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Leased Wire  
Dispatches

# The Daily Capital Journal

Today's News  
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SALEM, OREGON, FRIDAY, MAY 1, 1914.

PRICE TWO CENTS STANDS FIVE CENTS

## WRECK OF SIBERIA ENDANGERS LIVES OF 600 PASSENGERS

### Chinese Pirates May be Involved in Disaster Off Formosan Coast.

## JAPANESE VESSEL ANSWERS S. O. S. CALL

### Ships Wireless Ceases Sending Out Messages With Aid Six Hours Away.

San Francisco, May 1.—The Pacific Mail's big steamship *Siberia* was wrecked today on Samanau island, 20 miles off the south coast of Formosa. The wireless had failed and details were entirely lacking. It was not even known how the disaster occurred. A terrifying hint was conveyed in a message from Japan that perhaps Chinese pirates were involved in it. This, however, seemed to be a conjecture. The Formosan coast is notoriously dangerous for shipping.

News that the *Siberia* was in distress was flashed by the ship's own wireless early Friday morning. China coast time, which would have been early Thursday evening on the Pacific coast of the United States.

The liner was on its way from Nagasaki to Hongkong at the time, and its signal was intended for the Great Northern steamship *Minnesota*, north bound, and presumably somewhere in the vicinity. The message, however, was picked up on the Japan coast.

### Captain Seeks Help.

Then followed "S. O. S." calls in rapid succession. The *Siberia* was in great danger, its commander, Captain Adrian Zeeder, stated, and he begged help at once. The ship's exact position—22.40 north latitude and 121.10 east longitude—was given, but just what has happened was not explained.

This summons was caught by stations on the Japanese and Formosan coasts and by the British cruiser *Minotaur* in Formosan waters. Gradually the signals grew more and more indistinct and finally stopped entirely.

Under orders from the Tokio government the steamship *Kanto* had left the Formosan coast in the meantime, under full head of steam for the scene of the disaster. The *Kanto* got under way at 8 a. m., and it was said at the very earliest it could not reach the *Siberia* in less than six hours.

A Japanese and a British cruiser—the latter presumably the *Minotaur*—also steamed at top speed for Samanau island.

## Vessel Only Aground.

The failure of the distressed vessel's wireless naturally gave rise to the most direful forebodings and for some time it was believed that the *Siberia* had gone to the bottom. Later, however, it was announced from the Pacific Mail offices that the craft was aground only, though it was admitted its position was very dangerous.

The collapse of the wireless was attributed by some to damage to the apparatus, which did not necessarily mean that the ship itself was hopelessly lost. Others said it might be due to aerial conditions, which frequently are bad off Formosa for such signaling.

The *Siberia* was commanded by Captain Adrian Zeeder, commodore of the Pacific Mail's fleet, and considered one of the ablest navigators on the eastern ocean.

The ship carried 80 cabin passengers, a crowded steerage and a crew of 282, all, excepting the officers, Chinese.

Among the passengers was Mrs. Francis Barton Harrison, wife of the governor general of the Philippines, who had been visiting in Japan and joined the vessel at Nagasaki.

The big liner left San Francisco on April 7. It touched at Honolulu, Yokohama, Kobe and Nagasaki, and left the latter port for Hongkong and Manila April 29.

The *Siberia* was of a trifle more than 18,000 tons. It was luxuriously fitted and for service and accommodations compared favorably with all but the most palatial of the trans-Atlantic liners.

## List of Passengers.

Still on board, bound for Manila and Hongkong, were:

W. B. Beard, George M. Egan, Miss Eleanor Gillespie, Arthur Hallberg, Miss Amelia F. Klein, Howard Long, Mrs. Jane G. Palmer, Lieutenant C. V. Boyes, O. C. Whitaker, Mrs. O. C. Whitaker.

For Hongkong: J. Donald Demarest, Bruce D. Ellis, Bruce D. Ellis, Danforth B. Ferguson, J. St. C. Hunt, Mrs. St. C. Hunt, Master John Hunt, Miss Lulah Hunt, Mrs. Grace C. Lawton, Francis H. Love, W. D. Whittemore, Mrs. W. D. Whittemore, Dr. Wong Him, Miss Catherine A. Wong Him.

The following passengers joined the *Siberia* en route:

At Honolulu: Mrs. P. L. Cherry, E. B. Kellam, Miss Ada Morton Murphy, Miss Frances D. Murphy, Mrs. L. B.

## DUE TO OIL KING'S SON THAT STRIKE CONTINUES

### Mine Owners Claim to Have 10,000 Loyal Miners Ready to Work.

## OPERATORS REFUSE TO ARBITRATE ON ANY BASIS

### Militiamen Loot Saloons and Carry Away Whiskey and 25 Boxes of Cigars.

Denver, Colo., May 1.—Responsibility for the flat refusal of Colorado mine operators to arbitrate their differences with the striking coal miners rests with John D. Rockefeller, Jr., according to union officials here.

Congressman Foster, chairman of the committee which investigated conditions in the Colorado mining regions, telegraphed Rockefeller last night that William Green, an official of the United Mine Workers of America, had announced that the miners were willing to waive their demand for union recognition and urged him to settle the strike on this basis. Rockefeller immediately forwarded the message to operators here.

Late last night the operators wired Foster, refusing to enter into negotiations of any character with officers of the miners' organization. The declaration was taken to mean that the operators will refuse to arbitrate on any basis. They insist that they have 10,000 loyal miners ready to go to work when they are afforded protection, and charge that leaders of the strikers directly incited "murderous attacks on militiamen and mine guards."

District President McLennan of the United Mine Workers of America declared today that Rockefeller's influence was responsible for the refusal of the operators to arbitrate, and asserted they were following his suggestions to the letter.

### Militiamen Loot Saloons.

Trinidad, Colo., May 1.—Troop G, commanded by Captain C. C. Smith of the regular army, arrived at Walsenburg today and the state militiamen immediately started to leave the camp. No further trouble was expected from the strikers.

Saloon men complained to Captain Smith that militiamen last night had looted their stores and taken 50 quarts of whiskey and 25 boxes of cigars. Smith immediately arrested six militiamen, recovered the loot, and turned the men over to their captains for punishment.

Another troop of cavalry left Trinidad today for Segundo.

Strikers in the San Rafael colony were scheduled to meet today and vote whether to disarm in accordance with Major Holbrook's request.

## Would Revoke Charter.

Washington, May 1.—Senator Kenyon of Iowa was drafting today a resolution for introduction in the national upper house by which he proposes to revoke the charter given to John D. Rockefeller's general educational board in 1903. His plan was based on disapproval of the oil king's attitude concerning the Colorado mine strike situation.

Three hundred Industrial Workers of the World, carrying numerous banners, marched to Union Square here this afternoon.

Some of the banners read:

"Rockefeller is a fine Christian! He murders women and children."

"Why not hold Rockefeller to account? He is guilty of many murders."

The marchers jeered and booed at all the churches they passed.

## EIGHT LAND LOCATORS PLACED UNDER ARREST

Portland, May 1.—Eight of the 15 land locators indicted by the federal grand jury recently on charges of fraudulently using the mails in locating settlers on the forfeited lands of the Oregon and California land grants are under arrest today. W. F. Menard of Portland was arrested yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal DeBoest at Hot Springs on the Warm Springs Indian reservation, where he had gone for his health.

E. J. Sellers, voluntarily surrendered to the United States marshal at Seattle late yesterday, according to advices received from Attorney Reams today. He gave bonds of \$2,000 and was released.

Arraigned before Federal Judge Bean today, D. B. Houston, arrested in Seattle last Saturday, pleaded not guilty and was released on \$2,000 bonds.

## BONES BROKEN AS RESULT OF FALL FROM MOTORCYCLE

Bill Lawton, of Independence, sustained a broken right leg and a broken right shoulder yesterday afternoon about six o'clock as the result of a fall from a motorcycle while turning a corner in Independence. He was immediately brought to this city in an automobile and taken care of at the Willamette Sanatorium by Dr. Harry Clay. He was received at the hospital about 9 o'clock. The motorcycle driven by Lawton skidded and threw him to the pavement. He is resting as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

The trouble of the recallers is they can't elect anybody.

If Americans feed hungry Mexicans the invaders will be secretly welcomed by many.

## REBELS HASTEN TO CAPTURE TAMPICO TO GAIN SEA PORT

### Saltillo Will be Surrounded to Prevent Its Giving Aid to Besieged.

## HUERTA WILLING TO SALUTE FLAG

### Mediators Waiting Reply of Carranza to Request for Armistice.

El Paso, Texas, May 1.—The Mexican rebels were putting all other business aside today in order to hasten the capture of Tampico.

Whether or not it was true, as reported, that the Washington administration had hinted at a willingness to recognize their belligerency if they secured possession of a sea port, a sea port was what they were determined to have.

The decision was reached at a conference at Jimenez last night between General Villa and other rebel leaders. Monterey, it was said, would be made the new provisional capital, General Carranza establishing himself there with his cabinet, and the same point will be the base of operations against Tampico.

As an initial step, rebel officers stated, Saltillo will be surrounded to prevent its garrison from going to Tampico's relief. Even after providing for Saltillo, Villa will have 17,500 men to cooperate with General Gonzalez's 15,000.

Confidence was expressed that the Tampico defenders cannot long hold their own against these combined forces.

## Small Hope of Peace.

Washington, May 1.—That the administration has small hopes of permanent peace in Mexico was indicated today by a request made in the house that army appropriations exceeding \$100,000,000 be made immediately available.

This request was in the form of a joint resolution introduced by Congressman Hay of Virginia, chairman of the military affairs committee, with President Wilson's approval. It was expected a similar rider would be added to the naval appropriation bill.

It was learned today that President Huerta had expressed a belated willingness to salute the American flag, unconditionally, if the United States forces were withdrawn from Vera Cruz, and that he had been told martial law had gone too far and that he must eliminate himself.

The mediators were awaiting General Carranza's final reply to their request for an armistice, which he has thus far refused. It was reported with much detail that the administration has urged General Villa to strike at once at Saltillo and Tampico, taking them, if possible, before mediation can interfere with his campaign.

## Victory Would Aid Rebels.

Such a victory, it was said, would have the moral effect of aiding the rebels greatly, and by giving them a spark, would put them in a position to ask for recognition of their belligerency. Government officials would not discuss this report, but they were at pains to emphasize the friendliness which existed between the administration and the constitutionalists.

The mediators had, however, assurances from both Washington and Mexico City that the armistice was agreed to. Secretary Bryan was hopeful. He admitted that he had called his Florida vacation off, but said he hoped to get away from the capital for a few days' rest late in the summer.

The mediators were in conference all night.

From Vera Cruz, Consul Canada reported that there are many more Americans still in Mexico City than is generally supposed. He estimated the number at 1,500 and said efforts were being made to arrange for their transportation to the coast. He added, however, that the capital was quiet and foreigners were not being molested.

Burton Wilson, J. Starr Hunt, George McCarthy, K. M. VanZandt, George Cook, Colonel Yeager and General Agremon, who were taken from refugee trains bound for the coast and forced to return to Mexico City, were safe, it was stated.

## EVERY MAN ENTOMBED IS DEAD SAY RESCUERS

Eeles, W. Va., May 1.—Seventy-five corpses had been located up to noon today in the shaft of the New River Collieries company's explosion wrecked coal mine here. Seven bodies were brought to the surface.

"Every man entombed is dead," said one of the rescuers. Ninety seven corpses remain to be located. Gas and fallen timbers are hampering our work."

## Serves Freedom and Free Drinks to Maintain Loyalty



Mexico City advices today say that General Huerta had released all political prisoners including a number of members of the congress which he dissolved because the deputies refused to comply with his wishes. In freeing them, he addressed them personally, saying:

"We are now brothers, facing a common enemy—the Americans—who are invading our country."

The dictator has also seized the saloons in the capital to make sure that all who care for it may have a liberal supply of drink, his theory being that in this way he can keep the people loyal to him.

The captain of the French cruiser *Comde* had a message today, however, confirming reports that many Mexicans are turning against the president.

## POLICE GUARDING HOME FEW REGISTER TODAY

### PICKETS' DEMONSTRATION PUTS REAL FEAR INTO HEART OF OIL MAGNATE.

New York, May 1.—Demonstrations against John D. Rockefeller, Jr., have become so violent that his home here is being guarded day and night. The police admitted they were greatly concerned regarding his safety.

Pickets resumed their pleas today in front of the Standard Oil building at 26 Broadway. Each wore a badge inscribed "Thou shalt not kill." Mrs. Upton Sinclair announced that as soon as her husband is released from jail after his six days' sentence, he intends to hire a hearse, drive back and forth in front of Rockefeller's residence, and follow him to the theater and to his office. Sinclair was sentenced to jail for leading a demonstration in front of the Standard Oil building.

Miss Freeman was released from jail today, someone having paid her fine. She was one of the four women arrested with Sinclair. She immediately rejoined the pickets.

Miss Marie Gans, addressing a meeting today of the Industrial Workers of the World in Mulberry park, reiterated her threat to shoot Rockefeller on sight.

Rockefeller's secretary announced this afternoon that the millionaire was at Tarrytown. "Mr. Rockefeller is ill and it is probably due to these demonstrations against him," said the secretary.

Sinclair was still on a hunger strike today. He wrote a letter to District Attorney Whitman in which he said he was innocent of any wrongdoing.

As ever girls are "stuck on" a military uniform, especially if it has epaulettes.

Ex-Bandit Villa seems to have much more common sense than First Chief Carranza.

### The Weather

Oregon: Fair tonight and Saturday; northwesterly winds.

SEE! THAT OLD RENT IS DUE AGAIN!

## STRIKERS REFUSE TO SURRENDER THEIR ARMS

### Major Holbrook May Attempt to Disarm Both Guards and Miners.

### SAY THEY NEED THEIR GUNS WHEN TROOPS GO

### Weapons and Ammunition Are Buried and Owners Refuse to Reveal Hiding Places.

Trinidad, Colo., May 1.—Striking coal miners in the Trinidad field flatly refused this afternoon to surrender their arms to regular army authorities. This decision, following a meeting between Major Holbrook, commanding the regulars, and William Diamond and John Brown, strike leaders.

After the conference the labor leaders voiced the opinion that Major Holbrook would attempt to disarm both the mine guards and the strikers. Later in the day Holbrook conferred with William Murray, general manager of the Victor-American Fuel company, and George Peart, of the Rocky Mountain Fuel company.

"It is impossible yet to say in what form peace will come, but I hope it will come without bloodshed," said Holbrook this afternoon. "My troops have been here only 24 hours. Washington is being informed constantly of conditions here. I have discussed the case with both factions and am trying to maintain an absolutely neutral position."

"We think the regulars are here simply to preserve peace," said William Diamond. "That's what we want. But if anyone thinks we will advise the miners to surrender their guns while the guards retain their weapons, they are very much mistaken. If the troops try to take our arms they will have some job finding them. We have all our guns and ammunition buried."

"If they arrest us, why that will be all right. But we don't intend to surrender our arms and even when the federals withdraw, to be again at the mercy of the guards, who have killed women and children and burned our tents."

"The whole region is quiet now. It probably will remain quiet while the regulars are here, but when they are withdrawn we will again be without protection unless we have our arms."

## Send Troops From Vancouver.

Washington, May 1.—A request for more troops to guard the northern Colorado coal fields was received today by Secretary of War Garrison from Governor Ammons. If the request is granted the troops will be sent from Vancouver barracks, Wash.

## Old Sol Smiles Greetings to May

May is the fifth month in the year numerically and the first in Cupid's calendar. It was named from Maia, a Grecian goddess, daughter of Atlas, the old gentleman who is depicted in the old geographies walking around with the world on his shoulders and evidently pretty tired of toting it. Atlas also gave the name to that flat-chested and highly colored school book with the maps in it and places no one can find when they want to locate them in a hurry.

History says Maia was "the mother of Mercury by Jupiter." This may be true, but if Governor West had been around that historian would probably have hesitated before swearing about it. The May pole which is erected and garlanded in her honor always bursts into bloom on the first of the 31 days in the month, and this regardless of the weather conditions. She was rather flirty in her younger days as the birth of Mercury attests, the records at Vancouver showing no marriage of the two. It was from that time people with a light atmosphere and who are not quite certain as to what they will or will not do are said to have a "mercurial temperament."

There is other evidence of her waywardness, it being an accepted fact that she is always tripping, the poets especially calling attention to this trait. Here in Oregon this year she tripped June up, stole her roses, and came, tripping as usual, to the front in her stolen garlands and fragrant draperies of blossoms. Our folks are not particular as to whom we lift our hat so we tip our lid to the jolly young lady and bid her welcome regardless of her general reputation.

## COUNTER REWARD OFFERED IN TEXAS

### CAPTAIN OF RANGERS WOULD GIVE \$500 FOR A BEAD ON GEREROUS MEXICAN.

San Antonio, Texas, May 1.—Advices received here today said that Mexicans at Laredo had offered five hundred head of cattle for the head of every Texas ranger slain on Mexican soil.

Captain J. Sanders of the rangers retaliated as follows:

"I will give \$500 for a sight on Texas soil of the Mexican who made that offer."

## WILL PUNISH MEXICANS IF DR. RYAN IS EXECUTED

Washington, May 1.—Warning was issued that if Dr. Edwin Ryan was executed as a spy at Zacatecas, which was said to be planned because he has been acting openly as a state department agent peace talk would stop and the severest punishment be meted out to those responsible for the execution.

The Brazilian embassy in Mexico City reported to the state department this afternoon that the Mexican government had promised to free Dr. Edwin Ryan, an American reported detained at Zacatecas and in danger of execution, if it found on investigation that he was a prisoner there.

## REFUGEES STONED BY MEXICANS AS THEY BOARD SHIP

### 259 Americans Compelled to Flee From Manzanillo by Angry Mob.

## AMERICAN FLAGS TORN TO STRIPS

### Insults Heaped Upon Consuls and Crowds Shout "Death to Americans."

San Diego, Cal., May 1.—After being stoned, insulted and threatened with death by the Mexicans at Guadalajara and Manzanillo, 259 American citizens reached San Diego today on the German steamer *Marie*. Of the refugees 60 were women and 72 children. All rejoiced to escape from Mexico with their lives.

A majority of the refugees were given but 48 hours to leave Mexico or become Mexican citizens, and as they boarded the *Marie* at Manzanillo the American consulate at that port was stormed, a dozen American flags were torn to strips by the Mexicans and burned.

A large picture of President Wilson was taken from the American consulate and carried to the wharf, where the Americans were assembled. Horns were drawn upon the president's head, he was hailed as the devil and the picture was then trampled upon by the angry crowd, in which there were many Mexican women and children.

## "Death to the Americans!"

The fragments of the president's portrait were then gathered together, coal oil poured upon them and all that was left of the picture burned, as the Mexicans danced around and shouted "muertos los gringos!" (death to the Americans.)

All the refugees resided in Guadalajara and vicinity. En route to the port of Manzanillo, after being ordered hurriedly out of Guadalajara, the train was attacked at every station by Mexicans. Stones were thrown through the car windows and many of the American women fainted from fright. The Mexicans even spat through the windows at the Americans.

With the refugees were two American vice consuls, Dr. W. B. Davis, who was stationed at Guadalajara, and H. M. Stadden, stationed at Manzanillo. Insults were heaped upon both as they boarded the German boat.

The refugees left Guadalajara for Manzanillo in two parties. The first 106 left on the advice of Charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy, April 20th. The trip by rail is 200 miles and all along the way the Americans were in fear of death.

## Huerta Says "Get Out!"

The second party left April 25th when told by the captain of the guard to evacuate Guadalajara in 48 hours or become citizens of Mexico. The guard had his orders from the general of arms of the state of Colima, who acted on the direct command of President Huerta. There were 95 Americans in this party and they were subjected to even worse treatment along the line than befell those who preceded them. Cries of "death to the Americans" greeted their ears at every little station.

At Manzanillo the Americans were met by a mob but the Mexican soldiers herded them together and rushed them to the American consulate. For hours a mob howled outside. None of the Americans had arms after reaching Manzanillo. Those with revolvers were disarmed aboard the ship.

When the German ship *Marie* came in sight the Mexicans thought it was an American man of war and hurried the refugees into a coral back of the city. The refugees are convinced that if it had been an American ship they would have been held as hostages.

Captain Davidson of the *Marie* saw the peril of the Americans and volunteered to take them to America. The Mexicans said they would well rid of the "gringos" and drove them on board, hooting as they went.

The German consul at Manzanillo and the British consul at Guadalajara protected the Americans in every way possible. The American consuls had been stripped of all authority.

## Held as a Spy.

Vera Cruz, Mex., May 1.—Consul Canada and the other American officials here were awaiting word anxiously today from Zacatecas, where it was said Dr. Edwin Ryan, an American, was in danger of being executed by the Mexican federalists as a spy. They said Ryan had been in the Red Cross service for years and that it is inconceivable that the charge against him is well founded.

The government at Washington was making every effort today to learn the truth concerning the case of Dr. Ryan. It was admitted freely that Ryan had been acting as agent for the state department as well as a Red

(Continued on page two.)