

The Daily Capital Journal

Classified Telephone and Business Directory

A Quick, Handy Reference for Busy People



EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL... SALEM ELECTRIC CO., Masonic Temple, 127 North High...

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—2 1/2 acres, comfortable house, good barn, chicken pens, good soil...

MISCELLANEOUS

FLORA A. BREWSTER, M. D.—Neurologist, nervous and chronic diseases a specialty...

H. STENBOCK JUNK CO.—We pay 60c per 100 lbs. news paper and magazines...

WILTLAND NURSERY—High and Perry Sts. Full line nursery stock...

CHIROPRACTIC-SPINOLOGIST

DR. O. L. SCOTT—Graduate of Chiropractic's Fountain Head, Dayton, Ohio...

UNDERTAKERS

WEBB & CLOUGH CO.—C. B. Webb, A. M. Clough morticians and funeral directors...

RIGDON-RICHARDSON CO.—Funeral directors and undertakers, 252 North High street...

SCAVANGER

SALEM SCAVANGER—Charles Soos, proprietor. Garbage and refuse of all kinds removed on monthly contract...

MONEY TO LOAN

ON Good Real Estate Security THOS. K. FORD Over Ladd & Bush bank, Salem, Oregon

MONEY TO LOAN

Eastern Money at Lowest Rates, on approved Security. Homer H. Smith, Room 5, McCornack Bldg., Salem, Or.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

CHAS. B. HODGKIN—General Insurance, Surety Bonds, real estate and rentals. Hubbard bldg., Phone 386, 17

STOVE REPAIRING

STOVES REBUILT AND REPAIRED 50 years experience. D. pot National and American fens. Sizes 20 to 38 in. High. Paints, oil and varnish, etc. Loganberry and hop books. Salem Fence and Stove Works, 251 Court street, Phone 124.

OSTEOPATH

DRS. B. H. WHITE and R. W. WALTON—Osteopathic physicians and nerve specialists. Graduate of American school of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. Post graduate and specialized in nerve diseases at Los Angeles college. Treat acute and chronic diseases. Consultation free. Lady attendant. Office 608-506 U. S. National Bank Building, Phone 859. Residence, 34 North Capital street, Phone 469.

WATER COMPANY

SALEM WATER COMPANY—Office corner Commercial and Trade streets. Bills payable monthly in advance.

LODGE DIRECTORY

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Oregon Cedar Camp, No. 2248, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Derby building, corner Court and High streets. J. E. Day, V. C.; J. A. Wright, Clerk.

SALEM LODGE No. 4, A. F. & A. M.—Stated communications first Fridays in each month at 7:30 p. m. in the Masonic Temple. Fred A. McClure, W. M.; S. Z. Sulzer, secretary.

CENTRAL LODGE, No. 18, K. of P.—Derby building, every Tuesday evening at 7:30. Lloyd T. Rindon, C. T. W. B. Gilson, K. of R. and S.

UNITED ARTISANS—Capital Assembly No. 84, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m. in I. O. O. F. hall, A. A. Gueffroy,

Willamette Valley News

Jefferson Way Notes

(Capital Journal Special Service) Jefferson, March 19.—The Albany high school orchestra will entertain at the Masonic hall tonight. This is reported as one of the best high school orchestras on the Pacific coast and everyone is looking forward to a good entertainment. Word was received yesterday that Mrs. W. Chilcote, a former resident of this vicinity, died recently at her home near Shelburne. The funeral will be held today. George Lamb, who was operated on in Salem recently, was returned to the hospital for treatment for bronchitis this week. Miss Jessie Armstrong who has been attending the Willamette University, has returned home for the remainder of the year. A party of young people enjoyed a pleasant evening last night at the home of Mrs. J. A. Ward on the Marion road. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hansen a baby boy. Mother and son are doing nicely. Mrs. Chester Miller is visiting her mother, Mrs. Shelton, this week. The Jefferson Creamery which started in business here last fall is progressing nicely and is now doing business on a cash basis.

EVERGREEN BLACKBERRIES WILL BE CARED FOR

The Pugh Logan berry plant at Falls City, already an industry of considerable importance to that community, will be enlarged during the coming summer and the evergreen blackberries will be canned next fall. Mr. C. J. Pugh returned on Tuesday from the metropolis of the state, and while there perfected arrangements for the purchase of machinery, boxes and cans for the proposed new undertaking, and there will arrive in the latter part of the week the Little Lachmanian in ample time to care for the crop of berries in that vicinity. The floor space of the plant will be practically doubled and the work of erecting this addition to the building will be inaugurated within a fortnight. This new enterprise on the part of Mr. Pugh will provide a market for a crop that has hitherto gone to waste, there having been no commercial demand for the evergreen blackberry.—Dallas Observer.

U. S. SUPREME COURT (Continued from page one.)

wages during the fixed period, is but ancillary to the first demand, the standard of eight hours, that would not make the prohibition as to any change of wages any the less a fixing of wages. It certainly would not change the question of power unless it could be assumed that the legislative power to fix one thing, the standard of hours, could be exercised by exerting the power to do another, fix the wages, although there was no legislative authority to exert the latter power.

"The doing of one thing which is authorized cannot be made the source of an authority to do another thing which there is no power to do.

"If to deprive employer and employee of the right to contract for wages and to provide that a particular rate of wages shall be paid for a specified time is not a fixing of wages, it is difficult to see what would be.

"However, there is this very broad difference between the two powers exerted. The first, the eight-hour standard, is permanently fixed. The second, the fixing of the wage standard resulting from the prohibition against paying lower wages is expressly limited to the time specified in section two. It is, therefore, not permanent, but temporary, leaving the employer and the employee free as to the subject of wages to govern their relations by their own agreements after the specified time.

Congress had the power. Congress, it is stated, therefore, the question is this: Did congress have the power under the circumstances stated, that is, in dealing with the dispute between the employers and employees as to wages, to provide a permanent eight-hour standard and to create by legislative action a standard of wages to be operative until the employers and employees for such reasonable time as it deemed necessary to afford an opportunity for the meeting of the minds of employers and employees on the subject of wages. Or in other words, did it leave the power in order to prevent the interruption of interstate commerce to exert its will to supply the absence of a wage scale resulting from the disagreement as to wages between the employers and employees and to make it will on that subject controlling for the limited period provided for?

"Coming to the general consideration by which the subjects must be controlled, to simplify the analysis for the purpose of considering the question of whether or not the power is to be exercised as to the eight-hour standard entirely out of view on the ground that the authority to permanently establish it is so clearly sustained as to render the subject not disputable.

Public Interest Begets Right. "What was the extent of the power, therefore, of congress to regulate commerce, the scope of regulation which government had the right to exert with reference to interstate commerce carriers when it came to exercise its legislative authority to regulate commerce? is the matter to be decided.

That business of common carriers by rail is in a sense a public business in the interest of the public, and that the continued operation and rightful conduct of such business and that the public interest begets a public right of regulation to the full extent necessary to secure and protect it, is settled by so many decisions, state and federal and is illustrated by such a continuous exerting of state and federal legislative power to leave no room for question on the subject. It is also equally settled that the right to fix by agreement between the carrier and its employees a standard of wages to control their relations is primarily private, the establishment and giving effect to such agreed on standard is not subject to be controlled or prevented by public authority. But talking as these propositions as unduly abstract, the situation which we have described and with which the net of congress dealt be taken into view, that is the dispute between the employers and employees as to a standard of wages their failure to agree, the resulting absence of such standard, the entire interruption of interstate commerce which was threatened and the infinite injury to the public interest which was imminent, it would seem inevitably to result that the power to regulate necessarily obtained and was subject to be applied to the extent necessary to provide a remedy for the situation, which included the power to deal with the dispute to provide by appropriate action for a standard of wages to fill the subject and to give effect by appropriate legislation to the regulations thus adopted.

Public is Supreme. "This must be unless it can be said that the right to so regulate as to save and protect the public interest did not apply to a case where the destruction of the public right was imminent as the result of a dispute between the parties and their consequent failure to establish by private agreement the standard of wages which was essential; in other words that the ex-

THE MARKETS

The following prices for fruits and vegetables are those asked by the wholesaler in the market, and not what is paid to the producer. All other prices are those paid the producer. Corrections are made daily.

As usual on Monday, there are but a few changes in the markets. The market for the potato market will strengthen as there is a stronger demand from the east. The local price is up to two and a half cents today. Commission houses in Portland are sending out warning to their connections to beware of landing upon the scale of the present price. The Portland market seems to think the potato will drop as soon as the spring weather opens.

Table with columns for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Iron, Shorts, Hay, etc. and prices.

Table with columns for Butter, Eggs and Poultry, Pork, Veal and Mutton, etc. and prices.

Table with columns for Figs and Dates, Vegetables, etc. and prices.

Table with columns for Fruits, etc. and prices.

Table with columns for Retail Prices, etc. and prices.

Table with columns for Portland Market, etc. and prices.

Table with columns for Salem, Falls City and Western, etc. and prices.

WILLAMETTE RIVER ROUTE Oregon City Transportation Company... Why the Journal is popular...

stenor of the public right and the public power to establish a standard by agreement. Chief Justice White announced the Adamson case just when it was thought all hope for a decision today was gone. Justice Vandevanter has just finished a lengthy opinion in an unimportant case when White announced...

Occasionally pointing at various attorneys and darting sudden glances about the court room, White fairly shot out his views of the Adamson law. The first impression while White reviewed the history of the Adamson law was that the opinion seemed to be adverse. But suddenly he began to talk of the supremacy of the public interest and the failure of the men and railroads to exercise their inherent right to fix wages and terms of employment. When the opinion was somewhat over half way through there was little doubt that the law would be declared valid. But the tension did not break until he mentioned "severed."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

fix wages of those engaged in the operation of passenger and freight trains, he would not agree that constitutional rights may be sacrificed because of public necessity, nor taken away because of emergencies which might result in disaster or inconvenience to public and private interests.

Open Duck Season 16 Months In Year

The closed season on ducks, geese, rails and shore birds in Harney, Malheur, Lake, and Grant counties may be wiped out by an error in house bill 281 passed by the recent legislature, which will be chapter 416 in the 1917 session laws. The error was discovered by those compiling the 1917 session laws. The evident purpose of the bill, when it was considered, was to shorten the open season, which had been from September 1 to March 15 of the following year. When the bill was before the house, the date March 15 was changed to December 31, but the words "the following year" were not changed.

So the law as passed provided for an open season on these birds from September 15 to December 31 "of the following year." According to this provision, there are not enough months in the year to allow for the open season. The bill was introduced by Senator Harley of Malheur county. It may be that the state fish and game commission will have authority to declare a closed season on the birds in those counties, and in that way provide the protection which was desired.

PEPSIN NUX IRON and Sarsaparilla—Fine Course of Medicine.

Physicians and pharmacists have long known the desirability and difficulty of combining iron—a superior tonic—in a blood-purifying medicine. The combination of the iron with Hood's Sarsaparilla has now been secured through the happy thought of prescribing Pepsin Pills in connection with the Sarsaparilla—the latter before eating; Pepsin Pills after. In this way the two medicines work harmoniously, giving four-fold results in blood-cleansing and up-building. Pepsin Pills include pepsin and iron—note the name, Pepsin Pills—nutriment, manganese, other tonics, digestive and laxative. What better course of medicine can you imagine for this season? You get blood-purifying, appetite-giving, liver-stimulating qualities in Hood's Sarsaparilla and great strength makers in Pepsin Pills. Buy these medicines today. They also combine economy with merit.

What better course of medicine can you imagine for this season? You get blood-purifying, appetite-giving, liver-stimulating qualities in Hood's Sarsaparilla and great strength makers in Pepsin Pills. Buy these medicines today. They also combine economy with merit.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

HIGH GRADE SHOES

of all the leading makes are now on display ALL THE HIGH GRADE MAKES OF MERIT ARE HERE IN A FUSION OF STYLES AND EVERY KNOWN SIZE.

Men's Hanan Shoes SEE OUR NEW LINE OF HANAN SHOES IN BLACK KID, BLACK CALF, DARK TAN CALF, BLACK CALF VAMPS WITH GENUINE GRAY-BUCK TOPS. THESE ARE SOME OF THE MOST WONDERFUL SHOES EVER MADE. THEY GIVE TWICE THE WEAR AND MANY TIMES THE COMFORT OF ANY OTHER MAKE. TRY A PAIR AND YOU WILL ALWAYS BE A CUSTOMER.

Ladies' New Dress BOOTS and PUMPS

WE HAVE ALL THE NEW THINGS AND RECEIVE EXPRESS AND FREIGHT SHIPMENTS DAILY. YOU MUST SEE OUR LINE IF YOU DEMAND STYLE AND COMFORT. WE EMPLOY NONE BUT EXPERT FITTERS. IF YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE WITH YOUR FEET, SEE ONE OF OUR MEN AND SEE HOW TO OVERCOME IT. ALL FOOT APPLIANCES GUARANTEED TO RELIEVE THE FEET OR YOUR MONEY REFUNDED.

Salem Leaders in High Grade Footwear

SALEMS HIGH CLASS SHOE STORE THE PRICE OF A SHOE CO. SALEM'S LEADING SHOE STORE OF STYLE AND QUALITY 326 State Street Phone 616 Next to Ladd & Bush Bank