Editorial Page of The Salem Capital Journal WEDNESDAY OCT. 8, 1918



The Barnes-Taber Company GRAHAM P. TABEB, Editor and Manager.

An Independent Newspaper Devoted to American Principles and the Progress and Development of Salem in Particular and All Oregon in General



ADVERTISING BATES

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The Capital Journal carrier boys are instructed to put the papers on the porch. If the carrier does not do this, misses you, or neglects getting the paper to you on time, kindly phone the circulation manager, as this is the only way we can determine whether r not the carriers are following instructions. Phone Main 82.

THE OBEGONIAN'S SPLENDID WORK.

HE OREGONIAN deserves and has the thanks of the entire state for the splendid service it gave in descriptive matter of the state fair. It devoted much space to this and sent special writers here to cover the field fully. This was done, and through its state-wide circulation the fullest publicity was given it, and its magnificent exhibits were thus made known to thousands who were unable to attend. The state fair is not a Salem event, but one state-wide and of vast importance to the whole northwest. The Oregonian, with its broad-minded policy and keen insight, recognized this and spared no effort to advertise the fair. Time was, and that not very long ago when the state was divided against itself, when every community looked upon every other as its natural enemy, and missed no opportunity to give it a jolt. It was the idea that if we as a community could keep some other town from getting something, that we would get it ourselves. This time happily has passed, and every community is friendly to all the others. We have arrived at the true idea that whatever benefits one section of the state, in an indirect way benefits all.

The Oregonian has set a splendid example of this new and broad-minded plan of boosting for one another and thereby for all. Salem, in this especial case, more than any other, place, was benefited by the Oregonian's splendid work, and we make this acknowledgement of the value of that work. It is indeed pleasurable to note this new departure in Oregon journalism, and to welcome the new and certainly much better order of things.

COMMERCIAL EFFECT OF TARIFF CHANGES.

AN FRANCISCO has received consignments of fresh meat from Australia and fresh beef is being shipped to New York from Argentina, yet the price of meat continues to soar. The price of neat cattle continues to rise in the face of the clause in the tariff bill putting all food animals on the free list. While we are importing fresh meat from Argentina and Australia and cattle on the hoof from Mexico, the beef barons of Chicago are exporting American meat to Europe and selling it abroad cheaper than they sell it at home. Yet they wanted the duty on meat and cattle retained to protect the farmers and stockmen!

When hides were placed upon the free list by the Payne-Aldrich law, the meat packers said it would compel the farmers to take less money for their cattle. The shoe manufacturers said it would make shoes cheaper. Cattle and shoes have both advanced in price. Behind the tariff duty on imported shoes, the manufacturers not onl held to the old prices for shoes, but marked them up a few holes. Putting hides on the free list did not injure the stock raiser, neither did it benefit the wearer of shoes. The law of supply and demand made the cattlemen independent of tariff changes.

What does it all provef That it is never safe to take the statements of interested parties in making up tariff schedules. They frequently do not know what they are talking about, but always talk for what they think will fill their own pockets. In the recent tariff debate Senator Cummins, of Iowa, fought for the retention of the duty on wheaton the ground that its abolition would result in Canadian wheat overwhelming the markets of the United States. He said the farmers of his state would be ruined if Canadian wheat were admitted free of duty. The United States ship to Europe nearly as much wheat as the Dominion of Canada produces. Iowa farmers raise corn, not wheat, and putting wheat on the free list will not make bread a cent cheaper in the United States. On the tariff question reformers and standpatters are humbugs alike. They are making peanut politics out of an economic question which neither understands or studies in a really inquiring spirit. Whether they profess to be for protection or for tariff for revenue only, they are really for a tariff for partisan politics. All our tariff laws have been the fruit of selfishness, ignorance, demagogy and partisan prejudice, and it will be an accident if the last proves an improvement on its predecessors .- Oakland (Cal.) Tribune.

children; which is the cause of at least half of the surgical operations on we men, the majority of whom have been themselves without guilt-helpless sacrifices to male lust; and which has greatly thrived under the policy of secrecy and silence, should be made to face a new responsibility? If so, how much? Or are you satisfied to let bad enough alone?

This subject is not popular, and many there be who will not like to have their newspaper speak of it. But the thousands of innocent, wretched, dying victims who might have been saved the living hell they are in if they had only mown how terrible were the results of lawlessness, these wish there had been greater publicity.

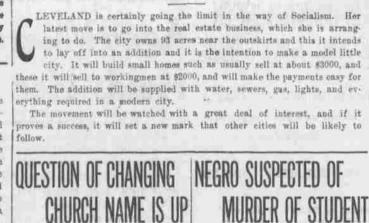
Let it be known that these diseases are the worst scourge of the race and if it takes publicity to stop them, let the daylight in.

Near akin to this is an editorial in the Sioux City Tribune entitled, "A Fearful Price?

"Dr. Paul S. Hunter, secretary of the Colorado State Board of Health, is eing widely quoted as saying that, if such a law as that recently made in Wisomsin, forbidding the marriage of diseased persons and compelling the sterilization of defectives, had always been enforced, three-fourths of the world's createst geniuses would never have been born.

"Accepting, for argument's sake only, the statement as one of fact, the apression is that humanity has paid a fearful price for its geniuses."-Fargo (N. D.) Courier-News.

CITY TO BUILD HOMES FOR WORKMEN.



Protestant Episcopal Church to Consid- Ida Leegson Believed to Have Been er Plan to Change to American Tortured for Hours Before Her Catholic Church. Death on Prairie.

UNIFORM LAWS FOR DIVORCE ABANDONED AUTOMOBILE ALSO WILL BE CONSIDERED.

Also Question Whether Certificates of Stolen From Jackson Park Sunday and Health Shall be Demanded of Authorities Believe it Was Used. Bridegrooms and Brides. to Convey Girl.

[UNITED PERSS LMANED WIRE.]

[UNITED PRESS LEANED WIRE.] New York, Oct. 8 .- Uniform laws Chicago, Oct. 8 .- The polico suspectfor divorce, the demand that certified today toat it was a negro who mur cates of health be presented by all dered Miss Ida Leegson, the art stubrides and bridegrooms the question dent found dead on the prairie in the of changing the name to "American outskirts of town Saturday morning. Catholie Church" or merely "Amer- A young woman answering her descan Church" and the proposition to cription was seen walking with a black let the public in to sessions of the man on the west side Saturday after-House of Bishops were the important noon and a general order was issued subjects to be discussed at general today for a hunt for him.

convention of the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States and Terri- found not far from the spot where the tory Beyond the Seas, when the meet-John the Divine.

be considered and settled the conven- son Park. tion which opened today is expected to | Miss Leegson seems to have faller he the most important over held by the into her captor's hands about 6 o' church. Perhaps the most important clock Saturday night and as she had mestion to the church body will be been dead but a short time when whether the House of Bishops shall found, Coroner's Physician Springers meet behind closed doors as it has expressed the opinions that she was during the 128 years there have been tortured from soon after that hour un-

general conventions. A hot contest is til five or six o'clock Sunday mornwted to some when the motion to

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.]

Addresses of welcome were delivered

by the mayor of Boston and Thomas

P. Beal, president of the Boston Clear-

ng House and chairman of the local

accutive committee for the convention.

Today's business sessions consisted

City, read the report of the currency

committee, one of the most important

Reports from secretaries of the dif-

onstitutional revision by Robert E.

James, of Easton, Pa., were read at

THE ROUND-UP.

Tuesday \$74,320.27 was distributed

among the schools of Lane county. Of

The special election for submission

this \$52,000 came from the state and

\$21,720,27 from the county taxes.

ommittees of the association.

this afternoon's session.



PUBLICITY FOR VICE DISEASES?

F YOU HAD SMALLPOX or diphtheria or scarlet fever, no doctor would hesitate to say, at once, that you ought to be quarantined and a sign posted so that others could keep away from danger. In every place that we know of, the law would require this and the doctor who failed to report

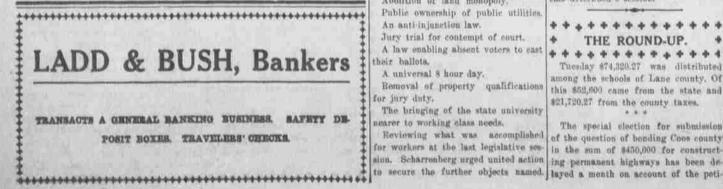
the case would be subject to punishment. In Pennsylvania the other day, the State Medical Society had a brisk discussion on whether it should recommend a law quarantining, male and female alike, victims of those two infectious diseases due to vice. Pretty uniformly the surgeons said yes, and the general practitioners said no, not yet.

You can easily understand the division. The surgeons see more of the mischief wrought by these diseases than the doctors see, for it furnishes about half of their work. But they deal less with the direct than with the indirect victims. They would not have to bear the brant of the battle for publicity, as the doctors would.

This doesn't mean, though, that doctors are mostly cowards. Far from it. The doctors, we guess, would hail such a law with pleasure if it were supported strongly by public sentiment. They are naturally not anxious to have the law until there is enough sentiment to make it effective. After threshing the subject over for two days, the Pennsylvania doctors united in recommending that hospitals receiving state aid be obliged to receive patients suffering from these diseases and that as soon as adequate hospital facilities had been arranged cases should be reported and registered.

Here again the factor of sentiment comes in. Even to get adequate hospitals such cases are now debarred because of the prejudice of other patients. In few cities are the facilities anywhere near equal to the need and in none is the public health work sufficiently supported to insure the right treatment for all infected persons who cannot or do not buy it themselves.

There is where the public comes in. Do you think that the man or woman who, by vicious tiving, incurs a disease which menaces the health of others, ineluding children unborn; which causes more than half of the blindness among



let in the public and the press as is the case when the House of Deputies meets, is introduced. The House of AMERICAN BANKERS ARE Bishops met in the old Synod Hall and the House of Deputies in the new Synod Hall.

Attending the general convention which opened today are 115 bishops and 630 clergymen and laymen, all of whom attended this morning's services in the Cathredral where Bishop Lawbankers and financiers attending from rence, of Massachusetts preached the all parts of the country, the thirty pening sermon. Holy Communion was administered with the Rev. Daniel S. ninth convention of the American of the church, as the celebrant. He ganized today. First Vice-President Tuttle of Missouri, presiding Bishop was assisted by the Rev. Bayd Vinto order, President Charles H. Huttcent, bishop of Southern Ohio, and ig, of St. Louis having died last July. Bishop David H. Greer.

Representatives from St, Louis to ay put in an early plea for next con ention as the year 1916 will be the fiftieth anniversary of the elevation of Bishop Tuttle to the episcopate. St. Louis is Bishop Tuttle's home city.

[ONITED PEESS LEASED WIRE.] Freeno, Cal., Oct. 8 .- What he eves California workingmen need in

he way of legislation was outlined as follows yesterday in the report read ferent sections and the report on the by Secretary Paul Scharrenberg before the state Federation of Labor convenion here.

Abolition of land monopoly. Public ownership of public utilities. An anti-injunction law. Jury trial for contempt of court. A law enabling absent votors to east

their ballots. A universal 8 hour day.

Removal of property qualifications for jury duty. The bringing of the state university

acarer to working class needs. Reviewing what was accomplished of the question of bonding Coos county

for workers at the last legislative see in the sum of \$450,000 for construct. sion. Scharrenberg urged united action ing parmanent highways has been de-

and Mon was ge extending into Eastern Oregon, where the fall was heavy, and caused general rejoicing.

A contract has been signed by a Coos IN SESSION AT BOSTON Bay Coal company to furnish Vancouver and Prince Bupert, B. C., 24,000 tons of coal within the next six months. 4 4 4

The annual reunion of Lane county Boston, Oct. 8 .- With prominent eterans will be held at Eugene Friday and Saturday of this week. ...

William Criteser was accidentally Bankers' association was formally orshot while hunting near Oregon City Sunday. He will recover, Arthur Reynolds called the gathering

For the first time in the history of Salem the people of Marion and Polk counties can secure all kinds sacks at right prices in this city, instead of spending their time and money in going to Portland. We are pay-ing one cent a pound for all kinds of rags. We also are paying \$13 per ton for all kinds of cast iron. Highest prices paid for all kinds of old clothes, household goods and furniture. We buy and sell everything from a needle to a piece of gold. All kinds of tools and ma-chinery and pipe bought and sold. The house of a half a million barge in a million bargains. H. STEINBOCK JUNK CO.

Phone Main 224

Salem, Oregon. . . . Albert Zimmerman, of Portland, was WET WEATHER GOODS AT THE POPULAR PRICE STORE Umbrellas for men, wo-BARGAINS IN LADIES' Men's Long Rubberized men and children. LONG COATS Rain Coats, slip-on style. 50c, 75c, 90c, \$1.00 Large assortment to \$2.50 to \$6.50 to \$4.00 choose from at \$5, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 LADIES' Ladies' Long Rubberized LONG KIMONAS \$10.00 to \$16.50 Rain Coats, slip-on style, Made of heavy quality flannellette in wide range \$2.25 to \$6.50 of patterns. WOOL BLANKETS Only \$1.25 We have made a good buy Children's Rubber Capes, on a lot of odd pairs of all Alligator Oil Clothing for just the thing for school, wool blankets. On sale at men and boys. We guarwith hoods attached. antee them not to crack one-third to one-half the or leak. \$1.50 regular prices. Agents Agents Rostein & Greenbaum's for for MAY MANTON HAMILTON 240 Commercial St. PATTERNS BROWN SHOES

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