THE CAPITAL JOURNAL

chere
The people of Salem are to be congratulated on having voted
to meet the demands of the growing district for an enlarged High School. The question of making any changes or additions to the present tuilding should be
are open for suggestions.
There should be more dairy legislation. Butter is now so high only the richest people can afford a first-class article. The number of cows has decreased,
down several million pounds in the state, and the Dairy Comdown several million pounds in the state, and the Dariry conm
misioner is under indictment. More laws and more stringent migsioner is under indictment. Nore haws
regulations will make it impossible for anyon
Of courge, if there are errors in the inventories made by the
three engineers who were appointed to arbitrate the value of the Tant of the Salem Water Co., they should be eliminated. If
there are duplications in the items charged for by the Water Company, they should be eliminated. The committee of the city council have undoubtedly acted in good faith in this matter, but their report should not again dolay materially the action of the city councel, that has been pending no progress has been made by the city in getting a pure water with needed improvements.

Arrests by the Salem police decrease as a result of working hoboes and drunks who use the city jail. The decrease in arwith drunks. The chief of police is to be congratulated on his strict enforcement of the laws. There is no room in Salem for public drunkenness and gambling. The Capital City is fortunate in having officials who will enforce the laws and set an exmple to the whole state of what a well regulated city can be mid.
Oh, yes, you can single out the industries at one place like Oregon City, and pass a lav to hamper them. It is so bright and
and.
law.

## the lady farmers' institute.

The bill by Gill for $\$ 10,000$ to provide for a ladies' auxiliary to the f.
It was discussed here as a bill
gricultural extension work.
Indy lecturer to Farmers' Institutes.
000 a year.

## MEDICAL freedom bill

The bill to provide a board of registe Mr. Clyde sal freedom debate
Mr. Clyde saw several niggers in the woodpile. It was
nopolistic measure, that struck a blow at medical freedom
nopoistic measure, that struck a blow at medical freedom
Drs. Belknap and Cottell deftended the bill. Thompson
pioned the regulations provided
Mr. Johnson, of Marion, said the bill was aimed to deprive ce Mr. Abbott showed that this bill did not prevent any menibe of the family or friend from nursing, if they did not do it for pay
Mr. Brownhill showed that the bill was class legislation, ns it hut out chiropractics and osteopaths.
Dr. Smith defended th
Mr. Huntington said those who did not want to take the medical caurse required by this haw did not have to.
Mr. Clyde said this bill shut out all nurses who do not belong to this particular school. No nurse, unless educated in the school o against human freedom, and should be defeated. Anyone had This legislation may be in the interest of a class, but it passed and will be the law unless vetoed by the governor.

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[^0]:    The friends of the above bill present the following in favor heir mensure
    Oregon has one-fifth of the standing timber of the United
    States.
    Oregon has 400 billion feet, worth 500 million dollars on the
    tump. If manufactured, this 400 billion feet will bring in five billio stroyed by fire.
    Oregon's forests already distribute more wealth in the state
    Lumberman are spending each year to protect their timber Oregon ahout $\$ 130,000$, the federal government spends for patrol $\$ 150,000$. The state spendis $\$ 250.00$.
    864,000, Idaho 830,000 nad Washington $\$ 23,000$ to protect thei tate. Whainat saoo by Oregon, with more timber than an

