

The Daily Capital Journal

Today's News
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Full
Leased Wire
Dispatches

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ON TRAINS AND NEWS
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THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

GERMANS' SITUATION CRITICAL

Lines of Communication With Base Cut, Is Statement Made Today

GERMANS AS SOLDIERS SIMPLY MAGNIFICENT

German Right Retiring But Center Fighting Fiercely to Regain Lost Ground

(By Ed. L. Keen.)

London, Sept. 10.—The western German army's lines of communication with its base have been cut, it was stated positively today in a dispatch received by the London Daily Telegraph from Paris.

If the statement was true, it was agreed that the German situation was critical.

A message to the Daily News vividly described the fighting between the allies and the Germans in the Marne river valley. Part of the main battle, it was stated, was fought during a thunderstorm, which was so violent for a time as to compel a suspension of hostilities. Taking advantage of the lull, many of the British and French soldiers were said to have disrobed and enjoyed a plunge in the Marne.

It was admitted that the Germans fought magnificently, but the French and British cavalry finally charged unitedly and overwhelmed them. The bayonet was declared to have figured extensively in the engagement.

Reports from General French, the British commander on the continent, showed that the British have borne the heaviest burden of holding the Germans back. Military men here were inclined to criticize the Gallic commanders' cooperation, expressing the opinion that they failed to realize the seriousness of their own situation.

German Right Retiring.

London, Sept. 10.—All along the Franco-British lines the allies were still pressing on the Germans, it was stated in the war office today.

The German right was said to be retreating after suffering prodigious losses. General Smith-Dorrien of the British army was acclaimed the hero of the fighting between the allies' left and the Germans' right wing.

He and his men were understood to have stood off five times their number of enemies from August 20 to 25, giving the allies' wing time to effect an orderly retirement from a position of tactical danger to one of comparative safety.

Paris, Sept. 10.—Reinforced, the German center was reported attempting to break through the allies' line, it was learned from the east of Paris. Paris, however, the French commander of the city was holding its ground.

The allies' left had been strengthened by reinforcements from the Paris zone, and was continuing its successful advance.

It was reported a strong Anglo-Belgian force from Ostend was threatening the German communication lines. The allies' troops were said to be at the point of complete exhaustion. They were also said to be running out of supplies.

Reputed At All Points.

Paris, Sept. 10.—"The allies are retreating the enemy everywhere," announced General Gallieni this afternoon.

The German right, it was stated, was being pressed. Their reinforcements under General von Below had failed to break through the allies' line. It was believed recently landed British troops were causing their communications to be cut and attacking their flank.

THINKS AUSTRIA DONE.

London, Sept. 10.—The Russian foreign office expects Austria to sue for peace within 10 days, it was stated in messages received today from Petrograd.

Announcement that the Austrian first line had lost 120,000 was followed by an estimate that more than half Austria's remaining troops are slaves, and, as such, friendly to Russia.

Persistent reports were current this afternoon that British troops, moving southward from the Belgian coast, had cut German's lines of communication between the kaiser's fighting front in France and its base.

ADOPT NEW PLAN FOR ADVERTISING COUNTY

Will Have New Settlers Write Personal Letters to Friends in Old Homes

As the result of the visit to this city of C. E. Arney, head of the immigration department of the Northern Pacific railroad, a man who has had wide experience in securing settlers for new territory and who knows how to attract prospective immigrants, the Salem Commercial club is beginning a movement that is expected to bring in greater and better results than any heretofore attempted.

The method to be pursued in putting before desirable immigrants the opportunities and advantages of the Willamette valley is to get in touch with those people who have come here, have made good, and who are satisfied with conditions, and then have them write personal letters to their friends in the East.

According to the experience of Mr. Arney, this method is the strongest that can be adopted for securing the right kind of people. This has also coincided with the experience of the club, as it has been found that general descriptive literature mailed from a commercial organization such as the commercial club does not have the desired effect as personal letters written from friend to friend have.

The Salem Commercial club in starting this movement is not interested in getting an indiscriminate class of people to come to this valley as there are enough of the kind who think the world owes them a living and who are trying to collect it at the back doors of industrious people's homes. The policy will be to encourage the class of men and women who are looking for homes, for farms to till and orchards to cultivate, and to discourage the other class.

It is planned to get hold of as many new-comers as possible through the columns of newspapers, through interviews with real estate agents and through the different state societies that are organized here. Letters will be written to these people enlisting their co-operation in getting their friends to come here. All the people who are satisfied will be asked to cooperate.

TWO OPINIONS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL

Dame Misfortune seems to follow one deputy labor commissioner, for after having one of the horses in a hired team drop dead in the harness when his mate had not raised a sweat he hired another team, put them in to a stable for the night, and the stable took fire and both horses were burned to death. The liability of the state for damages was taken up by O. P. Hoff, state labor commissioner, with the attorney general. Mr. Crawford gave out the opinion that the state was not liable for damages under the doctrine of bailment of the supreme court. Where the bailee uses ordinary care he is not responsible for the loss of property not attributable to his own carelessness or negligence.

W. H. Singler, sheriff of Jackson county, was informed that in the collection of delinquent taxes after September 1 the receipts should come from the sheriff's office since this official and not the county treasurer was the collector of delinquent taxes.

The Weather

Oregon: Tonight and Friday cloudy; probably rain in northwest portion, winds becoming southerly.



AUSTRIAN ARMY SAVED BY GERMAN RE-INFORCEMENTS

Is Now in Austrian Galicia Having Been Driven Out of Russian Poland

Petrograd, Sept. 10.—Having been heavily reinforced by German troops, today, the Austrians under General Dankl and Von Auffenburg turned on General Rousky's pursuing Russians along a line extending southwest from the vicinity of Rawa Ruska through Sadowa to a point near the River Dunajec.

GERMANS DEFEATED THE RUSSIAN PLANS

Latter Aimed to Surround and Annihilate Austrians and Almost Succeeded

The line's position today showed that the Austrians had been driven completely from Russian Poland and were fighting in Austrian Galicia. The Russian plan to surround and annihilate them evidently had failed, however, through the aid given by the Germans.

General Rousky had also been reinforced. He reported that he had captured 31 cannon and 12,000 Austrians, including 150 officers of the Fifth corps and the commander of the Fifteenth division, at Rawa Ruska.

The Russian siege of the Austrian stronghold of Przemyśl was still in progress.

Roumania Is Excited.

Bucharest, Sept. 10.—Pro-Russian excitement was increasing here today. News of the success by the czar's troops in Russian Poland and Austrian Galicia had kindled a tremendous amount of warlike enthusiasm and sentiment was strongly in favor of Roumanian participation in the conflict.

The reigning house, pro-Austrian in its sympathies, was holding back strongly from such a course, but it seemed uncertain whether it would be able to stem the tide of popular feeling.

Montenegro Advancing.

Cettinje, Montenegro, Sept. 10.—Montenegro troops have occupied Foch, Austria, without serious opposition, the war office announced today. It was stated that they expected to join the Serbians in an attack on Sarajevo, capital of the Austrian province of Bosnia.

Line 300 Miles Long.

Copenhagen, Sept. 10.—Russia's convex fighting front stretched today from Konigsberg, on the Baltic in East Prussia, to the southern Carpathians, in Austrian Galicia.

At the center it bulged out toward Posen and Breslau, in Germany, and Craeov, in Galicia, which, according to some accounts, had already been taken. Such was the description of the situation received here today from Russian sources concerning the lines on and beyond the czar's western frontier.

BUXTON STORE ROBBED.

Hillsboro, Ore., Sept. 10.—The general store of Gregerson & Kilburg at Buxton, 20 miles northwest of here, was robbed of \$1000 in cash and an equal amount in checks early today, according to a telephonic message received at the sheriff's office. Particulars are lacking, but it is understood that the safe, an old one, was opened without the use of explosives.

By J. W. T. Mason

(Former London Correspondent of the United Press.)

New York, Sept. 10.—The Germans were being forced today to assume a more and more defensive position. They are not yet as completely on the defensive as were the allies during their retirement from Belgium, but their right and left wings are approaching that condition.

THE NEW WAR TAX.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The democratic members of house ways and means committee agreed today on a war tax bill. It increases the tax on beer by 50 cents per barrel, wine 20 cents per barrel and imposes a tax on freight of 3 per cent of its value. President Wilson, it was announced, finally accepted the freight tax.

It was estimated the beer tax would raise \$35,000,000; the wine tax \$9,000,000, and the freight tax \$65,000,000. Other tax proposals, it was said will be dropped.

Chairman Underwood expected to introduce the bill tomorrow and it probably will be rushed through. The bill provides for the railroads to collect the freight tax, receiving one percent of the amount collected for expenses.

OFFICIALS WORRY OVER DIVISION OF AUSTRIAN REMAINS

No Trouble Anticipated in Dividing the Rabbit Except as to Russia's Part.

SHE MAY DEMAND EAST PRUSSIA AND GALICIA

However the Worry Is Premature as the Rabbit Is Not Yet Captured

London, Sept. 2.—(By mail to New York)—If, as British officialdom confidently expects, the Anglo-Franco-Russian alliance beats Germany and Austria-Hungary, it was confidentially admitted here today by men in high government positions, some very awkward questions are likely to arise in connection with peace negotiations.

It was taken as foregone conclusion that Great Britain would get what it wanted in the way of German colonial possessions. There will be no controversy over the return of Alsace-Lorraine to France, Belgium, it was assumed, would prefer and receive financial compensation to an enormous sum for what it has suffered.

Should Italy join the allies, or perhaps even as a reward for its neutrality, it was said there probably would be no objection to giving it Austria's Italian provinces. Inasmuch as a majority of the people of the Austrian provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina undoubtedly would prefer Serbian to Austrian rule, the belief was that there would be no reason against the change in sovereignty.

The province of Bukovina, also Austrian, was thought likely to welcome a change in Roumanian rule in case the rearrangement of the map should involve the transfer.

Russia Is the Rub. Thus far the program was expected to go through smoothly. But the rub will come when Russia's wants are taken into account.

The czar was thought practically certain to be in possession of East Prussia and Austrian Galicia when the war ends. The German and Austrian populations of these two provinces, it was one fessed that Russian rule unquestionably would seem worse than death and British statesmen—those who would whisper of the subject at all—agreed that it would be an outrage upon civilization to turn them over to the mercies of such a government.

Nevertheless, it was pointed out, Great Britain and France will hardly be in a position to refuse. The issue was considered pregnant of serious consequences.

ADMIRALTY ADMITS SUBMARINE SUNK BRITISH CRUISER

Sinking of Pathfinder by Submarine a New Event in Naval Warfare

London, Sept. 10.—The admiralty admitted today that it was a German submarine, not a mine, which sank the cruiser Pathfinder, recently destroyed in the North sea.

That the Germans should have ventured to send a submarine so far from its base surprised the admiralty. It was believed to indicate that the kaiser was about to begin a submarine campaign against the British navy.

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MAY ATTACK BRITISH FLEET WITH THEM

Stated 167,000 British Soldiers Have Passed Through Canada from Far East

Washington, Sept. 10.—The reported sinking of the British cruiser Pathfinder by a German submarine is a new event in naval history," said Captain Bristol, Secretary of the Navy Daniel's aide, this afternoon.

"The submarine," he continued, "was not developed seriously before the Russo-Japan war. Attempts to use submarines in that war were thwarted."

THIS IS NEWS INDEED.

New York, Sept. 10.—Arrivals here this afternoon from Canada said that 167,000 British troops, including soldiers from India, Australia and New Zealand, had crossed Canada en route to France. They boarded transports, it was said, at St. Johns, Canadian newspapers have been forbidden to print news of the movement of troops.

GERMAN RIGHT RETIRES.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The following dispatch from Bordeaux was received at the French embassy here this afternoon: "Violently attacked by the French on the right bank of the River Oureq, the right wing of the German army has retired to the north of Petit Morin."

"Violent encounters with alternative forward and backward movements at our center are reported. "The situation at Nancy and in the Vosges is good."

HANTING THE WAR FLEET.

London, Sept. 10.—The whereabouts of the German war fleet was a mystery here tonight. Cruising squadrons of battleships and destroyers and flotillas of destroyers swept the North sea, including the Eight of Heligoland, Wednesday, without finding the enemy, the admiralty announced.

The general belief was that most of the ships were lying under the German land defenses at Wilhelmshaven and that a few probably had been sent through the Kiel canal as reinforcements for the Baltic fleet.

The latter was reported near the entrance to the Gulf of Finland, and it was believed an attack on the Russian fleet was contemplated.

KILLED AT HOOD RIVER.

Hood River, Ore., Sept. 10.—George D. Bright, 63, at one time a leading criminal attorney of Indianapolis, and whose father was a former supreme judge in Indiana, was killed today by being knocked from a railroad trestle by a westbound Oregon-Washington passenger train. Bright fell about 70 feet onto the rocks below. He was a county charge, but is said to have wealthy relatives in Ohio.

AUSTRIAN LOSS 120,000

Vienna, via Rome, Sept. 10.—That the Austrians had lost 120,000 killed, wounded and missing in recent fighting with the Russians was officially admitted here today.

This represented one-fourth of the Austrians' whole first line. Besides men, the army has lost enormous quantities of supplies and war munitions.

It was learned that Archduke Francis Frederick, the emperor's cousin, has assumed personal charge of Austrian operations. That the Russian forces in Galicia intend to advance on Berlin through Silesia was generally believed.

Officialdom admitted that Austria's economic plight was serious.

COMMISSION BUSY AT LOS ANGELES

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 10.—John Craig, president of the Craig Shipbuilding company, was the principal witness today before the federal industrial relations commission today. He told how union and non-union men worked side by side in his plant.

"Do you give any preference to non-union men?" asked Chairman Walsh. "Only when strikes are brewing," was the reply.

Craig admitted that his men work nine hours a day, but at present, because they were on government work, they worked only eight hours, as required by law. Questioned by Commissioner Westcott, Craig admitted that he had elevated labor, but later he added that labor had suffered financially because of them. He was in favor of the workmen's compensation law.

J. E. Timmons, president of the Central Labor Council, testified that any employe of the Baker Iron Works who joined a union was discharged and prevented from obtaining employment by means of a "black list." This was in contradiction of Fred L. Baker, head of the concern, who said that he treated all employes alike.

SULLIVAN CLAIMS MAJORITY OF 70,000

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Roger C. Sullivan, former national committeeman, declared here this afternoon that he won the democratic nomination for United States senator in the state primaries, held yesterday, by a plurality of 70,000 over Congressman Lawrence B. Stricker, his nearest opponent. He claimed to have carried every ward in Chicago and more than 90 per cent of the precincts in every congressional district except three.

Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman, republican, claimed to have won the nomination of his party over former Senator William E. Mason by a plurality of 15,000.

BASEBALL TODAY

American. R. H. E. Boston 1 7 3 Philadelphia 8 14 0 Foster and Carrigan; Bressler and Lapp.

National. R. W. E. Philadelphia .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 2 Boston 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 6 1 Marshall and Dooin; Rudolph and Gowdy.

Second game—R. H. E. Philadelphia .. 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 8 3 Boston 0 1 0 0 0 4 1 1 2 7 2 Baumgartner and Burns; James and Gowdy.

First game—R. H. E. Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 4 1 New York ... 0 1 0 2 0 2 0 3 5 8 1 Allen, Steele and McCarty; Tesreau and McLean.

Second game—R. H. E. Brooklyn 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 6 2 New York ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 7 2 Ragon and Miller; Demaree, Wiltsie and McLean.

THE TIDE OF BATTLE IS TURNING

French Report Is that Germans Are Retreating Along the Whole Line

THE AUSTRIANS LOSS SAID TO BE 120,000

Russians Say Austria's Case Hopeless and She Will Sue for Peace Soon

The Germans were retreating today all along the line in eastern France, French and British accounts agreed.

Their right, especially hard hit, had been driven across the Marne and back toward Belgium.

Their center had been reinforced and was fighting hard but giving ground.

The French were recouping upper Alsace, the Germans having retreated north of Mulhausen.

Persistent reports were current that British troops, striking southward from the Belgian coast, had cut the German communication lines and were attacking the rear of the kaiser's western force.

The French were beginning to talk of transferring the seat of their government back from Bordeaux to Paris.

The Russian line, advancing, stretched from Konigsberg to the southern Carpathians. Berlin was their objective. Already they were threatening Breslau.

The Austrians were resisting again in northern Galicia. Accepting Russian reports as true, however, the Austrian cause was hopeless.

It was stated that they had lost 120,000 men, or one-fourth of their line, and that more than half of its remaining force were slaves.

The Galician stronghold of Craeov was reported captured. The Russians believed Austria would sue for peace within 10 days.

The Serbians had resumed the offensive and the Austrians were retiring before them.

Montenegro had taken Foch, Austria, and expected to join the Serbians in an attack on Sarajevo.

Pro-Russian war fever was rampant in Roumania. Premier Asquith of England asked parliament for 500,000 more regular troops.

THE BODY IS BURIED NAME STILL UNKNOWN

W. Gibney, the stranger who died from injuries received on the road near Gervais last Sunday, was buried today after Sheriff Each had given up the hope of further identifying the man or locating his relatives. The only means of securing the man's name was from an employment ticket in his pocket.

Sheriff Each received a letter from the employment agency today, but they knew nothing of him though they remembered his being in their office twice. Once when he secured a job and again when he wanted his 50 cents back because the wages did not suit.

A suitcase belonging to the man was brought into the sheriff's office today, but there was nothing in it to indicate that he was anything more than an ordinary floating laborer who did not keep in touch with any relatives or friends.