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## KAISER DESIRES PEACE MADE-IN-GERMANY KIND

Reply to Pope's Note Such That He Knows It Cannot Be Accepted—Is Made for Effect On German People, and On Pacifists In Other Countries—United States Will Prostate War Until Hohenzollernism Is Eliminated—and German People Form Government with which It Can Deal

By Carl D. Groat,

(United Press Staff Correspondent.)  
Washington, Sept. 22.—Germany's and Austria's acceptance of the pope's peace proffer failed to swerve the United States government today in its announced determination to make no peace while kaiserism lasts.

Authorities declared that the war preparations will go on, that the struggle itself will continue despite the Teuton replies, and they pointed out that the Hohenzollerns always talk peace with their mouths while their hearts plot murder and intrigue.

The Bernstorff \$50,000 fund to influence congress was held up, as a striking example of what German peace talk amounts to. Bernstorff was talking peace—but it was a peace that would tie America's hands and keep one more enemy off Germany's back.

As international experts viewed the replies, the following effects are likely:

The German government will again go before its people with the plea that it accepted the peace offer, while the other nations scorned it, ergo, the war from the Teuton standpoint is one of "defense" while its enemies seek to crush Germany.

### Will Solidify His People.

This, for a time will again solidify the German people behind their government, probably.

Second, the Teuton acceptance will tend to reinforce the pacifists and quitters among other nations in their demands for cessation of hostilities. The effect in Russia may be unwholesome and while it will give American "quitters" more ammunition, it will not alter the general determination to fight it out until democracy is safe.

Third, the replies indicate to the real, warring elements that their victory is really nearer than they had supposed, for these answers show that Germany really is desperately wanting peace before her losses and shortages become more overwhelming.

Nothing in the replies gives diplomats here reason to believe that the pope should change his mind about making further parleys. The United States has spoken unmistakably that there must be a change of spokesmen for Germany, but the Teuton notes fail to give any new peace basis by conceding any such proposition.

### Talks of the Improbable.

The Teuton answers declare a hope that the pope's efforts will succeed and that the world for years will be free of fighting, on the principle of limited armaments and the triumph of international right and justice, freedom

of the seas, compulsory arbitration of international difficulties.

American authorities maintain that when the Teutons talk of having international justice prevail, they talk of an impossible thing under a Teuton regime which regards treaties as scraps of paper.

The Teutons express the view with the general principles of disarmament and the like settled, the matters of territorial division can be settled by the peace table as the pope suggested.

The Teuton answer to the pope's appeal has no effect on the war situation, as far as this government is concerned, the state department declared officially today.

The United States will prosecute the war on a basis that the struggle must continue until Hohenzollernism is eliminated.

### Text of the Reply.

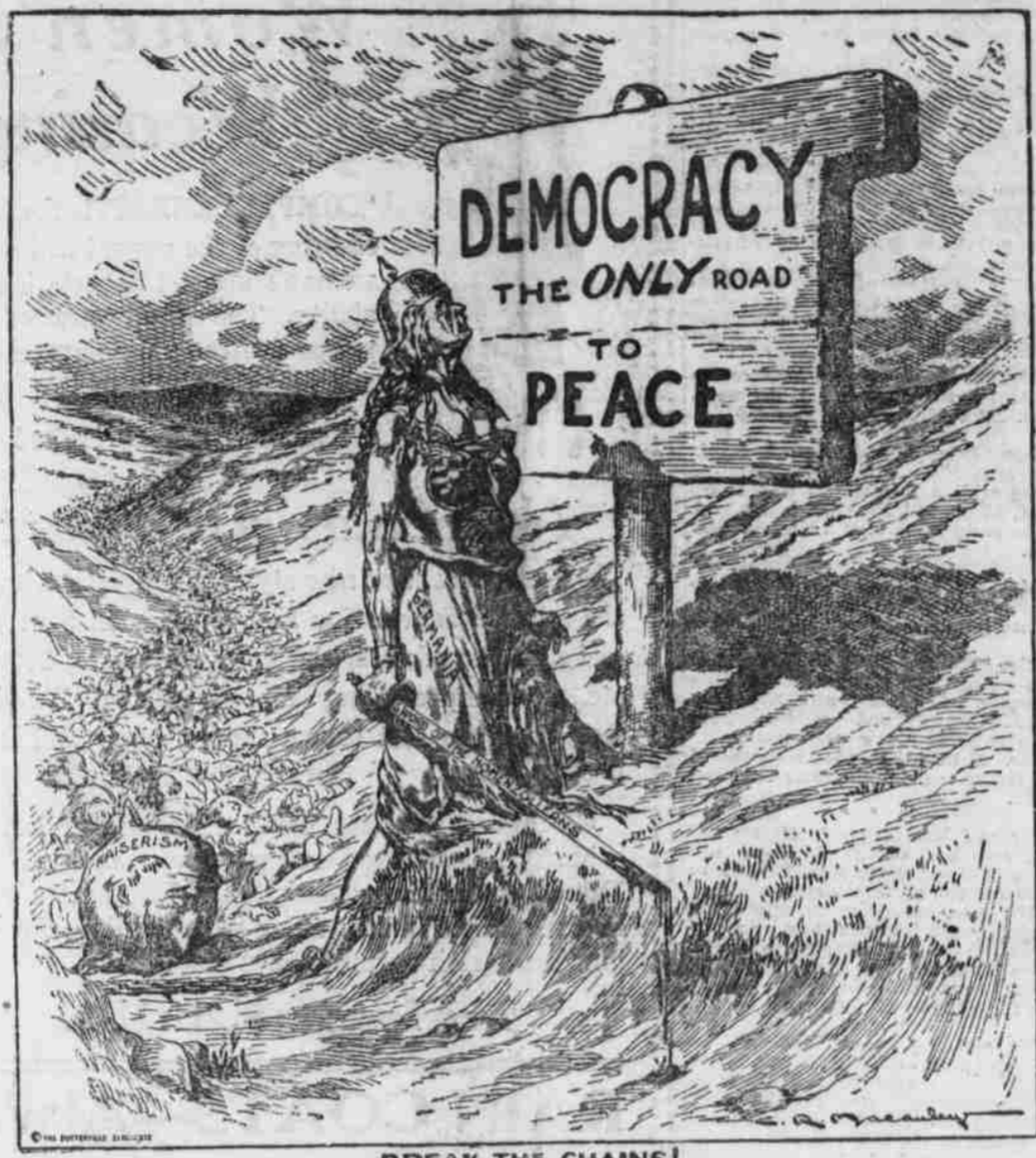
Amsterdam, Sept. 22.—The German government in its reply to the peace note of Pope Benedict, a copy of which has been received here, "cherishes a lively desire" that the appeal may meet with success.

Emperor William, the German note says, had been following the efforts of the pope toward peace for a considerable time with high respect.

### Text of German Reply.

The text of the reply reads:

(Continued on page five)



BREAK THE CHAINS!

## BULGARIA WANTS PEACE AND WANTS IT TO COME SOON

Her Minister, Panareloff, So States On Reaching Washington Today

### DENIES COMPLICITY IN GERMAN INTRIGUES

Kaiser Goes to Sofia On Account of Rumors of Bulgarian Defection

Washington, Sept. 22.—Bulgaria wants peace, according to Bulgarian Minister Stephen Panareloff today. Returning from a summer vacation "somewhere in America," Panareloff said he has been unable to communicate officially with his government, but knows "there is an earnest desire for peace among all the Central Powers."

Whether the sentiment is strong enough for separate negotiations Panareloff said he could not say.

He denied any complicity with Germany in either propaganda or intrigue in this country. He made a report to

(Continued on Page Seven.)

## WAS CONSIDERED DANGEROUS MAN BY HIS NEIGHBORS

This Was Gist of Testimony As To Moore's Reputation In Trial Today

### ARBITRATORS TELL OF THREATS HE HAD MADE

Told Bradley If He Put Him Off Place It Would Be Over His Dead Body

That threats had been made by Fred Moore against the life of A. E. Bradley several times to various people in the vicinity of Turner, and that the general reputation of Moore was that he carried a gun and was ready to shoot, was the burden of the testimony of witnesses for the defense this morning in the trial of A. E. Bradley for the killing of Fred Moore on the night of August 22.

Yesterday afternoon Bradley took the stand in his own defense and told of the incidents leading up to the moment he fired the load of buckshot into the breast of Moore. His testimony occupied the time from about four o'clock on until about seven o'clock and he told of the threats that had been made against him, of the trouble that arose out of the debt at the grocery store, the potato patch and the garden, and finally the incident of the shooting. He was a good witness and told a straightforward story.

(Continued on page five)

## TEUTONIC TROOPS START OFFENSIVE ON FRONT AT RIGA

Russian Troops Forced Back Cross to Right Bank of the Dvina

### ON RUMANIAN FRONT ATTACKS BROKE DOWN

German Counter Attacks On West Front Fail—British Hold All Gains

Petrograd, Sept. 22.—Teutonic troops have again started an offensive in the Riga region which Russian troops have been forced back, today's official statement declared.

"Southwest of the Odmina-Jacobsstadt region the enemy occupied parts of our line after piercing our positions," the war office said.

"Some positions were also captured two miles distant from Dvina."

"We retired to the right bank of the Dvina."

"In the Riga region proper, an enemy attack in the direction of Sussgala broke down."

"On the Rumanian front north of Munchellu, enemy attacks broke down."

Jacobsstadt is approximately 70 miles southeast of Riga, on the Dvina river.

(Continued on page five)

## PATRIOTIC FESTIVAL BY SCANDINAVIANS OPENS FAIR SUNDAY

Oregon's Fifty Sixth Annual State Fair will open here Sunday afternoon on September 23 with an American-Scandinavian Patriotic Reformation Celebration. It will come to a close at midnight on September 29.

The programs for both the American-Scandinavian Patriotic Festival, and the Fourth Centennial Reformation Celebration have been prepared by committees representing Scandinavian societies and churches in Oregon, and both will be held in the grand stand which has a seating capacity of more than 6000.

Mrs. Alma Webster Powell, world renowned prima donna soprano, will lead the musical programs for both of the celebrations. Mrs. Powell has recently selected by the French government to go abroad and sing and lecture for the soldiers, and her appearance at the two celebrations will be her last before she departs for Europe. Mrs. Powell is a star of the first magnitude, ranking with Melba and Patti, and will come direct from New York to participate in the programs.

The United Scandinavian Singers, of Portland, consisting of 75 voices will also participate in both programs. Their soloist will be Miss Virginia Spencer Butehinson. Robert E. Millard, flute soloist of the Portland Symphony orchestra, will render selections, and patriotic reading will be given by Mrs. Della Crowder-Miller, head of the department of public speaking of Willamette University.

Governess Withycombe will make the

address of welcome, and B. C. Skulason, a prominent Portland lawyer, will deliver the oration at the Patriotic Festival. Rev. J. S. Roseland, of Silverton who was for 26 years general secretary for the United Norwegian Lutheran church of America, will deliver the address at the Reformation celebration. A. A. Bjelland, Norwegian consul of Oregon, will be the official chairman.

**Gates Open Monday.**

The gates of the fair proper will swing open to the public Monday morning September 24. Wide interest has been shown in the fair this year, and there will be more exhibits, better races, and bigger attractions. Incidentally the accommodations for both exhibitor and visitor will be the best ever afforded in the history of the fair.

"Primarily the state fair should be educational, and the fifty sixth annual fair will be an educational institution in the broad sense of the word, for it will serve as a food training camp for the people," said A. H. Lea, secretary of the state fair board in declaring that the fair would surpass all previous exhibitions given in the state.

**Lectures on Food.**

"Experts on food production and conservation have been selected by State Food Administrator Ayer to deliver lectures on these subjects every day of the fair, and prominent Oregon men and women have been designated to deliver patriotic addresses during the week."

"There will be more exhibits, and the quality will be better. With the

(Continued on page five)

## ABE MARTIN



We wonder how high hogs are 'when 'I have t' git before th' farmers 'I admit that times are good? 'I'm goin' t' have all th' fun I kin while I'm young, fer I'll be seventeen soon enough,' said little fourteen-year ole painted-up Myrt Pash, t'day.

## THE WEATHER

Oregon: Tonight and Sunday unsettled and probably showers; moderate south-westerly winds.

(Continued on page five)

## PHOTOGRAPHIC COPIES OF EMBASSY'S CHECKS

In Possession of Senator King Show Bernstorff Paid Large Sums to Fairplay Publishing Company and Its Pacifist Editor, a Hungarian—Austrian Embassy Paid Money to Foreign Language Newspapers—Congress Will Probe Matter to the Bottom

Washington, Sept. 22.—Definite evidence that Former Ambassador Von Bernstorff paid out large sums of money to certain publications is in the hands of Senator King, of Utah.

King told the senate today he had photographic copies of checks and receipts for money paid by Von Bernstorff to the Fairplay Publishing company and Marcus Braun, its editor, among others.

King said the senate may take whatever action it believes necessary in the case.

Among his photographic copies, he said, is a German embassy check for \$2,000 drawn on a Washington bank, payable to the Fairplay Publishing company, and shown to have been paid by the bank.

Another is a receipt for \$1,500 showing that Marcus Braun, pacifist, had received that sum from the embassy.

Still another is a letter dated April 20, 1915, acknowledging receipt of \$1,000.

Still another receipt for \$1,000 dated April 9, 1915, was signed by J. P. Bryan, also of the Fairplay Publishing company.

### Has Other Evidence.

King also said he has copies of papers showing payments from the Austrian embassy to foreign language newspapers. Among these is a \$700 subsidy paid a Polish newspaper.

King's data is known to be absolutely authentic and further shows the extent of Von Bernstorff's web of influence stretched throughout this country. This periodical—the Fairplay Magazine—may be one of the guiding hands of the "organization" mentioned by Von Bernstorff as a possible factor in trying to influence congress against war. It was revelation of Von Bernstorff's request for funds to supply some "organization" that stirred congress yesterday.

The sums paid out to it by the German embassy showed that it was a constant drain on the Teutonic exchequer.

Marcus Braun is known to state department officials. He is regarded as a leader of some political influence

among Hungarians in New York and is a Hungarian himself.

The King expose today, coupled with the state department revelations yesterday, stirred congress to new demands for searching inquiry into the use of the disloyal press in spreading German propaganda.

King's data shows that Von Bernstorff was operating his pro-Teuton poison early in the war and the payments cited by King were almost two years previous to those Bernstorff admitted were being made in January 1917.

"If we can get a definite lead to work on we will begin an investigation of the Bernstorff slush fund," said Senator Overman today. Overman is chairman of the lobbying investigation committee. This committee can begin the investigation without a resolution or any further authorization than it possesses.

Overman conferred with several senators who have evidence.

(Continued on page five)

## PREDICTS WAR'S END.

San Francisco, Sept. 22.—An early ending of the war is forecasted by General Ballington Booth, head of the Volunteers of America, who is in San Francisco today.

"The war is on too ponderous a scale to last long," he declared.

General Booth announced that fifty five per cent of the institutions of the Volunteers of America are being turned over to the government as hospitals.

## A HAM SANDWICH.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—Sam Dawson, colored, told the police he is the reincarnation of Ham, second son of Noah.

They sandwiched Ham among his brethren in the house of bondage.

## PIONEER PASSES.

Baker, Or., Sept. 22.—William H. Packwood, aged 85, last surviving member of the Oregon territorial legislature and one of the coast's best known pioneers, is dead here today.

## THE WEATHER

Oregon: Tonight and Sunday unsettled and probably showers; moderate south-westerly winds.

## GERMANY'S REPLY BOLD DEFENSE OF KAISER'S COURSE

Is Mediaeval Document Dangerous to Welfare of Free Peoples

### EXPERT THINKS KAISER MUST HAVE DICTATED IT

Austria's Reply Shows Emperor Is Breaking Away From Berlin's Rule

(By J. W. T. Mason)

(Written for the United Press)  
New York, Sept. 22.—Militaristic paranoia flaunts itself in the Kaiser's reply to the pope's peace proposal.

The insane belief that Germany has won the war creeps out in the Kaiser's explanation to the pope that, on ascending the throne, he had promised "the German army should safeguard peace for us, and, should peace, nevertheless, be broken, it would be in a position to win it with honor."

While this mood dominates the minds of the Hohenzollerns any peace with them would be like turning loose an insane egoist to work his will on the world.

Germany's answer to the pope is a bold defense of the Kaiser's autocratic power as war lord of Germany. It is a mediaeval document, inconsistent with a democratic form of government and dangerous to the welfare of free peoples. Nobody could have written it but an anti-democrat. It probably was dictated in large part by the Kaiser himself, who has always shown an impatient readiness to act as press agent for the divine right of kings. No more sinister revelation of the mad Hohenzollern threat to democracy has been made since the war began.

(Continued on page five)

