

Full Leased Wire Dispatches

# The Daily Capital Journal

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## ATTACK VIOLATES THE HIGH IDEALS OF FRENCH HONOR

### Defense Scores a Point When It Points Out Editor's Dishonorable Course

### PROSECUTION FEARS EFFECT OF SENTIMENT

### Woman Suffered Greatly as She Was Very Much in Love With Husband

Paris, July 22.—The defense won an important victory today in Mme. Henriette Caillaux's trial for killing Editor Calmette of "Le Figaro."

Throughout the trial up to that point, hint after hint has been thrown out concerning a mysterious document Calmette was said to have possessed, proving that ex-Finance Minister Joseph Caillaux, the prisoner's husband, was party to a compact with Germany in which France's Moroccan interests were sacrificed to Caillaux's personal financial interests.

According to French ideas the dragging of such a subject as a politician's relations with a woman into a political controversy as was done by Calmette in publishing Caillaux's letter to his wife, written prior to their marriage and at a time when he had a wife and she a husband living and undivorced, is so heinous an offense that it was deemed quite possible a jury would consider Mme. Caillaux justified in shooting him.

Prosecution fears sentiment. The prosecution's plan plainly was to make it appear that the fear of the publication of more of these letters was not what led to the shooting, however, but that Caillaux, afraid Calmette would make public the political document, exposing his transactions with Germany really inspired him to incite his wife to assassinate the editor.

News Editor Louis Latzarus of "Le Figaro," on the witness stand late yesterday, referred outspokenly to this document, relating to what was known as "the Agadir incident," asserting that Calmette actually showed it to him, though he said the editor told him he did not intend to use it, as it might make trouble for France.

Caillaux promptly demanded that Latzarus tell what the document contained. Latzarus refused for the same reason, he said, that Calmette gave for not publishing it—that it might make trouble for France.

Caillaux insisting, however, Maurice Chenu, attorney for the Calmette family, interposed with the explanation that Calmette's brother turned the document over to President Poincaré after the editor had been killed and that Poincaré passed it onto the ministry of foreign affairs, where it was at the time. Under the circumstances, he asked that the matter be allowed to drop.

Wanted the Document. Instantly Fernand Labori, Mme. Caillaux's counsel, broke into the discussion with so vociferous a demand that the document be produced that the court was thrown into an uproar. There was no gaining him, and although Judge Albanel ruled that it was too late to go farther into so important a matter at the Tuesday session, Prosecutor Herbaux arose, on the government's behalf, when court opened today, to answer Labori.

No such document as the one referred to, he said, existed. Chenu protested that the trial was degenerating into a "political white-washing" of Caillaux, but there was no question concerning the importance of the advantage gained by the defense.

After Herbaux's statement Caillaux again took the witness stand. His testimony did not take long and consisted of a defense of his political acts and a defiance of his enemies.

Next on the stand was a salesman named Fromentin, employed by Gastine Renette, the gunsmith from whom Mme. Caillaux bought the pistol with which she killed Calmette.

She made the purchase on the afternoon of the day of the killing, said the witness. The weapon was a Browning automatic. The gunsmith explained, testified Fromentin, that she intended accompanying her husband on an election trip, and would frequently have occasion to travel by automobile by night and wanted to be armed for self-defense.

After buying the automatic, she tried it in the gunsmith's range, firing at the silhouette of a man. She was a "fair shot," said the salesman, most of her bullets striking the silhouette through a trifle low.

Mme. Caillaux seemed quite calm. Fromentin concluded, and he suspected nothing wrong.

Mme. Estrandere, better known as

## THREE GLORY TICKETS USE UP THE BLANKS

Filled License Book Shows 559 Marriage Licenses Have Been Issued Since February 15, 1913.

Three marriage licenses were issued this morning and the marriage record book that has been in use since February 15, 1913, was used up. There have been 559 marriages recorded since the above date in this county. The last license issued, was to Marion E. Christian and Leta Hassler, both of Marion, Oregon, where the groom-to-be is a farmer. A license was also issued for the marriage of Lester Marion Howe and Christine Miller. Mr. Howe is a finisher at the Salem Woolen Mills and Miss Miller a seamstress of this city. Leon F. Robinson, a confectioner of Sherwood, and Alvine Heroux, of Brooks, also received the matrimonial ticket today. The young man has grown old enough to vote but the lady has only 15 and one-half years to her credit. The parents of the bride-to-be were both at the clerk's office today, and though they are a young appearing couple themselves, Mr. Heroux stated that he had been a grandfather for four years.

## FOREST FIRES UNDER CONTROL

After a personal investigation, State Forester Elliott announced today that the forest fires in Clackamas and Washington counties were under control. He said neither of them had caused much loss. The Washington county blaze, he said, was in an old burn.

## TO ORGANIZE THE TENNIS PLAYERS

The executive committee of the Y. M. C. A. met last night to consider the proposition of organizing the tennis enthusiasts into an association and to place the handling of the new asphalt courts upon a business-like basis. The committee instructed the tennis men to elect their officers, draw up a constitution and by-laws and to get out and boost for the organization.

The tennis protera were told that if they would organize a strong organization in this city that the courts would be placed at their disposal as long as they wanted them. It was agreed that the courts should be reserved for the use of the members of the association after 4 p. m. each day and on holidays and Saturday afternoons. The rest of the time the courts were to be open to the public. A fee of \$2.50 was to be charged for a membership in the association. The money to be used in beautifying and improving the grounds. Since the courts have been opened, the public has made good use of them, and children and young women are to be seen at almost any hour of the day playing tennis.

The public is to be encouraged to use the courts as the Y. M. C. A. committee considers the courts a public enterprise. While the local association took the initiative in building the courts, their efforts were successful only through the co-operation of a number of public enterprises. The city, county, Montague-O'Riley Construction company, Willamette university, Salem Gravel company, Prescott Simonon and a number of others devoted time and labor to the building of the courts. C. P. Bishop and Paul Wallace, as individuals, contributed time and money, and were entering in their efforts to provide permanent courts for the use of the public and tennis enthusiasts of the city.

E. M. Hoßnell was chosen president of the association, and James Young secretary-treasurer. Messrs. Bishop and Wallace were selected as members of the executive committee, and one other is yet to be chosen. The control of the courts will be in the hands of the Salem Tennis association, but the title will be held by the executive committee of the Y. M. C. A. in case the association should disband or be disrupted.

The membership committee will soon begin soliciting memberships for the association and it is reported that the finishing of the courts has aroused considerable interest already though there is little interest in athletics at this time of the year.

P. M. Nyssen, of Raymond, Wash., is at the Bligh.

## The Weather

EVERYTHING GOING OUT NOTHING COMING IN

Fair tonight, Thursday fair, warmer except near the coast; west to north winds.

## TEDDY WOULD MAKE PUBLIC THE CANAL'S INSIDE HISTORY

### Writes Chairman Stone Asking That He May Make Statement Before It

### ONLY ONE WHO KNOWS TRUE STORY OF DEAL

### Stone Thinks If He Has Anything to Say He Should Submit It in Writing

Washington, July 22.—Assuming entire responsibility for all acts connected with the acquisition of the Panama canal zone during his administration as president, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt made a formal request today that he be examined by the senate foreign relations committee in its hearing on the treaty between the United States and Colombia, by which it is proposed to pay Colombia \$25,000,000 in settlement for that country's claim to the canal territory.

In a letter to Senator Stone of Missouri, chairman of the committee, Roosevelt said: "If there is any intention on the part of your committee to act favorably on the proposed treaty with Colombia, by which we are to pay Colombia \$25,000,000 and express regret for action taken in the past, I respectfully request that I be heard thereon."

Says "I Was President." "I was president throughout the time negotiations were in progress with Colombia, and later with Panama, by which we acquired the right to build the Panama canal."

"Every act of this government in connection with these negotiations, and other proceedings for securing possession of the canal zone and beginning building the canal was taken at my express command."

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## REV. F. J. WOODCOCK DIED THIS MORNING

Pastor of the Central Congregational Church, Following Serious Operation, Passes Away This Morning.

Thomas J. Woodcock, pastor of the Central Congregational church of this city, passed away this morning at 7 o'clock, following an illness of ten days at the Willamette sanitarium.

His wife, his sister, Mrs. Barker, of Albany, and Rev. Perry Frederick Schrock, of the First Congregational church were at his bedside when the end came.

Preaching the Sunday before, Monday, July 13, he submitted to a serious operation for stomach trouble. He had suffered for seven years from chronic dyspepsia, and Monday morning a second operation was performed. Tuesday the patient rallied, but his vitality, which was low, could not withstand the shock, and, conscious to the last, the end came quietly this early morning.

Two years ago July 1st Rev. Woodcock succeeded Rev. O. A. Stillman as pastor of the Central Congregational church, previously holding pastorates in South Dakota and Kansas, and has faithfully served twenty years in the ministry, graduating from the Chicago Theological seminary. He was also a graduate of Grinnell college in Iowa.

An active worker in the religious field, he contributed materially to the upbuilding of his charge. He was a prominent member of the Ministerial union, until recently serving as its secretary. During the religious canvass taken in Salem last October, as a committee member he was an active worker. Of kind and quiet nature, he was loved wherever he went. He accomplished much in Sunday school work, and frequently preached at the local asylum for the insane, having charge of the religious services there.

His early life was spent in the middle west. Born in Chicago, Illinois, 68 years ago, his parents later moved to Iowa. In 1895 he married Margaret Blithe in that state. Two years ago he came west. His mother, Mrs. Thomas Woodcock, sr., and two sisters, Mrs. O. J. Hawtin and Mrs. H. W. Barker, survive him in Albany, Oregon, and a brother, Harvey Woodcock, in Arizona.

The funeral services will be held Friday afternoon from the Central Congregational church at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. P. F. Schrock and Rev. George E. Paddock, an old family friend, will officiate.

Fred Day, claim agent for the Southern Pacific, is registered at the Marion.

## DEFENSE IS MAKING A HARD FIGHT IN LAND FRAUD TRIAL

### J. H. Logan of North Yakima Agent for the Bunch at That Point

### TAKES THE STAND FOR THE DEFENSE

### Tries to Make Showing That the Company's Dealings Were Fair and Honest

Portland, Ore., July 22.—J. W. Logan, one of three defendants charged with misusing the mails in connection with the location of settlers on the Oregon and California land grant and now on trial before Judge Bean in federal court, took the stand in his own behalf this morning. E. J. Sellers of Tacoma and W. F. Minard of Portland, are the other defendants.

Logan was general manager for the Western Accident and Health Insurance company of North Yakima and became interested in the grant lands through reading of the litigation in the papers. He gathered promising opinions on the outcome of the suit from lawyers, he said, and also talked to other locators before going into the business himself. He felt he could better his 600 or 700 insurance clients in claims he said. Later he said he met Minard in Tacoma and the latter agreed to act as attorney in filing applications. Minard was to get \$15 for each location.

"Timbered lands, your opportunity if you will," giving the history of the grant, and Logan's principal piece of literature, was read to the jury by Attorney Dennis, Logan's counsel. Among other things the statement said: "There is some risk in the outcome of this suit." Applicants were also asked to specify whether they wanted timber.

(Continued on page 5.)

## ULSTER MAY PROVE ASQUITH'S UNDOING

The Premier Has Gotten Himself in a Position That Whatever Happens He Is Certain to Lose.

London, July 22.—The conviction was growing here today that the Asquith administration is very near its end.

The Irish home rule situation looked extremely unpromising. The conference of party leaders called by King George appeared, if anything, to have made things worse instead of better.

Premier Asquith was suspected by the Irish labor members of parliament and also by some of his own followers, the liberals, of a disposition to yield so much to the conservatives in the way of compromise as practically to nullify the home rule bill.

If this guess proved to be correct, it was freely predicted, even among liberals, that he would be unable to hold his own parliamentary majority together.

On the other hand, if he "stood pat," there was every prospect of an uprising in Ulster such as must overturn his government.

The general opinion among politicians today was that the conservatives have never intended to make concessions which the home rulers would accept but that they have been sparing, all along, for an opening which would enable them to force a national election.

(Continued on page 5.)

## FINE PRIZES FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN'S INDUSTRIAL FAIR

### Salem Business Men Vie With Each Other in Providing Suitable Prizes

### WINNERS MAY GET TO SEE EXPOSITION

### Their Exhibits Will Be Sent to State Fair Which Gives Them This Chance

The third annual school children's industrial fair will be held in Salem, September 25, at the army. The boys and girls of Marion county are getting ready for the event. The successful contestants in the local fair held at the armory will be entered at the State Fair. The two contestants of the local fair winning the highest awards will be the guests of a State Fair committee, and all contestants entering exhibits at the Oregon Fair besides the premiums offered by the fair authorities will be given a chance to be among the ten winners for a trip to the Panama Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco, during the summer of 1915, with all expenses paid.

Much preparation is being made for the coming exhibit at the armory. Mrs. C. H. Pickett has been an earnest worker among the children and county Superintendent Smith with A. C. Maris, an industrial field worker in the state, will start on a tour Thursday morning beginning at Chemawa, and inspect the work of the children in the county. Salem merchants have contributed many fine prizes and the aspirants are awaiting the event expectantly.

The only rules governing the armory industrial fair are that:

1. Exhibitors will be divided into two classes—Class A—Those past their fourteenth birthday. Class B—Those under their fourteenth birthday.
2. Every exhibitor is expected to plant his own seed, cultivate his own plants, and harvest his own crop. He must care for his own poultry, and must make with no other help than advise his own mechanical, needlework, and cooking exhibits.
3. A signed statement to this effect will be required of each exhibitor.
4. Parents and teachers are asked to co-operate in securing absolute honesty on the part of exhibitors.
5. No pupil shall make more than one entry for each prize.
6. Exhibits should be brought to the armory on Friday afternoon, September 24, and called for as soon as the fair is over.

For further information write the County School Superintendent.

Premiums.

1. Field corn (10 ears), Classes A and B.—First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.
2. Sweet corn (10 ears), Classes A and B.—First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.
3. Pop corn (10 ears), Classes A and B.—First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.
4. First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.
5. First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.
6. First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.
7. First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.
8. First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.
9. First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.
10. First, \$1.00; second, \$0.75; third, \$0.50; fourth, \$0.25; fifth, \$0.10.

(Continued on page 3.)



U. S.—THAT TARNATION DONKEY ISN'T HELPING MUCH.