forest service will co-operate with the bureau of entomology in locating lady-bug caches, and thus facilitate their collection when needed.

POLITICS NOW HOLD ATTENTION OF LEADERS

Secretary Wilson Says Republicans Have Harried War Administration.

Washington, Oct. 31.—With a broadside against President Wilson, fired by Former Presidents Taft and Roosevelt today, the political batteries now shaking the nation continued discharging from coast to coast.

The senate was expected to open up again today with further spirited republican assaults on President Wilson's appeal for a democratic congress.

Democrats, however, hoped to shut off debate by making the point of no return. There are only a few senators now in the city.

In a statement today, Secretary of Labor Wilson accused the republicans of having harried the administration constantly. They had, he said, criticized the government for inefficiency at a time when a definite reply as to activities would have revealed information of importance to the enemy, endangering the lives of American soldiers.

Soldiers To Remain To Rebuild France

Washington, Oct. 31.—Whenever the war ends, thousands of American soldiers in France and Belgium will be used in the reconstruction of the war devastated areas. Wide utilization of the American forces is contemplated while the troops await ships to bring them home.

Officials today estimated that the American armies abroad could not all be brought back in less than ten months. The maximum monthly return of the men cannot exceed 250,000.

Plans for returning the troops are of course tentative as yet but in a general way to return first those who went over first.

Great Britain has informally notified governmental agencies here that immediately hostilities end she will withdraw all tonnage she has placed under control of the shipping board. She also

A circular letter has been mailed from the district forester's office, Portland, to the forest officers of the district asking them to furnish information concerning the location of large colonies, containing twenty to twenty-five quarts of the beetles, date of discovery, and approximate size of the colony.

The information furnished by the rangers will be used in select sites where the lady-bugs can be most conveniently collected by the federal, state and county officials this fall. In this way the officials expect to have the beetles available in sufficient numbers to prevent a repetition of the rain loss of the past season in Oregon and Washington.

COMPLETE SURRENDER OF CENTRAL EMPIRES SEEMS NEAR AT HAND

Austria Expected To Capitulate And Germany Is Wavering And Indecisive

By Robert J. Bender.

(United Press staff correspondent.) Washington, Nov. 1.—Complete surrender of the central powers to the forces of civilization is drawing nearer, official Washington believed today.

Already Mittel-Europa has been crushed by the allied arms. Austria's abject capitulation is expected momentarily in the wake of her frantic appeal for an armistice on the field of battle.

When this comes Germany will face the world alone. How long she will hold out is a matter of conjecture, but authorities here believe not more than six months.

Germany, these authorities say, must be weighing thoughtfully the consequences, the debacle of her allies as she awaits the call for surrender from the Versailles conference. Austria's exit from the war, military authorities point out, will expose the entire southern German frontier where morale is the weakest and where feeling against Prussia is most bitter. Bavaria, Saxony and Silesia would be the first points of contact with allied troops and Munich, Dresden and Breslau, leading south German cities, would be the first cities feeling a drive from the Austrian side.

Debts are now haunting the Germans. Already the Hohenzollerns face the probability of having to repudiate the government's debt at home in order to square its debts to the world. This, or vast taxation measures to meet the outstanding bonds of \$40,000,000,000 and payments which the peace table will force for territories devastated by the Germans, appears certain, officials say.

Government repudiation of its debts to the people, officials here say, would make the people's power supreme. The Krupp, for example, with millions of marks invested in government securities, would be reduced suddenly to a position where they no longer would constitute a menace.

Estimates of the damage done by the Germans in Belgium place a load of approximately \$1,000,000,000 on Germany. This has grown up from fines, levies, war contributions, removal of raw and manufactured products to Germany and wholesale destruction of property. The German invaders levied in fines and contributions upon the Belgians \$40,000,000 in 1914; \$90,000,000 in 1915; \$115,000,000 in 1916; \$100,000,000 in 1917, and \$1,000,000,000 in 1918, they had collected \$72,000,000.

Belgium lost approximately \$1,200,000,000 worth of raw and manufactured products, machinery and other industrial equipment to the invaders, according to a published German boast in 1917. These figures do not include the deportation of 1,720,000 Belgian men into Germany, whose production was entirely lost to their home land. Billions in plunder, and destruction have been charged against the Huns in northern France, Serbia and other invaded sections. These debts will demand a reckoning at the peace table.

Definite developments from the Versailles conference are expected soon. It was said today that it was quite possible Germany would get the armistice terms and pass on them before they would be published to the world. Agreement on basic peace principles is imminent, according to reports.

so has let it be known that more than 1,500,000 tons which were to have come to the shipping board this month will not be delivered.

This leaves the shipping board with facilities for transporting on their return, only 125,000 men a month in its own ships. But with the submarine menace eliminated and the cargo boat conversion planned out, officials have fixed the number of 250,000 men a month. Officials pointed another feature in the plan to utilize troops in rebuilding Belgium and France in the absorption of a surplus of materials here.

It is estimated that approximately \$5,000,000,000 worth of materials, both raw and manufactured, will be ready for other markets when they no longer are needed for war purposes. If there is plenty of labor available for the reconstruction work, much of this surplus can be shipped across immediate, it is believed. The double purpose, therefore, will be served. The stricken countries will be aided and our markets will be saved from becoming a dumping ground.

ITALIANS

(Continued from page one)

coming strong resistance of enemy rear guards are descending into the Piave valley toward Belluno (11 miles north of Vittorio). Some parties are fighting around Fadalto, which is still occupied by the enemy.

Cavalry and cyclists following the Austrians through the foothills are opening the way to Aviano (nine miles northeast of Saele).

Austrian Armies Split.

London, Nov. 1.—The Austrian armies east of the Piave are reported to have been split through occupation of Ponte Nolle Alpi by Italian troops.

Posto Nolle Alpi is on the Piave river, four miles northeast of Belluno and its capture represents an advance of about 25 miles.

At the same time, the Austrians in the Grappa region are believed to have been cut off by capture of the important Vadal Pass.

The night communique of the Italian war office said the enemy has been

completely routed east of the Piave and is retreating in disorder toward the Tagliamento river, about 30 miles east of the Piave which is the next great defense line before the Isonzo. The Tagliamento lies about midway between the Piave and the Isonzo.

The attack in the Grappa region also is progressing well, the allies occupying Col Caprillo, Col Bonato, Assolone, Mont Pressolan, the Solarola salient and Mont Spioncena.

More than 30,000 prisoners and 300 guns have been taken.

The Germans, according to an unofficial report, are withdrawing from Austria.

An allied attack delivered west of Audenarde on a 15-mile front yesterday in which British, French, Belgian and American troops participated resulted in an advance of about a mile. The allies were last reported within less than five miles of Audenarde.

North of this operation British and French troops thrust toward Ghent. Details of this attack have not been received.

Fierce fighting was renewed in the vicinity of St. Feigneux, west of Rethel, the French gaining some advantages.

The Americans improved their positions north of Grand Pre.

The allies established a record yesterday by accounting for 96 German airplanes. Sixty-four hostile machines were destroyed by the British and fifteen driven out of control. The French destroyed seventeen. Eighteen British airplanes failed to return.

The British dropped 22 tons of bombs on enemy objectives while the French dropped 26,850 kilos (more than 29 tons).

Military targets in Longuyon, Metz, Hirsau, Baronecourt, Spincourt, Lannais, Chiny, Vervins and Cusmont-Porcien, were bombed.

British Army Advances

London, Nov. 1.—British infantry and mounted troops have occupied the

DON'T ENDURE RHEUMATIC PAIN! HERE'S QUICK RELIEF FOR YOU

Stop the pain! Give me relief! That's what you want when you're hurt. That's what you get with Sloan's Liniment. It not only "kills pain," but does it quickly, without delay.

If you're tormented by Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Backache, and body or nerve pain—just see how quickly a little Sloan's Liniment gives relief. The very first application rests and comforts. Seems to reach right

down to the seat of the trouble, warming and easing the nerves and tissues. You can almost feel the inflammation, swelling or stiffness subside, as the pain grows less and less.

You don't even have to wait to rub in Sloan's Liniment. It penetrates, and its clear, clean liquid can be poured right on the skin without staining. Get a generous size bottle from your druggist today.



important railway town of Saclie on the Livizna river, the war office announced today.

The Livizna has been reached on a four-mile front from Saclie southward to Brugnera by troops of the Tenth army (with which Americans are brigaded).

Between the Oderzo-Portogruaro railway and the Adriatic, the Austrians are falling back rapidly.

"British infantry and mounted troops have occupied Saclie," the statement said. "Italian Tenth army troops have reached the Livizna from Saclie to Brugnera."

"South of Oderzo-Portogruaro railway we are advancing rapidly."

"The enemy is falling back in the Grappa sector."

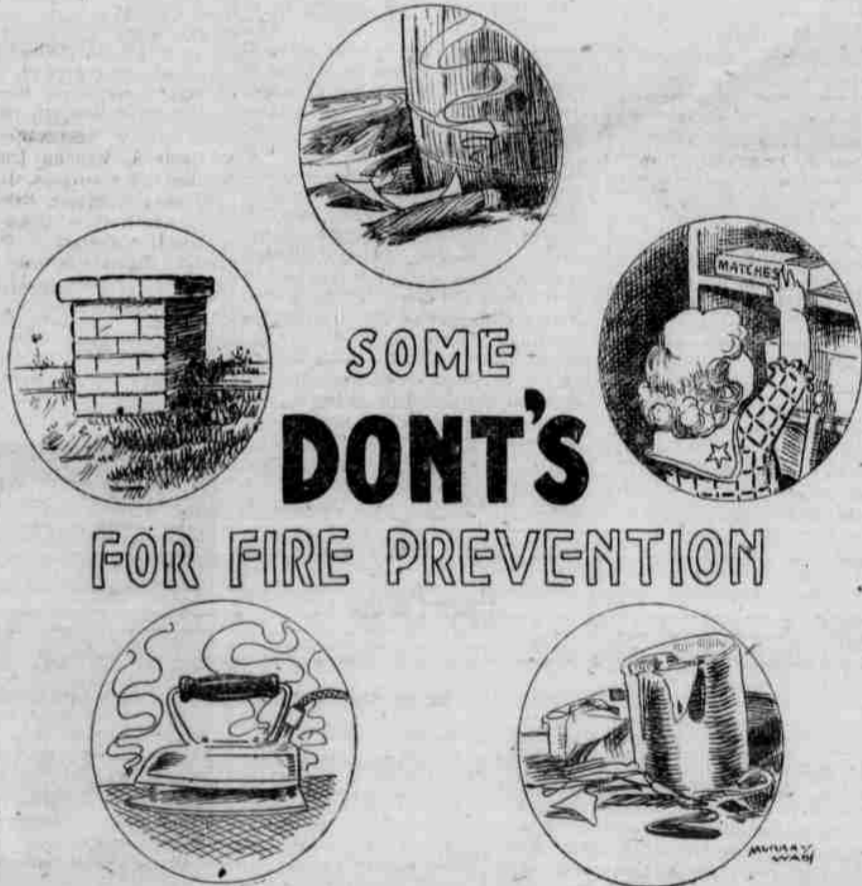
"Prisoners taken by the Tenth army now number more than 13,000."



A Nutritious Diet for All Ages. Quick Lunch; Home or Office. OTHERS are IMITATIONS.

November 2--Fire Prevention Day

Save Our Resources Win the War Build Up Oregon



SOME DON'T'S

FOR FIRE PREVENTION

OREGON FIRE RECORD FOR 1917

Number of fires reported to the State Fire Marshal Department, 2164.

- 346--Unknown or causes not given;
- 335--Overheated or defective chimneys and flues;
- 311--Conflagration or from Exposure;
- 263--Sparks from combustion and running machinery;
- 242--Carelessness with matches and careless smokers;
- 203--Defective or overheated stoves and furnaces;
- 182--Petroleum and its products; open lights and open fires;
- 107--Defective electric wiring, electric irons, lighting, etc.;
- 74--Ashes in cartons and wooden receptacles;
- 51--Rubbish and Spontaneous combustion;
- 50--Incendiary and Suspicious Origin.

85 PER CENT PREVENTABLE

15% Probably Not Preventable

You Can Reduce the Percentage Of Preventable Fires by Inspecting Electric Wiring; Inspecting Heating Devices; Cleaning and Repairing Flues; Destroying Rubbish; Being Careful and

Obey the Law in handling gasoline and explosives

AS AN AMERICAN CITIZEN

You owe it to yourself, your neighbors, your community and country to EXERCISE CARE AND PREVENT FIRES.

STATE FIRE MARSHAL DEPARTMENT
Salem, Oregon. HARVEY WELLS, State Fire Marshal

ANNOUNCEMENT

The entire stock of the Spencer Hardware Company was purchased today by *Feldstein-Drektor*, of Portland, Oregon. Watch the newspapers for announcement of sale. Everything must be sold regardless of cost. :: ::

The night communique of the Italian war office said the enemy has been