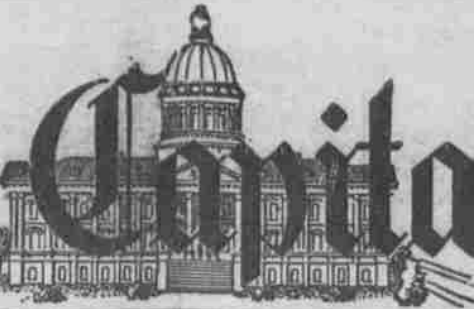


# The Daily Capital Journal



SALEM, OREGON, THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1916

PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS—FIVE CENTS

FULL LEASED WIRE DISPATCHES

CIRCULATION IS OVER 4000 DAILY

THIRTY-NINTH YEAR

## TWO UNTERRIFIED FILE FOR OFFICE IN MARION COUNTY

### These Modestly Limit Their Aspirations to Place On Precinct Committee

## REPUBLICANS THICK AS LEAVES IN VAL AMBROSA

### Each Armed With a Slogan of the Washington Hatchet Variety

Two lately democrats in Marion will see their names on the ballot when the 16,000 voters go to the polls for the primary election May 19. S. R. Tandy, of Jefferson, and G. V. Bugas, of 558 S. 10th street, Salem, precinct No. 5, are the two "unterrified" democrats who aspire to office and have cast their hats into the ring for democratic precinct committeemen. Since Mr. Tandy and Mr. Bugas are the entire democratic ticket in Marion county for a county or district office they deserve the solid support of the party.

Every candidate for the nomination for every office from county clerk to county coroner is a republican. Even the candidates for office in this city for justice of the peace and for constable as well as the candidates for constables and justices of the peace in the other districts of the county are republicans.

Of the county offices the county clerk, recorder, treasurer and surveyor are uncontested and in Salem R. C. Wyrant is the only candidate for justice of the peace.

The books closed at 5 o'clock last night, and following is the complete list of candidates, with the exception of the various precinct committeemen, and their slogans.

### The Ballot Reads As Follows:

- For clerk of Marion county. Vote for one. U. G. Bayer, "Economic administration, based upon practical knowledge of the work of the office."
- For sheriff of Marion county. Vote for one. E. E. Cooper, W. I. Noehman, "An efficient administration, based upon experience."
- For assessor of Marion county. Vote for one. A. J. Anderson, Ben F. West, "Favor no friends, and fear no foes."
- For superintendent of schools of Marion county. Vote for one. Elizabeth Cornelius, "Better schools for good schools and every school the best."
- W. C. Ganatt, "Honest and efficient supervision of all the schools." Clarence Phillips, "I am opposed to the county supervisor law." W. M. Smith, "Economy and efficiency in school administration."
- For recorder of Marion county. Vote for one. Mildred Robertson Brooks.
- For treasurer of Marion county. Vote for one. D. G. Drager.
- For surveyor of Marion county. Vote for one. B. B. Herriek, Jr., "Good and impartial treatment to all."
- For county commissioner of Marion county. Vote for one. J. T. Hunt, "A strict business administration." A. C. Libby, "Progress with economy, square deal in every part of county." Monroe Nye, "Unimpaired prosperity."
- For coroner of Marion county. Vote for one. A. M. Clough, Ross T. McIntire.
- For constable, Salem district. Vote for one. Lee W. Acheson, Lou C. Brotherton, "Efficient and honorable administration." John W. Holman, "Justice and courteous treatment to all." W. B. Miles, "Strict attention to duties at all times." C. H. Pratt, J. W. Roberts, "Prompt and careful attention."

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## ABE MARTIN



Th' feller with th' badger gray mustache haist worryin' 'bout th' shortage o' dye stuff so long as shoe blackin' holds out. Miss Fawn Lippincott says th' new dances are jest like sittin' on th'avenport, 'cept you walk around.

## THREE CYCLONES SWEEP THROUGH MISSOURI VALLEY

### Seventeen Reported Dead and Death List Growing, 100 Injured

## AUTO RACING WITH STORM LOSES AND IS WRECKED

### Many Small Towns Demolished—Property Damage Is Enormous

Kansas City, Mo., April 20.—At least 17 are reported to have been killed and more than 100 were today estimated to have been injured by three tornadoes which swept different areas of Kansas and Missouri last night.

The heaviest loss was at Stover, Berlin, Kansas, and Olean were hard hit. It is feared that when communications are restored the toll will be found to be much greater than at present believed. No definite information has been received from Morgan, Miller and Cole counties where the cyclone devastated a strip of territory eight miles wide.

Property damage is enormous in southeastern Kansas and southwestern and central Missouri. Wire service is demoralized and details of the disaster are meager.

Six are said to have met death at Stover, Missouri, which was demolished by the storm. A special train has been sent to relieve the injured there.

Mrs. Milroy and a baby of the Hixon family were killed near Fort Scott. Elmer Packard, trying to outrun the cyclone by driving at terrific speed in his automobile, was overtaken by it and killed when the wind capsized his machine near Enterprise. He was pinned under the wheel.

Ruth Fairbanks, aged 7, was killed when Rich Hill, Missouri, was swept by the tornado. Her home was demolished. Every house in Rhinehart was reported wrecked.

The report that every house in Rhinehart Missouri, had been destroyed, and thirty injured there was, however, unconfirmed. Heavy damage was done to Lowry City and Rockville. It was reported that Jefferson City (California) and Olean, all in Missouri, had been struck. Nearby cities rushed aid.

Dr. C. P. Bowden, of Appling City, Missouri, was reported killed. This makes a total of 11 reported dead in the storm.

## Bryan Probably Beaten for National Delegate

Lincoln, Neb., April 20.—As returns from the Nebraska preferential primary continued to be tabulated today they indicated that both W. J. Bryan and C. W. Bryan had been defeated.

The latter is behind Keith Neville for the democratic nomination for governor and the former secretary of state is seventh in the list of candidates for delegates at large to the national convention, with four delegates to be chosen.

United States Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock has apparently been nominated. Judge Kennedy is running ahead of Ex-Governor Aldrich for the republican senatorial nomination. McKelvie and Sutton are in a close race for the republican nomination for governor.

In the G. O. P. presidential primary Henry Ford still has a lead, with Cummins second and Hughes a poor third.

## 600 Yards of Trenches Are Captured From The British

Berlin, April 20.—Six hundred yards of British trenches between Ypres and Langemark have been captured by the Germans, it was officially announced today. One hundred and nine men surrendered. Two machine guns were taken.

The censor will not permit the number of Russians in France to be made public. It is assumed that they will either be sent to Verdun or to some other sector on the western front where the allies are possibly contemplating a strong offensive. The route by which the Slavs reached Marseilles is an official secret. It was assumed that plans for their transportation were arranged at the recent allied war council in Paris.

## HOW UPPER JAW OF GIANT GERMAN "NUT CRACKER" IS CLOSING ON VERDUN



GERMAN GUN IN USE IN VERDUN BATTLES - MAP OF BATTLE-GROUND

The ruined village of Bethincourt, the apex of the salient on the western bank of the Meuse, against which the Germans have been attacking for weeks, was evacuated by the French. They withdrew to a line starting from the Avocourt redoubt, skirting the first wooded slope west of hill 304, then following the south bank of the Forges creek to the northeast of Haucourt and joining the old line a little south of the crossroads south of Bethincourt.

The Germans made extremely determined attacks on the western side of the Meuse, the violence of their efforts centering on four sectors on the edge of the Avocourt wood, where they gained a momentary footing; between the Avocourt wood and the Forges stream at Le Mort Homme, and south of the Gumières wood. These attempted drives are indicated on the map by arrows. At the same time violent attacks were repeatedly made all along the new line south of Bethincourt. Hill 304, south of Haucourt, is called the "pivot point" of the Verdun defenses.

## SALEM PUTS UP TO PROMOTE NAVAL BASE

### Fifty-Eight Citizens and Firms Give \$300, and More Is Coming

\$300.00 for the fund to promote a naval base of the first class at the mouth of the Columbia river. Every subscriber gave the sum of \$5.00 except Hon. Tom Kay and Ladd & Bush bank, who gave \$10.00 each. Following is the complete list:

- J. C. Thompson, Geo. F. Rodgers, Rodgers Paper Co., Patton Bros., Jenk-Brick, Marion Hotel Co., Winthrop Hammond, F. G. Deekebach, Paul B. Wallace, John R. Linn, Salem Fruit Co., Southern Pacific Freight office, Chas. A. Park, H. S. Gile & Co. Halvorsen & Burns, R. B. Goodin, T. B. Kay, S. H. Koser, Ben W. Oellett, Wm. A. Marshall, Harvey Beckwith, F. H. Thompson, Carlo Abrams, State Foresters office, Bureau of Labor office, S. G. Sargent, H. H. Corey, Tax Commission office by Chas. V. Galloway, Arthur W. Lawrence, H. J. Bean, L. T. Harris, T. A. McBride, H. L. Benson, J. C. Moreland, Henry B. Thielgen, D. W. Eyre, S. R. Elliott, William McGilchrist & Sons, William Esch, W. M. Bushey, W. A. Jones, J. A. Baker, U. O. Boyer, T. G. Bligh, Ladd & Bush, Charles P. Archer Implement Co., B. C. Miles, A. J. Anderson, Theo. M. Barr, Clifford W. Brown, G. W. Johnson & Co., W. D. Evans for Commercial Book Store, J. W. Harbison, E. T. Barnes, J. L. Stockton, Salem Woolen Mills store, Salem Hardware Co., Dr. E. E. Fisher.

The Salem committee co-operating with the general Naval Base committee of Astoria are: Messrs. George F. Rodgers, Hal D. Patton, Benjamin Brick and F. G. Deekebach, and today, in conjunction with Wallace R. Struble, secretary of the general committee and John Bartram Kelley, publicity agent, are completing the canvass of this city.

"Please say to the Salem citizens that our general committee of Astoria most heartily appreciates the wonderful and enthusiastic co-operation of Salem" said Wallace R. Struble to the Journal today. "No citizens ever responded more heartily or more willingly. The strong or which Salem has pulled in this campaign will give great impetus to our race for victory."

\*\*\*\*\* SUGAR TO BE TARIFFED \*\*\*\*\* Washington, April 20.—The triumph of the house in the sugar conference was interpreted today as forecasting a substantial victory for Representative Hay's army bill over Senator Chamberlain's military measure. Although the senate had a suspension instead of repeal of the free sugar bill, the house proved itself to be the dominant branch. A conference on the military bills began today.

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## BALLOONISTS HAVE EVENTFUL VOYAGE

### Valve Leaks When Up 18,000 Feet—Aeronaut Has Close Call

Los Angeles, Cal., April 20.—A new California record, 18,000 feet for balloons was established by Pilot Jack O'Connell, and his two aides it was learned today when they arrived here after three days of harrowing experiences.

"Jack O'Connell came within an ace of falling out when the gas got him," said Kittle today. "He was standing on my shoulders, while I straddled the basket. He had to put his head inside the bag in repairing the valve. It was too much for him. He toppled from my shoulders like a sack of wheat, and Edmondson and I grabbed him just as he struck the rigging ropes. We ascended 18,070 feet which is a record for California." The stathoscope, an invention of the inventor, worked perfectly, recording the rise and fall of the bag to the fraction of a foot.

San Antonio, Texas, April 20.—The American expedition in Mexico will remain at a standstill until General Hugh Scott, chief of staff, authorizes changes in the campaign plans which General Fred Funston will propose.

This was the statement of Funston today after he had forwarded to Secretary of War Baker another official report from General Pershing detailing Carranzista hospitality. He gave out a portion of the report revealing that Carranzistas were at Bachinera at the time of the attack there. Funston did not mention the consequences of the fight but he stated that Major Howze had been unable to punish the offenders owing to the conditions governing the conduct of the expedition.

## Expedition Will Not Move Until Scott Sees Funston

### horses would lack fodder, as there is no grazing land.

Several columns of cavalry will resume the pursuit of Francisco Villa when General Pershing completes his concentration of supplies at Naniquipp, he reported.

## Campaign Halted

Columbus, N. M., April 20.—The campaign to catch Francisco Villa has practically halted today. No new active steps in the pursuit will be undertaken, it is believed, until General Hugh Scott goes back to Washington with recommendations for Secretary of War Baker.

## Villa Located Again

El Paso, Texas, April 20.—Informa-

## OFFICIALS DO NOT BELIEVE GERMANY WILL ALTER PLAN

### London Is Jubilant Thinking America Will Be Drawn Into War

## ENGLISH PRESS EXULTS IN ILL CONSIDERED WAY

### Pall Mall Gazette Says America More Useful While a Neutral

\*\*\*\*\* FRANCE IS PLEASED \*\*\*\*\* By William Phillips Stimms. (United Press staff correspondent.) Paris, April 20.—President Wilson's strong stand on the submarine issue with Germany was instant and unanimous approval here. It overshadowed the Verdun battle. The portion of humanity was applauded as one of the finest utterances heard in any capital since the war began.

\*\*\*\*\* By Ed I. Kenn. (United Press staff correspondent.) London, April 20.—Well informed officials do not believe that Germany will yield to the American demand that it cease its present method of conducting submarine warfare.

The opinion here is that a diplomatic break is certain and that war is a strong possibility.

This view is based on the fact that Germany has emphasized that the submarine is its most effective weapon against Great Britain. Therefore, it is believed, the kaiser cannot afford to concede anything essential, though he may possibly offer certain concessions hoping to delay events.

The British attitude toward the president's note ranges from quiet satisfaction nearly to jubilation. It is believed that the note is likely to influence other neutrals.

It is difficult to suppose that the German government, elated by the submarine successes of the past six weeks, will accept President Wilson's terms," said the Daily Chronicle in an editorial.

"Diplomatic relations between Berlin and Washington will be broken off. The resulting situation will not be a state of war, but may easily develop into war."

Commenting on the situation, the Pall Mall Gazette said:

"The note's significance lies in the fact that President Wilson is no longer able to withhold cognizance of the true character of the German policy. America may be congratulated on the fact that she has reached a point where she is no longer compelled to wear the full livery of official neutrality as between man and beast."

"We don't exult over the prospect of America's entrance into the war," said the Manchester Guardian, "but we do exult in the prospect of victory for the ideals of law and humanity. Whether Germany yields or not, this victory is sensibly nearer."

The London Globe declared that the United States was probably more useful to the allies under present conditions than it would be if it entered the war.

"President Wilson has mapped out a line of action which admits of no retreat," declared the Westminster Gazette.

## CONGRESS GIVES WILSON FREE REIN WITH THE KAISER

### Von Bernstorff Suddenly Discovers America Is Very Much In Earnest

## GOVERNMENT COURIER AND EMBASSY ATTACHES

### Besides Newspapermen Were Among "Rash Americans" On Sussex

By Robert J. Bender. (United Press staff correspondent.) Washington, April 20.—For 20 minutes today Ambassador Von Bernstorff discussed with Secretary Lansing the possibility of averting a diplomatic break between the United States and Germany. The Teuton representative obtained Lansing's views on the steps necessary to make submarine warfare conform to America's ideas of law and humanity.

Although Von Bernstorff would not comment on the conference, it was understood that he does not take a hopeless view of the situation. It is known that he gave Lansing good reasons to believe that another disaster similar to that which befell the Sussex will not occur while the present negotiations are being conducted.

It was pointed out to Lansing that since America has asked for a distinct change in the German submarine policy there naturally must be numerous conferences between Berlin officials.

Marines have been ordered to guard the wireless stations at Tuckert, S. J., and Sayville, L. I., officials admitted. This move is supposedly taken to protect them from anti-German demonstrations and to permit their seizure in case of a break. Much of the news from Berlin is received at these stations.

Von Bernstorff Impressed. Von Bernstorff is obviously impressed by the administration's earnestness. He has fully reported the situation to Foreign Minister Von Jagow in Berlin.

If this meeting with Lansing today comes before he receives instructions from the kaiser, the conference is likely to be tentative. Germany's official reply to the American note is expected by Monday at the latest.

The state department today reiterated its contention that the present orders to submarines must be withdrawn and their attacks confined to warships pending any determination of a new plan of operation against merchantmen. This is the clear intent of the demand on Germany.

The Lansing-Bernstorff conference will probably deal with how the submarine warfare should be conducted, according to American views.

Congress Backs President. Senator Kern, of Indiana, an early at the White House, said that congress was not disposed to discuss the situation with Germany, leaving President Wilson unembarrassed in handling the crisis. He said that inasmuch as the note to Germany had already gone, talk in congress could do no good and might possibly be harmful.

In reply to criticisms like that of Senator Gore, who said that President Wilson was risking war in Europe because a few rash Americans insisted on traveling on armed ships, the White House pointed out that the controversy had shifted entirely from the armed merchantmen angle as a result of the Sussex incident. The Sussex was not armed, neither was it a merchantman. It was a passenger ferry plying over course not taken by merchantmen. Among the "rash Americans" aboard were newspapermen, a government courier and embassy attaches, the very nature of whose work necessitated their presence aboard under a belligerent flag since there are no neutral vessels on which it is possible to reach France now.

Secretary Daniels said that marines sent to Tuckert and Sayville would not seize the wireless stations. He added that no additional stores had been taken to watch interned German vessels.

## THE WEATHER

\*\*\*\*\* GLEAD I BROUGHT THIS \*\*\*\*\* Oregon: Tonight and Friday unsettled, probably showers; southwestly winds.



(Continued on Page Five)