

## ASSESSMENT OF SOUTH HIGH MAY BE MADE

Possible That Satisfactory Agreement May Be Arrived at With Aggrieved Property Owners.

### THREE APPEAR AND TELL OF CONDITIONS ON STREET

Specifications Violated, Unjust Assessments Made and Unsatisfactory Paving Laid, They Say.

Frank Hughes, Dan J. Fry and John Carson appeared last night before a special committee of the city council, named to hear protests against the making of an assessment for the improvement of South High street, and explained why they did not believe the contract had been complied with by the Montague-O'Reilly company. J. C. Compton, representing the company, promised at the close of the meeting, that his company would resurface the hill with El-Oso next year and the city will endeavor to straighten out the assessment discriminations complained of.

Hughes asserted that he had been charged \$375 more for excavating than was just, his claim being that excavation work done several years before had been charged in with the rest. He had been offered a reduction of \$50 by the city, but did not consider it more than about one-eighth of the amount to which he was entitled.

#### Specifications Changed.

Fry charged that the specifications had been changed so that the surface on both blocks of the street was not El-Oso. It was explained by the representative of the Montague-O'Reilly company that the change of paving was ordered by the city engineer, who figured El-Oso was too slippery for the hill and ordered a rougher coat.

Fry asserted he was being assessed for 1650 feet fill, when but 474 feet of fill had been placed. He also told of being charged with drain pipe for lots 11 and 12.

"If any of the gentlemen of the committee can find any drain pipe on the two lots, I will eat the pipe," said Mr. Fry.

Further Mr. Fry doubted the justice of the 5 per cent charge for engineering expenses.

Carson wanted the committee to view the paving in front of his place and say whether the contract had been complied with.

#### \* Wants to Furnish Bond.

An attorney for the Montague-O'Reilly company proposed that the company be paid and permitted to furnish a bond in the sum of \$4000, which would cover anything in the way of repairs needed. He argued that it was unfair to the company to keep \$4000 of the \$18,000 involved in the contract tied up.

Earlier in the evening Councilman Stolz, chairman of the street committee, reviewed the history of the paving deal. It had been done last year when he was not in the council, he explained. The contractor had been delayed by the negligence of the city in not having the South High street bridge constructed so that he could grade and pave up to it. It was 66 days after the contract for the paving was let before the contract for the bridge work was commenced.

#### City Is to Blame.

The city made a bunglesome job of its abutments and another abutment and wing walls should have been constructed. The contractor had proceeded just as far with the work as it was safe, under the circumstances, and the

portion left undone was not charged in the assessment.

The contract had been so delayed by the city that work continued late in the fall, it appeared. Some of the residents had protested against paving in the mud and the matter was left in the hands of a council committee which, with Engineer Skelton, decided that the work should be completed.

The committee will report at the council meeting Monday night.

### THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

Its Name Does Not Quite Fit This Wondrous Constellation.

The Southern Cross, wonderful alike to those living in the southern half of the world and to the tourist thereto, is one of the most conspicuous and interesting of all the southern configurations.

Situated at a distance of about thirty degrees from the south pole, it is plainly visible in all regions south of the equator, and also to some distance north, about as far as the tropic of Cancer. The farther south one travels the higher in the heavens will appear the cross, and naturally the more conspicuous it becomes.

It seems to have received its name, not like the northern constellations from the ancients, but, like most of the southern configurations from the Portuguese navigators, during their explorations into the southern waters. It is said that when Dante came out from "Inferno" he declared that he had seen a mighty cross set in the southern firmament, and the navigators set about to find such a figure and settled upon this one as best fulfilling the conditions. That it is difficult, at first glance, to picture this as a true cross, is not surprising, for had it been named the "kite," a much closer representation could have been imagined. The so-called "false cross," midway between the cross and the bright star Canopus, although composed of fainter stars, is much more regular and symmetrical in shape.

Taken all in all, this constellation of the Southern Cross, which has been the wonder of centuries, still holds its place as a remarkable curiosity, even with the advance of astronomical investigation, and with the data obtained from the spectroscopy and the photograph, our efforts still find unlimited problems yet to be solved. And, above all others, that of the Southern Cross is yet far from a complete solution.—Leon Campbell in "Peru Today."

### PUZZLES OF SLEEP.

Noise and Slumber and the Marvellous Rapidity of Dreams.

Both Bismarck and Pepsys found that noise enhanced the value of a night's rest. Bismarck confided in his old age to an interviewer that he could "never sleep in Berlin at night when it is quiet, but as soon as the noise begins, about 4 o'clock in the morning, I can sleep a little and get my rest for the day."

Pepsy records in his diary on Sept. 23, 1861, that he slept at Welling "and still remember it that of all the nights that ever I slept in my life I never did pass a night with more opulence of sleep; there being now and then a noise of people that waked me, and then it was a very rainy night, and then I was a little weary, that what between waking and then sleeping again, one after another, I never had so much content in all my life."

The probability that we get snatches of sleep at odd moments when we suppose ourselves to have remained continuously awake is supported by the phenomena of dreams. Mark Twain accounted for his own "disappearing visitor" by the belief that he had unconsciously had a very short nap, and many have explained visions of ghosts as due to dreams during such short naps.

For nothing is better established in connection with dreams than that an apparently very long one can occur during an almost infinitesimal time. Alfred Maury had a long, vivid dream of the reign of terror, including the trial of himself before the revolutionary tribunal and his execution, and was able to show that it all happened during the moment of awakening by the fall of a rod from the bed canopy upon his neck.—London Chronicle.

#### Nogi's Nerve Tonic.

Having been dedicated to the profession of arms, General Nogi was taken, while still a small boy, to see a criminal decapitated and was rebuffed for shuddering at the spectacle. After nightfall, when all was darkness and silence, he was required to go alone to the burial ground and bring back the culprit's head. The ordeal was designed to strengthen his nerves and teach him to fear nothing, living or dead.—Francis E. Loupp in Atlantic.

#### Our Language.

An intelligent foreigner is said to have expressed himself after the following fashion on the absurdities of the English language: "When I discovered that I was quick, I was fast; if I stood firm, I was fast; if I spent too freely, I was fast, and that not to eat was to fast. I was discouraged. But when I came across the sentence, 'The first one won one \$1 prize,' I was tempted to give up English and learn some other language."

#### Neatly Turned.

Jack—I hear that you called on your girl's father. How did you come out? Tom—So so! I said to him, "Mr. X, I love your daughter." He said, "So do I; now let's talk of something else." Jack—And then— Tom—Then—well, we talked of something else.—Boston Transcript.

#### Her Talk Not Dead.

"I understand that your wife is a student of the dead languages." "Yes," replied Mr. Meekton. "But her studies are of no particular advantage. When she talks to me she insists on using language that I can't fail to understand."—Washington Star.

## Thomas A. Edison III After Return From His Vacation



Photo copyright by American Press Association.

THOMAS A. EDISON, who might be called the "human grindstone" were it not for the fact that he is known as the "wizard of electricity," recently became ill. His doctor ordered him to stay home. Now, when a man contends that three or four hours' sleep each night is enough and spends most of the other eighteen or nineteen hours at hard work he is not the kind of person who likes to be told he must stay home under a physician's care. But Mr. Edison found that he had to obey, and, for the first time in eight years, he remained away from his laboratory at his factory, in West Orange, N. J. Mr. Edison was taken ill while on his vacation in New England, but he made light of it. He was forced to curtail his vacation, however, and return home. It was thought that the illness was not serious.

## LOWER RAIL RATES WILL BOOST BUSINESS

Southern Pacific Expected to Aid Willamette Valley Business by New Lumber Schedule.

The Southern Pacific is expected next month to grant lumber mills in the Willamette valley a reduction on certain grades of lumber to San Francisco Bay which will materially increase business here and make it possible to more successfully compete with the Portland mills.

For several years the Portland mills have enjoyed a rail rate to San Fran-

cisco equal to that in effect from the valley towns. On finished lumber this rate is \$5 per ton. On rough, green lumber the rate is \$3.50 per ton from the valley and \$5 from Portland.

The \$5 rate also applies on weather-dried rough lumber from Portland and valley points alike. Now the valley mills have petitioned the railroads to classify this weather-dried rough stuff as rough green lumber, giving it the \$3.50 rate from the valley.

In the open yellow pine forests of Washington and Oregon a collapsible plow is being used in digging fire lines to stop surface fires. The plow can be dismantled and folded into a compact form, so that it can be packed on horseback, and weighs only 40 pounds. When in use, one man with a horse can do the work of 20 or more men working with shovels.

## Here's What World's Highest Wireless Tower Looks Like

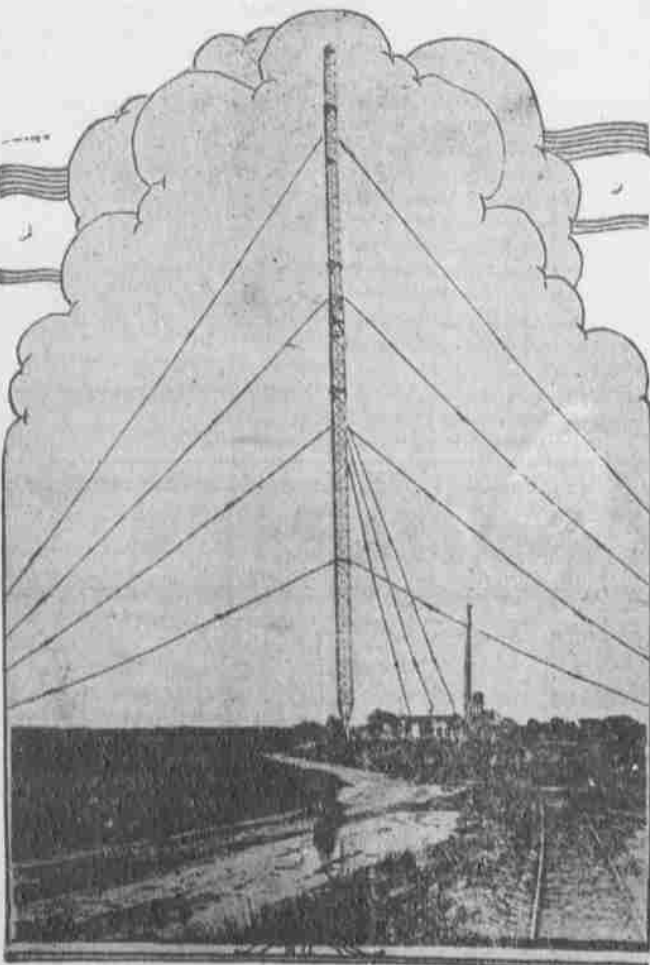


Photo by American Press Association.

THE world is full of so many wonders nowadays that the original seven shrink into utter insignificance. Here is one of the many modern wonders. It is the highest wireless station in the world erected solely as such. It is located in New Jersey, along the Atlantic coast, and the Marconi company uses it for transatlantic messages. The tower is higher than the government towers at Arlington, but, of course, lower than the wireless station on the top of the Eiffel tower in Paris. The New Jersey tower is between 600 and 700 feet high.

## LADIES! DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

Look Years Younger! Use Grandmother's Recipe of Sage Tea and Sulphur and Nobody Will Know.

The use of Sage and Sulphur for restoring faded, gray hair to its natural color dates back to grandmother's time. She used it to keep her hair beautifully dark, glossy and abundant. Whenever her hair fell out or took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect.

But brewing at home is messy and out-of-date. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," you will get this famous old recipe which can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair and is splendid for dandruff, dry, feverish, itchy scalp and falling hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, it becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and abundant. Local agent, J. C. Perry.

### TREATING A DOG BITE.

Act Promptly and There is Little Danger of Hydrophobia.

If you should be bitten by a dog suspected of rabies don't get scared, but act promptly.

Immediately apply a tourniquet above the wound. No tourniquet being at hand, use a handkerchief or necktie, twisting it tightly with a stick.

The poison should then be sucked out and the wound cauterized as soon as possible. If it is believed the dog was mad the Pasteur treatment should be resorted to. Only two-tenths of 1 per cent of those who take this treatment develop hydrophobia.

Although the germ of rabies has not been demonstrated, it is generally conceded the disease has a specific germ which never occurs in the human spontaneously, but always by inoculation. It is also moderately well demonstrated that dogs and other animals likewise contract the disease through inoculation. Many more male than female dogs go mad. The reason given for this is that male dogs fight among themselves, but a male seldom bites a female. The proportion is seven mad males to one mad female. Contrary to popular belief, rabies is more common in a temperate zone than in the tropics or the arctic region and in spring and fall than in summer and winter.

The only sure preventive thus far found for rabies is thorough muzzling, which is another proof that the disease has its origin in inoculation.

There is a disease called tyssophobia which closely resembles hydrophobia and is brought on by nervous dread. It has been contended by some that there is really no difference between these diseases and that hydrophobia is imaginary. This claim is refuted by the fact that animals and very young children, knowing neither imagination, dread or fear, do succumb to a disease exhibiting the unmistakable symptoms of hydrophobia.

These symptoms are, first, a fear of water, from which the disease derives its name; then the muscles stiffen and an attempt to drink water brings on convulsions; next the mere sight of water is sufficient to bring on a recurrence of the convulsions, fever sets in and death ensues in about a week, generally from exhaustion.

There is no known remedy for rabies, though opiates are freely used to alleviate the pain.—Dr. John J. Reilly in New York World.

It is said that 90,000,000 broom handles are used annually in the United States; one for each man, woman and child.

Many a good sermon has been preached in silence.

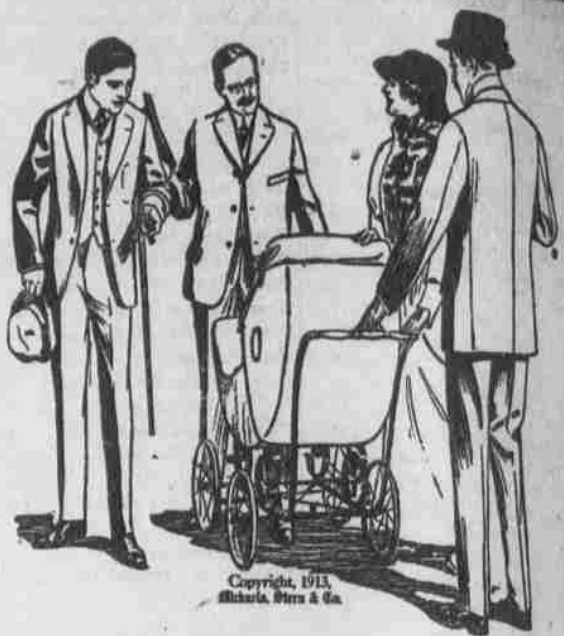
## FALLING HAIR MEANS DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save Your Hair! Get a 25-Cent Bottle of Danderine Right Now—Also Stops Itching Scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, lustre and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp.



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COME in and see how far your money will go for a suit. See how they look on you, how they fit, know that they are ready-made before you buy and not after.

SUITS AND O'COATS, \$15 to \$30

SALEM WOOLEN MILL STORE

Read The Journal For News

# A RARE BOND OF TRUST

That Which Exists Between Capital Journal Readers and Capital Journal Advertisers

It is notable that advertisers who use The Capital Journal regularly throughout the year, are the best known business men in Salem, and it is equally true that they transact a consistently increasing business.

They advertise in The Capital Journal consistently and persistently—make their appeal intelligently.

They have learned by experience that Capital Journal readers must be reached through the mind—that they are best influenced by offerings designed to satisfy refined tastes, whether the merchandise involved is expensive or inexpensive.

And this is the tribute to the character of The Capital Journal's circulation.

Capital Journal readers are recognized as discriminating—not especially as a class that buys highest priced wares for personal use—but a class that has learned that it is not necessary to be extravagant in order to have the best that its means will provide.

Capital Journal readers have learned this distinction by the exercise of common sense—the kind of common sense that is the outgrowth of education—of wholesome home surroundings—of a natural preference for the better things of life.

The Capital Journal is essentially a newspaper that meets the requirements of progressive people—whether rich or in moderate circumstances—and its clientele is one that the best local advertisers can profitably cultivate with their important store announcements.

A complete list of Salem business men who advertise in The Capital Journal contains those whose names have become household words—whose reputations for fair dealing stand out most

prominently. They are leaders in their respective lines. Their stores have been built by continuous conformance to sound commercial principles—by adherence to the finer ethics of buying and selling.

While they advertise to tempt sales from day to day, they do not lose sight of that which is even more valuable than the profits of the moment—the accumulation of good will—without which no business can endure.

They are recognized in the homes of Capital Journal readers and their advertising is recognized to with confidence.

This is because every line of advertising in The Capital Journal is practically CERTIFIED advertising—the advertising of foremost local and national advertisers—and readers can depend upon securing everything offered in the way of price and quality advantage.

The Capital Journal has established a bond of trust between its readers and its advertisers.

To bring this about The Capital Journal has edited its columns for the home and consistently refused to print advertising of questionable character.

This knowledge—which is shared by readers of The Capital Journal and business men who advertise in its columns—forms the basis of mutual faith that operates for the benefit of each.

## Globe TONIGHT

Basco & Brown's Musical Comedy Company

### Complete Change of Program

"ALL IN A FOG."

New Music, New Costumes, New Songs, New Dances. A clean show catering to women and children.

2—NEW PICTURES—2

### Entire Change of Program Sunday

Bargain matinee every day Matinee, adults, 15c; children 10c. Evening, adults, 25c; children, 10c.

Globe