The Brightest Women Find

sometimes that they are dull in mind, depressed in spirits, and that they have headache, backache, and sufferings that make life seem not worth living. But these conditions need be only temporary. They are usually caused by indigestion or biliousness and a few doses of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

will quickly, safely and certainly right the wrong. This famous family remedy tones the stomach, stimulates the liver, regulates the bowels. Beecham's Pills cleanse the system of accumulating poisons and purify the blood. Their beneficial action shows in brighter looks, clearer complexions, better feelings. Try them, and you also will find that they

May Be Relied Upon

Directions of special value with every box. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"

PLANTEN'S CAPSULES BLACK

REMEDY FOR MEN

AT DRUGGISTS OR TRIAL BOX BY MAIL 50c. PLANTEN 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

TURKS IN ALBANIA

(Continued from Page One.)

nit Austria, which is one of the reasons for the smoldering hostility between the Rome and Vienna governments, but Austrian feelings in the matter are negligible in their weight at the minimal, and the confused times of the present European war would be ideal for disregarding them.

With Turkey's loss of Albania, at the end of the Balkan war, Italy's claim would undoubtedly have been pressed but for the fact that it would have had both Austria and Germany against it, and, unbacked by any other power, did not feel equal to such a trial of strength.

Gave Grudging Consent.

It accordingly acquiesced reluctantly in the transformation of the country into an independent kingdom under Prince William of Wied, which was regarded at least better than Austrian annexation, a step Austria undoubtedly would have taken if it had not been that it would have precipitated a European conflict and the hour had not yet struck for one.

War having finally broken out, however, and William's troubles as a king continuing, Italy has been on the alert for an opportunity at intervention.

Was Caught Napping.

This opportunity came when William fled. Just why Italy did not seize it instantly does not appear. It presumably was taken by surprise. It may too, have been trying to engineer an Albanian request for its good offices, which would have made subsequent criticism of its action difficult.

At any rate, the delay appears to have been a political mistake, for instead of asking outside assistance, the Turks coolly set up their own government again.

Whether this government is a purely local Turkish affair or was established under the auspices of the Constantinople government and not been learned here today. In either case it was considered certain to pass under the sultan's control shortly unless strenuous objection was raised.

It was the widespread opinion that this situation would prove to be the factor which would soon involve Italy in the general European war.

The Markets

LOCAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Hay, timothy	$11.00
Clover, per ton	$7@8
Oats and vetch	8.00
Chiefs	8.00
Wheat, per bushel	92c
Bran, per ton	$28.00
Oats, per bushel	40c
Chittim bark, per lb.	4½@5c
Potatoes, per cwt.	1.00
Butter and Eggs.	
Butterfat, per lb.	34c
Creamery butter, per lb.	35c
Eggs	27c
Poultry.	
Hens, per lb.	10c
Roosters, per lb.	8c
Fryers	12c
Steers.	
Cows, per cwt.	6c
Hogs, fat, per lb.	5c
Stock hogs, per lb.	8½c
Ewes, per lb.	7c
Spring lambs, per lb	4c
Veal, first class	5c
Pelts.	
Buck, per lb	13c
Adult country pelts, each	8c
Lamb pelts, each	65c@$1
	25c

PORTLAND MARKETS

Portland, Ore., Sept. 9.—Wheat—Club new, 98c; bluestem, $1.10.

Oats—No. 1 white feed, $28.

Barley—Brewing, $24.50; feed, $24.

Hogs—Best live, $9.

Prime steers, $7.10; fancy cows $6.25; best calves, $8.50.

Spring lambs, $6.

Butter—City creamery, 35c.

Eggs—Selected local extras, 32c.

Hens, 13½c; broilers, 13½c; geese, 10c.

HENRY CLEW'S WEEKLY FINANCIAL LETTER

New York, Sept. 5.—The important event of the week was the extension of the moratorium in London, which disclosed evidences of plans in the course of formation which will ultimately lead to at least a partial breaking of the present deadlock. There is at present no prospect in sight of an early opening of either the London or the New York Exchanges. Nevertheless, we are steadily approaching the time when partial resumption of financial operations is to be anticipated. New York is fortunately in a good position for reopening when London is ready to do likewise. Values are low and the situation here is entirely free of inflation. The greatest obstacle here to business resumption is the financial position. Our foreign exchange market though improving is still practically blockaded. A little more business is being transacted in sterling, but foreign credit is still demoralized and international transactions are largely upon a cash basis. Fortunately both imports and exports are returning to more normal conditions. Trade with Germany of course is practically closed but an increasing amount of traffic is being maintained with other countries. The exports from New York last week were valued at $10,000,000, compared with $8,500,000 the week before and $12,000,000 a year ago. Our imports at New York amounted to $12,000,000 last week, compared with $17,300,000 the previous week and $18,200,000 the same week a year ago. These figures include New York only, which is a port where the imports are relatively larger than exports. Conditions are becoming more favorable to exports than to imports; for the dullness of trade here and the war abroad will encourage the selling of our food products and discourage the buying of foreign luxuries. Our exports of manufactures are already recovering. This means that the net result of our foreign trade will soon be a more normal excess of exports; a factor which will do much toward restraining any excessive slipment of gold to Europe. The country's gold supplies are ample and need cause no concern whatever. In the treasury there is probably over $1,000,000,000, and we could readily spare a reasonable amount to Europe without any great inconvenience. The Bank of England is working on a reserve of $200,000,000 and meeting far greater emergencies than exist on this side. The unfortunate feature of the situation is that the foreign demand for gold has fallen almost entirely upon the national banks. Fortunately through the operation of the Aldrich-Vreeland act and the energetic assistance of the government, the emergency has been well met. Some of the propositions advanced have an inflationary tendency; but as time limits have been placed upon their operation, it is not likely any untoward results will follow.

President Wilson is pushing his shipping bill with his usual vigor. It now looks as if the plan for the government purchase of ships to the extent of $50,000,000 will be adopted by congress. With President Wilson's desire to establish an American marine, all good Americans will agree. But government purchase of ships meets with strong opposition in some quarters for the reason that there is plenty of available tonnage seeking employment, although much of that offered for sale is not of a suitable type. Moreover, private capital is likely to hesitate to enter into competition with the government; hence it may prove no real aid to the establishment of a legitimate American merchant marine, as the cost of running is apt to be more than under private enterprise. In the end the prospects are that the transaction will prove to be a losing one for the government, and we shall be fortunate if we escape foreign complications. On the other hand, President Wilson ought to be commended in his desire to suspend for a period the restrictions which prevent private ownership of American ships. The excessive cost of building and operating American ships is the main reason for American shipowners operating under foreign flags. Shipping is a business subject to keen competition, and those who enter it cannot succeed unless they go in upon the same basis as those who have already succeeded in advance. They must buy their ships, their supplies and their labor under the most advantageous circumstances. Our laws for many years have prevented this policy; but the remaining restrictions are still too severe to permit of profitable operation, and the American shipowner is obliged to hide his property under other flags and depend upon foreigners for protection to American property. President Wilson will do well to suspend these restrictions as far as within his power. Ultimately they should be removed.

As regards the war our government has properly taken the stand of neutrality and must stick to it implicitly, come what may, more especially as it is far from creditable to any nation to be connected with, countenance or indorse, such a hellish, barbaric, brutal slaughter as is now going on between the heretofore considered highly civilized peoples of Europe. I applaud our government for the attitude it has taken. The effects of the war, however, are not confined to the nations involved: there are 100,000,000 people in this country suffering serious consequences from it and they are therefore entitled to have a voice in the matter. I advise our citizens to individually assert themselves and insist that this war must stop, and I call upon them to use their influence with voice and pen in that direction for the sake of humanity and civilization as well as on account of their personal interests which are now suffering such severe injury. At present there are hundreds of thousands of industrious, honest and capable people in this country who are almost on the starvation list by being thrown out of employment, and their numbers are being largely added to each day. Have they no right to live and be happy. Our whole nation sympathizes with them in their distress. There is scarcely a single household in this country today that is not made miserable and unhappy because of the dreadfully inhuman conflict now waging, but if each nation engaged in it would reflect and decide to suspend hostilities, call it a draw, if you will, I am almost sure a truce could be declared which would eventually result in permanent peace—"a consummation devoutly to be wished." This war is nothing but a carnival of blood and frenzied massacre, and should end. HENRY CLEWS.

CATARRH LEADS TO CONSUMPTION

Catarrh is as much a blood disease as scrofula or rheumatism. It may be relieved, but it cannot be removed by simply local treatment. It causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, affects the voice, deranges the digestion, and breaks down the general health. It weakens the delicate lung tissues and leads to consumption.

Hood's Sarsaparilla goes to the seat of the trouble, purifies the blood, and is so successful that it is known as the best remedy for catarrh.

Hood's Sarsaparilla strengthens and tones the whole system. It builds up. Ask your druggist for Hood's, and insist on having it. There is no real substitute.

CABLES OBJECTIONS TO DUM-DUM BULLETS

London, Sept. 9.—The kaiser has cabled to President Wilson, it was stated in a Copenhagen dispatch received by the Chronicle today, protesting against the alleged use of dum-dum bullets by British troops on the continent.

It was said his majesty's message also denounced in general the Belgians' participation in the war, and declared the Germans were compelled to act drastically against them on account of atrocities they perpetrated against the Germans.

For the destruction of Louvain he was quoted as expressing regret.

Message Not Received.

Washington, Sept. 9.—The cablegram reported to have been sent to President Wilson by Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany protesting against the alleged use of dum-dum bullets by British troops in France had not reached the White House up to noon today.

MEXICO UNEASY.

Mexico City, Sept. 9.—All officers of the federal army were prohibited today from leaving Mexico City, on pain of death. Provisional President Carranza took this action to prevent the officers from joining revolts reported to have been started in many places.

LOCOMOTIVE HEADLIGHTS.

Only locomotives in use on lines of more than 50 miles in length need be equipped with electric headlights, according to an opinion handed down by Attorney General Crawford at the request of the state railroad commission. The inquiry came from Twohy brothers relative to the necessary equipment on their work train engines. It was given as the opinion of the attorney general however, that if the lack of sufficient headlights jeopardized the safety of train crews and others at crossings that the engine should have sufficient lights even though it was not specifically required by statute.

State Treasurer Thomas B. Kay was informed that the funds received by the Oregon board of pharmacy should be turned over to the state treasurer, to be disbursed by order of the board and to be audited by the secretary of state.

COMB SAGE TEA IN LIFELESS, GRAY HAIR

Look Young! Common Garden Sage and Sulphur Darkens so Naturally Nobody Can Tell

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and abundant with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whenever her hair fell out or took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy" you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, ready to use, for about 50 cents. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair and is splendid for dandruff, dry, itchy scalp and falling hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use, too. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and abundant.

FRENCH FORT FALLS.

(By Karl H. Von Wiegand.)

Berlin, Sept. 9.—(By wireless via Sayville)—The capture of Maubeuge by the Germans was announced by the war office here today.

The prisoners taken, it was stated, included four French generals and 40,000 troops. Four hundred cannon also fell into the Germans' hands.

The place was one of France's most powerful frontier strongholds. It made a long and desperate resistance.

The name of Prince Friedrich Wilhelm of Hessen was given in the list of wounded.

PRIMARY RETURNS COMING IN SLOWLY

Hanson Progressive for U. S. Senate About Only One Certain of Nomination

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 9.—Returns from yesterday's state-wide primaries, while exceedingly slow throughout the state, indicate Ole Hanson has won the nomination for United States senator on the progressive ticket. His lead in King county is more than three to one. The vote indicates Hanson has won the nomination on first choice votes without resorting to a count of second choice, the law declaring that when a candidate gets 40 per cent of first choice votes, the second choice need not be counted.

A close race between ex-Mayor Cotterill of Seattle and George Turner of Spokane on first choice vote is being fought out throughout the state, for the democratic nomination. As neither probably will get 40 per cent of the total, second choice will have to be counted. This gives Judge Black of Everett and Hugh C. Todd of Seattle a chance for the nomination.

Humphrey for Congress.

The only congressional nominations in the local district in doubt is the progressive. Congressman Bryan and Austin Griffiths, chief of police of Seattle, are running neck and neck. Early returns favor Griffiths.

Congressman Humphrey won the republican nomination and Judge William Hickman Moore the democratic nomination for congressman.

Fred C. Brown appears to have the republican nomination for prosecuting attorney and S. A. L. Lundin is an easy winner for the progressive nomination.

A close race is being run by Bennett and Gains for the republican nomination for treasurer of King county.

Republican nominees for other county offices in King county are: Sickles, county clerk; Denton, engineer; Knudsen, commissioner north district; Carrigan, commissioner city district; Roberts, sheriff.

A close race is being made by Campbell and Biggar for the progressive congressional nomination in the second district.

Incomplete returns from Whatcom county show L. H. Hadley is nominated on republican ticket for congress from Everett, union labor candidate, leads Bigger for progressive nomination. For United States senator, Ole Hanson has a wide lead over Congressman Falconer.

Thirty-five out of 37 precincts in the city of Bellingham gave the following vote for supreme judge: Crow, 1405; Gose, 1540; Chadwick, 1628; Mills, 861; Preble, 331; Holcomb, 716; Pemberton, 1323; Humphreys, 757.

In Snohomish county, 27 out of 1211 precincts give for judges of the supreme court: Humphries, 679; Holcomb, 726; Prebel, 341; Crow, 509; Gose, 410; Chadwick, 870; Pemberton, 674; Mills, 791.

For progressive nomination for United States senator, Falcon 247 first choice, 132 second choice; Hanson, 161 and 136; Fawcett, 14 and 88; Kruger, 6 and 62.

For United States senator, democratic nomination, Cotterill, 39 first choice and 30 second; Turner, 25 and 45; Black, 71 and 25; Todd, 10 and 42; Dege, 3 and 8.

Black Runs Strong.

Everett Wash., Sept. 9.—Ole Hanson is leading Congressman Falconer for the progressive nomination for the United States in the latter's own home, 21 to 1 in the early returns. Hanson received 926 first choice votes in 40 precincts against Falconer's 426. This marks the feature of the election here.

Judge Black has a big lead here for the democratic senatorial nomination. He has 876 first choice votes in 49 precincts. Cotterill, running second, has only 271 first choice votes. This is Black's home town as well as Falconer's.

Johnson Carries Third.

Aberdeen, Wash., Sept. 9.—Returns from nearly every precinct in Chehalis county indicate today that Johnson was renominated for congress from the third district in yesterday's state-wide primaries. He apparently has a 3 to 1 vote over Wiley and will carry Chehalis county by 800 votes.

Pierce County Returns.

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 9.—Eighty four out of 179 precincts in Pierce county show Ole Hanson leading the progressive senatorial ticket as a result of yesterday's primaries, with Congressman Falconer second and Mayor Fawcett of Tacoma third. The democratic ticket is led by James H. Dege of Tacoma with approximately 100 more votes than were cast for George Turner. Black received 264, Cotterill 184 and Todd 113. Senator Jones, republican, unopposed, had 3,171 votes to the combined vote of 2,346 for the progressive candidates. Of these Hanson received 1,050, Falconer 614 and Fawcett 428.

For judges of the supreme court Chadwick and Crow, two of the incumbents, were in the lead with 3,816 and 2,826 votes respectively. Mills, with 2,401 was third and Gose, a present judge, got 2,210.

Congressman Johnson received 2,807 votes to 689 for Wiley. Drury of Tacoma led the democrats for congress, his vote being 584, to 205 for Cass and 111 for Hazzard. Warburton of Tacoma led the progressive with 1,051 to 509 for Hubbell, mayor of Kelso.

Barth, socialist candidate for senator, had polled 185 votes and Aller, socialist, for congress, 165.

For county sheriff, Longmire had 2,039 votes to 1,314 for Shaw and 709 for Denholm on the republican ticket. On the progressive ticket Jamieson was leading with 892.

For county clerk, McKenzie had 1,971 to 1,360 for Wolford and 484 for Ohneck, on the republican ticket.

One of the most interesting contests in the election is that between Judges Westcott and Magill and Miss Nelda Jaeger for high vote on the progressive justice of the peace ticket. Miss Jaeger is assured of the nomination with Judges Magill and Westcott and will oppose the republican candidates in the finals. If she is elected she will be the first woman to serve as justice of the peace in Pierce county.

Spokane Returns.

Spokane, Wash., Sept. 9.—Primary returns from 84 out of 188 precincts in Spokane county today are as follows:

For senator, democratic, Turner, 899; Black 612; Cotterill, 699.

For senator—Democratic: Turner, 899; Black, 612; Cotterill, 699. Progressive: Falconer, 982; Hanson, 851.

For congress—Democratic: Dill, 888; Tolman, 764; Shine, 699. Progressive: Corkey, 871; Phipps, 511. Republican: Rosenhaupt, 1010; Powell, 926; Wilson, 895.

For supreme court from 74 precincts: Chadwick, 2667; Crow, 2257; Holcomb, 1832.

RAIN STOPS THE JAPS.

Tokio, Sept. 9.—Japanese land operations against Kiao Chau were suspended today owing to torrential rains.

The floods are the greatest Shantung province has been in 30 years. Military movements in the face of such conditions were rendered temporarily impossible.

The Kiao Chau Germans have constructed bomb-proof shelters over their exposed positions as a defense against aerial attacks.

ON AN OPEN SHOP BASIS.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 9.—Twelve copper companies here, employing 10,000 men announced today that hereafter they will conduct their mines on an open shop basis as a result of dissensions among the rival unions here. The argument was signed, it was stated, at a secret meeting last night. Union wages and hours will be established, but the employers will not recognize the existing unions. Renewed trouble was feared as a result of the announcement.

ATTEND MT. ANGEL SCHOOL.

(Eugene Register.)

Three little girls of Eugene, accompanied by a Sister of Mercy, left yesterday for Mt. Angel, where they will attend school. They are Meltrude Cox, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cox, Mary Sheridan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sheridan, and Julia Woods, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Woods.

PRESIDENT OBJECTS.

Washington, Sept. 9.—It was learned today from an official source here that President Wilson is opposed to any plan for a reduction of the income tax limit as a means for raising a war tax. He believes it would be several months before any revenue from this source would be available.

ARROW LINE

"NORMAN"

ON THE WAY—VIA THE

ARROW COLLAR

LINE—DUE SEPT. 15th

WATCH THE SHOPS AND PAPERS

NOTES OF INTEREST ON STATE FAIR GROUNDS

Fair Grounds, Sept. 8.—The Everett Downing cottage was moved to No. 6 Wisdom avenue this morning. The cottages now in this avenue are Farrington & Van Patton No. 1, Robert A. Witzell, Salem, No. 4; Everett Downing, Salem, No. 6; W. H. Downing, Shaw, No. 8; A. G. Smith, Portland, No. 10; Monroe & Crisell, Portland, No. 12; F. A. Sutton, Salem, No. 14; E. C. Kept, Fair Grounds, No. 16.

One of the old-time cottages, that of P. M. Kirkland, Independence, is to be moved today to the cottage city section.

The county court is to be commended for having moved the immense pile of crushed rock that had been dumped near the S. P. depot. They were not expected to remove the same for a couple of weeks yet, out everything is out of the way and the street car terminus is ready for the state fair travel.

Spirited contests are promised in the homer pigeon races to take place each day during the fair. Someone liberated a couple of birds this morning, but it is not known to whom they belonged.

The celebrated Coos Bay band will go into camp and maintain a headquarters in the tented city.

The weather is cloudy today again, and every weather prophecy says it means good weather for state fair week.

The oldest couple camping on the grounds this year will be presented with a 10-pound paid of Columbia lard and a 10-pound pail of Columbia lard and pared flour.

The heaviest man camping this year will receive 10 pounds of Mt. Hood soap.

The Union Meat company offers a Columbia ham to the tallest couple among the campers.

JAPS PASS WAR BUDGET.

Tokio, Sept. 9.—Following the lower branch of the Japanese parliament's example, the upper house today passed the government's $26,500,000 war budget by a unanimous vote.

Why Pay Rent?

Buy a home of your own, here is a bargain: house, 6 rooms, barn, chick house and park; 4 large lots, all kinds of bearing fruit trees and berries. City and good well water—good location, close to school and store. Price $1500; terms. G. A. Wood, owner, 735 N. Church street; phone 2041-R, or see my agents, Bechtel & Bynon, 347 State street. This offer is only good for 10 days. Property rents for $150 per year. Snap.

FARM BARGAINS.

98 acre farm, well improved on the Famous Howell Prairie; $100 per acre; terms.

10 ACRE TRACT.

Fine 10 acre tract, 7 acres cultivated, 3 acres timber and pasture; close in on main travelled road; only $200 down. Price $1100. Snap.

FOR RENT.

We have the largest list of vacant houses for rent. Store, store buildings, hotel, rooming houses.

INSURANCE

We write insurance in some of the best old line companies.

MONEY TO LOAN.

List Your Property with

Bechtel & Bynon

347 STATE STREET.

Fifty-third Annual

OREGON STATE FAIR

SALEM, OREGON

September 28 to October 3

REDUCED RATES ON ALL RAILROADS.

SIX DAYS OF PROFIT, SIX DAYS OF PLEASURE

$20,000.00

In Cash Premiums for Agricultural, Live Stock, Poultry, Textile and Other Exhibits. Horse Races, Band Concerts, Eugenics Exposition, Evening Musical Entertainments and Other Free Attractions. Free Camp Grounds.

YOU ARE INVITED

SEND FOR PREMIUM LIST AND ENTRY BLANKS.

For Particulars Address

Frank Meredith, Secretary,

SALEM, OREGON.