

**THE CAPITAL JOURNAL**  
 Published by  
**The Barnes-Taber Company**  
 GRAHAM P. TABER, Editor and Manager


An Independent Newspaper Devoted to American Principles and the Progress and Development of Salem in Particular and All Oregon in General

Published Every Evening Except Sunday, Salem, Oregon

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**  
 (Invariably in Advance)

Daily, by Carrier, per year	\$5.20	Per month	.45c
Daily, by Mail, per year	4.00	Per month	.35c
Weekly, by Mail, per year	1.00	Six months	.50c

FULL LEASED WIRE TELEGRAPH REPORT



## Medford Man Is Made Goat by Speaker

**M'ARTHUR PLAYS MEAN TRICK ON REAMES—TRUSTS DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS IN CHAIR WHEN THERE'S NOTHING DOING.**

Speaker Pat McArthur was feeling very tired yesterday afternoon, and also very much at peace with all the world. Inasmuch as there was a proxy discussion on over an unimportant bill, he decided it would be a nice tribute to Oregon's minority party to put the Democratic member in his place while he strolled around the house floor, violating rule 66.

"Will Mr. Hagood, of Multnomah, please take the chair?" shouted McArthur.

Hagood would and did. Mounting the rostrum, the champion and lieutenant of Governor West seized the gavel and glared around at the Republican majority as much as to say, "Now dare to start something."

Meanwhile McArthur was already on the floor, smoking in violation of the rule.

Everything went lovely under Hagood's regime, and Pat enjoyed his smoke and visits at various member's desks. The whilom speaker had no difficult decisions to make. The only excitement arose when Hagood and Forbes of Crook happened to glare at each other. Legislative hearts went pit-a-pat, as the strong verbal run-in of these two members the day before was remembered. Nothing further doing, however.

McArthur finally resumed the chair when bill-introducing time came, and 42 new bills were brought to the chief clerk's desk for first reading. This meant that after the title of each bill was read by Reading Clerk Dudley Clarke, the speaker would have to say: "First reading of the bill. Without objection it is passed to its second reading."

Think of saying that 42 times. Pat thought of it, and the more he thought the more he felt that he could trust another Democrat in the speaker's chair. Hence he called Clarence L. Reames. The latter had been talking for two hours at his desk with Attorney W. E. Fulpus, also of Medford. Now, when two lawyers discuss anything for two hours in private conversation they are going some—especially if Medford lawyers. Hence Reames' voice was rather weak when he assumed the speaker's chair.

However, the feel of the gavel gave him renewed strength. After the first title was read he spoke out real strong: "First reading of the bill. Without objection it is passed to its second reading."

Same thing up to the twelfth bill, when it was noticed that he was weakening. From then on he gradually gave out, every little while shortening up the formula. It went about as follows:

Fifteenth bill—"First reading of bill. Without objection passed to second reading." Fairly strong, but signs of distress.

Eighteenth bill. First reading bill. No objections passed second reading. (Distress very plain).

Twenty-fifth bill. "First reading. Snobjections she's passed." (Very weak).

Thirtieth bill. "First reading. She's passed. (Very weaker).

Thirty-fifth bill. "Stranding. She's pass. (Pitiful look toward Pat).

Forty-first bill. "Stranding, spassed." (Dumb despair).

Forty-second bill. "Spassed." (Help less).

## To Frame Some Good Road Laws

For a joint committee consisting of three from the house and three from the senate to arrive at a harmonious plan for good roads legislation is the provision of a concurrent resolution introduced yesterday afternoon by Senator Thompson. The legislature is divided into many factions on the road question, yet all are determined to see good roads legislation enacted before the close of the session. The Thompson resolution follows:

Whereas, there has been a general demand throughout the state of Oregon for many years for the enactment of modern legislation to permit the construction of permanent highways, and

Whereas, the various organizations and individuals, who desire such legislation have been unable to agree upon the character of such legislation with the result that no legislation has been enacted to this date; and

Whereas, the last legislature had

## Years of Suffering

**Catarah and Blood Disease—Doctors Failed to Cure.**

Miss Mabel P. Dawkins, 1214 Lafayette St., Fort Wayne, Ind., writes: "For three years I was troubled with catarah and blood disease. I tried several doctors and a dozen different remedies, but none of them did me any good. A friend told me of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I took two bottles of this medicine and was as well and strong as ever. I feel like a different person and recommend Hood's to any one suffering from catarah."

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

1913 FEBRUARY 1913						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	

before it bills of such diverse character and of such inharmonious nature that the respective members were unable to agree upon any suitable legislation until the closing days of the session and, in formulating the bills which were enacted, sufficient time was not taken to properly prepare the same, with the result that all highway bills passed by the last legislature were vetoed by the governor, and said vetoes were sustained by this legislature; and

Whereas, a similar condition now exists in that each house has before it many highway bills, and so long as the committees of the two houses work separately there is a reasonable probability that the present legislature may be unable to agree upon legislation governing this most important subject, unless a method is provided whereby a conference may be had; and

Whereas, it is obvious that legislation of a positive character, relating to good roads is demanded by the people of the state at the hands of this session, and should be accomplished, and to that end it is necessary that the different measures now before the different houses of this session be reconciled in order that positive and harmonious laws be given to the people of the state; therefore be it

Resolved, by the senate, the house concurring, that a committee of three on the part of the house and a like committee on the part of the senate be appointed by the respective presiding officers of the house and senate, which committee shall consider all road bills, and formulate a plan of harmonious action on the part of the two houses so far as all road legislation before the present session of the legislature is concerned.

## Senator Day Wants Water from Mountains

**MULTNOMAH SENATOR PROPOSES TO BRING IN SUPPLY FOR ALL STATE INSTITUTIONS FROM FOREST RESERVE.**

Senate bill No. 126, by Day, of Multnomah, has not even been considered by the committee on public lands, but is the most important bill before the legislature from a sanitary standpoint. Shipping Bull Run water up from Portland is regarded as a joke by many, but seriously speaking few people have considered what it would cost the state if an epidemic were to break out in a state institution or the Capital City itself during a session of the legislature, and how quickly joint resolutions would be rushed through to move the state capital to some city that has pure mountain water. The title of the bill is a comprehensive one from a business standpoint, and reads as follows:

A bill for an act to provide pure mountain water, electric lights, power and heat for state institutions, located at and near the state capital, and to make appropriations therefor.

### Text of the Bill.

That the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer, are hereby created a board of building commissioners, and as such board are directed to immediately proceed under the provisions of this act and under the provisions of sections 6581 to 6587, inclusive, of Lord's Oregon Laws, and other laws which may be applicable, to procure an adequate supply of pure mountain water for the state institutions, located at and near the state capital. Such water supply shall be taken from the nearest available source of supply, from a pure mountain stream flowing from the forest reserve. They are further authorized to procure such water rights as may be necessary to generate electric power, for the use of said institutions.

Section 2. In carrying out the purposes of this act, the said board is hereby authorized to command the

WE Grow Because We Give the Best Values

SALEM OREGON

# CHICAGO STORE

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY

Our Motto: "Honest Goods at Lowest Prices"

## February Clean-up Sale

Every year we hold an ANNUAL FEBRUARY CLEARANCE SALE for two weeks, for the purpose of cleaning up and getting rid of all odd lots, odd sizes and broken lines of all kinds of goods all over our store. Profits will not be considered on all broken lines all over this big store. We must have room for our NEW SPRING GOODS, which are now pouring in on top of us. Come here and save money.

## SEE THE FOLLOWING PRICES:

<p><b>NEW SILKS</b> AND NEW <b>Dress Goods</b> NOW PLACED ON SALE WONDERFUL BARGAINS</p>	<p><b>OUR SPOT CASH SYSTEM</b> is making the customers fast. You can't beat our prices.</p> <p><b>REMNANTS</b> OF WOOL DRESS GOODS HALF PRICE</p> <p><b>REMNANTS</b> OF COTTON DRESS GOODS HALF PRICE</p> <p><b>REMNANTS</b> OF SILKS—HALF PRICE</p>	<p><b>Extra Special</b> Percales per Yard 5c., 6 1-4c., 8 1-3c.</p> <p>BIG SHEETS ..... 4c</p> <p>\$1.00 Long-Waisted Corsets Special ..... 4c</p> <p>Odd lines of Men's and Boys' clothing at about ..... Half price</p> <p>3000 yards of Fine Embroideries now on sale All Bargains</p>
<p><b>New Suits Priced Down</b> ODD SIZES \$4.50 \$7.50 \$8.50 AND \$10.50 VALUES WORTH DOUBLE THE PRICE</p>	<p><b>New Coats Priced Down</b> ODD SIZES \$3.50 \$4.95 \$7.50 AND \$10.50 VALUES WORTH DOUBLE THE PRICE</p>	<p><b>New One-piece Dresses Priced Down</b> ODD SIZES \$4.50 \$5.90 \$7.50 AND \$8.50 VALUES WORTH DOUBLE</p> 

## THE POOR MAN'S CLUB.

GENTLEMEN of the legislature, so far as the making of laws is concerned, at least, are the whole people of the state of Oregon. Your acts are theirs, hence it behooves you to consider well before acting upon proposed laws which interfere with the natural rights or liberty of any or all of the people of the state. There is a bill now before you proposing among other things, to close the pool and billiard rooms in the cities on Sundays. Theoretically the bill is all right, but how will it work out practically? Is the law necessary? Is it just? Is it equal in its application to all classes? In other words is it not class legislation of the most pronounced kind?

In practically every city in the state there are such pool rooms. They are large, roomy well provided with chairs warm and comfortable, and they sell no spirituous liquors of any kind. In every city, also, there is a class of hard working men who are homeless. They have no families, board at restaurants, and their bed rooms are such that they are unfitted for occupancy during the day being usually ill lighted and without heat.

To this class of men, the pool room Sundays is a haven of rest. They are about the only places they can go on that day where they are sheltered from the elements, and can be comfortable. Close these resorts and where will this class of men go on Sundays. If this law is passed, a real hardship is worked upon these homeless hard-working men.

Then, too, the law is class legislation, for it does not close the private club rooms. If a man has sufficient means, he can join the clubs, common to every city, can play pool or billiards smoke, and for that matter even get liquors on Sundays in a large percentage of them. This class of men, too, usually have homes, or at least are so housed that they can occupy their rooms Sundays and be comfortable in them. In other words the proposed law would deprive those who really need a place in which they can be comfortable on Sundays, while permitting those who do not need them the full enjoyment of the same privileges.

It is claimed that in the larger cities these pool rooms are made headquarters by the criminal class. Admitting this to be true, it should at least be an aid to the police in locating them. If it is true, it is at most only a meeting place, for it is not even asserted that the pool rooms create the criminals, and who knows but the very fact of being cold and homeless has created many of them. If the fact that criminals meet in them is sufficient reason for abolishing them, how about the legislature? The lobbies of the legislatures are the meeting places of some of the strongest and greatest criminals in the country, criminals who would if they could rob all the people, instead of an individual or two, yet that is no reason for abolishing the legislature, or at least no more cogent reason than for abolishing the pool rooms.

The law also applies to moving pictures shows which is another of its bad features. The moving pictures, as a rule teach good moral lessons, and furnish harmless amusing and instructive entertainment. People cannot be made moral by law, but comfort and harmless amusement and entertainments are conducive to morals, not inimical to them.

The pool rooms are the poor man's clubs, the picture shows about his

## THE PEOPLE WANT TO KNOW.

limit financially in that line of amusement. Why then deprive him of them? Again, here in Salem the P. E. & E. has generously provided a big room for its employes, provided it with pool and billiard tables, in fact realized the necessity of its employes having a comfortable place to meet and to spend their leisure time. Here in Salem also the state, you gentlemen of the legislature, has provided an armory. It has pool and billiard tables, is warmed and made comfortable for the militia boys, and the state did nicely in creating it. Will you, gentlemen, abolish this state pool room while shutting up the others? If not, why not?

## THE PEOPLE WANT TO KNOW.

THE OFFICE of the city attorney now carries with it a salary of \$1500 a year. The ordinance was signed by the mayor shortly after its passage by the council. As The Journal has stated, it has no feeling against the present city attorney, for if the services are worth that sum, he is as much entitled to receive the emoluments of the office as any other lawyer. The objection The Journal has is twofold. First it is against the increasing the salary of any office during the incumbency of the officer, whether elected or appointed. Second it believes the salary is excessive for the amount of work required, and that no private corporation would pay anywhere near such sum for similar services. This is why it has repeatedly, though so far vainly asked the individual councilmen or the city attorney to make such showing as they could in defense of the increase.

Then again, there is something peculiar in the manner in which this increase was made. So far as The Journal is concerned it freely confesses that it does not know whether the city attorney asked for an increase of salary or not. If he did, there is nothing on record to show that fact, hence it appears on the face of things that the increase was a voluntary act on the part of the council. This sudden generosity with the city's money, came very soon after his election by the council, so that the increased pay runs practically for the full term. The citizens of Salem are doing much more thinking and talking, too, on this subject than the councilmen are aware of for naturally people are most of them timid about talking of it to them or in their presence, but they are talking. Just the same. This is another reason The Journal offers its columns to the council or any of its members, or the city attorney, to throw such light on the subject as they, and they only, can. If this increase in salary was necessary, just or proper, the people should know it and they are anxious for the information. Some are disposed to blame Attorney Page. The Journal fails to see where he is especially to blame for accepting any salary offered him, either large or small, and the increased size of it could hardly be looked upon as a deterrent either to him or any one else. This, of course, if he did not ask to have the salary increased. If he did so ask, then it is up to him as well as the councilmen, to show the people on what grounds the increase was demanded. If he did not so ask, it is up to the councilmen to show why it voluntarily increased a salary when no request ever was made to it to do so. The people of the city would like to be informed on the matter, and The Capital Journal offers its columns as a medium through which that information can be made public.

**SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES**

Our safety deposit boxes, in our Tisco Manganese Steel Vault, the strongest on the Pacific Coast, are now ready for renting, we will be pleased to show them to you.

**LADD & BUSH, Bankers**

**THE NEWEST DESIGNS**  
—IN—  
**WALL PAPER**  
—ARE AT—  
**Porter's**  
455 COURT STREET

Choose the colors for your room with the aid of an expert wall paper man.



**DR. STONE'S Drug Store**  
SALEM, OREGON, also  
DR. STONE'S STOMACH TONIC and BLUES RELIEF

All patent medicines or medicine advertised in this paper is for sale at

**DR. STONE'S Drug Store**  
SALEM, OREGON, also  
DR. STONE'S STOMACH TONIC and BLUES RELIEF

Which cures:—Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Gas in the Stomach, Blues, Despondency and "down in the mouth."  
Makes a sad person cheerful.

services of the state engineer, and also to employ convict labor, if found desirable.

Section 3. That immediately upon this act going into effect, the board shall proceed to secure the necessary data, plans and specifications, rights and title to property, including rights of way and site for dam, power plant and reservoir, and shall commence to prosecute the work in this act.

Section 4. To commence the work, and for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act, there is hereby appropriated out of the public treasury in this state from any money not otherwise appropriated, the sum of fifty thousand (\$50,000) dollars for the year 1913, and the sum of fifty thousand (\$50,000) dollars each year thereafter, until the work herein provided for is completed, or as much thereof as may be necessary, including the expense of surveys and estimates, and of litigation incurred, or that may hereafter be incurred concerning the supply of water, light and power for said institutions, and the secretary of state is hereby authorized and required by law to draw a warrant on the treasurer, and the treasurer is to pay all such warrants for all claims that have been audited by

said board to the secretary of state. The appropriation of fifty (\$50,000) dollars per annum, for the prosecution of this work, shall be, and the same is hereby made continuous from year to year, and shall be included in the annual estimates of the necessary state expense, until the completion of the work herein provided.

Section 5. It is hereby declared that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health of the people of the state in institutions, and the public generally, and that an emergency exists and is hereby declared, and that this act shall be in full force and effect, from and after its passage.

**Veterans Will Feed.**

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.]  
Seattle, Wash., Feb. 5.—One hundred veterans of the wars in the Philippines are smacking their lips over the taste of carabou steaks, the first since the day of '98, which they devoured at a reunion in the Washington annex. The carabou, or water buffalo calf was imported from Manila especially for this annual banquet of the association.

**PAPE'S! BREAKS A COLD AT ONCE**

**FIRST DOSE OF PAPE'S COLD COMPOUND ENDS GRIPPE MISERY—TASTES NICE.**

You can surely end Grippe and break up the most severe cold either in head, chest, back, stomach or limbs, by taking a dose of Pape's Cold Compound every two hours until three consecutive doses are taken.

It promptly relieves the most miserable headache, dizziness, head and nose stuffed, feverishness, sneezing, sore throat, mucous catarrhal discharges, running of the nose, soreness, stiffness and rheumatic twinges.

Take this wonderful Compound as directed, without interference with your usual duties and with the knowledge that there is nothing else in the world, which will cure your cold or end Grippe misery as promptly and without any other assistance or bad after-effects as a 25-cent package of Pape's Cold Compound, which any druggist can supply—accept no substitutes—contains no quinine—belongs in every home. Tastes nice.

Notice of Intention to Improve.  
Notice is hereby given that the common council of the city of Salem, Oregon, deems it expedient and proposes to improve Oak street from the east side of Commercial street to the west side of High street with gravel concrete pavement at the expense of the adjacent and abutting property within said limits, in accordance with the plans, specifications and estimates for the improvement of said Oak street from the east side of Commercial street to the West side of High street, as heretofore adopted by the common council and on file in the office of the city recorder, which are hereby referred to for a more particular and detailed description of said improvement, and are hereby made a part of this notice.

Written remonstrance against the improvement proposed herein may be made at any time within ten (10) days from the final publication of this notice, in the manner provided by the city charter.

This notice is published for ten (10) days, pursuant to a resolution of the common council, and the date of the first publication thereof is the 4th day of February, 1913, and the date of the final publication will be the 15th day of February, 1913.

HAS T. ELGIN, City Recorder.  
2-4-11

A woman seldom finds any good in her husband by the detective method.