

BARGAINS

This Week at

ROSTEIN & GREENBAUM'S

240 and 246 NORTH COMMERCIAL STREET

Best Outing Flannel, colors or white 8 1/2 c Yard

LADIES' OUTING FLANNEL GOWNS
 50c Gowns now 40c
 75c Gowns now 60c
 \$1.00 Gowns now 80c
 \$1.25 Gowns now 95c
 Large line of Ladies' Wool and Silk and Wool Union Suits at Half Price

MILLINERY
 Our entire stock of Ladies' and Children's Hats, Frames, Feathers, Plumes and Materials
AT BIG REDUCTIONS

KIMONOS
 65c Kimonos now 49c
 \$1.00 Kimonos now 85c
 \$1.25 Kimonos now 85c

FURS
 Entire stock of Furs, including all Muffs and Sets now ... 20 to 50% Off

HANDKERCHIEFS
 Big assortment Reduced Prices

TABLE LINEN BARGAINS
 High Grade Table Linen at Reduced Prices.

NEVER MIND THE WAR
 2 yards wide, was a bargain at \$1.25, now \$1.00
 70 inches wide, was a bargain at 85c, now 70c
 65 inches wide, was a bargain at 75c, now 60c
 72 inch Mercerized, was 65c, now ... 42c
 Tablecloths from 25c a yard up

SCHOOL VACATION FOR THANKSGIVING

Other Routine Business Transacted at Board Meeting Last Night

The Thanksgiving vacation for the pupils of the Salem schools will include Thursday and Friday of this week, and Christmas vacation will begin with the closing of the schools Thursday evening, December 23, and continue until the opening of the schools, Monday morning, January 3. This action was taken by the school directors at a regular meeting held last evening.

The selection of a school physician was postponed until the first of the year, but the salary of \$50 a month heretofore paid was reduced to \$35 a month.

As the three junior high schools each have libraries and require special attention, Miss Alma Ashby was elected assistant librarian for the term of 7 months at a salary of \$20 a month.

Permission was given Mr. LaMoine Clark, principal of the Highland school, to attend the session of the Marion County Veterans association which will meet on the afternoon of December 2, accompanied by her class. Mrs. Clark is secretary of the association.

The request of the Parent Teacher's association of the Lincoln school to erect play sheds at the school, was referred to the committee on buildings and grounds. This committee will meet with those interested in the Lincoln school and go over plans for the play sheds desired.

As the boys in the manual training class are ambitious to make something of real value, permission was given them to erect a garage and dispose of it to the highest bidder, the money so received, to be turned into this department of the schools.

Regarding the proposed bridge across Thirteenth street, near the Washington junior high school, the board was of the opinion that it would be more convenient to build it from Twelfth street, as the Thirteenth street location was rather out of the way. The building of this bridge was proposed by the building committee of the city council, as a means to keep the pupils from crossing on the railroad bridge when going to the athletic grounds. The matter was referred to the building and grounds committee to act with the committee from the council.

A petition from the boys of the Radio club for permission to erect two 15 foot stations on the roof of the high school building was also referred to the building committee. While the directors were in favor of the boys taking up wireless telegraphy, it was thought best to have the stations erected by experienced carpenters.

In a general discussion of football and athletics, several members of the board were of the opinion that the time is coming when the athletics of the school will not be confined to the few who are physically fit to play football, but that the efforts of a physical director will be given to the training of all the boys in military drills and other gymnastic work in order that those who are really most in need of training, will be given attention.

That it is our pals in the navy and at the front to will suffer. Hughes met a group of his colliers, who were home from the war. Two of them were about to return to the trenches for the third time; one was going back for the second time.

"Boys," said Hughes, "what will the South Wales colliers in the trenches think of us if we strike?" "It's their wish and ours," was the quick reply, "that you strike with all your might. We are with you and for you."

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
 Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

Housewives Advised On Care of Plants

Washington, D. C., Nov. 23.—Advice to housewives on the bathing, feeding and care of potted plants has just been issued by Uncle Sam and his plant industry experts.

Rubber plants need a sun bath every day. Their feet should be kept damp, but not wet. The leaves should be washed twice a week in good soap and rinsed in clear water. When the pot gets too full of roots, re-pot the plant. Every rubber plant should have a prepared food square meal twice a month. Give it a dose of diluted ammonia occasionally, too.

With regard to the housewife's potted plants generally, Uncle Sam says she should chase the woolly white mealy bugs and the little red ants away from them with a tooth pick. She may drown the red spider with a squirt gun. If the bugs and spiders shatter your preparedness program, you are advised to cut the plants off within an inch of their lives and throw them away. They will grow again.

The green fly, which is not so green as it looks, won't bother your plants if you keep them well bathed and fed.

 WAR NEWS OF ONE YEAR AGO TODAY

France claimed that since September 6 the allies have gained many important victories and blocked the German plan of campaign. A German aeroplane bomb broke the U. S. consulate windows in Warsaw.

 Celebrating Polk county's latest achievement, the allas Observer says: "Polk was the only county west of the Cascades to receive recognition at the Land show, four eastern Oregon counties having been awarded prizes. Polk, in getting second place, should be congratulated for saving the Willamette valley from utter defeat."

When You Feel Out of Sorts

it means that something is wrong with your physical condition. Those dull eyes, that tired feeling, headache, disturbed sleep, disordered stomach, sallow skin and bad taste in the mouth, are signs that your digestive organs are not in good order. Get the stomach and liver acting properly, and these disagreeable symptoms will disappear. It is a simple matter to keep these important organs in healthy condition by taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS

for this remarkable remedy possesses medicinal virtues which stimulate a sluggish liver, regulate the bile, and give the stomach new strength to digest and assimilate its food. They also carry off the impurities from the system, improve the blood, and bring back the hue of health to the cheeks. Beecham's Pills are not a "cure-all," but a splendid conditioner whenever you are out of sorts and know you need something for your liver, digestion, bowels or blood. When you feel that way, you can always count on Beecham's Pills to set you right. They quickly build up a run-down system and

Put You in Fine Fettle At All Druggists 10c, 25c.

How Will Carranza Finance His Desolated Republic Now?

(United Press correspondent.) Washington, D. C., Nov. 23.—Will Uncle Sam become Mexico's financial angel? This question is the absorbing problem involved in establishing the Carranza government.

That financial help must be given by the United States to Mexico is admitted by officials. The form such aid should take is the principal hitch. High state department officials intimate that the government cannot appear as a principal in securing credit for Carranza. Its moral support, however, is assured.

The modus operandi probably will be as follows: After Carranza's agents in New York have made guarded overtures to financiers for a loan, quiet inquiries will be made of the state department if such a loan has the approval of the government. Inquiry will be made as to whether the U. S. would back up the loan in case Carranza's government should fall and collection from a new administration be made necessary. If agents of financiers receive such assurances, the loan will be made, with bonds of the new Mexican government as security.

That Carranza must secure his loan in this country is regarded as certain. Europe's money chests are not open to him. It is possible he might place part of a bond issue with Argentine bankers. The bulk of the transaction must, however, be handled by New York financiers.

Re-establishing Mexico's financial system presents many difficulties to Carranza. Hundreds of counterfeit issues of money are afloat. Villa has issued millions of currency now valueless. In Mexico City alone there are a score of repudiated issues. Huerta's currency is worthless.

Carranza, who has announced that he will establish a gold standard for Mexico, with a new currency system similar to the federal reserve act of this country, but he probably will not be able to do it until a new Mexican congress is legally elected.

Regarding the immense debt burden faced by Carranza, payment will be affected, according to information here, through claim commissions. Carranza will assent to mixed claims commissions to deal separately with each country presenting claims. Assurance by Carranza that he would honor foreign claims was one of the conditions upon which he was recognized as chief executive.

NEW TODAY

APPLYING THIS PASTE ACTUALLY REMOVES HAIRS
 (Beauty Notes)
 Merely applying an inexpensive paste to a hairy surface, say beauty specialists, will dissolve the hairs. This is made by mixing a little water with some powdered salolone; after about 2 minutes it is rubbed off and the skin washed. This simple method not only removes every trace of hair, but leaves the skin free from blemish. To insure success with this treatment, be careful to get real salolone.

PUBLIC SALE—Friday, November 26, at 1 p. m., between Liberty and Rosedale, cows, heifers, household goods, etc. Bonfire and shelter. Silas Rich. Nov 25

WANTED—To trade, horse, buggy and harness, for hay, grain, cow, or wood. Call at 2675 Brooks Ave. Nov 25

WANTED—At 1757 Caemoketa street, a good steady high school girl who wants to work for her board and room. Nov 24

LEASE of 100 acres, part crop, plowing implements, horses, cattle, hay and grain. Will sell in lots only. 35c, care Journal. Nov 24

BUY YOUR WOOD DIRECT from the timber, and save the cost of the double haul paid to dealers in the city. Phone 2349.

\$30,000.00—For improved farm loans. \$5,000 loans preferred. Must be good. 7 per cent. Ernest Blue, 15 Bush Bank Bldg. Nov 25

REMEMBER—The time, place and the price. Thanksgiving Day! Turkey and cranberries. The Cherry City Cafe, 168 South High. Only 25c.

G. W. EYRE and L. C. Cavanaugh are buying fat hogs and paying highest cash prices to ship to Portland. Phone G. W. Eyre, 2206M or L. C. Cavanaugh, 2183M. 12

FOR SALE—Good driving mare, 1 good Percheron colt, 1 good mare colt, pacer, 1 buggy, 1 hack, 3 sets harness, 1 waste sky hoodie dog, nice house pet. 2305 N. Broadway. Nov 24

WANTED—The names and addresses of the legal heirs at law or relatives, of Truman L. Ireland, late of Company "F", 12th Wisconsin Infantry, sometimes known as Leroy T. Ireland. He is reported to have lived at Salem, Oregon, in 1893, and received his mail in Box 338. I have valuable information for his heirs. Address Fred D. Mason, Atty., Security Mutual Life Bldg., Lincoln Nebraska.

Oregon Thanksgiving Football
 Multnomah A. Club vs. Portland A. Club
\$2.00 Round Trip from SALEM
 Tickets good for return until Monday.
SPECIAL LIMITED TRAIN TO PORTLAND
 Wednesday, Nov. 24. Leave Salem 3:30 P. M., arrive Portland 5 P. M.
 J. W. RITCHIE, Agent, Salem, Oregon

The Broken Labor Truce And Causes Leading to It

By Ed L. Keen.

(United Press Staff Correspondent.) London, Oct. 9.—(By mail.)—To support his charge that capital has exploited labor during this war the British workman cites the employers' own books showing, he says, excessive profits from war business. He cites for example:

Spillers, flour millers of Cardiff, last year declared a profit of \$1,835,000, an increase of \$1,135,000 over the average of the last 3 years. The Powell Duffryn Colliery company, profit \$2,110,000, increase \$650,000; Ebb Vale Coal & Iron company, profit \$710,000, increase \$325,000; Lanchester Brothers, profit \$780,000, increase \$280,000.

Practically nothing was done by the government to control the gradually soaring retail prices of foodstuffs. Employers refused to increase wages sufficiently to meet the new conditions. In November, 1914, the Journal of Commerce said:

"The opportunities now open to British shipping are obvious. German ships swept off the sea, we have no serious competitors in the carrying trade of the world." Just after this some freight rates from the Argentine to Great Britain increased 500 per cent.

It was the business as usual policy that aroused the workmen. They began demonstrations. At first there was no suggestion of striking. But demonstrations and resolutions brought no results. REAL wages steadily declined. Except in munitions trades where overtime was paid, NOMINAL wages were stationary. To date, to offset the 40 per cent increase in living cost, wages in organized trades have increased only 10 per cent; in unorganized trades hardly at all. Of nearly ten million workers not more than three million have received increases. Only the threat of concerted industrial action induced employers to concede this much mainly in war bonuses, labor says.

Moreover, the war was being conducted in silence. The government wouldn't tell what was happening. There was no incentive for the workman to show interest in the war's progress; there was every incentive for him to show increased interest in his own welfare.

So the industrial truce, declared at the beginning, was broken. Despite this there have been only thirty strikes since August, 1914 involving more than 250 workers each. The biggest of these were the Clyde and South Wales coal strikes, in both of which, although the truce was violated, there was no violation of contracts. Notice was given by the unions of their demand for a

new agreement to replace the one about to expire. There would have been no strike if the men had followed the advice of their leaders, who endeavored to keep the truce. The men were angry. They insisted that on patriotism there should be one rule for employer and employee. If it was patriotic for employers to pile up enormous war profits it was not unpatriotic for employees to demand a portion of them for the men suffering financially because of the war. The men won a partial victory, largely, they say, because the government finally realized the justice of their contentions. Both strikes were the result of revolt against exploitation. In neither case—nor in any of the minor strikes did the workers ask for a larger increase than the rise in the cost of living warranted. In practically every case the advances have been inadequate to meet the new conditions of life, the men say.

Labor feels that the attitude of the British press has widened this gulf between employers and employees. The strikers have been called traitors. There has been practically no condemnation of the employers. The press has charged that German gold made this industrial unrest, but no proof of this has been shown.

Much has been said of the enmity of the men in the trenches toward the strikers. Here is one story on the other side:

It was the night before the men of the Glamorgan colliery were to vote on the strike. Jack Hughes, chairman, had been advised by Tom Richards, labor member of Parliament from that district, to go slow. "Think it well over," said Richards. "Remember

Thanksgiving Will Soon Be Here

Make your selection of wearing apparel so you will be at your best. Our Fall models in

BISHOP ALL WOOL SUITS
\$15 \$20 \$25

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX
\$20 \$25 \$30

Will give you the satisfaction you are looking for.
Our Men's Furnishings are complete in every line.
Hats, Shirts, Neckwear and Hosiery.

SALEM WOOLEN MILLS STORE

