

Full
Leased Wire
Dispatches

The Daily Capital Journal

Today's News
Printed Today

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

SALEM, OREGON, THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1914.

ON TRAINS AND NEWS
STANDS, FIVE CENTS
PRICE TWO CENTS

U. S. MAY BE FORCED TO FIGHT UNITED MEXICO

THIRTY-FIVE PERSONS TRAPPED IN BLAZING MINES IN COLORADO

ARMED STRIKERS PREVENT RESCUE IN RETALIATION FOR KILLING OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN AT LUDLOW--SOLDIERS DESERT MILITIA RATHER THAN FIGHT AGAINST THE STRIKERS--STATE IS THREATENED WITH A GENERAL CIVIL WAR.

Trinidad, Colo., April 23.—Thirty-five persons, including five women and three children, were reported trapped today in a blazing coal mine shaft house at the Empire Coal Mining company's mine at Empire. Twenty-five others in a shaft of the Southwestern company's mine at Aguilar were facing a similar fate.

Latest dispatches say more than 1000 armed strikers were gathered at Aguilar and along the line of the Colorado and Southern railroad to prevent relief being sent to the two mines and to halt all troop trains from Denver. The strikers were quoted as saying that no soldiers will be allowed to pass their lines.

The burning of the Empire and Aguilar properties followed a day of unparalleled warfare in American industry.

Representatives of the mine operators here accuse the strikers of throwing bombs into the Empire mine and sealing its mouth to prevent the escape of the 35 persons trapped therein.

Will Shoot Rescuers.
H. D. King, one of the owners of the mine, telephoned that the stoppage of the shaft had been destroyed and that the air shaft furnished the only path to safety. He also asserted that 500 armed strikers surrounded the blazing pit. The strikers declared that President Siple was among those imprisoned. He charges the strikers, when he asked that relief be sent, told him to remember how women and children had died at Ludlow, and threatened to "shoot anyone going to the rescue."

Operators have reports that six coal mining properties were burning today, including the Victor-American mines at Delagua and Hastings, the biggest mines in the coal fields.
At Ludlow the strikers threaten an open general attack on the militia. The strikers are gathering at Rugby, Primo and Black Diamond and an attack is expected momentarily.
Three hundred strikers were reported marching on Ludlow with the an-

nounced determination of exterminating 100 militiamen stationed there. Major Hamrock announced this morning that he would be unable to send detachments to stop the trouble at Empire and at Aguilar.

Trinidad officials are greatly worried over the situation. Mayor Dunleavy and others have wired President Wilson that a civil war will result unless government troops are sent here.

Denver, Colo., April 23.—Acting Governor Fitzgerald this afternoon will call a special session of the legislature to appropriate money for the expenses of the militiamen on duty in the coal mining district. Practically the entire national guard was ordered out last night.

Six hundred militiamen, who were preparing to board a train here for Trinidad had not left at 10:30 o'clock. It was reported that there had been a number of desertions, the privates refusing to fight the miners. It was also understood that fifty officers had tendered their resignations.

MAY TAX SWEET WINES.
Washington, April 23.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo today reported that the treasury was in fine shape for war. He said he thought it would be unnecessary to change the revenue laws to provide more money for military purposes, but suggested tentatively that an extra tax be levied that be placed on sweet wines fortified with brandies. It would bring in \$100,000,000 annually, he explained.

MEXICANS LEAVE LAREDO.
Laredo, Texas, April 23.—Mexican troops and natives were evacuating Nuevo Laredo, across the river from here, this afternoon. General Quintana and 500 federal troops were ordered to go to Saltillo, and all citizens were asked to accompany the soldiers.

Rev. Guy M. Stover, pastor of the Evangelical churches of Brooks and Clear Lake, came up from Brooks this morning.

WEST WILL ENLIST IN REGIMENT OF OREGON CAVALRY

Governor Says His Office Will Not Prevent His Going to War.

LIEUT. HENNESSEY MAY BE COLONEL

Several Towns in State Have Signified Intention to Raise Troops.

Governor West announced this morning that in case war was declared he would go to the front with the regiment of cavalry now being raised. "I hope to see a regiment of cavalry raised," said the governor, "and steps are now being taken to accomplish this."

Lieutenant Hennessey who has been detailed to train the cadets at O. A. C., is a cavalry officer, and he has taken hold of the matter. It is desired that the regiment should go to the front thoroughly equipped and trained and as it would naturally be composed of untrained and inexperienced men it is intended to have a liberal sprinkling of regular army officers among its leaders."

At Pendleton steps are already underway to equip a troop and another can be raised in a short time at Corvallis, as enough cadets have expressed a desire to go to make up a troop. Other places are waiting for the word, and it is probable that the trouble will be to hold the number down to one regiment rather than to get enough. It is suggested by the governor that each person wanting to enlist get his eyes on a suitable mount, so that the officer detailed to purchase the animals can act quickly in making his selections.

Both the Third regiment and the Coast Artillery are officered by men who have seen service but the new regiment would have to get some aid in the way of trained cavalry officers. One such, who had seen service for six years in the cavalry as a sergeant, both along the Mexican border and in the Philippines, offered his services to the governor this morning, but his name could not be learned.

The governor was asked if he would resign in case he became a cavalryman, and replied that he had not given that matter much thought but that "the office would not stand in his way. I want to go," said he, "and the only thing that can prevent it is to be stopped by force. If I can get in I am going in some capacity what does not matter, so I can go."

It seems that war is now a certainty, not only with the Huerta branch of the Mexican government, but with the Carranza part as well. This being the case it is practically certain that a regiment of Oregon cavalry will be accepted, and it is therefore equally certain that Oregon's governor will be with it.

Announcing that Oregon should provide a cavalry regiment second to none for service in Mexico, Governor West, after a conference last night with Lieutenant P. J. Hennessey, United States Cavalry, issued a call for volunteers. The plan is to recruit the regiment as soon as possible and mobilize it, probably in Portland, for training, so as to be in readiness to go to the front when called.

Under the rules at the United States Army, Lieutenant Hennessey, who is now training the cadets at the Oregon Agricultural College, if he organized the regiment, would become the Colonel and so act until the regiment was mustered out, when he would be returned to his original status with the United States Army. He announced that young men who desired to join the regiment should communicate at once with Gov-

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The Weather

Tonight and Friday partly cloudy, probably showers, cooler tonight east portion with light frost, southwest to west winds.



CAPTAIN RUSH OF
FLAGSHIP FLORIDA.



Photo by American Press Association.

Captain Rush commanded the landing force of marines and sailors in the occupation of Vera Cruz. He is commander of the Florida, the flagship of Admiral Fletcher's fleet.

MEXICANS "SNIP" OFF AMERICANS AS THEY PATROL CITY

Eight Marines Killed and 18 Wounded in Yesterday's Fighting.

SHARPSHOOTERS ARE HIDDEN IN HOUSES

5500 Marines and Bluejackets Will Be Ashore at Vera Cruz Tonight.

Washington, April 23.—By tonight 5500 bluejackets and marines will be ashore at Vera Cruz, said Secretary of the Navy Daniels this afternoon. There are 3300 there today.

The transport Mississippi, with 500 marines on board, was due to arrive there late today. Daniels telegraphed to the Brooklyn navy yard to learn the earliest possible moment the battleships New York and Texas, now repairing, can get in to commission.

Killed and Wounded.
Admiral Badger furnished the following list of killed and wounded at Vera Cruz in yesterday's fighting:

- Killed:
Rufus Edwards Percy, marine.
L. O. Fried, seaman.
W. J. Watson, seaman.
F. T. Delowry, seaman.
A. S. Stroom, seaman.
C. A. Smith, seaman.
H. G. Defabier, seaman.
Frank Devorick, gunner's mate.
- Wounded:
Lieutenant J. P. Lannon, ordnance officer on battleship New Hampshire.
Sergeant Fitzgerald, marine.
J. People, marine.
A. G. Ebel, marine.
H. E. Holsinger, marine.
H. Pullian, fireman.
C. M. Guilloan, seaman.
W. Ponkowiak, seaman.
H. J. Kappelen, seaman.
William Bass, seaman.
C. L. Nodisiek, seaman.
K. Christy, seaman.
H. E. Botte, seaman.
A. E. Dow, seaman.
— Robinson, seaman.
J. Cantwell, seaman.
L. W. Taylor, seaman.
J. L. Nebbert, coxswain.
P. N. Kalmers, no rating.

House to House Search
Vera Cruz, April 23.—With 12 Americans killed and 39 wounded, the "sniping" by ambushed Mexican sharpshooters of United States marines engaged in patrolling the city was still causing danger and annoyance today to the force in occupation here.
A house to house search of the central part of town was made yesterday, and today the hunt was spreading into the residential districts. Prospects were that until the inhabitants have been completely disarmed the streets

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CALL FOR 250,000 VOLUNTEERS MAY BE NECESSARY SOON

War Department Completes Draft to Be Issued on Short Notice.

ONLY THE REGULAR MILITIA CONSIDERED

News of Fighting on Mexican Border Is Expected Momentarily.

OREGON WILL ORGANIZE CAVALRY REGIMENT WITH LIEUT. HENNESSEY AS COLONEL.

Washington, April 23.—The war department today completed the draft of a call for 250,000 volunteers for service against Mexico. It will not be issued unless it becomes necessary, but that it will be necessary soon most government officials here believe.

No volunteer organizations outside of the regular militia will be considered. This was made clear to several Massachusetts militia officers who called at the war department.

The department loses, however, what the militia regiments recruited up to their full strength.

Borah Denounces War
Denouncing the administration's Mexican course in bitter terms Senator Borah this afternoon demanded in the upper house that the bill appropriating \$500,000 to bring refugees from Mexico be so amended as to pledge the United States to withdraw its forces from the country immediately, and leave the Mexicans to regulate their own affairs.

"Inside of 48 hours," he asserted, "we will be at war with a united Mexico. If our present policy is persisted in it will lead eventually to the American seizure of every foot land between the border and the Panama canal."

"I want congress to know that I regard this as a national disaster and a national crime."
"We will be fighting Mexicans so long that we will lose the habit of coming out of their country."
"I reiterate that if the American flag goes up in Mexico it will never come down."

Demanda Embargo
Senator Lodge demanded the immediate re-imposition of the embargo on shipments of arms across the border into Mexican rebel territory.

"After general Carranza's statement," he asked, "what possible reason can there be for showing him further consideration? Are we so tied up with General Villa that we can not take this act against Carranza?"
President Wilson admitted the newspaper correspondents this afternoon, but spoke very cautiously. The situation was so serious, he said, that he must confine himself to admitted facts, and could not outline policies.

The president said copies of his comment on Carranza's note had been sent to the constitutionalists, and that the text had been telegraphed to Agent Carothers, of the state department at Chihuahua City.

No War Says Wilson.
He insisted that, so far as his authority was concerned, no state of war exists in Mexico. He indicated, however, that a hostile declaration was expected from President Huerta.

So far as the border embargo on arms was concerned, he said nothing official had been done, but laid considerable emphasis on the word "official." It had been brought up to his attention, he admitted, that arms had been held up at certain points, the local authorities assuming the responsibility for doing so.

Prepares for Battle.
San Diego, Cal., April 23.—The Mexican commander at Tijuana, Mexico, 18 miles south of here, today ordered all non-combatants out of the town.
Women and children are being taken to Ensenada.
American troops at San Ysidro, just

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Mexican Crisis Today in Brief

The war department drafted a call for 250,000 volunteers it was believed would be needed shortly.

There were threats of an attack on Americans in Mexico City.

Gave fears were entertained for foreigners elsewhere in Mexico and every effort was being made to get them out quickly.

The army general staff was convened and it was believed a general military movement toward the border would begin soon.

Naval descents upon both east and west, federal and rebel Mexican coasts was understood to have been ordered.

President Wilson refused General Carranza's demand that he withdraw American soldiers from Vera Cruz and deal with President Huerta through the constitutionalists.

This request having been refused, there was indications that Carranza and Huerta were about to join forces to resist the Americans.

Huerta was said to be about to grant amnesty to the rebels.

Charge of Affairs O'Shaughnessy was given his passports in Mexico City, and Charge Algan in Washington.

California state troops were rushed to patrol the Mexican border near Calexico.

Englishmen were warned to leave northern Mexico.

The San Diego torpedo boat flotilla sailed for Mazatlan.

Admiral Fletcher has established shore headquarters at Vera Cruz and was trying to restore the local government.

Sharpshooters were still "sniping" at the Vera Cruz bluejackets and marines.

Twelve killed and 39 wounded was the total victims to date.

Two thousand refugees were expected soon at Galveston.

MARINES PUSH INLAND.
Bulletin—Washington, April 23.—American marines today captured the federal breastworks three miles inland from Vera Cruz. It was stated that this was the only extension of military operations in the city's vicinity.

OFFERS SERVICES AS NURSE.
Washington, April 23.—Mrs. J. J. Brown of Denver, a heroine of the Titanic disaster, today telegraphed to Senator Shafroth an offer of her services as a nurse in Mexico and of \$1,000 monthly to support other nurses. The senator read her message in the senate.

WAR MAY FORCE ISSUE IN CONFLICT

CARRANZA SAYS FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS WILL DEPEND UPON ANSWER OF AMERICAN GOVERNMENT.

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"I invite you solely to suspend the hostile acts already initiated, ordering your forces to evacuate all places which they hold in their power in the port of Vera Cruz and to formulate before the constitutional government, which I represent as constitutionalist governor of the state of Coahuila and first chief of the constitutionalist army, the demand on the part of the United States for reparation for the acts which originated at the port of Tampico, in the security that the demand will be considered in a spirit of elevated justice and conciliation."

"I wish," continued the president, "to reiterate with the greatest earnestness America's desire and intention to

CARRANZA MAY JOIN FEDERALS

PRESIDENT WILSON FLATLY REFUSES DEMAND OF REBEL CHIEFTAIN TO EVACUATE VERA CRUZ.

DECISION MAY FORCE ISSUE IN CONFLICT

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CARRANZA AND TYPE OF REBELS



Photos by American Press Association.

GENERAL VENUSTIANO CARRANZA, LEADER OF THE CONSTITUTIONALISTS, IS SHOWN WITH SOME OF HIS LEADERS IN CAMP. THE LOWER PICTURE SHOWS A GROUP OF MEXICAN REBELS.

Florida, Flagship of Rear Admiral Fletcher

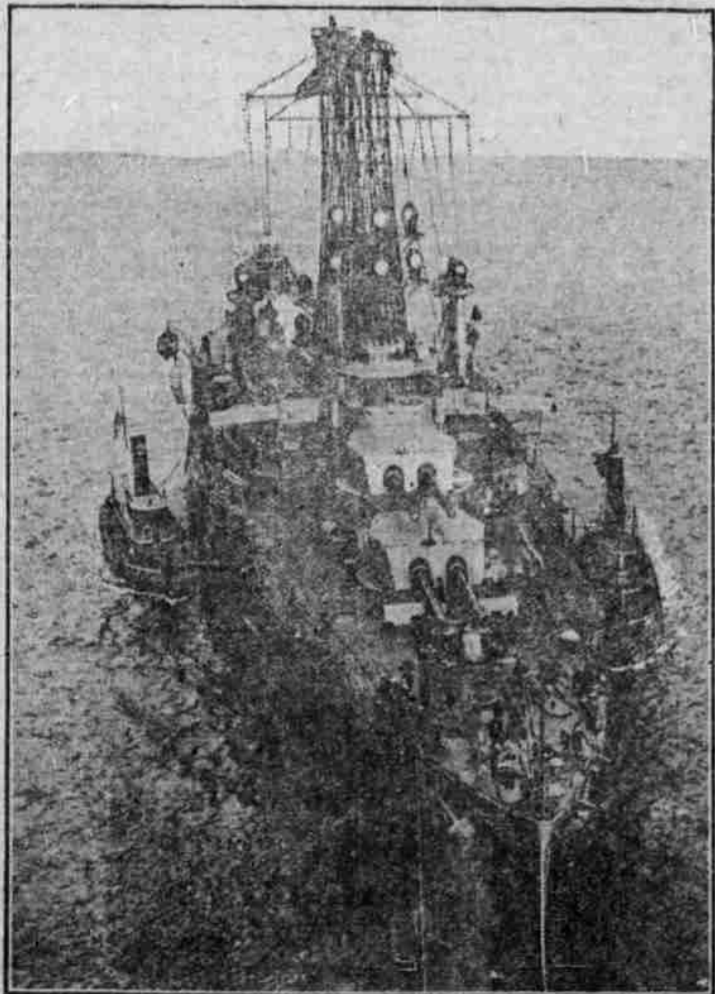


Photo by American Press Association.

A BATTLESHIP OF THE FIRST LINE WITH 26 GUNS OF 21,285 TONS, 23,000 HORSEPOWER, THE FLORIDA IS NOW IN MEXICAN WATERS AS THE FLAGSHIP OF REAR-ADMIRAL FLETCHER, COMMANDING THE FIRST DIVISION OF THE ATLANTIC FLEET, ORDERED TO TAMPICO.