

# ALL INSURANCE COMPANIES MUST PUBLISH STATEMENT

## SHOWING RESOURCES LIABILITIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES, STATEMENTS MUST BE PUBLISHED IN FOUR NEWSPAPERS IN THE STATE

S. A. Koser, insurance commissioner, is sending out notices today to the insurance companies doing business in the state, calling their attention to the fact that, under the law, they must publish statements of their resources in four newspapers in the state.

The section of the law reads: "Immediately upon filing this annual statement with the insurance commissioner every fire, marine, fire and marine, life, accident, plate glass, burglary and steam boiler insurance company, fraternal insurance companies, surety companies, and all other insurance companies, corporations or associations doing business in the state of Oregon, shall publish once each year in (1) one newspaper of general circulation in the state capital, (2) in that city where such corporation has its principal place of business in Oregon, (3) in one city

west of the Coast Range of mountains and (4) in one city east of the Cascade range of mountains, a full synopsis of its annual statement, showing the condition of its business, and setting forth its resources, liabilities and responsibilities."

The attorney-general holds that, as the law goes into effect on February 24, 1909, and the annual statements are required to be published on March 1 of each year, that companies must make a statement of their business beginning March 1, 1908. The commissioner points out the fact that these statements should have been published March 1, but as that could not have been done on the short notice given, they should be published at once, and the affidavits of the publishers of the newspapers should be at once filed with the insurance commissioner.

# SUPERIOR ARMAMENT BUBBLE

## RUDELY SHATTERED IN A SPEECH BY ANDREW CARNEGIE AT PEACE CONFERENCE

[United Press Leased Wire.]  
New York, April 21.—Claiming that the supposed protection from war, furnished by superior armament is a bubble that has been exploded by the recent trend of events, Andrew Carnegie, president of the Peace Society of the city of New York in his speech delivered at the annual meeting of the society today, declared that never before in this generation has the peace of the world been so seriously threatened as today.

"Fresh clouds have arisen on the horizon," he said. "We have been assured that an overpowering army and navy is the cheap insurance of nations, and that 'if you wish peace prepare for war.' Never were nations as busy today in the hope-

less task of becoming too powerful to be attacked. This fact has brought nations face to face with the truth that increased armament of one means increased armament of others. Rivalry is intensified, and dangers of war greater than ever before. The supposed panacea is torn to fragments, and whatever solution we may find of the war spectacle now appearing before us today cannot be through increased armaments."

As an example, Carnegie referred to conditions in the early days of California, when the vigilance committee was successful in evolving law and order where individual authority and armed protection had failed miserably.

Confessing, he said: "One of the many valid objections to the policy of armament is that every increase of naval and military power is in the nature of a challenge to another power, and fears and jealousies are aroused."

Referring to the recent activities of the naval offices of England and Germany, Carnegie said:

"Britain and Germany are the principal contestants. Each nation imports much of her national food. She needs, therefore, a fleet sufficient to prevent imports in case of war. Within a small radius these two great fleets will operate. The main topic of discussion on every ship will be their relative power and the consequence of battle. Under such conditions a mere spark would be sufficient to precipitate trouble between sailors of the two fleets, who might meet on shore. Thus might arise an international complication."

"To save nations, sooner or later there must be a League of Peace, embracing the most advanced nations. America is pre-eminently the apostle of peace. One cannot but indulge the hope that our President, in due time, may find a way without being intrusive to exert his vast influence for peace, to call the attention of the two disturbing powers that our country has a right to speak."

"Meanwhile, it is the duty of our members to urge in and out of season that lasting peace is to be obtained only through an International League of Peace, finally to be perfected by an international supreme court."

# GRAND OPERA HOUSE

JOHN E. CORDRAY, Mgr.

FRIDAY, APRIL 23.  
The Dramatic Event of the Season  
—Jules Murry Presents—

# Norman Hackett

In Wm. C. DeMille and Margaret Turnbull's Great American Play

# "CLASSMATES"

Same magnificent production that played one solid year at the Hudson Theatre, New York.

PRICES—\$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c.  
Seat sale Friday, 9 a. m.

# A BAPTIST ELDER

## Restored to Health by Vinol

"I was run down and weak from indigestion and general debility, also suffered from vertigo. I saw a cod liver preparation called Vinol advertised and decided to give it a trial, and the results were most gratifying. After taking two bottles I regained my strength and am now feeling unusually well." Henry Cunningham, Elder Baptist Church, Kingston, N. C.

Vinol is not a patent medicine—but a preparation composed of the medicinal elements of cod's livers, combined with a tonie iron and wine. Vinol creates a hearty appetite, tones up the organs of digestion and makes rich, red blood. In this natural manner, Vinol creates strength for the run-down, overworked and debilitated, and for delicate children and old people. For chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis Vinol is unequalled.

All such persons in this vicinity are asked to try Vinol on our offer to refund their money if it fails to give satisfaction.

G. W. PUTMAN CO.

# CALHOUN GRAFTING TRIAL

[United Press Leased Wire.]  
San Francisco, April 21.—

Wrangling between the attorneys for the prosecution and defense characterized today's proceedings in the Calhoun trial. Clashes between Special Prosecutor Francis J. Heney and counsel for the defense, A. A. Moore, became so frequent that they called for a rebuke from the bench.

For the defense Moore assumed charge of the cross-examination of former Chairman of the Board of Supervisors James L. Gallagher. He elicited from the witness an account of his political career before his connection with the supervisory board, and ascertained that Gallagher was worth from \$7000 to \$10,000 prior to his election.

In an apparent effort to impress the jury with the assistance given by the United Railroads immediately after the fire and during the work of rehabilitation, Moore addressed a series of questions to the witness. An objection by Heney was sustained by the court, and that line of questioning was abandoned.

Gallagher testified that in May, 1906, the people of the city were in favor of granting to the company a franchise for an overhead trolley. He stated that he considered the granting of such a franchise advisable, as did the majority of the board, and that he would have voted for it without the payment of bribe money. According to his statement, the board would have granted the franchise May 14 had not Ruef's objections interfered.

At this point the wordy battle of the counsels was renewed. Interrupting the lively exchange of remarks, Judge Lawlor said:

"I heartily wish that counsel would cease this wrangling."

"I suggest," replied Heney, "that if the court please, your honor see

that the counsel for the defense does not start it again."

"I am not concerned with who starts it," answered the judge, "but I insist that it cease."

"Well," said Heney, turning away, "with all due respect to the court, I intend to protect the rights of the people. If the counsel for the defense continues to make running comments to the jury, I shall answer him if I have to go to jail for it."

# Benson Land Frauds.

Washington, April 21.—Woodford Harlan, former chief of the special division of the government land office, took the stand today in the trial of John A. Benson of San Francisco for alleged government land frauds. Harlan unflinchingly testified of the details of the sale to Benson of secrets of the office. He stated that he had furnished to Benson advance tracings of several forest reserves in 1899 in return for which Benson sent \$200 in a letter addressed to R. I. Smith, Takoma Park, Md.

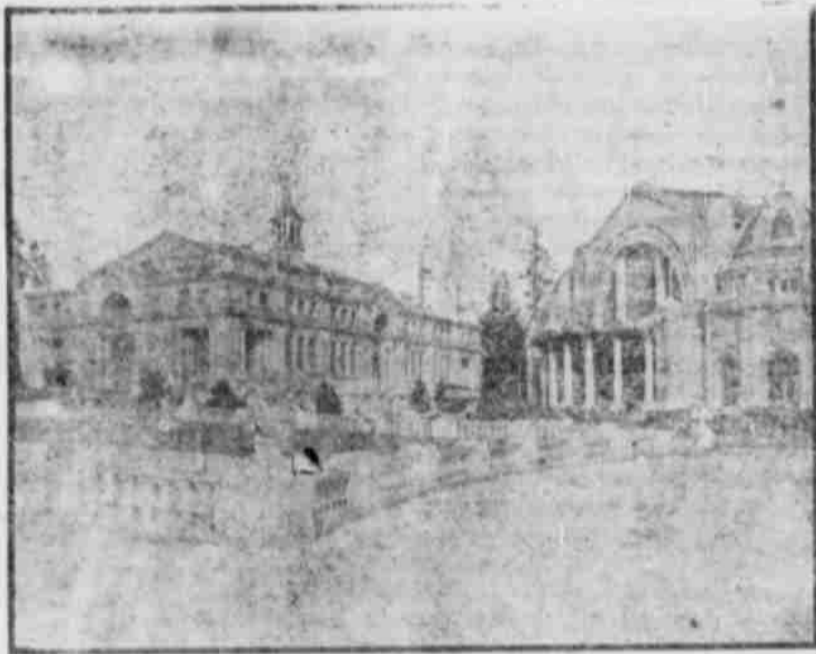
"I next saw Benson," said Harlan, "three years later at the New Willard in this city. I told him," he continued, "that I had certain information regarding the new Arizona reserve that was worth \$500. He wanted me to deal with an agent, but I said 'Nothing doing.' He then offered to send me \$200 to show that he was acting in good faith. I told him I was hard up and needed the money now. He told me to go to his room and look in the bed. This I did, and found \$50, which I took. Later he sent me \$100 from San Francisco for other information."

The witness then related that he had also given Benson tips regarding the proposed government investigation of his firm, for which Benson sent him \$500 in installments, addressed to "Smith, Takoma Park."

During the long period of questioning that Gallagher was forced to endure at the hands of Moore, the counsel for the defense made a statement that may contain a suggestion of the line which is followed by the defense.

"We would show," said Moore, "that the supervisors, immediately upon assuming office, instituted an organized plan to get money, extorting money from whomever they could."

It is thought that the defense will endeavor to prove that much of the bribery alleged to have been accom-



A PORTION OF THE CASCADE COURT.

The Palace of Oriental Exhibits forms one of the twelve mammoth display buildings first completed by the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition. Its lines are in pleasing contrast to the Agricultural and Manufacturers buildings, with which they are grouped, and their position overlooks the beautiful formal gardens and water display of the Cascades and Geyser Basin.

The exhibits placed within the walls of the Oriental building constitute one of the most gorgeous displays of Far Eastern art and manufactured articles ever shipped from the Orient, and is bewildering in beauty and extent. Not a country of Asia is without representation, and treasures of old and modern art, never before permitted to leave the lands in which they were created, will be seen for the first time in the land of the Occident. The matter of arrangement of the Oriental exhibit has been placed in the hands of the most competent and artistic men at command and its display will be worthy of the magnificent collection.

About the Oriental building are gathered the great buildings housing the United States exhibit and the Alaska, Hawaiian and Philippine displays. One of the largest bandstands is within close distance, and from its doors the most noted musical organizations of the world will be heard daily.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**

The most highly refined and healthful of baking powders. Its constant use in almost every American household, its sales all over the world, attest its wonderful popularity and usefulness.

# COLONEL ROOSEVELT LANDED IN AFRICA

Mombassa, April 21.—The steamer Admiral, bearing ex-President Roosevelt's party, was sighted from here at noon and is expected to dock within an hour. Colonel Roosevelt will remain here until tomorrow, when he will take up his quarters at the ranch of Sir Alfred Pease on Athi river.

# BILLIE WHITLAW'S SUPPOSED CAPTURER

Mercer, Pa., April 21.—Reports covering the past life of Mrs. J. H. Boyle, under arrest in connection with the kidnaping of Billie Whittla, at Sharon, were placed in the hands of District Attorney Linsinger, of Mercer county today by Superintendent Scautler, of a private detective agency, who has been conducting a private investigation.

Scautler states in his report that the woman was the daughter of William and Kate Farguar McDermott, Mrs. McDermott died recently in Chicago. He said that the prisoner's true name was Anna McDermott, but she had acquired the following aliases: Mrs. Frank Yorke, Helen Yorke, Helen Parker, Mrs. Frank A. Miner, Helen Aconought, Mrs. R. G. Walters and Mrs. Jones. The detective said that she acquired all of these names within three years from the time she left her parents' home.

He relates what he says is the woman's criminal history, and states that her claim that she has rich and influential friends is untrue.

# STORMS SWEEP OVER MIDDLE WEST STATES

Cleveland, O., April 21.—Terrific storms are sweeping over Indiana, Illinois and Western Pennsylvania this afternoon, and it is reported that several persons have been killed, although these rumors have not been verified.

The storm is exceptionally severe here and several houses have been demolished. A number of persons have been taken to the hospitals here suffering from injuries caused by the storms, but no deaths have been reported in the city.

Communication with outside points has been disrupted by the storm, and, although the reports of damage are being received from all parts of the stricken district, they are meagre and lack details.

Better streets means better residences. Better residences means more employment of skilled labor, better plumbing, better furnaces and better sewers.

**Special Prices**  
On Clover seed, Barley and Wheat Chop and Land Plaster.

**Tillson & Company**

**YOUNG Men's Clothes are so fanciful this Spring that there's the danger of overstepping good taste. There's a sure way of keeping on the safe side--find this label--**

**BISHOP'S READY TAILORED CLOTHES**

It warrants much more than good making and good fabrics--it's an earmark of good judgement.

**PRICES \$10 TO \$35**

**Salem Woolen Mill Store**