

LIQUOR ORDINANCE IS HELD UP FOR ONE WEEK

Councilmen Wish More Time to Study Some Features of Measure Providing Penalties.

MOTORCYCLE BIDS REJECTED BECAUSE OF SOME CHARGES

Alleged Irregularities in Bids Causes Discussion and Police Chief Resents Allegations.

Because some of the councilmen wished further time to consider it, the ordinance providing penalties for violations of the prohibition amendment was laid over for another week at the meeting of the city council last night. Spaulding was of the opinion that the clause making it an offense to give liquor away in one's own home was unconstitutional. He believed a man's home was his castle and it would be unwise to make it a criminal offense for a man to give his wife a drink. Jones agreed with Spaulding. Mayor Steeves believed the ordinance simply followed the charter amendment and provided a penalty. Minton did not believe the most ardent prohibitionist intended that the ordinance should interfere with any man's home privileges. Macy believed it would do no harm to let it go over a week.

In addition to the clause referring to the giving away of liquor, Spaulding objected to the clause making it possible to buy liquor for scientific and mechanical purposes at drug stores. It was of the opinion that any Tom, Dick or Harry could make an affidavit that he needed liquor for scientific or mechanical purposes and secure liquor for drinking purposes.

Motorcycle Muddle.

The committee on health and police brought a report, signed by Cummings and Pressnal, recommending that all bids for a police motorcycle be rejected owing to some irregularities in the bids. Minton demanded to know why the lowest bid was rejected.

Cummings said that certain dealers had charged unfairness and the committee wanted to be absolutely fair. There was only 20 cents difference between two bids, one offering to give 50 cents more than the other for the old motorcycle in exchange. Jones thought the committee must know who had been guilty of the alleged irregularities and should tell the council.

Hatch insisted that the best machine for the work should be bought.

Minton had been informed that Chief of Police Shedeck had secured a bid and had gone to a certain dealer and had bid him 50 cents lower than the other bidder.

Shedeck denied this was the case and said he had turned the bids over to the city recorder a week ago Monday evening and had not seen them since.

Macy said the old machine was not fast enough to catch an up-to-date automobile owner who traveled as high as 75 miles an hour.

Spaulding agreed that the old machine was out of date.

It was finally agreed to let the chief of police, recorder and Spaulding draft a new call for bids.

Several requests of Chairman Hatch, of the street committee, including the purchase of catch basin grates and broom material, repair of street and securing of dirt from a state house excavation, were granted.

Second reading was given an ordinance vacating a part of the Oregon Electric franchise on Mill street, as requested by property owners.

An ordinance providing for the assessment of lot 1, block 41, North Salem, for a sidewalk improvement for E. S. Driver was passed.

Because the light company's contract expires this year and it cannot be required to install new arc lights, the light committee reported unfavorably on the petitions for lights at 14th and Ferry and Hickory and Pine.

Foundmaster's Report Disapproved.

After considerable discussion, a motion to approve the action of the health and police committee in employing a foundmaster, with principal duties to be dog catcher, was voted down. During the discussion Jones charged that last year's dog catcher drew \$60 one month and secured fees for but two dogs. Jones did not see how the budget could be strained to pay the added expense. Pressnal insisted that man was already employed and that his appointment had been authorized at the last meeting of the council.

The health and police committee reported that the ordinance relating to pool and billiard rooms and bowling alleys had been amended so as to eliminate bowling alleys.

The report of the Seventh ward alderman in favor of a sidewalk on the north side of Bush was adopted.

Police Will Draw Pay.

A motion of Minton to eliminate Patrolmen Sanders, Gaines and Fisher from the February payroll was lost 5 to 5.

Final estimates of the city engineer

of the Church street, Court to Mill, and Union street improvements were allowed.

The city recorder was authorized to withhold payment to Mable J. Page sewer refund claims 729,913 and 914, there being rival claimants.

A petition of Schram & Hart to locate a wagon scales on Center street was referred to the street committee. Claims of Frank Turner were referred to the chairman of the finance committee.

The recommendation of City Attorney Page that the judgment of P. E. Jones, of \$96.77, be satisfied was adopted.

It appeared from a brief discussion that Deputy Health Officer Hartwell will be granted the use of a typewriting machine in the recorder's office as needed.

Notice of a sale of 450 buffalo was called to the attention of the council by John J. Roberts, who recommended that 200 be purchased for Wilson Park. There was no objection when the mayor suggested that the proposition be laid on the table.

Refunds Allowed. Sewer refund claims Nos. 1355 to 1787, except those disputed, were allowed, as well as some that had been held up at other meetings.

Consideration of an ordinance repealing one passed in 1908, regulating the licensing of saloons, was postponed a week, owing to the decision to defer action on the new ordinance providing penalties for the violation of the dry amendment.

Assistance for Page.

The council authorized the employment of W. P. Slater and Harold D. Roberts to assist City Attorney Page in four suits, involving a total of about \$50,000 street assessments, now pending in the superior court.

Bids for improvement bonds in the sum of \$17,221.94, known as issue "C," were opened, and the bonds were awarded to Joseph H. Albert, whose bid was \$102.91 and accrued interest. The next bid was that of Ladd & Bush, of \$101.31, plus accrued interest. William E. Sweet & Co., of Denver, bid par and accrued interest and \$45 premium. The Lumberman's Trust & Savings bank, of Portland, bid \$101.14.

VILLA IS WARNED

It is known that he has departed from Hermillo for the border, but before leaving there he told newspaper correspondents that he probably would make several stops en route. He was expected to arrive at Nogales, however, before night.

American Consul Simpich is at Nogales today, supposedly waiting for Carranza. It was persistently reported that he has been instructed by Secretary Bryan to request Carranza to interest himself in the recovery of Benton's body.

Carranza Cannot Be Found.

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 25.—General Carranza was much wanted today, but could not be found. Representatives of the Washington government thought he might overrule General Villa's refusal to surrender William H. Benton's body. They could locate him nowhere, however.

American Citizen Hanged.

Mexico City, Feb. 25.—The government was investigating reports that Clemente Vergara, an American citizen had been hanged by federalists near Nuevo Laredo. Representations had been made in his behalf by United States Charge d' Affaires O'Shaughnessy and President Huerta, on account of his personal liking for the American diplomat, was said to be considerably perturbed. He was having difficulty in getting information, however, owing to the interruption of communication between here and the north.

Washington, Feb. 25.—A detailed account of William H. Benton's court-martial and execution at Juarez was received at the state department this afternoon. It was in Spanish and its translation was progressing as rapidly as possible. Its source was not stated, nor was it announced whether, when translated, it would be published.

Embargo on Criticisms.

Mexico City, Feb. 25.—Huerta announced today that he had placed an embargo on American newspapers and magazines attacking or criticizing him. He issued the order secretly two weeks ago, and tons of printed matter have been held up in the postoffice here, awaiting it.

MILLIONAIRE ACCUSED.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.] San Francisco, Feb. 25.—J. Parker Whitney, millionaire ranchman, accused by Miss Genevieve Hanau of violating the Mann white slave law by transporting her from state to state for immoral purposes, expected to give \$10,000 bail in Sacramento late this afternoon.

KNOW STOPS RACES.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.] Charleston, S. C., Feb. 26.—The running race meet scheduled to begin today was postponed on account of snow.

LENT BEGINS WITH CHURCH SERVICES HERE

Period of Fasting Will Extend for Forty Days and Regulations Are About Same as Usual.

EXEMPTION AS TO AGE AND LABOR OUTLINED HERE

Members of Congregations Urged to Avoid Parties and Amusements and All Intoxicating Beverages.

Services were held at St. Joseph's Catholic church and St. Paul's Episcopal church this forenoon, today being Ash Wednesday. The Lenten regulations of the Catholic church are practically the same as have been in effect for years.

Regulations for Lent.

The following are the lenten regulations: "Flesh meat may be used at all meals on Sunday, and once a day at the principal meals on all Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

"On all Saturdays, except Saturday of Ember week and holy Saturday, "Flesh and fish are not allowed at the same meal, even on Sunday. But by virtue of an indulgent of the sacred penitentiary, dated January 8, 1899, persons dispensed from abstinence on account of sickness are free to eat flesh and fish at the same meal on fast days.

"Custom tolerated by the church permits coffee, tea or chocolate, with a small piece of bread, to be taken in the morning.

"Custom allows the use of eggs, butter, cheese and milk at the evening collation.

"The use of lard and drippings is permitted in the preparation of abstinence food.

"When the principal meal cannot be taken at midday, it may be taken in the evening, and the collation in the morning.

"The following persons are not obliged to fast, viz: The sick and those feeble in health; women nursing children; all who are engaged in laborious and exhaustive occupations; the young who have not completed their twenty-first year, and those who have reached the sixtieth year of their age.

Exemption to Age and Labor.

"Those who are exempted from fasting on account of age or hard labor may use flesh meat more than once on the days on which it is allowed.

"By an indulgent of our holy father, Pius IV, the soldiers and seamen of the United States service have only six days of abstinence during the year—Ash Wednesday, the last three days of holy weeks, the vigil of the Assumption of the blessed Virgin Mary, and the vigil of Christmas.

"This dispensation does not exempt from the law of fasting.

"By another indulgent of the 15th of March, 1865, and extended to March 15, 1915, the holy see has given to the bishops of the United States the faculty of dispensing, in favor of working people, from the law of abstinence on certain days.

"By virtue of this indulgent and dispensation of lent, we permit working men to use flesh meat once a day on all fast days of the year, except Fridays, Ash Wednesday, Wednesday and Saturday in holy weeks and the vigil of Christmas.

"The above dispensation is granted not only to working men and women, but also to their entire families.

Avoidance of Amusements.

"It is eminently in accordance with the spirit of the church that all those who use the dispensations from the fast and abstinence should supply, in part, the spirit of penance by prayer and alms-deeds; by avoiding during lent, all public shows, parties and amusements, and by abstaining from all intoxicating beverages.

"The reverent pastors will, with their usual zeal, afford every opportunity and facility to their people of complying with their religious obligations during the holy season.

"The Paschal time extends from the first Sunday in lent until Trinity Sunday, inclusive, during which time all Catholics who have attained the proper age are bound to receive holy communion worthily.

"The reverent rectors are requested to have special lenten devotions on Wednesdays and Fridays. The exercises shall consist of the beads, instruction and benediction on Wednesdays, and the way of the cross and benediction on Fridays."

HILL FOR BIG PLACE.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.] Washington, Feb. 25.—James J. Hill was a caller at the White House today. It was reported that Hill was being considered by President Wilson for membership on the regional reserve board. Hill refused to discuss the report.

GOTCH HAS SON.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.] Humboldt, Ia., Feb. 25.—Mrs. Frank Gotch, wife of the heavyweight wrestler champion of the world, gave birth to a son here today.

HONOR BELONGS IN CITY COVE WILL BE DRY IF GOVERNOR IS HEEDED

TALK OF CHAMPION HENS ELSEWHERE NOT SUSTAINED BY FIGURES AND MEASUREMENTS.

LETTER WRITTEN AFTER CONFERENCE WITH SECRETARY

District Voted Dry in 1910, But No Order Has Ever Been Issued by County, Is Assertion.

That Marion county still holds the honor for the largest hen's egg is still insisted here. Walter Thompson, as reporter in The Capital Journal some time ago, secured an egg 6 3/4 by 8 3/4 from a year-old Rhode Island Red hen. This was laid January 27 and it is still believed it is the champion of Oregon. The following from the Oregon Journal shows there are other claimants but they fall far short of the Salem hen:

"Energetic and ambitious hens have come to vying with one another as to the size of the egg product. J. T. Emert of 880 Bidwell street, measured one of the ovals produced by his eighth month old S. C. R. I. Red pullet and decided it was the biggest on record, with a circumference dimension of 7 3/4 inches the long way and 6 1/4 inches the short way. But R. Wilde of Oregon City, measured some and found them even bigger. Two of his Barred Rocks laid eggs 7 7/8 by 6 1/4 inches, and 7 5/8 by 6 3/8 inches respectively, while his Black Minorca laid one 7 13/16 by 6 3/8 inches."

FINED FOR OFFENSE.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.] Cincinnati, Ohio, Feb. 25.—The \$750 fine imposed here yesterday upon Colonel Brent Arnold, general freight agent for the Louisville and Nashville railroad, who pleaded guilty to contributing to the delinquency of Mildred Crane, aged 16, was reduced today to \$500. Mrs. Elizabeth Bowen, in whose manure parlor the girl worked, pleaded guilty today to contributing to Mildred's delinquency, but sentence in her case was suspended. Theodore Roberts pleaded guilty to a similar charge and was fined \$100.

CUTE LANDLORD'S FACE.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.] Raymond, Wash., Feb. 25.—M. L. Hull, a transient advertising man, is in the county jail at South Bend today, and John Berkshire, a hotel proprietor, has his face almost cut to ribbons as the result of the landlord's attempt to oust Hull whom he accused of violating the house rules against allowing women to visit rooms of men. Hull is charged with having swung on Berkshire with a pen knife when Berkshire ordered him to leave.

SEE SNOW FOR FIRST TIME.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.] New Orleans, La., Feb. 25.—Snow fell today throughout Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina for the first time in many years. The fall at St. Martinsville, La., amounted to six inches. Thousands of children saw snow for the first time in their lives.

JANITOR DETHRONED.

Tenants in New York City are at last coming into their own. For two or three generations the minor municipal courts have administered the law of landlord and tenant in a way that made New York the worst place for the poor man that could be found in any civilized country as far as his rights as a tenant were concerned. The Irish who came over here years ago to escape the unjust land laws and grasping landlords of that country found themselves subjected to eviction in New York with great promptness and with less justice than they ever experienced in the land of their birth.

Within the last year the courts have decided that a tenant can break his lease if the landlord does not provide him with heat, and that he cannot be compelled to pay rent and stay in the apartment house after he finds that other parts of the building have become the abode of disreputable characters, and that he and members of his family may be annoyed by coming in contact with such people in the hallways and elevators. But the crowning triumph of the tenant has just come in the shape of a judgment given in the appellate term of the supreme court in this state which sounds the downfall of the janitor as monarch of all he surveys.

The court has decided that the tenant of an apartment house is justified in breaking his lease and refusing to pay rent if the janitor enters the apartment and uses loud and threatening language in case such conduct is approved by the landlord. In this particular suit the tenant prosecuted the janitor and had him fined \$10 and costs for the offense but the landlord persisted in backing up his minion and holding the tenant to his lease at the same time.—New York Commercial.

PROPERTY TO EXCHANGE

91-acre farm, \$8000; want city property up to \$4000.
800-acre stock farm, \$25 per acre, for city property up to \$5000.

15 acres, improved, \$3500, will take \$2000 in city property.

7 acres, well improved, close in for larger farm.

2 1/2 acres, improved, on Broadway for farm.

100-acre farm, well improved, at Newberg; will take city property up to \$5000.

100 acres in Tillamook county, \$3000 for Salem property. What have you?

We write insurance and bonds. Money to loan. Houses for rent. For sale, farms, any number of acres to suit. Houses on easy payments.

Bechtel & Bynon

347 State Street.

GOVERNOR WILL BE DRY IF GOVERNOR IS HEEDED

County Judge Is Advised to Use Writ of Prohibition in Union County Town.

LETTER WRITTEN AFTER CONFERENCE WITH SECRETARY

District Voted Dry in 1910, But No Order Has Ever Been Issued by County, Is Assertion.

Governor West today has mailed to County Judge Henry, of Union county, a request that the sale of liquor in Cove be stopped. The governor's action followed a conference with Secretary Fern Hobbs, who returned yesterday from Cove.

The following is his letter to Judge Henry:

"It appears that when the local option election was held in your county in November, 1910, the municipality of Cove voted 'dry,' and in accordance with section 4929, Lord's Oregon Laws, the county court should have issued an order of prohibition as to said precinct, but, owing to its failure to do so, the sale of liquor within its boundary has been permitted to go on regardless of its having voted 'dry.'

"For your information, I wish to call your attention to the case of Baxter vs. the state, 49 Oregon, 353, in which the supreme court held, referring to said section 4929:

"The effect of this language is that the vote in each precinct, even on a vote cast for the county as a whole, shall stand as an independent vote for that precinct for the prohibition therein, as well as a part of the county vote on prohibition in the county as a whole."

Prohibition Order.

"In view of the foregoing, and with a hope of straightening out the tangle which now exists, I earnestly request that your honorable court issue the said order of prohibition, as provided by law."

Miss Hobbs said:

"I found that in 1910 two measures were voted upon in the county that failed to carry, but under the one on county prohibition the precinct of which Cove is a part gave a majority of 10 for prohibition.

"The court made an order declaring the whole county 'wet.'

"The Law and Order league and other organizations declared the order was wrong, as it applied to the Cove precinct, and it should have been declared 'dry.'

Supreme Court Decision.

"There has been no vote on the proposition since the election of 1910.

"I found that Justice Eakin, of the supreme court, in the case of Baxter against the state, appealed from Cook county, held that the county court shall issue an order of prohibition for each and every subdivision as a whole voted for prohibition, notwithstanding the county, as a whole, voted against prohibition.

"It seems to me that the law is clear on the point."

MANY WEAVERS LEAVE TOWN.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.] Raymond, Wash., Feb. 25.—Many expert single weavers left town today following the action of the operators in ordering the establishment of an open shop and the walking out of scores of workers. The mill owners are being swamped with applications for work and it is thought every mill will be running full force within a week, though all were closed down last night. Union men will be shown no discrimination, the employers declare, and wages will be maintained at the present level.

JOURNAL WANT ADS. bring results.

IT'S COMING



Watch For It

The Markets

Wheat trading is principally with the Puget Sound millers and speculators, and prices are firm. It is claimed that flour prices are too high and that sales will be light until a reduction is made. Western Washington hops are reported as about cleaned up with a sale of 500 bales Tuesday at North Yakima. It is reported that California has about 6,000 bales left and Oregon about 15,000. Sales were reported both in California and Washington Tuesday at about 16 cents. Oranges are higher and as there are none on the way, the market will be cleaned up by the last of the week. The banana market is in much the same condition.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Track prices: Club, 88c; Blue-stem, 95c; Fortyfold, 88c; Red Russian, 87c; Valley, 88c.

Flour—Patents, \$4.60 per barrel; straight, \$4.00; exports, \$3.65@3.80; wheat, \$4.60; graham, \$4.60; whole wheat, \$4.80.

Corn—Whole, 33.50; cracked, \$35 per ton.

Hay—Fancy Idaho timothy, \$16.50; fancy eastern Oregon timothy, \$14.00; timothy and clover, \$14@15; timothy and alfalfa, \$13@15; clover, \$8.50@10; oats and vetch, \$10@11; chest, 10@11; valley grain hay, \$12@13.50.

Cattle—No. 1, white, \$25@25.50 per ton.

Barley—Feed, 22.50 per ton; brewing, nominal; rolled, \$27@28.

Groceries, Dried Fruits, Etc. Dried Fruits—Apples, 10c per lb.; currants, 10c; apricots, 12c@14c; peaches, 8c@11c; prunes, Italian, 8c@10c; peach, 18c; figs, white and black, 6c@7c; raisins, loose Muscatel, 6c@7c; bleached Thompson, 11c; unbleached Sultan, 8c@10c; seeded, 7c@8c.

Coffee—Roasted in drums, 18@22c or lb.

Nuts—Walnuts, 19c per lb.; Brazil nuts, 20c; filberts, 15c; almonds, 20c; pecans, 17c; coconuts, 90c@1 per doz.

Salt—Granulated, \$14 per ton; half ground, 100s, \$10.25 per ton; 50s, \$11 per ton.

Beans—Small white, \$6.00; large white, \$4.75; Lima, \$6.30; pink, \$4.00; red Mexicans, 5c; bayon, \$4.40.

Rice—No. 1 Japan, 5c@5 1/2c; cheaper grades, 4c; southern head, 3c@4c.

Honey—Choice, \$3.25@3.75 per case. Sugar—Fruit and berry, \$1.90; Honolulu plantation, \$4.85; beet, \$4.70; Extra C, \$4.40; powdered, barrels, \$5.45; cubes barrels, \$5.15.

Fruits and Vegetables.

Green Fruit—Apples 60c@82.25 per box; pears, \$1@1.50 per box; grapes, Malaga, \$7.50@8.50 per box; Empers, \$3.75@4 per keg; grapes, crates, \$1.75@2; casabas, 2c per lb.; cranberries, \$12 per barrel.

Vegetables—Cabbage, 1@1 1/2c per lb.; cauliflower, \$1@1.25 per doz.; cucumbers, 40@45c per doz.; eggplant, 7c per lb.; head lettuce, \$2@2.25 per crate; peppers, 5c@7c per lb.; radishes, 10@12c per doz.; tomatoes, \$1.50 per box; garlic, 12c per lb.; sprouts, 11c per lb.; artichokes, \$1.50 per doz.; squash, 1 1/2c per lb.; pumpkins, 1 1/2c per lb.; celery, 30@75c per doz.

Potatoes—New, 75c@81 per cwt.; sweets, \$2.25 per crate.

Onions—Oregon, \$3.25@4.50 per per sack.

Dairy and Country Produce. Butter—Oregon creamery, solid pack, 32c per lb; prints, box lots, 35c.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 24@25c per doz. Cheese—Oregon Triplets, 21c; Dai-les, 17c; Young America, 18c.

Veal—Fancy, 13 1/2@16c per pound. Pork—Fancy, 11c per lb. Provisions. Hams—10 to 12 pounds, 18@19c (14lb., 19@20c); picnic, 14c; cottage roll, 17c.

Bacon—Fancy, 20@22c; standard, 18@19c; English, 21@22c.

EASY TO DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

Try This! Mix Sage Tea and Sulphur and Brush It Through Your Hair, Taking One Strand at a Time.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is messy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use tonic called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant. You will also discover dandruff is gone and hair has stopped falling.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur and look years younger. Local agent, J. C. Perry.

Household Worry Is 99 Per Cent Wash Day

Good Riddance by the Laundry Remedy.

Linen, blankets, curtains, apparel—all come back beautiful when we do your work.

Salem Steam Laundry

136 South Liberty Street Phone 25 Dry Cleaning. Ask the Driver