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THE GAME LAWS TO BE ENFORCED

A. L. Mumfers Fined \$25 this Morning for Killing a Hen Pheasant—This Is the First Case.

IS A PERFECT LADY

AND YOU MUST MAKE NO MISTAKE—STILL, THE HORSE EDITOR TO WHOM THE STORY WAS GIVEN TO WRITE UP HAS SOME IDEAS OF HIS OWN.

A. L. Mumfers was the first to feel the weight of the game law being fined this morning in Judge Webster's court on complaint of Game Warden J. W. Rozell in the sum of \$25. Now the only offense charged was in killing a hen pheasant, but as this is against the law it profiteth a gunner to look well before he shoots and be certain as to the sex of the bird. Of course if he took a man for a deer it would be perfectly justifiable; that isn't against the law. That, in fact, is the chance a man takes when he communes with Nature and watches the golden leaves flutter to the ground and tries to imagine he is a boy again. Now, if

a man took him for a he pheasant, just because he was a little too fly, and rung the bell down where his dinner settles, that would be all right. A man has no right to the gaud and beauty of a he pheasant and it would be excusable to shoot him for doing so. It is different with a lady pheasant. The law provides that if anyone takes her for a gentleman he is up against it. It seems kind of funny, but it is the law. The only sure way is to watch the bird until it lays an egg—if it can; if it doesn't, if he, she, or it isn't overgrown its safe to shoot it; that's the way it is with a man. The best way is to read up closely on the game laws and follow them, for they are going to be enforced. Of course, open season for hunters you have to take your chances at, and if you come home and lie down on your "tummy" while the wife of your bosom picks a charge of No. 8 shot from where they are thickest, why just grin and bear it, and remember that is one of the features of being "game."

A NEW YORK BOSS DANGEROUSLY ILL

[UNITED PRESS LEARNED WIRE.] New York, Oct. 15.—The condition of State Senator Patrick H. McCarren, who has been in a critical condition at St. Catherine's hospital, following an operation for appendicitis, is reported today as having slightly improved and physicians now have hopes of his recovery.

A bulletin issued at noon yesterday stated that the Brooklyn politician was extremely low and that his life was despaired of.

McCarren is a power in New York politics and has been a factor in every election held in New York for years.

TO EXTEND ELECTRIC TO ALBANY

Oregon Electric Line Has Important Meeting in Portland and Will Extend Its Lines.

ISSUES MORE BONDS AFTER YOU ALFONSE

WILL AUTHORIZE SALE OF \$2,000,000 BONDS FOR EXTENSION OF LINES AND THE FIRST WILL BE THE PORTLAND-SALEM LINE TO ALBANY.

A special from Portland today says Extension of the Willamette Valley lines of the Oregon Electric Railway company is to begin at an early date, and the sale of \$2,000,000 worth of bonds, the larger part of which is to be used for the extension, is to be ratified this morning at a meeting of the stockholders of the company. Which one of the proposed extensions of the company will be built first has not been decided.

George Bradley Moffat, president of the company, will arrive this morning from New York to attend the stockholders' meeting, and it is ex-

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A SEETHING CALDRON OF REBELLION

All Spain Takes Fire Over Murder of Ferrer, Which May Be "the Last Straw." A Falling Nation.

WILL BE THE CRY OF HIS FIFTEEN MILLION SUBJECTS AS THEY CHASE HIM OVER THE BORDER—IT MAY BE A DAY, A MONTH OR A YEAR, BUT SURE.

(By Charles P. Stewart, European manager of the United Press.) London, Oct. 15.—The throne of King Alfonso is tottering. Every city in the kingdom is in the throes of a revolution of its own, and although the climax may not come for weeks or months, the end of Alfonso's reign at a time not far distant seems inevitable.

It may be postponed for years, but there is every belief that following the white heat of the public disapproval engendered by the action of the government in the "murder" of Prof. Ferrer at Barcelona that a general outbreak is very near.

Developments recently indicate that there is the gravest danger of the revolt extending to every Latin country of Europe.

I have just returned from a personal investigation of the conditions on the Spanish peninsula. The situation is a hundred per cent graver than I found it at Barcelona during the July uprising. At that time the disorders were largely socialistic and anti-military.

Since then the anti-clerical factor has become vastly greater and the anarchistic propaganda has spread throughout every district of the peninsula.

So universal is the disaffection and the spirit of revolution that, in my opinion, no scheme can be evolved to solve the problem peacefully.

Conditions in Spain have been serious for a long time. But it was the outbreak of war in Morocco which precipitated the crisis. This war was entered into for the benefit of private corporations, backed mainly by foreign capital.

The inhabitants of the Catalonian provinces, being the most progressive and enlightened in Spain, were first to rebel. With Barcelona as its center the fiercest of the fighting between the oppressed and revolting liberals and King Alfonso's soldiers raged for about a fortnight late in July and early in August. Ever since then there has been intermittent trouble and constant minor outbreaks.

How many persons have been shot down in the street battles or disposed of later by firing squads in Montjuich fortress, where Ferrer faced his executioners, no one knows. Not even the authorities could tell the extent of the slaughter. For orders were generally given in person or by telephone. A great many mistakes were made and with no records by which to trace them there was naturally much confusion.

The total number of victims unquestionably runs into the thousands—perhaps three or four thousand—though, of course, the government dries it up.

Of what has occurred since the actual rioting was suppressed in Barcelona with bomb outrages and assassinations still going on briskly, it is impossible to tell in detail because no one can get the news out of Spain day by day as it happens and a great deal of it is lost altogether.

The mere offering of a telegram setting forth the truth of the situation would insure the author's arrest and imprisonment if he were a Spaniard or his expulsion from the country if he were a foreigner.

The mails are carefully overhauled and letters addressed to newspapers

or news agencies are almost-uniformly opened.

At the present moment the larger Spanish cities are like gunpowder. The police have succeeded thus far in keeping anyone from firing them, but they may blow up any day.

In the rural districts where repression is more rife a condition of anarchy prevails.

As a matter of fact, the recent restoration of the constitution which was greeted by an officially arranged celebration throughout the nation means nothing. The censorship continues. The suppressed newspapers remain suppressed. The others are watched as carefully as ever. There have been no releases of any of the government suspects held illegally in prison.

Arrests are still made by wholesale daily. The anti-clerical and anarchistic movement following the killing of Ferrer has been met so far with the same recourse to military force as has been employed throughout the summer and fall.

The people declare that the church is unbearable, not because it is Roman Catholic, but because it is a state church.

The church pays no taxes, but the people are taxed heavily to support it. It is the vested interests of Spain.

The church controls an immense and unearned share of the country's wealth. Industrially it competes at an unfair advantage with Spanish manufacturers and workmen. Like all "vested interests" it is violently conservative and all its interests are reactionary. The liberals are resolved to shake off its domination. King Alfonso and the conservatives are resolved to support it. That his majesty will yield even to a majority to one believes.

Yet an attempt on his part to defy the majority will assuredly precipitate the revolution that Premier Maura is trying so hard to avert.

Probably the premier, convinced that he no longer can safely stay calling the assembly together, is simply accepting the inevitable.

With good fortune King Alfonso may cling to power for a year or two. But with the terrific agitation developed from the "murder" of Ferrer the slightest mistake on his own part—a military demonstration, a crop failure, or any one of the dozen things which might increase even by a trifle the people's distress—cannot fail to unseat him immediately.

The overthrow of the present dynasty will assuredly be followed by the establishment of a republic.

The pretender is little known and less liked. His party is small and unenthusiastic. Spain is sick of monarchy.

CHARGED TOO MUCH AND PEARS SPOILED, TOO

N. C. Kreis, of Ontario, has filed with the railroad commission a complaint for overcharge against the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company and against the Oregon Short Line. He paid \$229.95 for the transportation of a carload of apples, prunes and pears from Union to Ontario, a distance of 120 miles. After an investigation the rate experts of the railroad commission have found that Kreis was charged \$52.23 too much, and the railroad company will be asked to make a refund to that amount. He also alleges that the Oregon Short Line left the car of fruit standing in the yards at Huntington for four days, and that as a result the pears had spoiled and had to be thrown away.

"ALL RIGHT AS A DOG," BUT NOT AS A CHASER

Henry Wilquit and Frank Buskey were given a verdict for damages in the sum of \$52 by the jury yesterday evening against A. Pick. The plaintiffs in this case brought suit on the grounds that the defendant's dogs killed their sheep. Attorneys Carson and Brown represented the plaintiffs and George G. Bingham appeared for the defendant, Attorney Brown, in arguing the case before the jury yesterday afternoon, grew eloquent, and for a time he hurled words of fiery condemnation on the head of the worthless canine which so ruthlessly chewed up the plaintiffs' sheep. Attorney Brown is being called the "Modern Socrates," owing to his firm assertion of yesterday when he said "A dog is all right as a dog."

PRESIDENTS WILL MEET IN MORNING

And Diaz Will Furnish the Dinner, Which They Will Eat in Mexico at About 2:00 o'Clock.

PUEBLOS TO DANCE

TAFT BEING BIGGEST "GREAT WHITE FATHER" THEY EVER OWNED, HIS DUSKY PROGENY WILL ALL WEAR NEW "G" STRINGS AND MORE FEATHERS.

[UNITED PRESS LEARNED WIRE.] Flagstaff, Ariz., Oct. 15.—President Taft is making an all-day run through Arizona and New Mexico, and the only speeches he is scheduled to make before he reaches Albuquerque will be one-minute affairs from the rear platform of the Mayflower.

During the day he will make brief stops at Winslow and Holbrook, Arizona, and Gallup and Wingate, New Mexico. The president will reach Albuquerque at 5:50 p. m.

The Pueblo Indians living at La Guana are to give Mr. Taft a special dance late today, and in order to allow them to do the dance properly a stop of half an hour, not originally on the schedule, will be made. The Pueblos gave their annual dance in August, but when they learned that the "Great White Father" was to pass right through their town, the head men resolved to repeat the ceremony for his benefit. A petition was sent to the president asking him to stop at La Guana long enough to see the dance, and the Great White Father said he would be glad to oblige his children.

Saturday at 11 a. m. President Taft will meet President Diaz, of Mexico, at El Paso, Texas. The Mexican president, according to dispatches received by Mr. Taft, is hurrying northward toward El Paso from his capital, just as fast as the president of the United States is traveling southward in the direction of the same goal. According to the arrangements, which were made by Secretary of State Knox and Senator De la Barra, the Mexican ambassador at Washington, the meeting of the presidents will be a most formal affair. Diaz will be surrounded by a cloud of officers in gold lace, and President Taft will be assisted by his military aide, Captain Butt, in full uniform, and probably by a representative of the state department.

It is understood that no official personages will be allowed to witness the first meeting of the two presidents. Stenographers will be present, however, who will record the words spoken, and later the interchange of sentiments between the two executives may be given to the public.

The first meeting will be very short. President Diaz will say a few words of goodbye after his brief call and chat, and will return to Juarez across the Rio Grande. At noon President Taft will in his turn cross the Rio Grande to pay his respects to Diaz.

Luncheon by the president of the United States to the president of Mexico will be the next link in the ceremonial chain, and, lastly, in the evening, the president of Mexico will dine the president of the United States at a banquet.

Both El Paso and Juarez are prepared to celebrate Saturday as the greatest day in their history, and military parades, bands and daylight fireworks will be features of the event. To celebrate further the day, a bull fight will be given in Juarez, to which the members of Mr. Taft's party will be invited, but which they will probably not be able to attend.

A Great Cloak and Suit Sale

500 Cloaks and Suits bought at 50-cents on the dollar now thrown out on the counters for quick selling. We have got instructions from our buyer in New York to sell suits if we make only 50 cents to \$1.00 on each garment. We sold fifty garments on Monday and at \$1.00 profit you see we are doing well. Remember they are this season's Newest Garments.



Your dollar has double buying value at Chicago Store

Cloaks and Suits

Now going at about half their regular value. The suits we are offering are NOT OLD and shop worn. They are like the cut here represented, all new up-to-date, fashionable garments, made of the newest materials; man-tailored and silk lined, and highly finished throughout.

- Ladies' \$7.50 Coats— Now\$3.75
- Ladies' \$12.50 Coats— Now\$6.75
- Ladies' \$18.00 Coats— Now\$9.90
- Ladies' \$18.00 Suits— Now\$10.50
- Ladies' \$22.50 Suits— Now\$12.50
- Ladies' \$25.00 Suits— Now\$14.90

Wonderful Values in

Millinery

You will do yourself and your pocket-book an injustice if you buy your trimmed hats ostrich Plumes, Fancy Wings, etc., elsewhere before you

look through our stock and get our prices. We are doing the greatest Millinery business we ever did in the history of our store. You cannot fool the people; they know values when they see them.

- \$4.50 Stylish Trimmed Hats, now\$2.50
- \$5.90 Stylish Trimmed Hats, now\$2.90



SALEM Dress Goods and Silk House

Never offered before such values in these goods. We show the most complete stock of fashionable Dress Goods and Silks in the Willamette valley, and we have the goods here to back this statement up all the time.

- \$1.25 Moire Silks, all colors, yard85c
- 85c Fine Wool Dress Goods, new, yard49c

We are Salem agents for the Celebrated

Nemo Corsets

The greatest corset on the market for Style, Comfort and Beauty. We carry all the numbers and we sell them at the same price you have to pay in Chicago or New York.



We show the greatest stock of Men's Women's and Children's Hosiery in Salem.

CHICAGO STORE SALEM, OREGON The Store That Saves You Money

We're offering great values in MEN'S AND BOYS CLOTHING