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A good oil stove concentrates all its heat at the cooking point. That avoids an overheated kitchen and that means comfort for the cook even on hot, sweltering summer days.

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An oil stove brings the convenience of gas to homes without gas. No heavy fuel to carry. No dirt and ashes. And yet it cooks anything a big coal or wood stove does. It is clean, convenient, economical. No odor. Does not taint the food. Ask your dealer. See exhibit, Palace of Manufactures, Panama-Pacific Exposition.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (California)

Salem

INDEPENDENCE NEWS

(Capital Journal Special Service.)

Independence, Ore., Sept. 6.—Miss Myrtle Emmerson, of Eugene, is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. L. J. Scheen on C street. She intends staying a couple of weeks.

Miss Gaynell Baldwin was a visitor at the Baldwin home in this city last week.

Mrs. I. Govro, who has been at the home of her son, Willie Govro, near Albany, has returned home. She has been nursing her grandson, who has been seriously ill with typhoid fever.

Miss Genevieve Cooper visited with her sister, Mrs. Parker, of Vancouver, last week.

Marvin Richardson has returned home from Newport where he spent several days enjoying the sea breeze.

Mrs. L. W. Wann and daughters were Salem visitors last week.

V. J. Brown and wife spent a couple weeks at the beach.

Mrs. E. O. Gerlin, of Portland, has been visiting with her mother, Mrs. J. W. Kirkland, of this city.

Miss Gretchen Krenmer was a visitor in Portland several days last week.

Mrs. Theodore Cooper, of Washington, has been visiting relatives in Independence the past few days.

Dr. J. L. Callaway is spending a couple weeks at Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. Travis McDevitt were visitors last week at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Geo. Conkey.

Arnold Finch was a visitor in Portland last week.

E. E. Howe and wife, of Everett, Wash., are visiting at the Geo. Conkey home on Monmouth street.

Mrs. Campbell, of Princeton, B. C., is visiting her parents, T. J. Fryer and wife.

Word Butler and family spent several days at Newport last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Dole Pomeroy and son, of Grays River, Wash., are visiting Mrs. Pomeroy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Owen.

Miss Florence Burton was a visitor in Portland last week.

Mrs. D. O. Taylor and son, Howard, have returned home from a week's visit at Carlton.

Mrs. O. A. Macy was a visitor at Newport last week.

Harry Nelson was at Newport last week.

Chet Henkle was a business visitor at Portland last week.

Jim Moreland, the little grandson of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Cooper, has been visiting at their home the past two weeks.

Mrs. Nora Mattison and daughter, Miss Jessie Mattison, have returned home from the San Francisco exposition. They report an excellent trip.

Mrs. Bradley, of Astoria, visited last week with her sister, Mrs. Ed Owen.

P. E. Bodenhamer and wife were Portland visitors last week.

P. H. Drexler and wife have returned

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Most approved methods, Primary, Grammar and High School Departments, Complete Course in Harp, Piano, Voice Culture, Violin and Harmony. No interference with religion of pupils.

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Address, SISTER SUPERIOR

TYPHUS STAMPED OUT BY SANITARY MISSION IN STRICKEN SERBIA

By Henry Wood (Copyright 1915 by the United Press, Copyrighted in Great Britain.)

Nish, Serbia, Aug. 4.—(By mail.)—From 100,000 cases of typhus to 600 and from a maximum mortality of 70 per cent to one of 20—all within the space of three months is the record of the American Red Cross and Rockefeller Institute Sanitary mission sent here to save the Serbian nation from the epidemic that was threatening its actual existence.

By September 1, Serbia will be entirely free of the plague.

The full story of the most remarkable humanitarian task ever undertaken by the United States was today told for the first time in an interview granted to the United Press by Dr. Richard P. Strong, professor of tropical diseases at Harvard University, and head of the American mission. The interview took place in the little third-class railway car, which fitted out with beds in one part and a shower bath in the other, and with a flat car attached behind for carrying his automobile and another car in front for the members of his immediate staff, has been practically the only home Dr. Strong has known in Serbia. Almost every night of the three months campaign has been spent by him aboard the car hurrying from one end of Serbia to the other in the fight against the deadly plague.

"The typhus epidemic in Serbia," stated Dr. Strong, "began last January in the vicinity of Vallerio, following the Austrian invasion of the month before, and spread with such rapidity that it became the greatest epidemic of that disease recorded in modern medical annals. The epidemic reached its height in the middle of April just as the American mission arrived. New cases then numbered 8,500 daily, but it must be remembered that these were the figures only of the victims who came to the military hospitals. Serbia had not been able even to keep statistics of the victims among the civil population and so the above figures give, as a matter of fact, no accurate idea of the extent of the epidemic.

"Deaths Numbered 100,000. In fact, few figures of any kind are to be had, but presumably the total deaths from the epidemic have been about 100,000 and the number of victims down with the disease at the time we took charge was very likely of equal magnitude.

"As such an epidemic of typhus never before had occurred in the history of modern medicine, I freely confess that it was with no little concern we first arrived here. A quick survey of the situation convinced me, however, that with effective organization the plague could be wiped out and in four months I am still confident that when the four months are entirely past, the last of the 600 cases still remaining will have disappeared.

"Following the preliminary organization of a national sanitary board, something Serbia had not had, and the division of the country into sanitary districts, we at once went after the practical end of the work—namely the chasing down and extermination of the house from whose bite alone the disease is transmitted.

"As the quickest means of reaching the greatest number of the stricken population in the shortest possible time, we had two refrigerator cars placed at our disposal. In one of these was installed an apparatus for the disinfecting of clothing by heavy steam pressure and its immediate drying afterwards. In the second car was fitted the necessary appliances for a disinfecting bath of the victims.

"With the arrival of the car at each town, a tent was at once pitched by the side of the railroad in which the population could undress. They then entered the first car where they left their clothing for disinfection and passed immediately into the second car for the disinfection of their bodies. Only ten minutes were required for the joint operation at the end of which time each person was given back his clothing, dried and ready to put on, with the absolute assurance that not a single louse or nit remained.

"Our average speed was 500 to 600 cases a day and in the three and a half months we have had the cars in operation we figure that a total of not less than 600,000 persons have been reached in this manner.

"Unfortunately, railway communication in Serbia is very limited and the reaching of the population in the interior presented a different problem. Individual sanitary missions were therefore sent to each important town traveling in military automobiles or carriages, and frequently having their supplies carried in ox carts. Disinfecting and bathing plants were then established in each big center of population and the same process of extermination carried on.

"Where the Serbian government had funds at its disposal these plants were erected at its expense, but where it did not, we paid for them ourselves. A total of 53 plants were thus installed by us and they constitute a permanent part of Serbia's equipment for fighting a similar situation should it ever come again.

Poor Military Hospitals. "The next most important phase of the work was our sanitary assault of the military hospitals. These from the start had been the most prolific centers for the spreading of the disease. They were at all times congested to the limit with wounded or sick soldiers, whose infested clothing quickly spread the disease to almost every inmate.

"In attacking the hospitals we took with us portable bath tubs and had at our disposal the Austrian prisoners to give the sick and wounded their disinfecting baths. While they were doing this we put their clothing and bedding through the steam process and then wound up by disinfecting the entire building with sulphur and often even white-washing the walls. Of the 113 military hospitals in Serbia, fully

100 passed through this sanitary regeneration at our hands.

"Still another most important phase of the work was the visiting of every house almost in the entire kingdom and separating the diseased from the well. The quarantining of the infected persons was something which the local authorities had not been able to undertake, but under our direction it was quickly and thoroughly carried out.

"While we were hard at work on this extermination of typhus we also had our eyes constantly on the lookout for cholera and typhoid. None of the former was found, but the latter was abundant. Against this, and against the former too, we therefore prepared in our own laboratories which we had established in the old Turkish town of Uskub, a combined serum against cholera, typhoid and paratyphoid. This was prepared in such a manner that two injections were sufficient and thus it was possible to administer it to both the army and the civil population with a minimum of labor. For this task of vaccination we had our own vaccinating car which covered all the territory that could be reached by rail, and we also furnished the serum to the French surgeons here who undertook its administration in the army.

"In connection with this laboratory work, we started from the very first on a search for the typhus germ but up to the present moment complete success has not crowned our efforts. The organism discovered by Dr. Flex at Mt. Sinai hospital, New York, has not yet been found here by us, but with the aid of cultures which he has placed at our disposal complete success may yet crown this end of the work. It is being actively pushed by Dr. Zisser of Columbia and Dr. Sellards of Harvard.

"One of the most happy features of the whole work was the manner in which we met the war. After the terrible experiences of the Serbian and American Red Cross units, kept free from the disease. Not one of the 54 men comprising our mission fell a victim. But naturally we had at our disposal all of the latest possible preventatives. Every doctor assigned to hard work amongst the victims wore a vermin proof suit, rubber gloves and adhesive bands above the wrists and ankles. We have not been able to demonstrate that the disease is contagious and in fact there seems no reason to believe that it is transmitted otherwise than by the bite of infected vermin.

Checked in Montenegro. "In Montenegro we were most fortunate in being able to check the epidemic before it could become general. Dr. Grinnell of Harvard, who was assigned to that territory, arrived when the disease had only got into the towns. These were quickly quarantined and the plague stamped out at once.

"Thus by the middle of August I think I will be able to guarantee that typhus will be a thing of the past in Serbia. Not only that, but we would be greatly disappointed if it ever came again. But still even in this latter case, Serbia now has at its disposal all of the facilities necessary for speedily combating any outbreak.

"Naturally our success was only possible through the most hearty co-operation of every man composing the mission, and this has been one of the two bright spots of the entire task. There was not a man who ever shirked or even objected to any task assigned him no matter how disagreeable or even how dangerous it might be.

"The other bright spot which stands out most vividly was the unflinching kindness of Sir Thomas Lipton to the members of the mission. Not only did he cheer us up with words at every moment when cheer was most needed but his unending efforts to furnish the members of the mission with little odds and ends for their material comfort gave evidence of a kindly consideration of others such as I have never before met.

Serbia is Regenerated. "As a result of our four months' work here, I think I can safely say that Serbia is a regenerated nation from a sanitary point of view and the effects of this I feel certain will be reflected in her national life and development or years to come."

AURORA HOP NOTES

The quality of the hop in this section appears to be a strong redeeming feature of the crop. This will prove a valuable aid in establishing the market at a fair price. At this date it cannot be said that there is any established market. The growers by taking drastic measures to insure clean picking can maintain a uniformly high quality, which is more desirable this year than ever before.

Very few, if any pickers, have been disappointed in finding work here, though the season will be much shorter than anticipated. A number of yards in this section will not begin until next Monday, though the greater number began early this week, and a few will finish by Saturday night.

It is reported that some growers are "firing" pickers who neglect to pick clean. It is more than ever desirable that the picking be clean this year. With so many adverse conditions (over which the grower has no control) against him, it becomes all the more imperative that his hops be clean. As this is a condition which the grower can control, every effort should be put forth to secure the cleanest hops ever put on the market in this section. It will pay, and pay big to do it. It will pay every grower individually and the whole body of growers collectively in building up the reputation of Oregon hops for quality.—Aurora Observer.

JITNEYS BREAK RAILROAD.

Boise, Idaho, Sept. 6.—Connection of jitney buses is blamed today for the filler of receivership papers for the Pacific & Idaho Northern railroad here. E. H. Heitz, president of the line, was named as receiver. The liabilities are said to be heavy.

New Fall SHOES

The very latest styles in ladies' Button Shoes are now on display in our show window. Every day brings new lasts and models. We are showing the largest line to select from ever shown in Salem.

New Party and Street Pumps

We are showing the largest lines of pumps in all styles, widths and sizes, that we have ever attempted to carry. Our line is complete at this early date and we would ask our customers to come in early so they can see this wonderful line while it is complete.

Ground Griper Shoes

The famous surgical shoe—Cures bunions in four months. Corrects every ailment of the foot.

Everwear Hosiery

Every pair guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or a new pair—No questions asked.



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NEXT TO LADD and BUSH Bank

HUBBARD NEWS

A fine baby was born to Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Stauffer last Sunday night at their home south of town.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Cooper, of Yoderville, cut off the third finger on his left hand last Saturday while playing with an ax.

Ira Bonney has a picture of his corn field with Earl Kocher reaching towards the top of the corn. The stalks are easily 10 feet and well eared.

L. L. Hershberger returned from a trip to Independence and Albany Wednesday and reports an abundance of clover seed and all grains in that section.

Miss Pearl Richtmyer, of St. John, is spending the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Johnston.

Mrs. J. Tolin and Miss Zella Tolin, mother and sister of Mrs. F. A. Fook, visited in Hubbard Wednesday evening while en route to southern Oregon.

Messrs. Johnston, Clement and Barrett have about completed a nice home for James Hunt over at Broadway. R. H. Bartick is doing the painting.

Mr. and Mrs. David Hovenale reached home Thursday morning from their trip to the exhibitions in California. They drove all Wednesday night and arrived at 5 o'clock Thursday morning.

Miss Della Myers, bookkeeper in the office of the Western telephone at Woodburn, and Mr. Kenneth Bayne, of Salem, were in Hubbard Sunday the guests of Miss Marie Byers, of the local telephone office.

A short service was held out at Pudding river last Sunday afternoon by Rev. T. Acheson at the baptism by immersion of Mildred Kingsberry. Mildred was received into full membership in the Methodist church some weeks previous.

Mrs. E. W. Will and son, Edward, of Portland, are in Hubbard the guest of relatives. Edward came Sunday to have a few days' fun with his cousins before his picking began. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Scholl.

Messrs. M. H. Dement, Ray Dement, Clara Dement and Tom Fensley stopped in Hubbard Wednesday evening to visit the Monnowe and Bradley families while on their return from taking a big bunch of cattle to Portland. They live at Myrtlepoint.

Mr. and Mrs. O. K. Yoder have moved to town from their ranch east of town since Mr. Yoder has become a partner in the Hubbard meat market with S. P. Martin, and live in the north part of town near August Will's home.

Geo. Knight, as manager for the Hubbard band, received word from the Chakamas county fair held at Canby to the effect that the Hubbard band was engaged to play for their big day, Thursday, September 23. Canby people are splendid judges of a good band.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thompson and Miss Winifred Thompson left for their Iowa home last Monday after spending a week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Casidy at Oak Mesa farm. The Thompsons live at Jamaica, Iowa, and have been identified with the building of that part of the country and identified with its business interests.—Enterprise.

FRONTIER DAYS

Walla Walla, Wash.

September 16-17-18

A REVIVAL OF THE OLD FRONTIER DAYS

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MACKENSEN NOT SCOTCH.

Glasgow, Aug. 22.—(By mail.)—Scott land rejects, with authority, the claim that General Mackensen, the well known German general, is a Highlander. He is of a family of genuine Scotch ancestry.

Leading Scots have sought out the Mackenses, the Scots declare.

A Big Surprise for Hop Pickers

400 Tents at cost prices for this week only. Also everything needed for camping. Don't fail to see us if you need anything in this line.

H. Steinbock Junk Co.

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