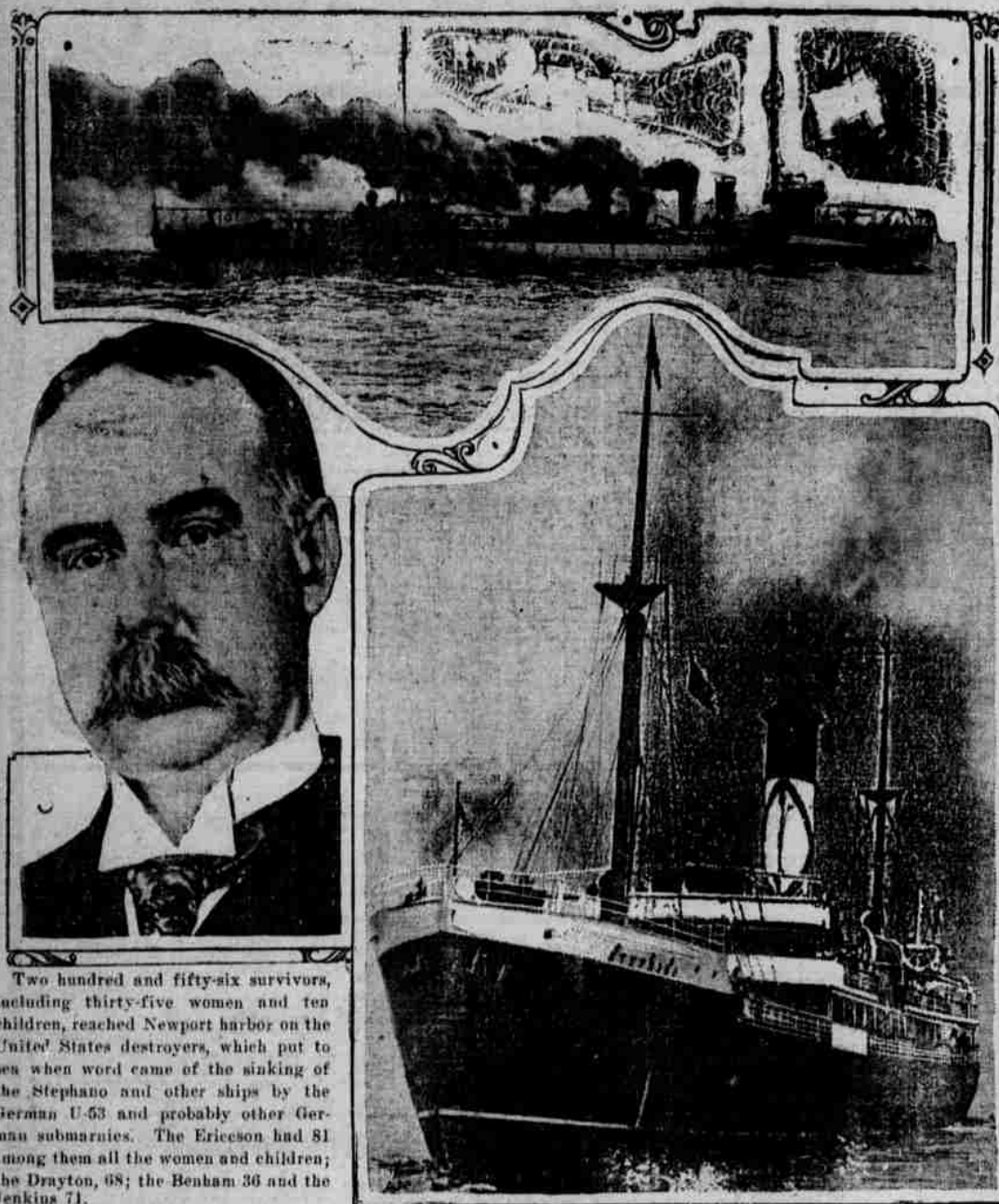


Our Destroyers Ready for Rescue Work When Orders Reached Them To "Go"



U.S.S. ERICSSON, ADMIRAL KNIGHT, U.S.N. AND THE STEPHANO

Two hundred and fifty-six survivors, including thirty-five women and ten children, reached Newport harbor on the United States destroyers, which put to sea when word came of the sinking of the Stephano and other ships by the German U-53 and probably other German submarines. The Ericsson had 81 among them all the women and children; the Drayton, 68; the Benham 36 and the Jenkins 71.

The Stephano was in the regular service of the Red Cross line and was bound from St. John's, N. E., to New York. The sale of the Stephano to the Russian government, which had planned to use her as an ice breaker, was recently announced. Her sister ship, the Florizel, had also been sold to Russia for ice work.

When wireless news came that the German U-53 and probably other German submarines were sinking vessels near the American coast the navy was ready to go to the work of rescue of the passengers and crews. In Newport har-

bor snuggling at anchor near Goat Island, the torpedo boat station, were 25 of those low, bristling craft, ungainly repose but swift and savage in action, popularly known as torpedo boat destroyers and in the navy merely as "destroyers." The wireless of the scout cruiser Birmingham, flagship of Admiral Gleaves, formerly commandant at the New York navy yard, can talk with Collier if it wants to so powerful are its dynamos. It was child's play for its operator to pick up the news by the Ger-

man, then only ten miles south of Nantucket, and that the Kansas, fifty miles northeast, had turned to the rescue. There was quick communication between the two admirals—Gleaves on the Birmingham and Knight, commander of the Narragansett bay station, in his office at the War college. So swift was the electric play that followed with the orders to seventeen boats of the destroyer flotilla and their mother ship, the Melville, that it really amounted to "Get Ready; Go!"

SALTS IF BACKACHE AND KIDNEYS HURT

Drink Lots of Water and Stop Eating Meat for a While If Your Bladder Troubles You

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region it generally means you have been eating too much meat, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which overworks the kidneys in their effort to filter it from the blood and they become sort of paralyzed and loggy. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog you must relieve them, like you relieve your bowels; removing all the body's urinous waste, else you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach sours, tongue is coated, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get sore, water scalds and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night.

Either consult a good, reliable physician at once or get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness. Jad Salts is a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive, cannot injure and makes a delightful, effec-

ILLINOIS WOMEN FOLLOWED MALE VOTE

Probably 800,000 Voted But Divided About Like Male Vote

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Casting a huge vote, which may reach 800,000, Illinois women in their first presidential election appear to have followed the male vote closely. Women turned out in surprising large numbers and an estimated vote of over 95 per cent was cast. The Cook county women's vote is estimated at 392,000 and down-state at close to 500,000.

Estimates in Cook county indicate Wilson got 143,000 women's votes and Hughes 148,000. Hughes probably will get a plurality down-state from the women of close to 100,000. Socialist and prohibition candidates received about four per cent of the feminine vote, incomplete returns indicate.

Steamer Arabia Was Torpedoed by Submarine

London, Nov. 8.—The Peninsular and Oriental liner Arabia was sunk by a submarine, was torpedoed without warning by the British admiralty announced today. Two lives were lost when the vessel went down.

The Arabia was torpedoed Monday noon, in the Mediterranean, the admiralty statement said. The Arabia carried 437 passengers, according to the admiralty statement. They included 100 women and children. The passengers were picked up by various vessels which hurried to the scene and so far as known only two persons perished.

WILSON LEADS CALIFORNIA

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—(1:45 p. m.)—Tabulated by the United Press of returns from 3627 precincts out of 3870 in California showed Wilson leading Hughes by 9741 votes. The top vote was: Hughes 274,407; Wilson 284,151.

BOTH AMENDMENTS BEATEN

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—Both the dry amendments were snuffed under in San Francisco county. Representatives of the wets publicly ridiculed the report that amendment No. 2 had been carried. Returns from 2,184 precincts in various parts of the state, however, showed: No. 1, yes 139,575; no, 144,298. No. 2, yes 148,298; no 125,116.

Not Known Whether All Passengers Were Rescued

Washington, Nov. 8.—Doubt whether all of the passengers of the torpedoed P. and O. liner Arabia were saved was raised at the state department this afternoon on receipt of a dispatch from Ambassador Page who said "most" of the 483 passengers were rescued.

IOWA FOR HUGHES BY 60,000

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 8.—Republicans swept Iowa practically clean, turning in pluralities of 60,000 for Hughes, 120,000 for W. L. Harding for governor, or electing the entire state ticket, and re-electing the ten republican congressmen. T. J. Steele, democratic congressman from the Eleventh district, is running a close race for re-election.

NEW HAMPSHIRE FOR HUGHES

New York, Nov. 8.—In a long distance telephone conversation with National Chairman McCormick at 1:45 p. m. United States Senator Hollis, of New Hampshire, declared that unofficial, but complete returns for New Hampshire gave the state to Hughes by 350.

WHEAT JUMPS TO \$1.90

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Wheat took a big jump today, December advancing 4 1-2 cents over today's opening to \$1.89 3-4; May up 3 5-8 at \$1.90 5-8; July up at \$1.53 3-4.

ELEVATOR KILLED THEM

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Three were killed and 14 injured when an elevator fell four floors at the plant of the Glensheen Shoe company today. The main cable of the lift snapped and the car crashed to the basement.

MINNESOTA LEAD 914

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 8.—In the last 340 precincts received Hughes gained only 151 net. With 1950 precincts out of 3024, the vote is Wilson, 120,080; Hughes, 112,166. These late returns are the first from the extreme north part of the state and in many of them Wilson made gains which offset the heavy normal republican counties in the southern part of the state.

For renovating a lawn at any season a new sod roller has spikes that punch holes in the soil.

PENNSYLVANIA Oilproof VACUUM CUPTIRES

6000 Miles Guaranteed for the Price of an Ordinary Tire

30x3	12.40
30x3 1-2	16.40
32x3 1-2	17.35
34x3 1-2	18.05
33x4	25.90
34x4	27.60

You can reduce your tire cost and have a tire guaranteed not to skid on wet pavement.



Why Have Your Capital Tied Up in an Empty House?

A Capital Journal FOR RENT

Ad at One Cent a Word will Get You a Renter.

SHINOLA

is more than Shoe Polish

It is composed of wax and oils so combined as to give a brilliant, lasting shine and to soften and preserve the leather.

THE SHINOLA HOME SET

The handiest, most efficient shoe shining set you can buy at any price. Sold at a nominal cost to SHINOLA users.

FOR HOME, GRIP OR AUTOMOBILE
BLACK—TAN—WHITE
At all Dealers—Take no substitute



CLEWS SAYS TARIFF CUTS NO ICE NOW

Demand for Our Gold Will Compel Us to Buy Much Abroad

New York, Nov. 4.—It was not at all surprising in view of the numerous cross currents that the market for stock exchange securities should have displayed a degree of irregularity this week. In the first place is the important consideration that the national political campaign has about reached its point of culmination; then there has been (2) the sinking of another trans-Atlantic steamer with Americans on board under conditions suggesting at one time the possibility of a renewal of the submarine controversy between Washington and Berlin; (3) the successful offering of another large loan on behalf of the British government in this country; (4) the announcement of a second extra dividend of 1 per cent by the directors of the United States Steel corporation and the publication of another favorable report of quarterly earnings; (5) the additional importation of gold on a large scale; and (6) the continued activity of the remarkable activity in industry and trade that has for so long a period been such an outstanding and favoring feature. These are the more important news events of the week.

The national election, as a factor, in a few days may be dismissed as an immediate influence in the financial situation. The technical position that has been assumed by many market operators is that a success of the political party that for so long has been identified with the principle of a protective tariff would mean greater security for the industrial corporations which had been so greatly benefited by the foreign demands incidental to the war. A protective tariff would tend to restrict in our home markets competition of the products of cheap labor in Europe. But the tariff in present circumstances cannot well assume importance as an immediate influence. Post-bellum conditions involve many perplexing problems. Europe undoubtedly will require the return of a part at least of the gold that has been forwarded to this country, and will strain every effort to obtain it. This will mean exportation to us of products of foreign countries, or the arrangement of additional loans on this side of the water. Meanwhile it is obvious that with close to two billion dollars in short term obligations already placed by foreign countries in the United States during the war period, the repayment of these obligations will operate against any arbitrary demands for the precious metal from abroad. This more especially is the case when it is considered that in addition to granting the large loans our own investors have taken back a very large proportion of the American securities that for generations have been held in Europe. But the important point in connection with the results to be shown at the polls next Tuesday is that the attitude of either of the great political parties on the tariff is not likely to become an immediate factor in the stock exchange markets. The war is itself such a dominating influence that it tends to confine consideration almost completely to such market factors as are likely to exert a prompt influence. Unfortunately, the termination of the European war may hardly be considered to occupy a position in this category. Hence the election as bearing on the tariff will for practical purpose not be apt to act as a retarding influence on stock exchange activities for the time being.

In the face of the irregularity that is so usually associated with the closing days of a national political campaign a remarkable investment ability that is not confined to any section but is nation-wide has been demonstrated by the absorption of the \$300,000,000 British loan. So satisfactory were the subscriptions that the bankers decided to close the subscription books this morning, instead of keeping them open until Tuesday next, as was the original plan. A similar indication of the extent of the investment demand has been the activity that has been displayed on the bond market. The sales of bonds on the exchange during the month of October, for instance, had an aggregate par value of \$143,543,000, which compares with \$104,122,500 in October last year and only \$40,837,500 in October, 1915 (the exchange was closed for business during October, 1914).

The quarterly statement of earnings by the United States Steel corporation tells somewhat below exaggerated ideas that had previously been current. The total of \$85,817,067, however, establishes a new high level, having exceeded the June quarter, heretofore the high period, by more than \$4,000,000, and leaving a net surplus after allowing for the amount necessary for the extra dividend, of \$51,839,450. These figures without question may be accepted as a re-

sponsible and accurate index of the industrial activity that our country is enjoying. During the June quarter deliveries were at virtually the full capacity of the mills. Hence spectacular increases in earnings, such as many seemed to expect, must have represented in large measure effect of higher prices paid by consumers, rather than an expansion in the volume of products delivered. So long as the war's demands continue there is not likely to be any important restriction of the steel trade. When hostilities end readjustments are inevitable; but, as I already have noted, there is slight tendency at the moment among operators to look for into the future.

It is fortunate that caution is being displayed in banking and other conservative circles. Otherwise, with the ease that is so clearly evident in the credit situation, there would be difficulty in preventing the danger of a runaway market. Thoughtful persons know that with the intense activity in trade and industry, with the high wages and the consequent enormous spending power of labor, and with the large profits of manufacturers, all these are merely the results of temporary conditions that sooner or later must assume a more nearly normal position. The commodity markets as well as securities are still moving upward. So long as the war lasts there seems slight probability of a lasting reaction, as the foreign demand, regardless of cost, is so insistent. It is difficult to see the end of this increasingly difficult situation that so freely affects conditions at home.

New enterprise is active, the war's demands still being a strong stimulant in this direction. During October new companies to produce munitions, manufacture dyes and chemicals, operate shipping companies and develop oil and gas resources were formed, with an aggregate capital of \$75,330,000, bringing the total of capitalization for these and similar companies to a total of close to \$900,000,000 during the war period. Railroad earnings still are highly satisfactory. Comparisons, however, now are being made with a period of activity. Hence the same spectacular increases (such as have been the rule when comparison was made with the lean year of 1914) are not to be expected.

The market for securities may be expected to witness active fluctuations, with a general trend governed by the tendency toward credit inflation. Large interests will pursue the usual course of periodically taking profits. There will, too, remain the usual danger of shocks that have been a constant feature during the war.

Printers Beaten in Game by Elks

The Printers howling team lost again to the Elks last night on the Elks tables in the City League contests by taking two games out of three. Kay of the Elks took high score by 215 points and high average of 206.

Following is the score:

Printers					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	Tot. Av.	
Freeland	174	206	543	181	
Pilkenton	114	153	147	138	
Hill	147	121	143	145	
Vail	203	181	178	187	
Doolittle	146	188	101	153	175
Totals	783	863	843	2489	
Team average	830				

Elks				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	Tot. Av.
Kay	215	200	204	206
Lewis	100	135	149	128
Ralph	163	123	167	151
Stutesman	145	158	188	164
Hussey	170	171	143	161
Totals	793	837	851	2481
Team average	827			

A GOOD FRIEND

A good friend stands by you when in need. Salem people tell how Doan's Kidney Pills have stood the test. Mr. Sutton endorsed Doan's over ten years ago and again confirms the story. Could you ask for more convincing testimony?

F. A. Sutton, 396 Hoyt St., Salem, says: "I had kidney trouble and rheumatism ten years or more and during that time, I had attacks so acute that I was laid up. My back gave me a great deal of bother and sharp pains extended all through my body. I got all run down, lost weight and was in very poor health. I doctored, but with indifferent success. Finally, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and they made me feel like a different man. My appetite improved and the aching and pains left me." (Statement given January 31, 1906.)

On April 13, 1916, Mr. Sutton added: "I have always considered Doan's Kidney Pills a most reliable medicine for kidney trouble. Whenever I notice my kidneys are not acting right, I take them for a few days and they never fail to remove the trouble." Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Sutton has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

DEAD ON HIS FEET

GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will bring new life and quickly relieve that stopped-up congested feeling. They will thoroughly cleanse and wash out the kidneys and bladder and gently carry off the ill effects of excesses of all kinds. The healing, soothing oil soaks right into the walls and lining of the kidneys and expels the poisons in your system. Keep your kidneys in good shape by daily use of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules and you will have good health. Go to your druggist at once and secure a package of this time honored, world wide remedy. It is not a "patent medicine." It is based upon U. S. government chemists and declared pure before coming into this country. GOLD MEDAL is the pure, original Haarlem Oil, imported direct from the ancient laboratories in Holland where it is the National Household Remedy of the sturdy Dutch. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box. Accept no substitute. Your druggist will gladly refund your money if not as represented.

To keep disk phonograph records clean an inventor has patented a small brush to be mounted in front of the needle.

Forty Lost Lives in Trolley Car Accident

Boston, Mass., Nov. 8.—Police estimates yesterday were that forty persons lost their lives when a crowded elevated trolley car plunged through the open draw of the Summer street bridge into the Fort Point channel.

WOMAN'S SUPRAGE WINS

Stoux Falls, S. D., Nov. 8.—Woman's suffrage as a state issue is believed to have been swept into South Dakota with the statewide prohibition and a republican ticket. The republican ticket seems about 12,000 to the good, with prohibition 20,000 strong.

HUGHES GETS NEW HAMPSHIRE

Concord, N. H., Nov. 8.—Complete returns from all but 19 small towns New Hampshire gives Hughes 42,190; Wilson 41,709, according to the official figures given out by the secretary of state this afternoon.

Stock Market Not Affected by Election

New York, Nov. 8.—The New York Evening Sun financial review today said: While the stock market today reflected to some extent the varying uncertainties in the outcome of the presidential election, the same feeling which has prevailed throughout the campaign resulted little as a market factor, as seen in today's trading. There was an accumulation of buying orders over the election recess which were put through when the market opened and which carried prices quickly to higher levels.

The trading was very brisk and the tone of the market buoyant in the first hour of the afternoon session. Following steel common central went forward in a broad movement to above 110, a gain of six points or thereabouts. Stox Sheffield, Republic Steel and Bethlehem Steel also sold at record prices, the last named at 64, an advance of 15 points from Monday.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT

For the improvement of that portion of South Twelfth street lying east of the Southern Pacific railway company's tracks beginning on the south line of Ferry street and ending at a point 173 feet south of said south line of Ferry street.

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council of the City of Salem, will at or about 7:30 o'clock p. m. on the 20th day of November, 1916, or at any subsequent meeting of the Council thereafter, at the Council chambers in the City Hall of said City proceed to assess upon each lot or part thereof or parcel of land liable therefor, its proportionate share of the cost of improving that portion of South Twelfth street lying east of the Southern Pacific railway company's tracks beginning on the south line of Ferry street and ending at a point 173 feet south of said south line of Ferry street.

All persons interested in said assessment are hereby notified to appear at said time and place before the said Common Council and present their objections, if any they have, to said assessment and apply to said Common Council to equalize their proportionate share of said assessment.

By order of the Common Council this 6th day of November, 1916.
CHAS. E. FLAGIN,
Nov. 10, City Recorder.

Advertising Is Business Insurance

Your business may be going along nicely today, but there are days ahead when an accident policy tucked away in your safe would make you feel much more comfortable. A dollar spent in advertising the service you render, your reasons why you ask for patronage, and anything that will individualize your proposition, will go further than ten times the amount spent to crowd your establishment with bargain seekers.