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SPECIAL WILLAMETTE VALLEY NEWS SERVICE

The Daily Capital Journal

TODAY'S WEATHER FORE!
Oregon: Tonight and Friday fair; gentle wind; mostly westerly.

FORTY-FIRST YEAR—NO. 150 SALEM, OREGON, THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1918 PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS—FIVE CENTS

FURTHER ITALIAN GAINS

Forces Advance Steadily In Lower Piave Section—Many Prisoners Are Taken—Caution Used Because Flanks Are Exposed and Advance Awaits Progress In Mountain Sectors—Only Minor Operations Are Reported by French and British On West Front

Rome, June 27.—Italian forces made further gains on the lower Piave, taking six hundred prisoners, it was semi-officially announced today.

"At the junction of the Piave branches (near Sandona Di Piave) we crossed the river and took 100 prisoners," it was stated.

"We enlarged the Capoville bridgehead, taking 500 prisoners.

"Elsewhere, we crossed the river, and raided enemy outposts."

With the Italian Armies in the Field, June 26.—Most of the fighting today was confined to the mountain sector on both sides of the Brenta river.

The Italians are improving their positions there, for as long as the Austrians hold their present line in that sector, an Italian advance across the Piave would leave their flank and rear communications exposed to the bulk of the enemy's reserves in the upper Brenta and upper Piave valleys.

It is reported that Emperor Karl presided at the final council of war and decided on the Austrian withdrawal across the Piave.

Minor Operations.

London, June 27.—Successful minor operations and hostile cannonading in the Vosges was reported by Field Marshal Haig today.

There was hostile artillery fire, including gas shelling, between Giverny and Robecq and in the northeastern portion of Nieppe forest," the statement said.

West of Vieux-Berquin, successful minor operations gained a strong enemy point and resulted in the capture of some prisoners and a number of machine guns."

Artillery Is Active.

Paris, June 27.—Fairly active "artillery fighting" north of the Aisne and three successful raids in the Vosges region, resulting in the capture of prisoners, it was reported.

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APOLLO CLUB IN ANNUAL CONCERT

Initial Appearance Scored Telling Success at Grand Opera House Last Night

With enthusiastic encores for every number on the program and with an ovation for the Portland singer, Luis Dahl Miller, the musical and music loving people of Salem greeted the members of the Apollo club in their first semi-annual concert at the Grand Opera House last evening.

From the singing of the salutatory to the closing number "America," when the entire audience joined with the club in singing the patriotic song, there was in the audience a feeling of good will, appreciation and encouragement for Salem's latest musical organization. It was evidently the intention of the musical people to express to the Apollo club that the organization would have the support of the Salem public.

In the opening chorus, "The Sword of Ferrara," that fine swinging military song, the audience awoke to the fact that the men had been doing some careful work under the able direction of the honorary conductor, John W. Todd. They responded to the baton of the conductor like veterans in the musical world and the most enthusiastic

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Forty-three Men Listed For Call To Leave July 5

Corrected List of Those Notified by Board to Report for Army Service

Call for entrainment for service is for 43 men who are to report at the court house in Salem at 8 o'clock on the evening of July 5. At this hour final instructions will be given the men and at 10 o'clock in the evening they will be sent on the Southern Pacific for Camp McDowell, California.

The following men have been ordered to report and are practically now in the service of the United States. From this list 43 men will be selected.

Order No.

800 Nick Stangarone
1288 Claud Byron Ames
1291 James Mitchell Ingram
1294 Manley J. Stone
1297 Axel Peterson
1305 Henry Martin Shaveland
1306 Jacob Snipkoff
1341 Alfred W. Oliver
1347 Claus William Bruckman
1353 Marlon Francis Nicolson
1359 Arthur George Stenstrom
1360 Wayne McVeagh Price
1361 Robert William Maulden
1367 Lawrence Lee Short
1370 Lawrence H. Henningson
1382 George Roeser Taylor
1385 Albert Charles Vester
1389 Harold Lambourn Pubrick
1201 1/2 Harvey Dewey Brown
1385 1/2 Edward A. Bailey
1412 Frederick Muller
1414 Theodore Henry Naderman
1420 Otto Herman Timm
1422 Carl Otto Winzer
1423 Roy Brown
1427 Thomas M. Curry
1430 John Hargreaves Carson
1446 John Ben Heuberger
1122 Okliff Herman Harvey
1455 Lake Winfried Price
1460 Charles Raymond Hursh
1462 James Strippa
1464 Bud Levever Dryden
1465 William Noble
1474 Albert Matthews Frank
1475 Fred William Lang
1476 Joseph Pieser
1477 John Wendfield Robinson
1481 Grant G. Bass
1482 Fortunato Monteleone
1522 Clyde A. Kelley
1526 Edwin Everett Loftiss
1544 Theodore Oscar Tuve
1548 Pitt Adrian Kromwall
1552 Albin Christian Johnson
1553 Silvester W. Wourms

WOMAN SUFFRAGE DISPLACED BY THE ARMY BILL TODAY

Bitter Wrangle Is Finally Ended by Decision of Chamberlain

Washington, June 27.—By a practically unanimous vote today the senate took up the woman suffrage amendment to the constitution after having temporarily blocked it.

Senator Poinsette, continuing a statement which Senator Lodge had interrupted by a demand for the regular order of business, declared suffrage for women is now accepted by even the most hardheaded men as "wise and justifiable."

Senator Reed, Missouri, an opponent of suffrage, began a filibuster in the senate against a vote on the suffrage resolution. Reed announced he was prepared to talk indefinitely on a motion of Senator Jones, New Mexico, to sidetrack the army bill for further consideration of suffrage.

At 2 p. m. the suffrage resolution was automatically displaced by the \$12,000,000 army bill, the unfinished business of the senate. But for some time debate continued unchecked on suffrage until Senator Chamberlain, in charge of the army bill, and a friend of suffrage, demanded the army measure be taken up and suffrage laid aside.

GERMAN MINISTER HIT JUNKER HARD

He Declared That Ludendorff Should Be Made to Answer for Failure in War

Washington, June 27.—German diplomatists are now blaming their militarists for prolonging the war.

Senatorial excerpts from Foreign Minister Von Kuehmann's address to the reichstag Tuesday explaining his remarks of Monday show that he literally struck the junkers between the eyes. He declared that Ludendorff should be made to answer for lack of German success in the war, not the German chancellor. He scored Von Capelle for saying the U-boats would keep American soldiers from France "and there are 700,000 of these troops now there."

He derided those militarists who said America wouldn't enter the war, and said German domination of Estonia and Livonia "pompously called liberation of smaller peoples," is "deplorable and hopeless."

But neither the kaiser nor the militarists can have realized the profound sig-

(Continued on page two)

FRANK LENNART FORCED TO TAKE 83 PRISONERS

Oddest Hero Chicago Ever Produced Tells His Story of Affair

GERMANS THOUGHT THEY WERE SURROUNDED

Lennart Refused Any Help In Escorting His Prisoners to Rear

AMERICANS DROP BOMBS

By Frank J. Taylor
(United Press staff correspondent)
With the American Armies in France
June 26.—(Night)—An American bombing squadron blew up the railroad station and yards at Conflans (20 miles east of Verdun) this morning and returned safely.

Major Harold E. Hartley of Sarikatoon, Kansas, became an ace last night when he brought down a German plane. He had brought down four while serving with the Royal Flying corps.

PREMIER CONGRATULATES

By Lowell Mellett
(United Press staff correspondent)
With the Americans on the Marne, June 27.—(4 p. m.)—Premier Clemenceau today personally congratulated the American unit which stopped the German rush toward Paris. He arrived at the front at 10:30 a. m.

"You see, I got caught between the lines," he said. "I discovered a machine gun staring straight at me, and dived into a shell hole.

"The gunner did not shoot, so I slowly raised my head, and there stood the gunner with his hands up. He motioned for me to come up and took me to the captain, who conveyed me to his dugout. He gave me something to drink and some cigarettes and asked if he wasn't surrounded. I assured him he was.

"He said, 'wait a minute'—you know I verste the German—and went out. When he returned he said the others wanted to surrender before they were killed and asked me to take them to the American lines.

"We started off with all hands, including mine, held up. We got lost in the woods and it took a long time to find an American sentry. Then some more Americans came up and they wanted to escort my prisoners to headquarters.

"I said: 'Nothing doing. They're mine.' They let me have 'em, and I brought 'em here."

Swell Fairmount Hotel, San Francisco, Scene of Domestic Tragedy

San Francisco, June 27.—Mrs. Alice Corda, wounded by shooting and seriously charging her husband, Robert Corda, in their Fairmount hotel apartment last night, was today released on \$2500 bail.

Unless Corda dies, it is believed there will be no prosecution. Corda, it was said, will refuse to press charges.

San Francisco, June 27.—With four bullet wounds in his body, Robert Corda, prominent local business man, was in a critical condition at the St. Francis hospital today.

(Continued on page three)

"1916 CLASS" ASSIGNED TO ORDER OF SERVICE, OFFICIAL DRAWING TODAY

Twelve Hundred Names of New Registrants Drawn In Two Hours

Washington, June 27.—Drawing of draft numbers for America's "class of 1918" was completed in two hours today, when 1200 numbered pellets were drawn from a bowl in the senate office building, giving every man who has become 21 since the first registration his place in the selective service.

The first number drawn from the bowl was 246 and the last was 225. Second number 1198. Third number 818. Fourth number 1091. Fifth number 479. Sixth 469. Seventh 492. Eighth 154. Ninth 829. Tenth 355.

Eleventh 580 740. 10. 399. 29. 210. 445. 305. 259. Twentieth 1007. 1153. 413. 398. 261. Seventeenth. 328. 379. 74. 961. Thirtieth 836. 618. 386. 989. 1001. 322. 1195. 145. 737. 664. Fortieth 470. 482. 777. 1154. 1194. 988. 297. 617. 767. 692. Fiftieth 1117. 1078. 652. 1196. 817. 1071. 377. 447. 1012. 712. Sixtieth 555. 1174. 1111. 226. 57. 885. 76. 1115. 330. 507. Seventieth 1164. 268. 78. 122. 785. 1160. 668. 928. 279. 557. Eightieth 516. 1200. 87. 742. 252. 209. 1025. 177. 923. 747. Ninetieth 189. 269. 4. 753. 778. 306. 320. 822. 239. 859. Hundredth 130. 500. 329. 1016. 851. 1093. 397. 465. 1126. Hundred and tenth 1181. 809. 319. 70. 1069. 575. 108. 810. 337. 580. hundred and twentieth 414. 579. 589. 1125. 409. 792. 1107. 719. 820. 208. hundred and thirtieth 302. 401. 1129. 28. 1088. 841. 89. 1147. 454. 151. hundred and fortieth 691. 937. 787. 1907. 807. 867. 793. 800. 90. 394. hundred and fiftieth 522. 65. 752. 1169. 411. 519. 125. 1035. 365. 825. hundred and sixtieth 921. 829. 270. 1190. 45. 72. 570. 135. 1029. 275. hundred and seventieth 304. 212. 396. 906. 61. 596. 234. 91. 745. 305. hundred and eightieth 1162. 51. 348. 244. 63. 1198. 231. 703. 613. 1173. hundred and ninetieth 335. 41. 974. 875. 317. 1051. 446. 274. 34. 902. two hundredth 833. 307. 637. 32. 86. 16. 299. 203. 218. 1112. two hundred and twentieth 218. 548. 315. 984. 574. 987. 1090. 193. 153. 82. two hundred and thirtieth 330. 495. 1167. 427. 239. 147. 622. 762. 860. 801. two hundred and fortieth 1048. 419. 55. 37. 56. 362. 285. 535. 639. 1048. two hundred and fiftieth 109. 814. 429. 816. 688. 48. 549. 296. 13. 254. two hundred and sixtieth 477. 253. 3. 1194. 342. 321. 64.

Former Socialist Leader Gives Up Party

New York, June 27.—Allan T. Benson, writer, socialist candidate for president in 1916, has withdrawn from the socialist party, he announced today.

He charges that the party has passed into the control of foreign born leaders who are devoid of Americanism and of "an anarchistic, syndicalistic minority." Benson said that the leaders he refers to were not pro-German but were incapable, by reason of their birth, of seeing the difference between a covenant and imperialistic nation like Germany, fighting for conquest, and a nation like the United States, fighting for the principles of freedom.

Explosion In Tunnel Kills Two at Berkeley

Berkeley, Cal., June 27.—Five men were killed instantly and a sixth was in a Berkeley hospital today seriously injured as a result of a gas explosion in the Spruce street tunnel late yesterday.

An electric spark ignited gas in the tunnel, which was under construction. The men were working 1500 feet from the mouth of the tunnel.

Members of the Berkeley fire department conducted efforts at rescuing the entombed men, bringing out the dead bodies of Nels Pearson, Frank Lesure, Otto Green, William Boll and Charles Johnson. A Henry was seriously injured.

BUSINESS MAN SHOT BY ESTRANGED WIFE

San Francisco, June 27.—Mrs. Alice Corda, wounded by shooting and seriously charging her husband, Robert Corda, in their Fairmount hotel apartment last night, was today released on \$2500 bail.

Unless Corda dies, it is believed there will be no prosecution. Corda, it was said, will refuse to press charges.

LIVING UNDER STRAIN PEOPLE OF PARIS SHOW NO EMOTION

New York, June 27.—"People living in London and Paris do not realize the strain they are under," said Mrs. Bertha K. Mellett, writer and wife of Lowell Mellett, United Press war correspondent, who arrived last night from Paris.

"Two days before I left Paris a shell from the German long range gun fell a couple of hundred yards in front of me. Not having a Gallie temperament I ran away from and not into the smoke and fumes, and took refuge in a shop. Not a single sales woman under the frail glass roof of the establishment seemed disturbed by the catastrophe in the street. They went on matching samples and measuring materials as calmly as though the systematic boche could not be relied on to forward another moment of himself in fifteen minutes.

"Six shells fell between noon and half past one that day and except for a mounting curiosity and his racial ambition to be able to tell of being within twenty yards of a bursting shell, and coming away unscathed the Frenchmen evinced no emotion.

"The big gun and the Gothas have not made panic in Paris. Much less have the Gothas weakened the Londoner's genius for 'carrying on.' But after the war, when all the new evolved facilities of resistance against shock which have come like supplementary senses to the people that need them, are left without purpose or function, there may be a general uneasiness such as I felt during my first night in New York. We may hear as much of peace shock then as we hear of shell shock now.

"The absence of war conditions comes to be the abnormal state of affairs to the person who has spent a year or more under the Gothas. To land last night and find not only undimmed street lamps, but unshuttered windows, and moreover to see the unloved moon in the sky and then to experience not so much as a raid warning, amounted to a shock to my nervous system. I understand now the plight of the war correspondent I know who is kept awake by the crickets and nightingales at the chateau where he lives and has to get up to the front where the guns boom to get a night's rest now and then."

BATTALION DRILL OF SALEM GUARDS

Will Be Held Tomorrow Evening at Seventeenth and Market Streets

Major Hall has issued orders for the Salem companies to assemble at the armory next Friday evening at 7:45 for battalion drill to be held at 17th and Market streets. The place of drill was previously stated to be at the baseball grounds at the end of State street, but these grounds were found to be too small, and Mr. Clifford Brown has donated the use of his clover field at 17th and Market streets. It is the desire of Major Hall to have as many men to attend this drill as possible, as it will be a very interesting one and a large crowd of spectators will be present to watch the work of the Salem companies. There will be something of interest for all members and all those failing to attend will miss very valuable experience.

BURY 14,000 DEAD
London, June 27.—Italian activity continues on the whole front, it was learned authoritatively today. General Diaz is consolidating his positions and re-grouping his forces.

The Italians buried 14,000 Austrians in two salients on the west bank of the Piave.

Eighty-two Listed In Daily Report of American Losses

Twenty-Nine Killed In Action and Six Die As Result of Wounds

Washington, June 27.—Eighty casualties were reported to the war department today by General Pershing, divided as follows: twenty-nine killed in action; six dead from wounds; two dead from disease; two dead from airplane accident; four from accidents and other causes; thirty-one wounded severely; four wounded, degree undetermined; two missing in action.

Killed in action:
Lieutenant E. A. Crion, Boston, Mass.
Sergeant E. D. Allen, Nodexter, Me.
H. Gallamore, Jelico Creek, N. Y.
H. McKhiney, Skowhegan, Maine.
A. J. Pohlmann, Covington, Ky.
Corporals G. E. Friday, Detroit, Mich.
F. Kearns, Plattsburg, N. Y.
Buglers R. M. Luter, Martin, Tenn.
J. Mayners, Gary, Ind.
Privates W. L. Allen, Plainview, Minn.
C. L. Frigg, Houlton, Maine.
S. L. Buck, Strong, Maine.
J. S. Cusack, Melrose Park, Ill.
J. N. Guyette, Penacook, N. Y.
W. Hodgson, Saugus, Mass.
E. W. Julian, Hamilton, Ohio.
M. H. Marshall, Brunswick, N. J.
A. Nicholson, Lacentre, Wash.
G. L. Pelkey, Newport, Vt.
P. M. Plier, Clanton, Ala.
E. Ridges, Salt Lake City, Utah.
A. E. Shaw, Franklin, N. H.
L. Smith, Iuka, Miss.
G. Smith, Detroit, Mich.
T. G. Ulin, Iron Mountain, Mich.
J. Wahgunski, Detroit, Mich.
R. L. Walker, Patten, Maine.
N. Webber, Madison, Ind.
W. F. Weeks, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Died from wounds:
Lieutenant D. J. Kearny, Yonkers, N. Y.
Sergeant E. A. Herter, New York.
Privates J. T. Farmer, Yonkers, N. Y.
A. Garber, New York.
W. James, Springfield, Ill.
O. Turkofski, Waukesha, Wis.
Died of disease:
Sergeant E. Bull, Fair Haven, Vt.
Private T. J. Provence, Clinton, Ind.
Died of airplane accident:
Lieutenant W. F. Chamberlain, Arcata, Cal.
Sergeant J. E. O'Flaherty, N. Y.
Died from accidents and other causes:
Major G. E. Hilgard, Belleville, Ill.
Privates J. Brown, Columbia, S. C.
N. Chase, Hannibal, Mo.
L. Roehford, Woonsocket, R. I.
The wounded severely included:
Lieutenants R. E. Cooper, Stoneham, Colo.
Privates J. H. Green, Alderdale, Wash.
F. Korner, Burke, E. D.
G. Newton, Taft, Cal.
H. T. Olson, 3228 East Harrison avenue, Spokane, Wash.
Wounded, degree undetermined:
Corporal C. Gaylord, Fort Madison, Iowa.
Privates F. Baker, Jewell, Iowa.
P. T. Groves, Des Moines, Iowa.
J. H. Stacy, Fremont, Neb.
Missing in action:
Privates W. R. Davis, Ekalaka, Mont.
E. C. Hoeha, 1220 S. Wall street, Los Angeles, Cal.
Previously reported missing, now returned to duty:
Private E. C. Cormak, Chicago.
Previously reported missing, now reported killed in action:
Private J. Taracka, Oak Park, Ill.

KERENSKY HOPES TO HAVE RUSSIA BACK WITH ALLIES

Tells Friends There Are Definite Indications of Better Things In Future

BOLSHEVIKI YOKE WILL SOON BE THROWN OFF

Dramatic Appearance of Russian Leader Cause of Varied Press Comment

By Ed L. Keen
(United Press Staff Correspondent)
London, June 27.—Alexander Kerensky, Russia's "man of destiny" told friends today there are definite indications that order will speedily be re-established in Russia with the aid of the allies and America, resulting in the creation of an "east front" again.

He said it is positive that Russia is ready to join the allies, as soon as the yoke of bolshevism is thrown off.

The dramatic and unexpected appearance of Alexander Kerensky at the labor party conference yesterday raised many questions concerning his future actions and his connection with the allied policy toward Russia, which may be explained in his speech before the conference today.

"I bear witness that the Russian people will never recognize the Brest-Litovsk peace treaty, which aims at the annihilation of Russia," Kerensky declared in his address before the conference.

"I consider the bolsheviks as German pawns, Russia has lost practically all the freedom she won through the revolution. She has gone back to the same czarism."

The Mail says the government did not invite Kerensky to England, but that he asked the right of asylum as a private citizen.

"However," continues the Mail, "it is wondered whether Kerensky brought an invitation for allied intervention from the Russian moderate socialists."

It is reliably reported that Kerensky favors intervention by all the allies—even though one country furnishes most of the troops—under the slogan "Fighting Germany," while not interfering with Russia's internal affairs.

Kerensky is said to believe that allied intervention will unite the present warring factions opposed to the bolsheviks and is reported to have intimated that Russian military assistance is possible, if it was used only in a defensive way.

Norris Prohibition Amendment Adopted

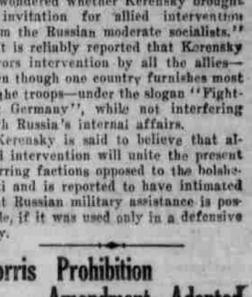
Washington, June 27.—The senate agricultural committee today agreed on a prohibition amendment offered by Senator Norris as a substitute for the Jones bone dry amendment.

It provides that the manufacture of beer shall cease three months after the act becomes effective and that the sale of whiskey and the manufacture of wines shall stop June 30, 1919.

The vote was eight to three, in favor of the amendment, which will probably be reported to the senate tomorrow.

Because of his dread of the danger zone, it would take a mighty long range gun to get the crown prince.

Abe Martin



"I don't mind carryin' th' baby, but it makes me sure I have my wife walk ahead," said Lafa Bud 'd'ay. 'Th' trouble with bein' a good feller is that you don't have any time t' yourself."



NEWEST UNITED STATES WAR DECORATION—THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE CROSS.