

MRS. BEIDEL TELLS WOMEN

How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Kept Her in Health for 14 Years.

Shippensburg, Pa.—"It was several years ago that I started taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I then suffered terribly every month. My husband bought me a bottle of it and it helped me right away. Then after my second child was born I had a female trouble very badly and I used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and in a short time was cured and have been in excellent health since. I always praise the Compound whenever I have an opportunity as I know it helped me and will help others. Lately I have given the Compound to my daughter and I wish all suffering women would take it and be convinced of its worth."—Mrs. JAMES A. BEIDEL, 113 N. Penn Street, Shippensburg, Pa.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Late Yesterday

"lifted" his wallet, containing considerable money and important papers, from Police Chief Murphy.

At St. Louis.—J. M. Green, head usher at the union railroad station, resigning, said he had saved \$10,000 in tips in 10 years.

At New York.—The American Aero club has the American altitude record to T. C. McCauley, who attained 12,130 feet at San Diego, February 25.

Wellesley, Mass.—Wellesley college received an offer from the Rockefeller foundation of \$75,000 if it would raise \$2,000,000 elsewhere.

At San Francisco.—For the second time in a week Daniel O'Leary, the pedestrian, was knocked down by taxicab in front of the city hall, suffering a bad scalp cut.

Patriotism and politics travel hand in hand only once in a while.

Morris' Prices:

- 25 lb. box Italian Prunes 75c
- Large can new pack little neck 15c
- Good seasoning bacon, lb 14c
- Best sugar cured ham, lb 20c
- Best sugar cured pick neck 14c
- Best sugar cured backs, lb 20c
- Best streaked heavy bacon, lb 20c
- Dalles Patent (best flour) \$1.35
- 3 cans Marigold milk 25c
- 4 pkgs. Arm & Hammer soda 25c
- No. 10 Sack Corn Meal 25c
- No. 10 Sack Buckwheat 45c
- 3 cans Early June peas 25c
- Best Creamery Butter 30c
- Try our 30c Coffee—it's a hummer.
- 1 gal. extra choice peaches 35c
- 1 gal. extra choice apples 30c
- 1 gal. extra choice pears 35c
- 2 pkgs. fresh raisins 15c
- 1 pkg. fresh currants 10c
- 2 7oz. fine tomatoes 25c
- 3 cans fine cut 25c
- 1 can extra fine pineapple 10c
- 5 cans Clearbrook peaches 50c
- 2 cans Early June peas 25c
- 2 cans Libby's sauerkraut 25c
- 2 cans prepared horseradish 25c
- 5 cans Atlantic clams (very best) 50c
- 3 cans large fat oysters 25c
- 3 cans pink salmon 25c
- 2 cans Columbia river red salmon 25c
- 1 can nice asparagus 15c
- Keg Pickles 90c
- 3 lb. dried peaches 25c
- 5 lbs. choice dried runes 25c
- 1/2 gal. choice syrup 25c
- No. 10 pure lard \$1.40
- No. 5 pure lard 75c
- No. 5 Compound 65c
- Columbia oats 30c
- Columbia wheat 30c
- 5 lb. box macaroni 30c
- 3 pkgs. Post Toasties 25c
- 2 pkgs. Krinkle Corn Flakes 15c
- 6 bars Morris Best 25c
- 10 bars Elk Brand soap 25c
- 100-lb sack molasses alfalfa meal \$1.25
- 100 lb. sack plain alfalfa meal \$1.15
- Sack bran 75c
- Sack shorts \$1.15
- Best rolled oats, sack 50c
- Land Plaster by the sack or ton.
- I carry a full line of groceries and feed.

Bring this ad with you.
R. N. MORRIS,
Corner Morris Avenue and Fairground Road. Phone Main 1197.

DO NOT BELIEVE IT WILL MEET APPROVAL

Influential Members of Senate Say Compact With Colombia Will Not Be Ratified at All.

MAJORITY OPPOSED TO GIVING MONEY FOR LAND POSSESSED

Bryan's General Scheme of Settling Affairs in South American Countries Far From Approved.

Washington, April 9.—That they did not believe the senate would ratify the treaty just concluded at Bogota, by which it was proposed to pay Colombia \$25,000,000 for its loss of Panama was the opinion expressed today by several of the most influential members of the upper house. They were convinced, they said, that a majority would be against giving out money for what the United States already possesses. The state department handled its negotiations with Colombia so quietly that the news of the signing of a treaty came as a surprise to the lawmakers.

Another thing many of the senators thought the administration would have trouble in putting through was the Bryan plan for settling America's troubles with other nations. The first of the treaties negotiated under this scheme was the one with Denmark, which the foreign relations committee has practically rejected, though it has not definitely reported to that effect.

Similar treaties with Argentina and Chile have been signed and are awaiting ratification, and France and England are considering proposals from which it was known the secretary of state expects treaties to result. The skeptical senators believed these were all doomed to failure.

The proposed treaties are too loosely drawn, they said, and, like the Hay-Pauncefote compact, might be interpreted to America's disadvantage. Moreover, the senators asserted, they imply arbitration of questions of national honor, and this was something they felt sure the upper house would never agree to.

STATE TREASURER'S REPORT ON FUNDS

State Treasurer Kay has issued a report of the condition of the state treasury, and its work during the three months ending March 31. There was on hand January 1, in the general fund \$97,908.70; received during the time, \$294,985.25; disbursed, \$329,014.30, and on hand March 31, \$62,949. The showing for all the funds was a grand total of on hand \$710,314.14; received, \$824,218.48; disbursed, \$921,135.38; and on hand March 31, \$613,397.24.

SEVERAL COMPANIES ARE ORDERED TO QUIT BUSINESS.

Corporation Commissioner Watson has ordered the following companies to discontinue doing business in the state: (Inckman Power and Irrigation Co., Oregon City, Clackamas county; American Safety Powder Co., Portland, Multnomah county; Arcadia Land Co., Portland, Multnomah county; Beaumont Land Co., Portland, Multnomah county; Blazier Investment Co., Portland, Multnomah county; The Chambers Lumber Co., Dorcas, Lane county; The Art Amusement Co., Portland, Multnomah county; Blazier Timber Co., Portland, Multnomah county; The Coast Wire Fence Co., Portland, Multnomah county; Coast Supply & Manufacturing Co., Portland, Multnomah county; Co-operative Trading Co., Richland, Baker county.

Pacific Coast League.

| | Won | Lost | Pct. |
|---------------|-----|------|------|
| Los Angeles | 6 | 2 | .750 |
| San Francisco | 4 | 2 | .571 |
| Venice | 4 | 4 | .500 |
| Portland | 3 | 3 | .500 |
| Sacramento | 3 | 4 | .428 |
| Oakland | 2 | 6 | .250 |

At San Francisco—Portland-San Francisco game postponed, rain.
At Sacramento—Sacramento 5, Oakland 3.
At Los Angeles—Los Angeles 17, Venice 6.

A man's worst enemies are his fool friends.

HUIE WING SANG COMPANY

Easter reduction sale on all women's wear. Waists, dresses, kimonos, etc., etc.
Fancy and dry goods. Full line of men's wear.

Remember this is the store that saves you money
325 N. COMMERCIAL STREET SALEM, OREGON

WILSON'S ATTITUDE IS RAPPED BY BORAH

Washington, April 9.—President Wilson's attitude regarding Panama canal tolls was criticized today by Senator Borah before the senate inter-oceanic canals committee, considering the Sims resolution for the repeal of American shipping's exemption from tolls.

"Repeal of the clause excluding railroad-owned ships from the canal will be the next step in America's surrender to England," said Borah. "Sir Edward Gray, you must remember, has always objected to the railroad clause." Senator Norris said he was opposed to the exemption clause because "it was nothing more than a subsidy," and added that if American ships are exempted, foreign trading ships also should be exempted.

Norris suggested, however, the exemption of South American ships, as offering an opportunity to increase American trade there. He said the international court, provided in the bill that he had introduced would include three judges from the supreme court of the United States, to be selected by England, three judges from the highest court in England, to be selected by President Wilson, and a seventh member, to be named by Switzerland.

"But President Wilson," interrupted Senator Borah, "already has decided against America in favor of England; that would be far from impartial." Whether England would agree to the exemption of Colombian-owned ships was a point raised by Senator Borah. It was then suggested that Senator Root, who was secretary of state when the Colombian treaty was made, be asked to testify.

Senator Thomas spoke in defense of his bill making the canal free to all the world.

YUKON RATE WAR ENDS WITH SALE OF PROPERTY

Seattle, Wash., April 9.—With the announcement today that the Sloss holdings in the Northern Navigation company, a subsidiary corporation of the White Pass and Yukon route, the big Yukon rate war, which was at its height during the rush season last summer, has ended.

The deal involves a transfer of approximately \$1,000,000 worth of property. At one time it was believed, the Gage companies were negotiating for this property, which includes besides terminal facilities in Alaska, 43 steamboats and 54 barges.

The deal means that the White Pass interests will control the longest water transportation route in the north.

SAYS ORGANIZED LABOR REAL DEFENDANT IN CASE

Martinez, Cal., April 9.—Attorney Thomas B. Johnson continued his argument before Judge Barber here today in defense of Thomas Mooney, one of the men charged with having high explosives in his possession on a boat which touched at Point San Pablo last fall, and was raided by the police in its crew's absence ashore.

The whole trend of Johnson's talk was to the effect that it was not so much Mooney as organized labor the prosecution was directing its case against. "Organized labor," he asserted, "has dared to oppose the Pacific Gas and Electric company, and that company is trying to discipline labor through Thomas Mooney." He dwelt with special emphasis on the fact, so he said, that Assistant District Attorney Ormsby had practically turned the case over to Attorneys M. R. Jones and J. J. Barrett, who, he declared, ostensibly as special prosecutors, really were representing the gas and electric company.

DOWAGER EMPRESS OF JAPAN CROSSES DIVIDE SUDDENLY.

Tokio, April 9.—Dowager Empress Haruko died today. Though she had been suffering from heart disease, Bright's disease was given as the cause of death. The dowager had been critically ill for some time, but shortly before her death it was thought she was gaining ground. While talking to the emperor, however, she suddenly lapsed into unconsciousness. Doctors did their utmost to revive her, but she succumbed in a few minutes. Her death occurred at Nanau.

The dowager empress was 64 years old. The daughter of a nobleman, she married the late Emperor, Mutsuhito, when she was 19 years old. She was well educated and up-to-date in her ideas, affected European dress, and was much liked by visitors from the Occident who met her. Her husband's death in July, 1912, was a great shock to her, and her health has failed steadily ever since.

GOD PUT COAL LANDS THERE FOR EVERYBODY

Governor West Insists Almighty Did Not Intend Rockefeller Should Monopolize Resources.

OIL LANDS OF EAST ARE OWNED BY SAME TRUST.

Colorado Lands Owned by Same Monopoly Which Exact Toll From Oil Consumers.

Denver, Colo., April 9.—Governor Oswald West of Oregon, is on record here today with a strong defense for conservation of natural resources. Speaking at yesterday's session of the governors' conference, he declared that conservation and the forest service saved Oregon lumber from the hands of three powerful concerns.

"You who oppose conservation," said Governor West, "should consider the oil lands of Pennsylvania. You will find these are owned by the same individuals who are working most of the coal land in Colorado."

"When it comes to the conservation of coal and the leasing of coal lands, instead of selling, I want to say that God put the coal lands here for the same purpose that he put the air above—for common use. If this is socialism it may make me unpopular, but it is the truth."

"Whenever Rockefeller monopolizes our national resources it is high time for the federal government to take control for the people."

WEST SAYS UP TO STATES

(Continued from page 1.)

under it have failed—a few because they were not feasible, but most because of financial troubles. These failures, however, should not be charged to the Carey act, but rather to state legislatures for their failure to pass adequate legislation when accepting the act, to state engineers and Carey act commissions, who failed to look carefully into questions of water supply and plans of construction, and to members of state boards who failed to use ordinary business judgment when entering into contracts with promoters.

"About 750,000 acres were applied for in Oregon under the Carey act, and while about one-half of this acreage stands segregated today not to exceed 40,000 acres can be classed as reclaimed. There is not a single Carey act company in our state in position to finance its project and the future offers them nothing in the way of promise. In view of this it is up to the state to find a way to bring about the reclamation of these segregated lands. One company went completely on the rocks after it had collected thousands of dollars from the settlers. What money was expended in construction was practically all lost on account of poor construction and engineering. In this instance we felt the honor of the state was at stake for the state officials had permitted her good name to be used by speculators to promote the project. Settlers were led to believe that the state was back of the scheme and that they were taking no chances. In view of this and the fact that one state official neglected to write safeguards into the contracts made with promoters, we believed the state was morally bound to complete the project. At least my office took such a view of it and a recommendation to that effect was made to the legislature with results that \$450,000.00 was appropriated for the said purpose."

"There were, of course, those who severely criticized the action of the legislature. Some insisted that such appropriations were unwarranted under our constitution, while others argued that the taxpayers would never see a dollar of it again. All of these charges proved without foundation however, for our courts have held we have a right under our constitution to make such appropriations and we are demonstrating that the state can organize an engineering force and carry on construction work as rapidly as a private concern and at far less cost to the settlers."

"The Carey act promoter in fixing a lion price usually makes liberal estimate as to the cost of construction and then adds about a hundred per cent to cover profits and expenses incident to the promotion of the project and the sale of securities and water rights. Construction by the state makes possible the elimination of all charges over and above the cost of actual construction and thus places the lands in the hands of settlers at about one-half the price which would have been expected by Carey act companies."

Few Financial Successes.
"Notwithstanding the apparent liberal allowances made Carey act promoters by the states for the reclamation of these projects very few if any have proved financial success and in view of this it is next to impossible to raise funds for further construction. If the unreclaimed lands under segregation in the different states are to be watered it must come through action by the federal government or the states or through co-operation between these agencies."

Co-Operation Problem.
"If the projects are to be taken over by the federal government the problem is one which must be worked out by the Interior Department through the reclamation service. If they are to be taken over by the states then the problem is one for each state to work out through its legislature and its land board. If, however, the projects are to be taken over by, and the lands reclaimed through the co-operation of, the federal government and the several states, then it is a problem which this conference must work out and no adjustment should be taken until we have decided upon some definite plan of action."

"As I view it co-operation may be worked out in two ways:

Horseback Ride of 1,000 Miles

EVANGELIST WILL INVADE TERRITORY NOT TRAVERSED BY RAILROADS FOR PROHIBITION.

Rev. S. G. Betes, evangelist, is going to take a 1000-mile horseback ride for state-wide prohibition work. He will leave Salem, where he has been engaged in the evangelistic work for some time past, Monday morning, for Tillamook, and from thence he will go to Curry county, on the California line, from the coast range of mountains to the Pacific ocean, visiting every city, village, hamlet and place where there is a voter.

Mr. Betes will ride horseback all of this distance and will pack an extensive camping outfit on a burrow, which outfit includes a hammock, cooking outfit, tent, etc. He has, in addition, a fine .405 shotgun, and asserts that he will kill a cougar on his trip.

Rev. Betes has figured his own itinerary of 1000 miles. He is 65 years old, but is well preserved, and appears able to undertake almost any kind of a trip.

The minister first came into the limelight as a traveler when he received the medal from the Manhattan Canoe Club, of New York, and he still holds the long distance record for a canoeist, having started in his canoe from Port Huron, Michigan, and completely circumnavigating the Gulf of Mexico and South America. The distance traveled on this trip was about 37,000 miles.

NEW BARBER SHOP FITTED UP IN EXCELLENT STYLE

Imbued with the proper spirit of boost and energy and having that rare insight of things which make man prosperous, Hibler & Smith, the popular tonorial artists who formerly conducted the neat little shop in the Hotel Marion have now located permanently in a still neater and more convenient quarters. Hibler & Smith now hold forth in the Bayne building, having fitted up the room directly west of the Western Union Telegraph office on State street.

It is doubtful if there is a more modern or more sanitary barber shop in the state than that which Hibler & Smith have arranged. Although having but four chairs and a comfortable bath, the place is scrupulously neat and a better force of barbers cannot be found than the boys now employed by the firm, including the members of the corporation themselves.

Everything is planned upon a sanitary basis. The interior of the shop is white and light blue in the color line with just enough bright hues to show the place off to an advantage. Befitting the modern parlors where man goes to have his whiskers reduced and enjoy a nice plunge in a lily white tub.

Both Mr. Hibler and Mr. Smith are well known, having catered to the "bunch" of Salem for several years. They are live young scouts in the local business world and they will continue to get the patronage of not only their old customers but many new ones remains unquestioned.

MURDERER ALLEN MUST PAY PENALTY ON GOOD FRIDAY

Sacramento, Cal., April 9.—The fact that the date for the hanging of Jerry Allen in San Quentin falls on Good Friday probably will not cause Governor Johnson to interfere with the judgment of the court.

Attorney Luke Howe of Sacramento is searching records in the Allen case with a view to saving the murderer. It was stated at the capital today that as the court had fixed the day for the execution it was not probable that the governor would change it.

1. Federal and state contribution to a common fund upon a dollar for a dollar basis. The funds to be spent under the direction of a board consisting of the local supervising engineer of the U. S. reclamation service, the governor of the state and a project engineer to be selected by them.

2. Let the government advance the money and the state assume the obligation of completing the project and returning the money to the government within a given time with interest."

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of



The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

COUPLE OF MEN PROPOSED FOR MEXICAN PLACES

Washington, April 9.—The following nominations were sent to the senate today:

Warren D. Robbins, of Massachusetts, to be second secretary of the embassy at Mexico City.
John C. White, of Baltimore, to be third secretary of the embassy at Mexico City.

Hernando De Soto, of California, now consul at Palermo, to be transferred to Warsaw.
William H. Gale, of Virginia, now consul-general at Athens, to be consul at Colon.
Lawrence P. Briggs, of Manton, Mich., to be consul at Saigon, China.

HAMILTON GOES TO FEDERALISTS

St. Louis, Mo., April 9.—Earl Hamilton, of the St. Louis Americans, jumped today to the Kansas City club of the Federal league. This was the first attempt of the Federalists to secure a player already under contract and was believed here to mean that the war between organized baseball and the outlaws is on in earnest.

BISHOP THREATENED WITH DEATH RELEASED

- * Mexico City, April 9.—Bishop
- * Campos of Chipala, released by th.
- * Zapalistas who were holding him
- * for ransom, reached the town of
- * Iguala today. The threat to em
- * city him, he said, was not made
- * by General Zapata himself but by
- * a subordinate. When the news
- * reached Zapata of the violent feel
- * ing it had created throughout th
- * country, he ordered the prisoner
- * released.

BRYAN BACK AT DESK.

Washington, April 9.—Secretary of State Bryan was at his desk today for the first time after five days of the grippe. He was still weak and kept his chair in receiving callers.

Get a pair of these Baby Doll Pumps that everybody is wearing for Easter. Some new Satin Pumps from \$2.50 up. Tan and White Oxfords and Mary Jane Pumps. Come and see us. We can please you.

Jacob Vogt

220 N. COMMERCIAL STREET.

Are You Proud of Your Kitchen?

Is it one with a neat range, standing clear from the floor, around which no dirt can accumulate, with porcelain parts which can be easily cleaned? Is it a kitchen with a gas hot water heater at the tank, giving plenty of hot water in a few minutes? A kitchen with no dirt, no flies, cool and convenient, where you are happy to work. You can have such a kitchen by a small payment down, AND REMEMBER GAS IS CHEAPER THAN WOOD. Call Main 85.

Salem Gas Works