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## RUSSIANS FIGHT STRONG IN RETREAT TO SAVE ARMY

## Small Forces Hold Germans In Check While Main Army Withdraws

## RUSSIAN MINISTER OF WAR PREDICTS VICTORY

## Huge Losses Are Reported On Both Sides During Warsaw Drive—Fighting In West

Petrograd, Aug. 2.—While retreating from Warsaw and abandoning their entire line in Poland, the Russians are fighting one of the most magnificent rear guard actions the world has ever seen.

Small forces along the Narow river and west of Warsaw are holding the Germans in check while the main armies of Grand Duke Nicholas continue to withdraw toward the new line from Kovno to Brest-Litovsk.

Only the progress made by Field Marshal Von Mackensen to the southwest in seizing the Lublin-Chelm railway has made the capture of the Polish capital possible. The Narow line is still holding firmly, though heavy withdrawals have been made. And it was here that Field Marshal Von Hindenburg expected to break through to the Bug.

Troops Drawn From West Front.

When it was evident that the Russians were about to escape from the trap which had been planned, owing to the inability of Von Hindenburg to break the northern front, the field marshal asked for reinforcements from the western battle line. The troops requested were withdrawn from the French front, according to an official statement here, which significantly stated:

"This fact creates favorable conditions for active operations on the part of the allies in the west."

There was no general offensive attempted by the British and French, however, and this fact has resulted in intimations of some dissatisfaction on the part of the Russian war office.

## German Professor Says Europe Is Really Committing Hari Kari for the Benefit of Americans

(By Carl W. Ackerman.)  
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)  
Berlin, via The Hague, Aug. 2.—America stands as the waiting heir at the death bed of a rich testator," declared Professor George Simmel, an authority on international politics, in an article in the Tageblatt today, in which he asked whether Europe is to commit suicide to hasten "America's succession to the throne."

Pointing to the rising American power owing to the destruction of Europe, Professor Simmel declared there was plenty of room in the world for both Great Britain and Germany, "if England would only give up her short-sightedness." He suggested that with Germany and England working in harmony

they could maintain peace and retain for Europe "a place in front of the growing powers of America and east Asia."

"America stands as the waiting heir at the death bed of a rich testator. The sending of ammunition to Europe is the chief indication of this attitude," Professor Simmel said. "Europe sends a fortune to America and receives its equivalent which it blows in the air, or rather uses it for better execution of its suicide to hasten America's succession to the world throne."

"America places its arms into the hands of European nations, hoping they will kill themselves for its advantage, and then takes huge profits. This weakens Europe in two ways. Is Europe so insane as to commit hari kari?"

## GENERAL CARRANZA TO BE RECOGNIZED BY WASHINGTON

## Well Authenticated Report Of This Effect Is Current In Nation's Capital

## DEATH FROM STARVATION FREQUENT IN MEXICO CITY

## Villa Has Ordered All Stores In Chihuahua City and State Forfeited

Washington, Aug. 2.—The Washington Times this afternoon says:

"President Wilson has definitely decided to recognize General Carranza, according to a well authenticated report spread this afternoon. This action, it is said, will be taken within two weeks."

## Russia Appeals to Allies for Diversion on West Front

(By J. W. T. Mason.)  
(Written for the United Press.)  
New York, Aug. 2.—Russia is openly appealing to the allies to assist her by developing a major offensive on the western front. Hitherto the pressure being brought for help has been secret. There were unofficial intimations of a plea for a western offensive telegraphed from Petrograd last week, but the government was silent.

In today's communique the government declares the Germans are moving troops from the west to the east, and adds, "This creates favorable conditions for active operations on the part of the allies in the west." By this the czar openly demands that the allies no longer remain idle while the Russians are being forced to abandon Poland.

It is not probable that the allies are announcing an offensive is about to begin. Circumstances suggest that the Slavs have been unable to persuade them to strike. As a final effort to

compel them to act, Russia has decided to try publicity. The situation is unpleasant for France and England. Not only are they made uncomfortable by Russia officially and openly advising them what to do, but there exists the possibility of a rupture from the allies' persistent refusal to take the offensive. That they are unable to assume the offensive because of a shortage of munitions, Petrograd apparently does not believe. The necessity of husbanding ammunition to withstand a possible German effort to reach Calais does not impress Petrograd as much as London and Paris. If the allies remain inactive despite Russia's appeal there is certain to be resentment in Petrograd. The evacuation of Poland will be associated in the Russian mind with the absence of an effort by the allies on the west. Had Turkey not entered the war and if there was no possibility of Russia securing Constantinople, the basis for a possible separate peace unquestionably now exists in Petrograd.

## NOTES RECEIVED AT WASHINGTON ARE IMPORTANT

## British Government Sends Promised Supplemental Note on Seizures

## HOPES OF SETTLEMENT OF QUESTION ARE UPSET

## First Section of German Note Relating To Frye Incident Received—Not Important

Berlin, via wireless to Sayville, Aug. 2.—Germany has not yet decided whether the latest American note regarding the Lusitania will be answered.

"Contrary to reports, the government has not yet decided whether the American note will be answered. It is awaiting the text of the coming American note to England," a semi-official statement declared here today.

## WILSON IS RELEASED BY GERMAN OFFICIALS

## American Consular Clerk Was Charged With Issue of False Passport

Berlin, via The Hague, Aug. 2.—Harry Wilson, clerk to the American consul general, arrested for issuing an American passport to a British subject was released today as a result of the efforts of Ambassador Gerard.

Under the conditions of Wilson's release he must leave Germany immediately and return to the United States. The German police said they found \$800 in cash in Wilson's clothing and friendly letters from American cabinet ministers. Ambassador Gerard intervened in Wilson's behalf at the request of the Washington government. The German authorities alleged that, as a result of the passport issued by Wilson, the Englishman who received it was able to leave the country.

Ambassador Gerard presented to the foreign office today the memorandum received from Washington as to the use of American passports by alleged German spies. The memorandum, which calls attention to the claims made in England that spies who have been arrested declared they were furnished with American passports by their superiors, was handed to Foreign Minister Von Jagow.

## STEAMER ON ROCK NEAR GOLDEN ROCK

## Freighter Georgian With Crew of Forty, Maybe Pounded To Pieces

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—The American-Hawaiian Steamship company's freighter Georgian, with a crew of 40 men aboard, went on Duxbury reef, 10 miles north of the Golden Gate early today and at last reports was believed to be in danger of pounding to pieces. Captain Charles Nichols, in command, wireless during the night that he had lost his way in the fog but has made no report since his vessel struck.

The tugs Seafox and Sea Queen have been sent to stand by.

The Georgian left New York July 10 with 7,000 tons of general merchandise. The American-Hawaiian company has arranged to send out many other boats to rescue the crew should it be necessary to take the men off. Captain Nutter of the Point Bonita life saving station, reported at 8 o'clock that he was going with seven men in a power boat to the scene of the wreck.

It has been impossible to learn just how serious is the plight of the Georgian.

It was on Duxbury reef that the steamer Hannel broke up last year, more than 50 persons perishing.

At 9 o'clock a message from Captain Nichols said the gale which blew during the night had died down and that the vessel had shipped no water. She could not be moved, however, her keel being held fast between some of the jagged rocks that make Duxbury reef one of the danger spots of the north shore of the Pacific.

The Georgian was built in 1910 and is 435 feet long. She is one of the largest of the American-Hawaiian vessels, having a tonnage of 6,600. Her cargo is consigned to Oakland and San Francisco merchants and is reported to be valued at nearly \$1,000,000.

## Villa Forfeits All Stores

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 2.—General Villa has ordered forfeited to his government all stores in city and state of Chihuahua whether owned by foreigners or natives. Reports received here declare Villa deposed all foreign merchants from Chihuahua City. They are expected to reach El Paso later today.

The foreign merchants were deported after they refused to accede to impossible demands made by Villa for money. They threatened to appeal to their home governments, but Villa is said to have answered:

"Go back to your governments if you want to. I can fight any of them singly and if necessary can fight them all. I mean the United States as well as the others."

The action of General Villa could not be explained by his friends here today. He reported to be acting as though he had suddenly become insane. Villa, however, confiscated millions of dollars worth of Spanish property in a similar manner and drove out Spanish citizens without mercy. Forty-two native merchants of Chihuahua have been thrown into jail at his order.

General Villa is scheduled to meet American ministers in Northern Mexico today to demand \$400,000 of \$250,000. They have decided not to give the revolutionary leader a cent and trouble is expected.

## REVISED ORDINANCE TO REGULATE DOGS TO BE UP BEFORE COUNCIL

The proposed dog ordinance which has weathered a rather stormy career through the courts will be presented at the meeting of the city council tonight devoted to the objectionable features pointed out by the supreme court. The ordinance was passed by the council about a year ago and by a petition of dog owners was referred to a vote of the people. The people voted for the ordinance by a two to one majority and then the officials of the Humane society of this city attacked the constitutionality of the ordinance and were granted an injunction by Judge Galloway restraining the city from carrying out the provisions of the ordinance. After a hearing the judge granted a permanent injunction against the ordinance and the case was carried up to the supreme court. The supreme court upheld the decision of Judge Galloway in the circuit court.

Justice Benson, stated in his decision, that the city had a right to pass ordinances regulating the running at large of dogs but that the city had no right to kill dogs until legal efforts had been made to locate the owner of such animals as might be taken up. Accordingly the framers of the ordinance have inserted a provision in compliance with the opinion of the supreme court which will require that all dogs must be advertised in the papers, where the owners are not known, before they can be killed by the poundmaster.

The revised ordinance will come up for first reading tonight at the regular meeting of the city council along with some other matters of regular routine. The proposed gravel plant for the city will also probably be reported upon by the special committee consisting of Councilmen Cook, Huddleston, Hoover, Patterson and McCracken.

## THRONG OF CURIOUS AT BECKER FUNERAL

New York, Aug. 2.—While 10,000 morbidly curious men and women jammed the street in front of the Becker home, the funeral of former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker executed at Sing Sing, was delayed until mourned officers could be called to disperse them. The police rode through the crowd, wielding their sticks, but even then wild scenes were enacted when the casket containing Becker's body was borne from the apartments of his widow.

There were scuffles and fist fights near the hearse as men and women struggled with each other in attempts to see the coffin. Clothing was torn and faces and heads bruised in the wild scramble. Mrs. Becker had difficulty reaching her carriage through the swirl of humanity.

The vast crowd continued to fight in its efforts to get a better view of Mrs. Becker or crowd nearer the hearse until the procession moved away toward the church and cemetery.

Flowers were heaped high in one carriage preceding the hearse. The inscriptions on some of the offerings, however, led the caretaker at Woodlawn to refuse to permit the procession to enter the cemetery until they had been removed.

Worked in flowers on one cross was the inscription, "Sacrificed to politics."

Another read, "To the Martyr, with sincere sympathies." When the hearse was stopped at the entrance to Woodlawn the undertaker tore off the flowers forming the inscription, "Sacrificed to politics" and the procession then was permitted to enter. Two thousand persons had gathered in the cemetery and viewed the interment.

## Police Are Called to Disperse Mob of Ten Thousand-- Floral Offerings

By C. P. Stewart.  
(United Press Correspondent.)  
Washington, Aug. 2.—Great Britain's supplementary note in reply to this government's protest against interference with neutral commerce reached the state department today. A communication dealing with the case of the steamer Natchez was also forwarded by England.

The first section of the German note in reply to this government's contentions in the Frye case was also received.

With the arrival of these communications the state department now has the most important diplomatic correspondence for consideration that has been on hand at one time for months. The British reply to the administration's protest against the order in council will be made public Wednesday. When the latest German communication will be given out is as yet indefinite.

The Natchez, regarding which Great Britain sent a separate communication, was bound from a neutral port to the United States when she was seized by the British and retained for prize court proceedings. Great Britain has contended the Natchez's cargo was of German origin and therefore subject to seizure.

## German Forces Occupy Mitau, Pressing Forward In Direction of Riga

Berlin, via wireless to London, Aug. 2.—General Von Buelow's forces have occupied Mitau, 25 miles southwest of Riga, the Baltic port, an official statement from the war office announced today.

The Russians are continuing their retreat in that region and farther south near Lomza, it was stated. Along the Narow field Marshal Von Hindenburg's troops have crossed the river at many points and are advancing on toward the Bug.

Immediately before Warsaw there have been no changes within the past 24 hours, the war office declared.

## German-American Week at Frisco Exposition

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—German-American week at the Panama-Pacific exposition was opened with the raising of funds for the widows and orphans of the soldiers who have fallen fighting for the fatherland.

The German-Americans are selling large silver headed nails with which it is planned to build a large wooden frame fashioned after the famous iron cross first struck off in 1813 by order of Frederick William, king of Prussia. One nail brought \$150 at the opening auction.

## Denies New Revolt

Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 2.—General Felipe Angeles denied today that he was organizing a new revolution to place himself in the Mexican president's chair. He said he came to Nogales to confer with General Maytorena and arrange an amicable settlement of the various Mexican insurrections. General Calles, commanding the Carranzistas, has issued a manifesto warning all non-combatants to leave Nogales, Sonora.

## Speculation Restrained In Wall Street Today

(Copyright 1915 by the New York Evening Post.)  
New York, Aug. 2.—Speculation was more restrained and the movement in "war stocks" was not as violent nor as prominent on the stock exchange today as last week.

Support was offered on recession and after some hesitation at the opening when prices were rather irregular, the market gained in strength.

Copper shares advanced and active stocks were generally higher. But there was none of the excited bidding which led to such sensational advances in a half dozen "war stocks" a week ago. Trading was smaller and of a more professional nature, although outsiders were still a big factor. Transactions in Westinghouse, American Can and New York Airbrake stocks were larger on reports of new business from abroad.

The stories, however, were more or less visionary as to the probable profits from this business. This is due to the news that wages have been advanced at the Bethlehem Steel works and like advances from elsewhere that labor is becoming more restive and that increased pay will be demanded in many "war plants."

## Thanksgiving Services On War's Anniversary In Capital of Germany

Berlin, via wireless to Sayville, L. I., Aug. 2.—The population of Berlin flocked to special services of thanksgiving held in the churches Sunday on the first anniversary of the war. One of the most impressive sights was the women in mourning included in the crowds.

The newspapers today reviewed the war, emphasizing the fact that England's starvation blockade had been frustrated by thorough organization of the empire's resources, for which it was declared gratitude was due to the abused bureaucracy and militarism.

It was estimated that more than 900,000 Russians are now confined in German prison camps, and 120,000 more are en route from the east. With the prisoners taken by the Americans, the Russian prisoners held by the central powers total 1,700,000.

## Hopes Are Upset

The series of British notes, which include the original reply to the protest against the order in council, the supplement and the Natchez note, will not be made public until Wednesday, but it was learned by good authority that their rejection of the American contentions is complete.

German Note On Frye.

The German note in reply to the administration's last communication regarding the sinking of the William P. Frye, was also received at the state department. It was deemed as of much less importance than the British notes, however. The first installment of Berlin's rejoinder regarding the Frye arrived at the state department almost at the same time the communications from London were received.

Ambassador Page today cabled from London that M. Dealey, of San Francisco, was among the four Americans who were aboard the steamer Iberian when it was sunk by a German submarine last week. The Ambassador said he understood that Miltner Wiley was the only American who perished, but said he was seeking further information.

## Risk Fighting in West

London, Aug. 2.—With the development of brisk fighting about Hazare in the Ypres region, bitter assaults against the British positions are expected during the next few days. The recovery of Germany's declaration of war on Russia has passed without being accompanied, but Wednesday is the anniversary of the declarations between England and Germany.

Thousands of Germans were sacrificed in an effort to capture Warsaw by Sunday, and though the attacks will probably be local in character, it is expected desperate attempts will be made to regain some gain against the British line Wednesday. One year ago Germany invaded Luxembourg and violated Belgian neutrality.

Reports from the eastern front declare the Austro-Germans have paid a heavy price for their gains which have rendered the evacuation of Warsaw necessary. The losses sustained in the Lublin-Chelm railway will total 100,000 in dead, wounded and missing, it is claimed. The casualties to the west and north of Warsaw have also been heavy.

The German official statement received last night claims the capture of

## Stag Liner Sunk

London, Aug. 2.—The Stag liner (Clinton), a vessel of 3830 tons, was sunk, presumably by a submarine, while on her voyage from London to New York. The vessel was carrying 500 passengers and crew. Fifty passengers were aboard the vessel. They are reported to have been saved with the crew.

## Russian Destroyer Foundered

Constantinople, Aug. 2.—A large Russian destroyer foundered off Yozon, east of Schile, an official statement announced today. The cause of the destruction of the vessel is not known.

## THE WEATHER

Oregon: Fair tonight except showers north-west portion; Tuesday fair, south, showers north portion; westerly winds.

## Italian Take Prisoners

Rome, Aug. 2.—Austrian prisoners confined in the interior of Italy now total 17,000, the war office announced today.

A flock of seagulls were hovering above Minto island yesterday and in the water a short distance above the lighthouse. They are becoming regular Sunday visitors as they were on the river just one week ago Sunday.

## Another Remington Strike

Hon. N. Y., Aug. 2.—The Remington Arms and Ammunition company plant here was unexpectedly threatened with a strike today. When the workers reported this morning they were handed slips containing a new scale of wages under an eight hour day. They declared the new scale was lower than their present pay and said they would refuse to work under it. The Hon plant is under the same management as the plant at Bridgeport.

## Denies New Revolt

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