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Leased Wire
Dispatches

The Daily Capital Journal

Today's News
Printed Today

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

SALEM, OREGON, TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1914.

PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS
STANDS, FIVE CENTS

FEDERAL TROOPS ORDERED TO COAL STRIKE DISTRICT

President Reads Riot Act and Sends U. S. Cavalry to Enforce It.

DISTURBERS TOLD TO LAY DOWN ARMS

Both Mine Owners and Strik- ers Sought Troops to Set- tle Labor War.

Washington, April 23.—Following a prolonged conference with Secretary of War Garrison, President Wilson this afternoon ordered six troops of United States cavalry from Fort Russell, Cheyenne, into the Colorado mine strike zone to restore order.

At the same time that the troops arrive a proclamation which has already been telegraphed to Colorado will be published, calling upon all disturbers to lay down their arms and go home.

It will be in effect a reading of the riot act by the federal government and the cavalry will be sent to enforce it.

Private Secretary Tumulty announced in the president's behalf that United States soldiers were not ordered to Colorado until both Colorado senators, the state's entire congressional delegation and both mine owners and strikers had asked it.

The chief executive's telegram to Governor Ammons was as follows:

"In response to your telegram describing the situation of domestic violence in your state, which you inform me has passed beyond the ability of the state to control, and conveying your request to me to dispatch federal troops, pursuant to section four, article four in the constitution of the United States, I beg leave to advise you that section four of the constitution provides that the United States shall protect such states on application of the legislature or of the executive when

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LOSES HER LIFE IN FIRE

PRETTY PORTLAND GIRL BLINDED BY SMOKE Huddled Up in Blanket to Die.

Portland, Or., April 23.—Stunned by a fall, blinded by smoke, confused and dazed with fright, pretty Leone Freuitt, a 15-year-old shop girl, employed in a local 10-cent store, was suffocated in a fire that gutted her mother's rooming house at 235 Twelfth street early today.

Others in the house, including the girl's mother and younger brother, reached the street in safety, but little Leone was not able to get out of her room on the second story. Dense smoke and flames cut off the narrow wooden stairway from rescuers and the firemen reached her too late.

Folded in a blanket, she was found huddled on the floor between her bed and the wall of the room. The body was so hot that firemen were unable to touch it. Her face and hands were horribly burned while a bruise on her head leads to the belief that she struck the wall in the dark and was stunned so as to be able to find the door of her chamber. She was rushed to the Good Samaritan hospital in hope of resuscitation.

A passerby, whose identity is unknown, discovered the fire. The loss to the rooming house is nominal.

ODDS OF 10 TO 4 FAVOR WELSH OVER CROSS

Los Angeles, Cal., April 23.—Freddie Welsh and Leach Cross will meet at Vernon tonight in a scheduled 20-round bout for the privilege of boxing Willie Ritchie for the lightweight title July 4 if Ritchie will make the match.

Welsh was favored today by the bettors to the extent of 10 to 4. Some Cross money appeared but the Welsh admirers backed the price from 2 to 1 during the afternoon. The figure was expected to prevail at ringside.

Although the men had agreed to weigh 135 pounds at the ringside, Welsh waived his weight rights at noon when they met for an examination by the club's physicians. They weighed in at the doctor's office, Cross being a shade over the 135 pound mark and Welsh 134 1/2.

The sky was cloudy late today, and a cool wind blew, but fair weather was predicted for tonight. Advance sales indicated a good-sized crowd. The first preliminary was carded for 8 o'clock. Welsh and Cross were to be taken over by Referee Eyton at 9:15 o'clock.

CAPTAIN GIBBONS, COMMANDING UTAH.



Photo by American Press Association.

The battleship Utah of the Atlantic fleet is a first line battleship of twenty-six guns, commanded by Captain John H. Gibbons.

Situation in Strike District in Brief

President Wilson today ordered six troops of federal cavalry into the Colorado coal fields to stop the warfare between militia and mine guards and striking miners.

The chief executive asked Governor Ammons to withdraw the militia as soon as the regulars arrive.

A proclamation by the president was telegraphed to Colorado calling on the combatants to lay down their arms and go home.

President Wilson, through Chairman Foster of the house committee on mining, voiced a personal plea to John D. Rockefeller to end the strike through arbitration.

Rockefeller flatly rejected all offers of arbitration, but Foster was expected to confer with J. C. Osgood, another of the largest Colorado mine owners, before returning to Washington.

President Wilson and Secretary of War Garrison were conferring today regarding the advisability of sending federal troops into Colorado.

Louisville, Lafayette and Marshall, three towns in the northern Colorado coal fields, reported attacked by miners with machine guns. Telephone communication with all three towns was interrupted.

Present activity of the miners follows a clash between militiamen and strikers at Ludlow, in which 35 persons, mostly women and children, were killed.

The strikers captured the McNally mine near Walsenburg; seven were reported dead.

A battle was reported in progress at the Hecla mine, near Boulder.

Two hundred militiamen, commanded by Adjutant General Chase, are encamped at Ludlow, fifteen miles north of Trinidad.

The strikers are erecting a new tent colony at Ludlow under the supervision of "Mother" Jones, the famous woman strike leader.

Governor Ammons wired President Wilson asking that a committee of army officers from Fort Logan be sent to investigate the Ludlow situation.

MAYO IS UPHELD IN TAMPIOCO ACTION

DEPARTMENT SAYS THAT LAND- ING OF MARINES WOULD HAVE CAUSED TROUBLE.

Washington, April 23.—In answer to complaints by refugees that Admiral Mayo did not exert himself as he should to protect Americans at Tampico, the navy department issued an explanation this afternoon to the effect that the admiral was assured on good authority that landing of United States marines would be calculated to cause rather than prevent trouble.

Americans on shore, it was stated, themselves asked that the ships be temporarily withdrawn and Admiral Badger acceded to their request. The captain of the British cruiser off the port, however, offered to take off all Americans who wished to leave, and Mayo considered this the best way of conserving American interests.

"The result," it was added in the department's explanation, "justified the action taken."

PRESIDENT SILENT AS TO MEXICAN SITUATION

Washington, April 23.—President Wilson and his advisers were extremely reticent concerning the Mexican situation this afternoon. There was a cabinet session and it was known it was decided to hold the army and navy ready for eventualities but no further particulars were made public. The general impression was that the administration considered the next move was the mediators'.

700 DEPUTIES SWORN IN.

Denver, April 23.—Seven hundred deputies were sworn in at Boulder this afternoon and started for Louisville to rescue Sheriff Buster and County Attorney Martin, reported imprisoned by striking miners in the Hecla stockade. There was an unconfirmed rumor that Buster was wounded.

Baldwin detectives arrested Secretary William Hickett of the state federation of labor and President John Carter of the Marshall miners local in the outskirts of Denver on their way with an automobile load of ammunition, it was charged, for the northern Colorado strikers.

Sample Ballots Ready.

Sample ballots on which are printed the names of the candidates for nomination for the various state and county offices at the primaries on May 15, may be had at the county clerk's office. There are 73 precincts in Marion county and the ballots for each precinct are slightly different.

The Weather

Fair tonight and Wednesday; light frosts west, heavy frosts east portion tonight; variable winds, mostly northerly.

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CAPTAIN RODGERS COMMANDS DELAWARE.



Photo by American Press Association.

The Delaware, which Captain William L. Rodgers commands under-Rear Admiral Fletcher, has twenty-four guns and is a battleship of the first line. She is of 20,000 tons.

234 MINERS DIE WHEN EXPLOSION CAUSES CAVE-IN

Fire Follows and Adds Terror to Disaster at New Rivers Collieries.

MEN ARE ENTRAPPED IN BLAZING SHAFTS

Rescue Parties Hurried to the Scene of Catastrophe to Save Lives.

Beckley, W. Va., April 23.—Two hundred and forty miners were entombed by an explosion this afternoon which wrecked the shafts of the New River Collieries company at Eccles, near here. The explosion occurred at 2:30 o'clock. It is feared that the loss will be heavy.

Latest reports indicate that at least 234 men were working in the mine when the explosion occurred. A telephone message from Eccles said all were believed dead.

Fire broke out immediately after the explosion at the entrance to the number five shaft. About 157 men were trapped here, and about 74 in number 6 shaft.

Rescue parties were enroute to Eccles this afternoon from both Bluefields and Fairmont. The New River company is owned by the Guggenheims of Colorado.

Reports Confirmed.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 23.—The bureau of mines this afternoon partially confirmed the news of the Eccles disaster. It was said the bureau officials at Fairmont, W. Va., had asked for a rescue car and crew, and an apparently accurate report later estimated the dead at 231.

THINGS THAT ARE EATEN BY SOME OREGON BIRDS

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis, Ore., April 23.—Only two kinds of birds destroy cherry blossoms so far as observed by Professor George Sykes, of the Agricultural College, during a seven-day investigation. These are the California purple-finch and the English sparrow.

"For seven days," says Professor Sykes, "every bird that was seen in a cherry tree was put under inspection. In only two cases was there any room for suspicion. To confirm this evidence some of the birds were shot and their stomachs examined. The birds killed and the contents of their stomachs were as follows:

Seven California purple-finches, cherry blossoms 100 per cent; one of the same, 4 legs of Carabid.
One English sparrow, cherry blossoms 100 per cent.
One pine siskin, 36 rag weed seeds, 8 conifer seeds, and grit 20 per cent.
One blue bird, beetle fragments 100 per cent.
One flicker, wood boring termites, 20 per cent, black ants.
One Oregon towhee, beetles 50 per cent, one clover seed, tansy, grit.
"It is thus seen that several birds have been wrongly accused. Robins, bluebirds, goldfinches, pine siskins and other extremely beneficial birds have been shot. It seems almost proverbial that man never knows his own luck."

Rebels in Conference.

Chihuahua City, Mex., April 23.—Generals Carranza, Villa and Angeles were in conference here today. Villa and Angeles arrived in Chihuahua City last evening.

MAY GO AS CAMP COOK

WEST MAY BE A TROOPER, TEAM- STEER, OR EVEN LIEUTENANT COLONEL.

"Having noticed that several of the newspapers have been kind enough to announce my selection as lieutenant-colonel of the proposed cavalry regiment," said Governor West this morning, "I wish to say that no suggestion in this direction has ever come from me. It is true that I am deeply interested in bringing about the organization of the proposed regiment and expect to go to the front with it if troops are called. I cannot say at this time in what capacity I will go. It may be as trooper, teamster, or perhaps camp cook. Should anything better come my way it can come only at the hands of the officers and men who will largely have control of such matters."

"We hope to see a large majority of the officers, men who have seen service in the regular army or as volunteers during the Spanish-American war. By having experienced officers well scattered throughout the regiment it is bound to work to the benefit of the less-experienced officers and men and make for a high standard of efficiency as far as the entire regiment is concerned."

HUERTA WILL NEVER RESIGN SAYS EDITOR

DICTATOR SAYS REAL WAR WILL BEGIN WHEN AMERICANS IN- VADE INTERIOR.

Vera Cruz, Mex., April 23.—"Huerta will never resign, regardless of the United States' threats," said the editor of El Imparcial of Mexico City today.

The editor arrived here this afternoon in his paper's interests. He interviewed Huerta Saturday night. He quoted the dictator as saying: "If you call this war, wait until the Americans invade the interior, as eventually they must."

General Velasco, said the editor, had reached the capital. He declared he was only beaten at Torreon because his ammunition was exhausted.

General Mans today was retreating toward the capital, destroying the railroad as he went. He promised to release the 35 prisoners, mostly Americans, held at Cordova.

One of the uncertainties—who will be governor.

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RECENT WAR CLOUD IS CLEARING FROM PEACEFUL SKIES

Huerta Sends in Official Ac- ceptance of Offer to Medi- ate Controversy

FEW DAYS TO LAPSE BEFORE MEDIATION

Carranza May Join Huerta if He Breaks with Rebel General Villa

Washington, April 23.—The Mexican situation seemed to be clearing today.

No definite progress had been made with peace plans. On the other hand, war preparations went forward uninteruptedly. Yet there was a change in the atmosphere.

It was known definitely that the Washington administration had decided war would be unpopular and meant to do everything possible to avoid it. President Huerta was believed to be grabbing eagerly at the chance to extricate himself from a desperate situation by the comparatively dignified means of accepting mediation.

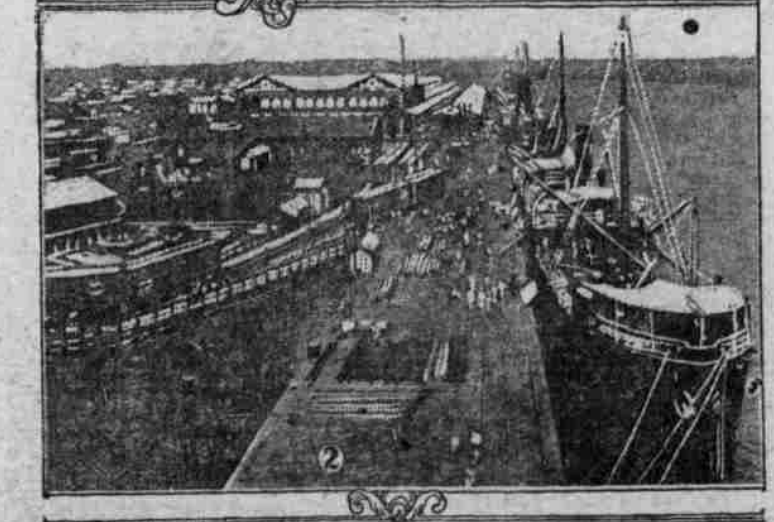
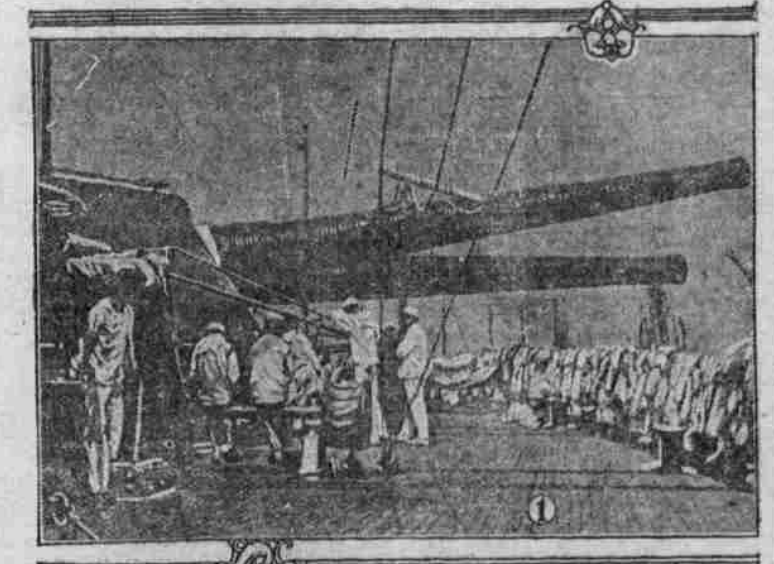
His formal acceptance was handed to Secretary of State Bryan in the course of the forenoon by the Spanish ambassador in Washington. The Wilson administration had already accepted. Argentina's, Brazil's and Chile's diplomatic representatives, the mediators, held themselves in readiness to receive proposals from Mexico City and Washington. As soon as they received they said they would get immediately down to the business of effecting a settlement.

Slight Delay Necessary.

In any event, it was said several days were expected to elapse before there would be definite developments, and in the meantime war preparations were going forward as briskly as

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View on Deck of Florida and Water Front Scenes in Tampico



Photos by American Press Association.

THE FLORIDA IS THE FLAGSHIP OF REAR ADMIRAL FRANK F. FLETCHER, IN COMMAND OF THE FIRST DIVISION OF THE ATLANTIC FLEET NOW AT TAMPIOCO. PICTURE NO. 1 SHOWS SOME OF THE BIG GUNS OF THE FLORIDA. PICTURE NO. 2 SHOWS A VIEW OF THE TAMPIOCO WATER FRONT.

Admiral Mayo reported today that Tampicoan federals were making overtures to the constitutionalists there despite the fact that fighting was in progress.

Major Clark at the head of a detachment of marines from the British cruiser Hermione has gone to Orange Hill, forty miles from Tampico, to get a number of American refugees. Secretary of the Navy Daniels defended

Admiral Mayo's failure to land marines and the acceptance of the offer of the commander of the Hermione to send British marines to Orange Hill for the refugees.

Other dispatches to Secretary Bryan said the railroad from Vera Cruz to Mexico City was being destroyed by Mexican federals. It was said that the ties were being burned and the rails loaded on cars and hauled away.

MEXICANS CHEER U. S. TROOPS AS THEY ARE LANDED

General Funston's Men Or- dered Ashore at Vera Cruz to Relieve Marines.

AMERICANS IN CITY OF MEXICO SAFE

"Snipping" Has Ceased and Good Order Prevails in Captured City.

Vera Cruz, April 23.—General Funston's transports entered the inner harbor here today. The Americans on shore naturally cheered them. What was more significant was that a crowd of about 1,000 Mexicans also cheered enthusiastically. As the ships entered, an aeroplane ascended from the Mississippi's deck and circled the harbor.

Funston's troops were ordered to land from their transports outside the harbor here to relieve the blue-jackets on shore duty. Funston and Admiral Badger were in wireless communication last night and all details of the landing were arranged. It was expected it would be begun at noon, and as soon as the soldiers were ashore, it was said, the jackies would be recalled aboard ship. The marines, however, were scheduled to remain in the city.

Aviator Bellinger made an ascent during the night to locate General Mans forces and reported about 1,000 of them east of Soledad. On the strength of this news the American outposts were reinforced, though it was still thought unlikely an attack would be made under the very muzzles of the big guns on the fleet in the harbor.

12,000 Arms Surrendered.

Mexicans of Vera Cruz had surrendered 12,000 firearms up to today and 133,000 rounds of ammunition. "Snipping" had ceased and excellent order prevailed.

The Mexicans appeared deeply impressed yesterday afternoon by the ceremonies which attended the hoisting of the stars and stripes over Admiral Fletcher's shore headquarters.

President Moreom of the British-owned railroad terminal company here complained to Admiral Craddock, England's naval commander in Mexican waters, that last night Admiral Fletcher seized the company's piers, yards and buildings despite the fact that the Union Jack was floating over them.

Investigation proved that Fletcher considered control of the property necessary to resumption of business activity and would have rented it if the management had not insisted on an exorbitant price. Finally the admiral took possession under martial law.

Craddock merely advised Moreom to communicate with the London foreign office. It was said that he did so and was answered that Fletcher acted within his rights.

More Refugees Arrive.

A trainload of Mexican refugees left today for Tejaria, where it will meet a trainload of Americans from Mexico City. There the nationalities will be exchanged, the Mexicans going on to the capital and the Americans finishing their trip to Vera Cruz.

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Heads of War Council Withdraw Order to Save Defeat of Policy



Photos by American Press Association.

THE ABOVE PICTURES SHOW A TYPE OF BRITISH INFANTRY SERVING IN IRELAND. KING GEORGE (ON LEFT) AND PREMIER ASQUITH, WHO TOOK OVER THE CONTROL OF THE WAR OFFICE AFTER THE RECENT TROUBLE IN ULSTER.

London, April 23.—That English army officers had balked again when called on to serve against the orange-men in Ulster was asserted today by the London Evening News.

A report was current Sunday that when the government learned of a clandestine landing by anti-home-rulers of 60,000 contraband rifles on the Irish north coast, three regiments were ordered to Ulster to prevent the weapons' distribution. The government issued an official denial of this report Monday.

According to the News the order really was issued but the officers refused to go and the purpose of the denial was to conceal the administration's defeat.

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