

CHAMBERLAIN GIVEN

(Continued from Page One.)

"That magnificent specimen of manhood, our governor," and the scene of so many happy and pleasant reminiscences of his official career.

Some Tariff Revision. He also spoke words of praise for Dr. C. J. Smith, the democratic candidate for governor, and kindly of his enemies who are attacking his character, but who have not a single word of criticism to make of his official record.

He spoke for about an hour and a half upon the principal issues of the campaign and he was frequently interrupted by spontaneous rounds of applause, the genuineness of which could not be for a moment questioned.

In touching upon the tariff issues, Senator Chamberlain veiled the republican party for its violation of the pledges of the platform of 1908, when, in revising the tariff, the revision was upward instead of downward, and President Taft was forced to take the stump to explain that he had been forced to sign the Payne-Aldrich tariff because it was the best that could be obtained.

This action on the part of the republican administration, he said, was responsible for the election of President Wilson and a democratic congress, and the only two states that cast their electoral votes for former President Taft were Vermont and Utah.

Good Work of Democrats. "When the democratic administration took up the reins of government, what was the result?" he asked.

"The Underwood tariff bill was enacted and engrained in this bill was the income tax bill, the first of the kind that had ever been passed by congress, that struck, a previous bill passed by republicans, having been declared unconstitutional. This bill levied a tax upon incomes so that the burden of taxation was lifted from the shoulders of the poor and shifted to those of the rich to the extent of \$100,000,000 annually, and this income tax is so graduated that the tax increases in proportion to the increased income, and thus the greater burden of bearing the expense of the government is imposed upon the rich who ought, in justice and equity, to bear this proportion of this expense.

"The tariff bill reduces the duties upon the necessities of life, such as food, clothing, glass, utensils, farming implements and machinery, and the things which enter into the everyday life of the average citizen, while retaining the duties upon the luxuries of life.

Producers Are Helped. "Experience has proven that there is no truth in the assertion that the reduction in the tariff on wool and sugar would lower the prices on these products and compel the farmers of the country to buy what they needed in a protected market and to sell what they produced in a free trade market. As a matter of fact, wool is now higher than it has been in years, and while the products of the farm have maintained a general level of prices, there has been a gradual reduction in the cost of all manufactured products, and the people of the country are beginning to realize that the high protective tariff was but a hoax and a snare."

The passage of the Underwood tariff bill, he said, marked the first step in the direction of constructive legislation by the present administration and a complete redemption of the Baltimore platform upon which the principles of the administration are founded. He denied that it is a free trade measure, as the enemies of tariff revision claim, but is a competitive measure which, while lowering duties, still admits manufacturers of other countries to come into reasonable competition with the manufacturer of our own country. No better evidence of the soundness of the measure could be adduced than the fact that, when it came up for final passage in the house, three republicans, three Bull Mooseers and one independent voted with the democrats, and in the senate Senators Poindexter and La Follette voted for it.

Regional Bank Law. "The currency law was the next constructive measure adopted to carry out the policies of the president," said the senator. "This act is responsible for the placing of the country upon such a solid financial foundation that the greatest war in the history of the universe has been unable to shake it or disturb its equilibrium. It has established an open discount market and concentrated the reserves of 25,000 banking institutions into a most magnificent system of organized banking capital, without the establishment of a central banking power, such as was contemplated by the Aldrich commission some years ago, which would only have served to tighten the grip of the moneyed interests of Wall Street upon the throat of the country's finances. Neither was this a partisan measure, in the strict sense of the term, for there were republicans, bull moosers and independents in the senate who placed principle above party politics and fought for the bill upon its merits.

Wilson Stopped It. "When the moneyed interests of Wall Street began to show signs of resorting to their old tactics of bringing about a panic, President Wilson put an everlasting quistus upon their scheme when he told them that if they attempted to do anything of the kind by withdrawing their money from circulation he would open the vaults of the United States treasury and flood the banks of the country with the people's money, and they immediately pulled in their horns. That is the kind of man we have and want at the head of the government, and they knew he meant it, too, for he had congress behind him and was prepared to drive them into bankruptcy if they insisted upon pursuing their program of financial depression. Under the new currency bill a financial panic will be impossible in the future."

To Help Labor. He next took up a discussion of the tariff commission bill, which was enacted in support of the Sherman anti-trust act and which is the staunch friend and protector of the laboring class. He told how this measure was unanimously supported by congress because it was legislation in favor of the masses and there was not one who dared oppose it. He took up several features of the bill but called particular attention to one clause which declared that the "labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce," in repudiation of the decision of the federal courts which ruled against organized labor as trusts in restraint of trade and demanded their dissolution. Further, this bill provides that "nothing in this act shall be construed to mean that organizations of labor, agriculture or horticulture are conspiracies in restraint of trade."

"Do you want that law repealed?" he asked. "No statutes have ever been enacted before that will serve to wipe out the differences between labor and capital as will these measures. My opponent says he will oppose the president and have all these and democratic measures repealed. Do you want this done?"

Alaska Railroad Bill. "He also called attention to the Alaska railroad bill, which, he said, is the first step that has been taken toward the recognition of government ownership and control of railroads."

The secretary of the interior, he stated, had nothing to do with the framing of that bill, but that he and four others had labored night and day for weeks before it was hurried into shape for legislation. "I do not want to claim credit for anything," he exclaimed. "My friends in the senate helped me to get that bill through, and they did it because they liked me. That is the kind of friends I have in the United States senate, and that is why I have been able to accomplish so much for the people of Oregon. And what I have done has been in spite of the fact that I have been abused and my friends and their motives have been abused by a certain great newspaper in this state. Then there was the bill providing for the development of the coal mines of Alaska by leasing them for that purpose. The Alaska railroad bill will do more for the development and prosperity of the northwest than any other single act of legislation that has ever been enacted by congress."

Another Good Bill. "There is a bill coming up to prevent the watering of stocks and bonds by corporations. It has passed the house and is on its way to the senate, and I am going to vote for it. This bill will place within the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States the privilege of examining any proposed issue of stock or bonds before they will be allowed to be floated to defraud and mislead the people. That is the kind of legislation the present administration is in favor of. Do you people of Oregon want to defeat it and return to

the old system? "Then there is another policy of President Wilson which some of the newspapers of the country who are controlled by the capitalistic interests have been hounding him about, and that is the so-called 'Watchful Waiting' policy in regard to the Mexican situation. President Wilson would not recognize any president of the republic of Mexico who had not been elected by the people and decidedly not the murderous band which was responsible for the assassination of President Madero. He demanded that the people be restored to ownership of the soil, and in all of the such a state of landlordism as has existed in the republic of Mexico. The motive behind the Mexican policy of the president was the Almighty God, and, although the capitalistic interests used every power that was at their command in their insistence upon armed interference, and even called him a coward and a traitor to his trust, he would not sacrifice the young men of America and shed the blood of his people to protect their individual and selfish interests. That is the kind of a president we have. Would the people of Oregon care to rebuke him for the stand he has taken in the interest of peace and humanity?"

Stands on Record. "I am conducting my campaign on the plane of dignity, principle and honor, and, although I have been severely provoked, I will not resort to personal abuse and will stand or fall upon my record. I consider that I have only one opponent in the field, and I will not even mention his name. You all know who I mean, and he is in favor of the repeal of all of these constructive measures. Not a single criticism of my public record has been made throughout my official career. I am pestered on all sides by vilification and abuse and the right of one great newspaper in the state has dwindled down to a campaign of 'butter and eggs.' Its editorials bow to calamity and its news columns belie its assertions.

"You know me pretty well here in Salem, my friends. I do not have to tell you who or what I am. Look over my records of the past and then look over those editorials and circulars which are attacking my character and then decide for yourselves. I will be satisfied with your judgment, for I know that it is good, and if I am defeated I will always feel that I have done my duty as I understand it and as I thought was for the best interests of my constituents, and whatever you do you will think you did it for the best, and I will forever feel grateful for the honors you have conferred on me. I fear I have talked you out of patience already, and while I would love to stand and talk to you all night as friends to friend, I will bid you good night."

At the close of his address three cheers were proposed and were given with a hearty good will, and Senator Chamberlain remained upon the stage to receive the congratulations and felicitations of his host of friends and admirers as the big crowd filed out.

THE EARLY BREAKFAST AND LATE SUPPER

The early breakfast and the late evening meal are responsible for much of the dialkic for housework. In the estimation of a number of employers of household help, according to reports received by Labor Commissioner Hoff, and were it possible to arrange the work so as to begin and quit at a stated hour, much of the dialkic for housework would vanish. Also families with several children have some trouble in securing domestic help.

The majority of the domestics employed in the state, according to the answers received, are of foreign birth and this class of household help is preferred by many. As a rule, the service of domestics is improving, all have had some schooling, and domestic science training is favored by many of the employers. Help of this character is more difficult to obtain than two years ago, although the wages, now ranging from \$20 to \$40 per month, are increasing and some are given their evenings off, while others have the afternoons and parts of the afternoons.

Speak the deaf and dumb can hear and speak the language of love.

CHANGE WAR TAX BILL

Washington, Oct. 21.—House and senate war tax conferees virtually agreed this afternoon to reduce the tax on beer from \$1.75 to \$1.50 per barrel; to eliminate the additional tax imposed by the senate on rectified spirits and to eliminate the tax on gasoline imposed by the house bill.

ROBBERS LOCATED NEAR CANADIAN LINE

Bandits Who Looted Sedro-Woolley Banks and Perhaps Others, Surrounded

Bellingham, Wash., Oct. 21.—The five bandits who last Saturday night shot up the town of Sedro-Woolley and rifled the vaults of the First National bank, have been located today near Ferndale, eight miles north of this city and 13 miles south of the Canadian line.

Canadian and American revenue officers are guarding the border line, expecting the bandits to make a break for Canada.

Sheriff Ed Wells, of Mt. Vernon, with a posse left here at 9 o'clock this morning expecting to close with the robber band. Their capture is expected before night.

The men were seen at 3 o'clock this morning in Ferndale. The United States immigration officer at that place accosted six men, apparently Australian, in the streets. Immediately he found himself looking down the muzzles of six guns. The men ordered him to keep his mouth closed regarding the affair, and departed.

They are believed to be hiding in the woods just outside the town.

A cordon of officers has been thrown around the place.

The bandits travel only at night, and sleep during the day, Sheriff Wells thinks. An attempt is to be made to capture them this afternoon before they break camp.

The sheriff declares they are the same men who have robbed other banks throughout Washington and British Columbia during the last few weeks. The head of the gang, he asserts, is a Seattle man. He did not give any reasons, however, for this belief.

IF BACK HURTS USE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Eat Less Meat if Kidneys Feel Like Lead or Bladder Bothers You—Meat Forms Uric Acid.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally. Also we have backache and dull miseries in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

TUMALO PROJECT ACTED ON BY BOARD

At a meeting of the desert land board this morning, it was decided to fix a lien price of \$40 per acre upon all of the irrigable land within the Tumalo irrigation project, in Crook county, which is being reclaimed by the state, upon the recommendation of Engineer Laargard, of the project, and it is shown that, under this figure, it will be possible for the state to make a profit of approximately \$144,000 over and above the cost of construction of the system and the placing of the land under water. This profit is to be turned into the state school fund.

The appropriation made by the legislature for the entire project was \$150,000. It is estimated that the actual cost of the construction work, which embraces 17,164 acres of arid lands under the project, will be about \$23.20 per acre, to which was added \$5 as an insurance against any contingency which might arise and not provided for at present and interest upon the amount of the appropriation at 6 per cent until April 15, 1915, which would amount to \$51,100, making the total profit upon the project \$144,000. The board is also notifying all who have signed contracts with the state and who desire repayments of the purchase price to make application to the board not later than December 31, 1914, when the legislature will be asked for authority to make this repayment out of the profits realized from the project.

JURY DISAGREED

Melford, Ore., Oct. 21.—The jury which had evidence in the murder trial of Jim George, an Indian, disagreed and was discharged today.

And where's Hobson? He's acting like a submarine.

The Markets

Wheat at the highest point reached this year. Sales of club at Walla Walla yesterday were at a \$1.05 rate in Portland. In the Palouse section forty-fold sold on a \$1.08 bidwater basis. At these figures buying was active and still higher prices are expected. A cargo for the United Kingdom was sold yesterday at an advance over Monday's top figures.

The butter market is shading off in prices, due to the unusually large production, which in turn is due to the mild and open weather. Butter authorities say the amount to be brought in from New Zealand will be much smaller than last year, which was small, and the importations this year will therefore be trifling. There is an active demand for good hops but prices show no increase, the range being between 8 and 11 cents.

Poultry receipts were not equal to the demand and prices stiffened. Hens ranged from 13 to 14 cents and springs were at the same price. Turkeys are quoted at 20 cents, ducks at 12 to 12 1/2 cents and geese at 10 to 11 cents. The egg market was strong, receipts falling off materially, and dealers were unable to fill orders for fresh stock. Candler sold at 37 1/2 cents.

Good block hogs brought 12 1/2 to 19 cents and choice veal 12 1/2 to 13 cents. At Chicago yesterday wheat prices shaded off a trifle owing to the high prices bringing out large supplies. It opened at \$1.16 1/2 for December delivery and closed at \$1.14 3/4.

APPLE MARKET BETTER

Portland, Ore., Oct. 21.—That the apple market is in far better shape than outside appearances indicate, is the assertion of William Sieg, district manager of the Oregon division of the North Pacific Fruit Distributors.

"We are getting out of the Portland office," says Mr. Sieg, "about 10 to 15 cars a day at fairly good prices, better than the big apple report."

"There is no trouble to get a good many orders, where the fruit is right, but it is unfortunately a fact that a good many sections of the northwest have no methods of conserving their fruit at home and rush it to market and, in this case, they have to take what the market will give them. Those who have been working with the distributors have been pretty well guided."

"Our people in this section should learn that the best protection they can assure to their crops is the protection of proper warehouse facilities at local points."

"I want to say for your information also that the barrel market in the east seems to be in very much stronger condition. Buyers have been trying to buy at \$1 to \$1.25 a barrel, but middle western buyers have cleaned up a big proportion of New York crop at \$1.75 and this means that the balance of the crop will probably sell even higher. So don't get the idea into your head that the present predicts the future. In good sections, where they have good conservation, they have fair prospects for the future. It is not a hopeless case by any means, and the prices brought back to a good many sections are so far ahead of 1912 that there is no comparison."

GARNET POTATOES SOLD

Portland, Ore., Oct. 21.—Almost the entire output of garnet potatoes of Oregon was sold at this time and the potatoes are still in the ground. It is estimated generally that the balance of the crop will probably sell even higher. Only perhaps a half dozen cars of the estimated amount remains unsold and there is a very strong demand for these at extreme figures.

It is reported, although denied by the part interested, that one carload of garnets was purchased yesterday in the valley at \$1.50 a cental, f. o. b. shipping point. Actual confirmed sales have been shown this season at \$1.40 a cental.

Practically the entire output has been purchased by California growers, who plan this variety for early shipment. For several years the California growers have made considerable money on their garnets, and this is what has forced them to pay such extreme values for this variety in Oregon this season in the face of almost general stagnation in the shipping trade for other varieties.

OAT SALES REPORTED

Portland, Ore., Oct. 21.—Further sales of oats for export are reported locally, although the export trade is not inclined to confirm the reports because of its probable effect in stiffening the price ideas of country holders. It is stated that Europe eagerly snatched up every offer of oats to sell either by the Pacific or Atlantic coast last evening and buyers are therefore securing the country to purchase without exciting the views of holders. There has been a gradual stiffening of price ideas in the local oat trade recently and the outlook is now exceedingly good that the foreign demand will take care of every ton of oats that the Pacific northwest will have to offer.

LOCAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Table listing local wholesale markets including items like Hay, Timothy, Clover, Oats, and various types of flour and grain.

WHAT CAUSES COLDS?

This question and "How to Prevent Colds" is asked a thousand times every day. A cold is really a fever, not always caused by the weather but due to a disordered condition of the blood or lack of important food elements. In changing seasons fat-foods are essential because they distribute heat by enriching the blood and so render the body better able to withstand the varying elements. This is the underlying reason why the medicinal fats in Scott's Emulsion quickly overcome colds and build strength to prevent more serious sickness. It contains nature's medicinal fats, so skillfully prepared that the blood profits from every drop, and it is free from harmful drugs or alcohol.

BOY SCOUTS COMPANY IN INDEPENDENCE

(Capital Journal Special Service.) Independence, Ore., Oct. 19.—A company of Boy Scouts was organized in this city the latter part of last week by the minister and officers of the Methodist Episcopal church. The following officers were elected: President, J. G. McIntosh; vice-president, W. F. Campbell and W. Bones; secretary, Frank Fear; treasurer, W. R. Tapscott; finance committee, G. G. Knapp, M. Ingemannson and N. L. Gillespie; court of honor, L. L. Hewitt, R. T. McIntire and Mr. Missall. Rev. W. C. Stewart was chosen as scout commissioner and scout master. Eleven boys have made application for the examination which takes place this week.

The Polk county court has ordered the re-bridging of the bridge leading north from this city. The repairs were much needed, but a little disappointment is felt, as it was hoped that a new concrete bridge could be built this year.

L. V. Seeley and Miss Irene B. Grover were married in this city the latter part of last week. Mr. Seeley was formerly a star on the basketball teams of the Independence high school and is now engaged in farming west of the city. Mr. Seeley graduated from the high school here in the 1913 class, while Mrs. Seeley finished last June.

The student body of the Independence high school held its first meeting last week and elected the following officers: President, Orin Dudson; vice-president, Mary Howard; secretary, Lois Hewitt; treasurer, Abe Becker; social manager, Phyllis Bush; athletic manager, Don Pomeroy.

Feeling that 1916 is too far away if the state should go dry at the November election, the "prohibs" have filed a petition for a local option election to be held at the general election, November 3rd. The petition was filed last week with the county court and the election has been called. There were 81 signers to the petition, but as there will very probably be six or seven hundred votes cast, it is very difficult to forecast the result. Both sides claim the balance of power at the present time.

STATE HOUSE NOTES

State Highway Engineer Bowley has returned from an inspection trip of the work upon the state highway between Astoria and Warrenton, in Clatsop county, which, he reports, is progressing rapidly. Major Bowley also states that the maps, showing the depths of the water and bed rock of the Willamette river for the construction of the proposed new bridge, are well under way and will be finished in the near future.

Secretary R. B. Goodin, of the state board of control, has returned from a visit to the Eastern Oregon branch in same assignment at Pendleton, and reports everything in shipshape, and running smoothly. An incinerator is being established at the institution for the disposal of garbage and cremation of corpses, as is also a septic sewer system for the sanitary disposition of the sewage of the hospital.

Corporation Commissioner Ralph Watson has returned from a trip to Portland in connection with the duties of his department.

Salted country pelts, each 50¢@60¢ Lamb pelts, each 25¢

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

San Francisco, Oct. 21.—Eggs, extras 51¢; pullets 41¢; California storage extras 30¢.

Butter, extras 31 1/2¢; prime firsts 28¢; firsts 26¢; seconds 24¢. Cheese, California fancy 15 1/2¢; firsts 12 1/2¢; seconds 10¢.

SEATTLE MARKETS

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 21.—Eggs, fresh ranch 46¢@52¢; eastern fresh 36¢@40¢; Orientals 18¢.

Butter, local cubes 34¢; bricks 35¢; Oregon cubes 32¢@33¢. Cheese, Limburger 19¢; Wisconsin 19¢; Swiss (domestic) 24¢; Washington 17 1/2¢@18¢.

Onions, green 20¢@25¢ per dozen; eastern Washington 16 1/2¢ per dozen; California 16 1/2¢.

PORTLAND MARKETS

Portland, Ore., Oct. 21.—Wheat—Club, \$1.04; bluestem, \$1.10; Walla Walla, \$1.07.

Oats—No. 1 white feed, \$27.25; gray, \$27. Barley—Brewing, \$22; feed, \$21.50. Hogs—Best liv, \$7.10@7.15.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—"Throughout Tuesday," announced the Bordeaux war office in its regular daily report, received here at 3 this afternoon, "the enemy's attacks were particularly violent at Nieuport, Dixmude and LaFosse, but all were repulsed with great energy by the allies. Elsewhere the general situation

Every Woman who bakes is fast coming to recognize the many advantages of a properly blended flour for general baking purposes.

Fisher's Blend Flour is superior to an ALL-HARD WHEAT FLOUR, or an ALL-SOFT WHEAT FLOUR for bread, cake and pastry.

Fisher's Blend Flour is a better flour than an ALL-EASTERN HARD WHEAT FLOUR; it makes a better loaf of bread with better flavor, better texture and of better color than an all-hard wheat flour.

Fisher's Blend Flour is a better flour than an ALL-SOFT WHEAT FLOUR; it produces more and larger loaves of better bread with better crust, better color and of better texture than an all-soft wheat flour.

FISHER FLOURING MILLS CO. SEATTLE, WASH.

If You Want A Country Home READ THIS AD

I am leaving here Monday for Arizona and will sell my 24 acre farm with new house, fine barn, new out-buildings all in the best of condition at a bargain if taken by that time.

Call and inspect the premises located four miles east of the Asylum and 1/2 mile east of the Fruitland school house.

J. W. BELLAMY R. F. D. No. 6 Phone 32 F 21

MARION COUNTY'S EXPENSE ACCOUNT

Marion county paid out \$218,635.77 claims presented on the different accounts from April 1 to October 1 according to the semi-annual report issued today by County Clerk Max Gehlbar. The unpaid warrants of the general fund now amounts to \$230,37 and of roads and Highways to \$3,858.72 or a total of \$6,696.69. This fund of unpaid warrants includes the account from 1907 to the present date. The resources of the county amount to \$477,759.99, \$59,916.00 of this amount is in delinquent taxes from the year 1904 to the present date and by funds in the hands of the county treasurer amounting to \$387,843.99.

Table listing Marion County's expense account items such as Roads and highways, Registration and elections, Sheriff's office, Clerk's office, etc.

THINKS WALL STREET IS 'IT'

New York, Oct. 21.—Direct issue with yesterday's statement by George W. Perkins, former partner of the late J. P. Morgan, that the New York Stock Exchange should be placed under government control, was taken here today by William C. Van Antwerp, one of the governors of the exchange.

"Find the exchange being incorporated when the war commenced," said Van Antwerp, "anyone with an ulterior motive could have sought an injunction. Even the granting of a preliminary injunction, which would have kept the exchange open for the shortest time in which such injunctions are dissoluble, would have precipitated an economic tragedy in this country. Hundreds of thousands of innocent persons would have been ruined."

The Flying Squadron of America A National Convention on Wheels—A Movable University Six Great Civic Mass Meetings for Men and Women ORATORY! MUSIC! SONG! ADMISSION FREE 20 Great Statesmen -- Orators -- Lecturers -- Authors -- Musicians -- Singers 200 CITIES A Nation-Wide Campaign 48 STATES SALEM, OREGON Saturday, Sunday, Monday, October 24, 25, 26 THE ARMORY Afternoon 2:30 Evening 7:30