

HUERTA REPORTED TO HAVE ACCEPTED PEACE PROPOSALS

Bryan Says He Has No "Official" Information But Rumors are Strong.

POWERS ARE URGING DICTATOR TO YIELD

War Preparations Continue Though Peace Reports Prevail at Capital.

Washington, April 27.—Intimations from two different sources that President Huerta has agreed to accept mediation between his government and the United States were received by Secretary of State Bryan this afternoon...

Though it was admitted they had a hard task ahead, it was generally hoped that Argentina, Brazil and Chile would settle the Washington administration's differences with the de facto government of Mexico by mediation.

President Wilson having already expressed himself favorably to the mediation proposition, it was learned indirectly that General Huerta also had endorsed it.

The English, French and German diplomatic representatives in Mexico City were urging Huerta to yield, and Latin Americans said they thought he would only be too glad to get out of trouble without "losing face."

Huerta Must Resign. It was said in Washington that President Wilson would accept no mediation terms which did not include simple apologies to the United States and Huerta's resignation.

The transports with General Funston and the Fifth brigade of United States regulars arrived off Vera Cruz, but the men stayed on board, many though because the mediation plan's outcome was being awaited.

There was a stock market boom in New York for a time on the strength of reports that the American-Mexican difficulty was near settlement. Mutterings of discontent were heard from

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Sanity Question Puzzles Courts

COOS COUNTY COURT SAYS SNEEDON IS INSANE—JURY SAYS NOT—STATE SAYS NO APPEAL.

A rather peculiar case was filed in the supreme court this morning. Some time ago the county court of Coos county, after an examination of Charles Sneedon as to his sanity, declared him insane and committed him to the asylum. Sneedon took an appeal to the circuit court, where, after a trial before a jury, he was declared sane. Now comes the state and appeals to the supreme court, holding there is no law for an appeal in such cases, and that the decision of the county court is final. It is held that the man should have been sent to the asylum, and that only the authorities there have the power to declare the patient sane and to discharge him. It is claimed this is the first case of the kind ever arising in the United States.

PUT IN JOURNAL WANT AD OVERRUN WITH ANSWERS

When the first of the Journal staff reached the office this morning the telephone bell was ringing as though Huerta himself was calling up the office to get the latest war news. Grabbing the phone and anticipating a red-hot story this what the reporter got.

"This is the Capital Journal?"

"Capital Journal," was the reply.

"Well, I've been calling for half an hour. I am swamped and I wanted to be sure you would take out that want ad I put in for a three-day run Saturday. I've had something less than a thousand men this morning after the job, and the street is filled with them yet headed this way. Take the blamed thing out and if there is any extra charge send me the bill, but don't you let the blamed thing run again."

The worried one was Frank Durbin, who had advertised the fact that he wanted a man to work in a diary. It showed him, though he is not recently from Missouri, that a Capital Journal want ad gets what it goes after.

JAPAN TO TAKE PART IN 1915 EXPOSITION

Tokio, April 27.—Announcement that Japan had decided officially to participate in the Panama-Pacific exposition in San Francisco next year was made here today.

WOULD HANG RIOTERS.

Washington, April 27.—The state department received word today that General Huerta, a Mexican rebel leader, he would hang anyone taking part in an anti-American demonstration.

Lots of things and men seem easy until one tries to do them.

JOHN D. RECEIVES ULTIMATUM FROM PRESIDENT WILSON

Oil King Must Decide to Settle Strike in Colorado by 6 O'clock Tonight.

IF HE FAILS TO ACT TROOPS WILL SETTLE

Labor War Said by Close Observers to Rival Mexican Squabble in Extent.

Washington, April 27.—President Wilson issued another ultimatum today—this time to John D. Rockefeller.

When John D., Jr., recently before the congressional committee which investigated the strike in the Colorado coal fields, told the committee men that no concessions would be made to the strikers, he said his utterance was a reflection of his father's views.

Accordingly, the president this morning sent Chairman Foster of the investigating committee to New York to demand of the older Rockefeller immediate action to end the strike.

If Rockefeller complies, it was stated, federal troops would be kept out of the coal fields. If he refused or simply fails to act regulars will be used to restore peace and keep order.

There has been no denial of the fact that Rockefeller, Sr., controls the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, owns most of the mines in the southern Colorado field, and there was high administration authority for the statement that the president proposed to make him exercise this control in the interests of peace or take the situation entirely out of his hands.

Rivals Mexican Crisis. The Colorado strike, those in close touch with him said, has rivalled the Mexican crisis in the chief executive's attention.

He has received hundreds of telegrams demanding troops, including the one from Governor Ammons. Indeed, the order sending the regulars into the field was prepared and would have been issued last night but for a belated suggestion from Congressman Foster that Rockefeller be interviewed first.

President Wilson agreed to this, but said the oil king must decide by 6 o'clock tonight.

Charges have been laid before the president to the effect that the mine owners patrol the Colorado militia and that the regiments have been filled with professional gun men.

Officials of the Colorado labor federation and other labor interests have not been alone in calling for regulars. Representatives of the owners have also insisted that they were needed, blame not the militia, but the strikers for existing conditions.

General Manager Welborn, of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, among others, insisted that unless federal troops came soon every official of the company in Colorado would be assassinated.

Many Strike as a Protest. Indianapolis, Ind., April 27.—Whether a general strike of 500,000 miners as a protest against conditions in Colorado shall be called will be decided May 4th, when the executive board of the United Mine Workers of America will meet here, according to Frank Hayes, vice-president of the organization.

"The situation in Colorado," said Hayes today, "is more vital than that in Mexico. It involves human rights. There is a strong possibility of a general strike."

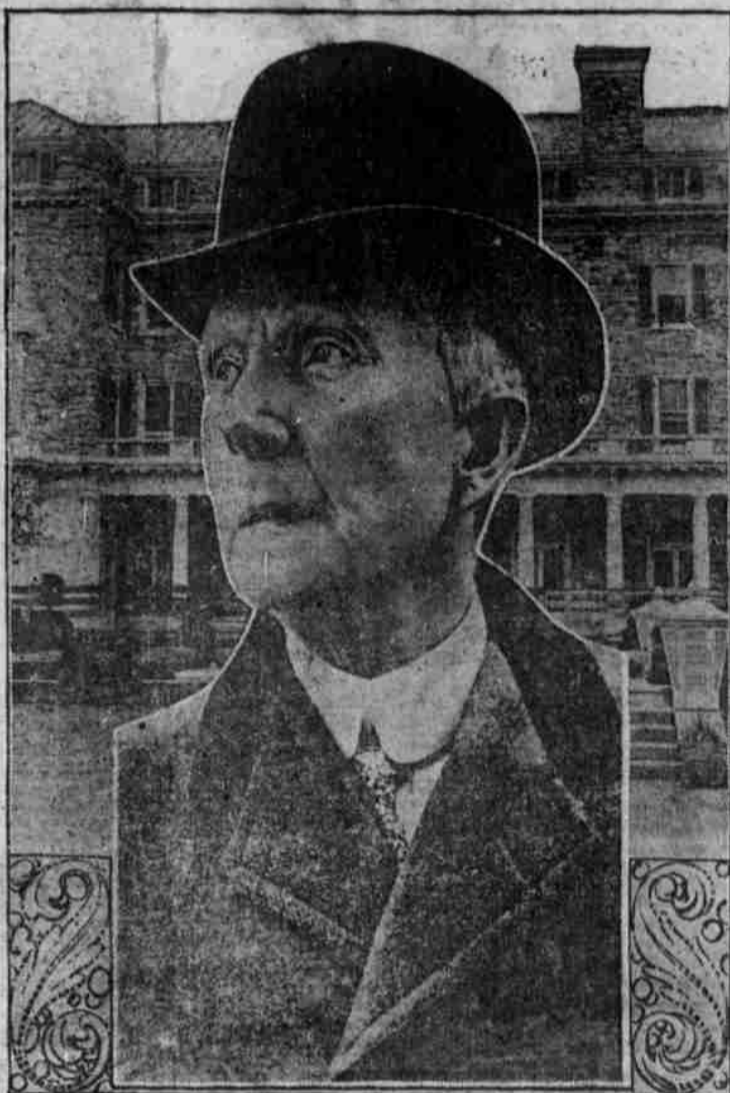
General Strike Demanded. Des Moines, Iowa, April 27.—That a great demand prevails among workmen everywhere for a general strike on account of the conditions in Colorado was the declaration here today of President John White of the United Mine Workers of America.

"The miners have been ordered to surrender their arms but the gunmen go armed and the militia helps the gunmen," White said. "Colorado is bankrupt and unable to pay her own troops."

MAN WANTED FOR ASSAULT LOCATED IN STATE PENN

When Claude Ross, alias George Walters, completes his term of from one to five years in the Oregon state penitentiary for forgery, he will be arrested by the Marion county sheriff on the charge of criminally assaulting a girl here last August. Sheriff Esch has been looking for Ross since January and when he picked up the Portland evening Telegram recently and found that four men were sent to the state penitentiary from Multnomah county he went out to the penitentiary and found his man there. Sheriff Esch kept close tabs on Ross from the time he left here and had reason to believe he was the man he was after. Ross will be met at the prison gate with a warrant.

Oil King Refuses to Take Steps to Settle Labor War



New York, April 27.—"Nothing was accomplished," said Chairman Foster of the congressional committee, which investigated the Colorado coal mine strike, following his submission to John D. Rockefeller, Sr., the mines' chief owner, President Wilson's threat to send federal troops into the coal fields unless the oil king takes steps to end the strike.

"I am not sure that I shall make another attempt at settlement," Foster added. "There is nothing of immediate promise in the air."

It was understood that Rockefeller listened but refused to concede anything. An effort to get a statement from the congressional committee, which investigated the Colorado coal mine strike, following his submission to John D. Rockefeller, Sr., the mines' chief owner, President Wilson's threat to send federal troops into the coal fields unless the oil king takes steps to end the strike.

"CHERRINGO" A SUCCESS

Closes Doors Saturday Night After More Than 2,000 People Had Attended.

Gene into past history but not to be forgotten is the Cherrings "Cherringo," the most unique event ever gotten up by the booster people of Salem.

It closed its two days' run in the Army Saturday night in a blaze of glory and success. All Saturday evening the crowds surged through the shows, spending money freely for the good of the cause.

There were 250 Salem people in the entire show, which will go down in history as an annual event worth going miles to see.

The purpose of the "Cherringo" was to raise an independent Cherrian publicity fund. About \$500 was received from the circus.

There was some class to the noodle and chop suey restaurant, with its viands direct from the Imperial Chinese kitchen.

Browning's Carnival company served fully 2,000 people on its merry-go-round and 1,500 on the ferris wheel.

The Weather

Fair tonight, except showers northwest portion; light frost west, heavy frost east portion; Tuesday fair, warmer southwest portion, westerly winds.

REFUGES ARE LEAVING MEXICAN DANGER ZONE

Few Who Remain Are Believed to Have Placed Their Lives at Mercy of Mexicans.

CHIHUAHUA PRACTICALLY CLEARED OF AMERICANS

General Funston's Brigade Will Land at Vera Cruz Tomorrow, It Is Reported.

New Orleans, La., April 27.—That the lives of several hundred Americans in southeastern Mexico are in imminent danger was the news brought here today by a party of refugees who arrived on the United Fruit company's steamship Marowijne.

The soldiers in that district, they said, hated Americans at best, and had been still further inflamed against them by what they had heard concerning the situation at Vera Cruz. It was declared the troops were entirely lawless and unrestrained, had damaged much property already, and were openly insulting American women and children.

In the party which reached here were S. Best of Sacramento, J. D. and J. Solar of San Pedro, S. Thomas of Bishop and E. Alvarez, F. Brine, L. Blaugh, D. O. Martins, S. Moisant of San Francisco.

Mormons Leave Mexico. El Paso, Texas, April 27.—Two hundred and forty mormons, nearly all of them Americans, arrived here today. It was the first time that any number of mormons have been driven out by the revolution.

Refugees Arrive. Nogales, Ariz., April 27.—Two hundred American refugees arrived here today on a special train from interior Sonora points. Another train is due tomorrow from Hermosillo, bearing United States Consul Hostetter and his staff.

The refugees who arrived today had not heard of reports that American marines had captured Guaymas and Empalme. The report persisted here, however. There was no communication with either city.

45 Chose to Remain. Washington, April 27.—Consular Agent Montague, a fugitive from Cananea, Mexico, reported from Naco, Ariz., today that 500 Americans had left Cananea, but that 45 insisted on remaining. Messages from Consul Canadad at Vera Cruz said he was trying to get a list of Americans detained in Mexico City and elsewhere throughout the country.

Exodus of Mexicans Begun. Washington, April 27.—One hundred and eighty Mexico City refugees, mostly Americans, arrived this afternoon at Vera Cruz, according to a message from Admiral Fletcher. It was added that 21 Americans, 31 British and 42 Mexicans arrived from the capital this morning.

Returning westward the train took 270 Mexicans.

A general exodus of Mexicans from Vera Cruz had begun, Fletcher said.

A list of American refugees now at Consul Canadad. Included in the list were Gifford Jones of Seattle, H. B. Gregory of Santa Rosa, Cal., and the Misses B. Ritz, E. M. Blenthin and Cora Gladden, California missionaries.

Delayed advices to Secretary of State Bryan indicated today that 600 or 700 Americans were still in Mexico City. Consul Canadad also wired details of the detention of many Americans at Agua Calientes. He said the Americans attempted to leave on a refugee train, got as far as Encarnacion, were stopped and turned back to Agua Calientes, where they are now confined in a guarded master plant. Another train was also detained at Trinidad and a number of Americans from Leon released.

Drafting 12-Year-Old Boys. San Diego, Cal., April 27.—Boys of 12 years and less are being equipped with rifles at Escondido, capital of the northern district of Lower California, to fight with full grown Mexican men against the "gringo." This is the message brought by Consul Claude E. Guyant, who has been ordered out of Escondido by Secretary of State Bryan, reaching San Diego on the United States monitor Cheyenne.

"It is the intention to abandon Escondido and to march north to the border to join in the defense of Tijuana and Tecate," said Guyant. "The artillery, 150 men and several machine guns, left Escondido Saturday night for Tijuana. The infantry, which has been recruited up to about 1,000 men, will follow."

Aviators Go to War. That Captain Cowen, in charge of the United States aviation corps here, five expert aviators and 30 mechanics, who are today speeding to Galveston on a special train, will be ordered to Vera Cruz upon their arrival there, is the opinion in San Diego today.

The men took three aeroplanes with them. Six aviators remain at the local camp, awaiting a call to duty on the border here.

The cruiser Albany is coaling here, and will leave for Mazatlan late today. The cruiser Cleveland is expected here today.

The monitor Cheyenne is in port with 81 refugees from Escondido, and the collier Justin and the supply ship Glacier and expected soon with additional

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LATIN-AMERICA IS UNITED ON PLANS TO RESTORE PEACE

Wilson Demands Retirement of Huerta and Full Apology from Uauperp.

WILL IGNORE REBELS UNLESS THEY AGREE

General Villa Expresses Opinion that Crisis of War Has Passed.

Washington, April 27.—Practically all Latin-America was united today on plans to restore order in Mexico.

Forty-eight hours seemed likely to determine whether the United States must go on with its campaign of physical force or withdraw troops and marines from the southern republics' territory.

President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan were hopeful. They considered General Huerta's willingness to accept mediation an excellent sign. Even the mediators admit, however, that their task was herculean.

As his first condition of a settlement President Wilson demanded Huerta's retirement, a full apology for the Tampico incident and other affronts put upon the United States and restoration of constitutional government in Mexico.

I was said the rebels would be ignored unless they recognize whatever compact may be made.

Except the ranking members of the foreign relations committee, not a single democratic leader in congress had been consulted by the administration up to this forenoon relative to the mediation proposition. Even such men as Representatives Underwood and Glass were entirely ignorant concerning developments.

This had resulted in a decidedly delicate situation. Underwood as his supporters were extremely bitter. They charge that because Underwood opposed repeal of American shipping exemption from Panama canal tolls he was being ignored. This was denied at the White House, but the fact remained that a feeling was growing up which threatened to interfere with mediation.

A report was received from Admiral Mayo to the effect that two big oil wells 50 miles north of Tampico were in danger of catching fire. He intimated that it would be well for the United States forces to take precautionary measures. The oil was spreading over a large area, he explained, and if it caught fire he asserted it would be a hopeless task to extinguish it.

Mediation Is Expected. Juarez, Mex., April 27.—Leaving for Chihuahua City today, General Villa gave it as his opinion that the war crisis had passed.

He said he felt confident South American mediation of General Guardia, a federal commander, and General Gonzalez, rebel, who met at Baratarian, Coahuila, last Wednesday and were on the verge of fighting when Guardia received dispatches containing the latest news concerning the American-Mexican crisis.

Immediately, said Robson, the federal leader notified the rebel chieftain of the situation, whereupon the two forces united and declared they would fight side by side against intervention. They were about 3,000 strong, the American noted.

Robson left Palan when his company's 900 Mexican employes threatened to kill him. He reported nine bridges burned on the Monclovia-Saltito road.

Forces Are Uniting. San Antonio, Texas, April 27.—That Mexican federal and rebel forces in the section he is familiar with are uniting against Americans was asserted here today by C. A. Robson, of the Coahuila company of Palan.

Robson, an American, cited as an instance of this the case between the United States and the Huerta government would be eliminated and that Huerta would be eliminated and that everything would be settled satisfactorily to all factions.

To General Pablo Gonzalez, who has been in command at Monterey since its capture by the rebels, he telegraphed a warning to ignore wild rumors and to protect Americans at any cost.

Villa was accompanied southward by General Angeles, the rebel secretary of war, and by their personal staffs. They traveled by special train.

As a result of the winning of the final series of high-and-volley ball contests held at the Y. M. C. A. by Captain Joe Albert, Captain George Hatch and his men will banquet the winners Friday night in the association rooms. This event will close this series of games by the businessmen of Salem.

Type of Ulster Volunteers and Captain Craig, Active Leader



Photo by American Press Association.

London, April 27.—The government officially denied today reports that three regiments of soldiers had been ordered into Ulster as a precaution against an anti-Irish home rule uprising.

Despite the denial there was good authority for believing arrangements had been completed for a military occupation of the county on short notice. It was not expected one would be ordered needlessly, but it was said the administration was determined to use rigorous measures to stamp out resistance of the law the moment it appeared.

Warned by the epidemic of army officers' resignations which followed the last attempt at military measures in Ulster it was said the government had picked its regiments by this time and could rely on them if it wished to use against the arrangements.