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JEFFRIES POSTS HIS FORFEIT

Deposits \$5000 With Sporting
Editor of the Evening
World for Match
With Johnson.

HE GOES TO EUROPE

WILL POST ADDITIONAL \$5000
WHEN ARTICLES ARE SIGNED.
SAYS HE IS IN SPLENDID CON-
DITION AND WILL BE BETTER
WHEN HE RETURNS.

[United Press Leased Wire.]
New York, July 28.—James J. Jeffries, claiming the heavyweight championship of the world, this evening posted \$5000 with Robert Egren, sporting editor of the Evening World. The money was a portion of his forfeit to bind a match with Jack Johnson.

Jeffries will sail August 7 for Carlsbad, where he will rest until arrangements are made for the fight. As soon as the date and location of the fight are chosen, the big champion will return to the states and go into training.

Jeff said today that he did not intend to lose any of the condition he

rical engagement while abroad, and that he expected to be in even better shape than he is now when he returns to this country.

The big fellow looked to be in good condition, and said that he never felt better in his life.

"This talk about my not being able to come back to my old form is all rot," he said. "I'm there a million strong, and have no fear as to the outcome of my fight with Johnson."

Jeffries conditions for the fight are that he defends the title. The club offering the biggest purse will get the match. Jeff said he was willing to fight over any route from 20 to 100 rounds.

"I will post another \$5000 as soon as the final articles for the fight are signed," said Jeffries today, when he posted the first \$5000. Johnson must post \$10,000 in all, and this \$20,000 will stand as a side bet to go to the winner. This bet may be placed in the hands of any reputable stakeholder, preferably John P. Clark of San Francisco.

Sam Berger, Jeff's manager and sparring partner, will remain in the United States to arrange the details of the match.

TWO-CENT FARE CASE GOES TO SUPREME COURT

[United Press Leased Wire.]
Kansas City, July 28.—Judge McPherson, in the federal court today, granted the state's appeal to the United States supreme court in the two-cent fare and maximum freight rate cases.

The case against the Burlington was appealed by the state because it was thought it afforded the best chance of success.

ALFONSO'S THRONE IS IN DANGER

War With Morocco is Bitterly
Condemned by Majority
of Working People
of Spain.

DECLARE HOLY WAR

TRIBESMEN FIGHT WITH DES-
PERATION OF FANATICISM AND
REPULSE SPANISH TROOPS—
WILD MOB IN POSSESSION OF
BARCELONA—MANY KILLED.

[United Press Leased Wire.]
Madrid, July 28.—His throne tottering as the result of internal disorders, caused by the war in Morocco, particularly the disheartening reverses met by his troops at Melilla, King Alfonso is hurrying to Madrid from San Sebastian today to call a special meeting of his cabinet.

News received today show that conditions are much worse than at any time since the Moroccan trouble started, fighting having been renewed at Melilla and the internal disorders in the province of Catalonia having grown in size and fury.

Nearly 1000 persons have been killed at Melilla since the war started and fierce fighting is in progress there today. Heavy losses have been sustained by both Moors and Spaniards today, and it is expected that the total death list at the end of the battle will be enormous.

The last battle was precipitated by the Spaniards holding the garrison at Melilla. They made an attack upon the Moors in their stronghold at Mount Gurgu early today, and were repulsed with great loss of life.

The Moorish tribesmen, revolting against Spanish rule, are fighting with fanaticism born of the declaration of a holy war against the Spaniards, and the trained troops at Melilla have met defeat after defeat in the various engagements.

Indirect advices from Barcelona show that terrible conditions of disorder exist there today, and that many persons have been killed by the rioters. Wild scenes are being enacted there, and the city is practically in the hands of mobs of workmen, who declared a general strike recently to show their disapproval of the government policy in Morocco.

Although the mob has heretofore felt kindly towards the troops, and confined its fighting to the gendarmes, the action of the authorities in declaring martial law and firing upon the rioters has turned the admiration of the people for the soldiers into hate, and resulted in bloody clashes between them.

Rioting, which caused the loss of many lives yesterday, was resumed today, and the death list is reported to have been heavy. Dispatches received at Genayre, France, from Barcelona and forwarded here state that the city is at the mercy of lawless mobs.

At trains attempting to leave the city have been stopped by the rioters, and the passengers routed or killed. Several trains have been wrecked with great loss of life. Telegraph and telephone wires have been cut by the strikers, who are determined to prevent news of the conditions there reaching the world. A telegraph wire was repaired and worked intermittently for a short time today, but was evidently torn down later by the rioters.

Public feeling is at a high pitch here today, and the outcome of the cabinet meeting is awaited with anxiety.

Martial Law in Spain.
Madrid, July 23.—Following a conference with the members of his cabinet, King Alfonso declared mar-

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THAW CASE NEARING THE END

Answers Jerome's Questions
and Appears as Sane
as When Declared
Insane.

A NICE DISTINCTION

THAW SAYS HE WAS "MEDICALLY
SANE" BUT "LEGALLY INSANE"
AT TIME HE WAS SENT TO
MATTEAWAN—WITNESS TESTI-
FIES THAW WHIPPED GIRLS.

[United Press Leased Wire.]
White Plains, N. Y., July 27.—"I was acquitted, I think, because counsel for both sides was told that I was suffering from delusions at the time," leisurely admitted Harry K. Thaw today, referring to the killing of Stanford White, while on the witness stand in his own behalf at the inquiry into his sanity.

When Thaw took the stand this morning Justice Mills' court was crowded with curious women. Thaw was somewhat nervous when he first took his seat, but, after answering a few questions, he regained his composure, and, crossing his legs, swung his left arm to and fro as he faced District Attorney Jerome.

Attorney Morschhausen, counsel for Thaw, waived direct examination, being unwilling for Jerome to examine his client after he had been tired out by questioning.

Jerome opened the examination by asking:

"Why are you here?"

"It is a habeas corpus proceeding looking toward my release from Matteawan," nervously replied Thaw.

Then with the following dialogue, Thaw forgot his "stage fright," and answered deliberately, but without unnecessary delay.

"Why were you committed?" asked Jerome.

"Because at the end of my second trial I was acquitted, but the presiding judge issued a commitment," replied Thaw.

"Well, why were you acquitted?" inquired the prosecutor.

"Because they found me not guilty," retorted the witness somewhat sharply.

Then, after recrossing his legs, the defendant continued with his explanation that he thought his acquittal was the result of counsel for both sides being told that he was suffering from delusions at the time he shot White.

"Do you understand noblesse oblige prevailing among gentlemen?" was Jerome's next answer.

Thaw answered: "Yes," and the prosecutor asked:

"Would you, have committed an act which you felt called upon as a gentleman to perform, consent to subornation of lying by your counsel to escape the consequences of your act?"

"By no means," replied Thaw.

Replying to further questions, Thaw said that he had studied a little hypnotism, shortly before his marriage, but that he was not interested in it. He stated that his wife, Evelyn, was hypnotically under the influence of White.

He said he had taken little interest in Anthony Comstock's anti-vice crusade since his arrest.

Jerome led up to the subject of the testimony of Doorman Lynch, of the Tombs prison, to the effect that Thaw, while a prisoner there, imagined that he heard the voices of little girls in the police station.

Thaw emphatically denied that this was true. Upon hearing Thaw's denial, Jerome read a transcript of the testimony given by Lynch, when he appeared as a witness at the Thaw murder trial.

"That's rubbish," remarked Thaw. "Then why did you allow it to go into the records of the case if you

are dominated by the idea of noblesse oblige?" sharply inquired the district attorney.

Thaw declared that he spoke to Attorney Littleton, his counsel at that time, about allowing the Lynch testimony to go on record, but the lawyer thought that, while it was confusing, it should go in evidence as long as the opposition had used the evidence of Abe Hummel.

This reply led to a discussion of the alleged blackmailing scheme of Hummel, which Thaw denounced.

In reply to a question Thaw defiantly said:

"I am not the man to be wronged without finding out why."

Following Thaw's denial, Jerome asked him if he was willing to have his wife take the stand, waive her privilege, and testify as to whether or not she had threatened to sue him for divorce.

"I will waive the privilege," answered Thaw.

The prosecutor then attempted to introduce in evidence a letter. Thaw's counsel objected, and the objection was sustained by Justice Mills. Following this ruling Jerome asked:

"Did you ever write your wife lowly letters containing lowly drawing made by yourself?"

A storm of objections was raised by the attorneys for the defense, and a bitter wordy battle between opposing counsel resulted.

Thaw rested while the attorneys argued, and looked toward his mother and sister, who smiled in return. Thaw's appearance and conduct have been greatly in his favor thus far.

Justice Mills then ruled that, while he could not admit the question or the letter, while Thaw was on the stand, the letter would be admissible, if the writing was identified by someone other than Evelyn Thaw.

Thaw then held a brief whispered conference with Justice Mills, and left the stand, while Peter Olney, a member of the first Thaw lunacy commission, identified the records of that body.

Replying to a question, Thaw, on resuming the stand, said he believed he had always been medically sane, but not always legally sane.

Jerome asked the witness if he did not think one was necessary in order that the alienists might make a correct diagnosis. Thaw answered that he thought he had already been examined enough by alienists.

Discussing the law on this point, which was questioned by the attorneys for Thaw, Jerome shouted:

"I wanted to show that this man is a dangerous lunatic."

Thaw smiled broadly and polished his spectacles.

The district attorney then mentioned the fact that Thaw had interrupted Dr. Hamilton's examination of him, and asked the witness why he had done so. Thaw said it was because he disliked the doctor. In reply to a question as to why he did not not like Hamilton, the witness said:

"Oh, I don't know just why; he didn't seem to impress me very favorably. He was like the rhyme, 'I do not like you dear fel; The reason why I can't tell.'"

The spectators laughed so loudly at this sally that Justice Mills was compelled to interfere and restore order.

Jerome dramatically reviewed the killing of Stanford White, leading Thaw, with questions, through the details of the night of the tragedy, and finally asked:

"Were you crazy when you shot an unarmed man, with his back towards you?"

Thaw was aroused by the prosecutor's action, but regained his self-control before answering. Then he calmly explained that he knew White was armed, and he was sure the architect glared at him before he fired.

"I was legally crazy at the time, though," he said. Thaw then said that Hughes was his first choice for counsel at his first trial, because the jury would then know that his witnesses were truthful.

Admitting that Susan Merrill, the leading housekeeper, who told a sensational story yesterday, knew him as "Mr. Reid," Thaw said that his attorneys told him the woman had

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MYSTERY SURROUNDS HER DEATH

Flynn Admits Striking Her Sev-
eral Times and Beating
Her Into Insensi-
bility.

THE BOAT CAPSIZED

MISS CUVREAU WAS SCREAMING
WITH FRIGHT—FLYNN DRAG-
GED HER ASHORE AND TRIED
TO REVIVE HER, BUT FAILING.
NOTIFIED A PICNIC PARTY.

[United Press Leased Wire.]
Tacoma, Wash., July 28.—Investigation into the death of Miss Margaret Cuvreau, who was drowned in the bay Sunday afternoon, while boating with John Flynn, was commenced by the coroner today.

Young Flynn, who was with the girl when her death occurred, and who admits that he beat her into insensibility in his attempt to rescue her from drowning after their boat had capsized, told a straight story on the witness stand. Flynn came through the ordeal unshaken, telling the same story related on the evening of the drowning.

Flynn said that he had known Miss Cuvreau and her family for about a year, and had been friendly with the girl. On a piece of paper he traced the outline of the trip taken by the girl and himself, and stated that the water became rough, and finally the boat was half filled with water.

"Miss Cuvreau was screaming and crying, 'Oh, save me, John; oh, save me,'" said the witness. "Then she cried, 'Oh, mamma, I want mamma.'"

"This was before I struck her," continued Flynn. "She did not speak after that. When I first hit her she did not say a word. I don't know that she even groaned, but she looked at me in a peculiar way, and was still looking at me when I struck her the second time. I do not know how often I hit her—perhaps a half dozen times."

He then told me how he dragged her ashore, a distance of two blocks, and of his attempts to revive her. Leaving the body on the shore he went back to the picnic camp, where the girl's family was, and told of the drowning. Other witnesses said Flynn was muddy and wet from head to feet.

At the session this afternoon members of the girl's family are testifying.

SUFFRAGETTE LEADER COMING TO NEW YORK

[United Press Leased Wire.]
New York, July 28.—Preparing for the warmest woman's suffrage meeting ever held in America, leaders here today are arranging for a reception to Mrs. Parkhurst, the celebrated leader of the English suffragettes.

Every woman who has the cause at heart is anticipating a lively celebration, but the announcement of the coming of Mrs. Parkhurst insures a lively time for the opponents of woman suffrage.

Mrs. Parkhurst's reputation as a "terror to mere man" is world wide. Her audience therefore probably will be surprised to see a small woman of 50 years face them.

PRESIDENT REYES IS DOWN AND OUT

[United Press Leased Wire.]
Washington, July 28.—The resignation of President Reyes of Colombia was formally accepted today, according to a dispatch received here. Reyes wired his resignation to the president of the senate from Hamburg yesterday. He will remain abroad indefinitely.