

When You Are Dry WHY NOT BUY

A pure and wholesome beverage that is sold in all the cities of Western Oregon and Northern California.

Made of the Choicest Malt and Hops Grown in Marion County

Made of Filtered Water and strictly in accordance with the Pure Food Law Salem Beer is the best mild beverage offered the public.

Made by scientific processes and guaranteed pure and wholesome.

No adulteration. No drugs or chemicals and under the most perfect sanitary conditions. Address all orders to

Salem Brewery Association

Rigid Rules

No class of business requires more careful attention, or insists upon more rigid rules than that of banking. It has always been our earnest endeavor to conform to these requirements.

Safety first, Liberality next.

UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANK SALEM, OREGON

E. ECKERLEN Wholesale Family Liquor Store

144 Commercial St. Free Delivery
Phone 103

Unless It's a Good Store It Will Not Pay to Advertise It!

UNLESS you know a person—unless that person comes into your life in some way—you are not greatly concerned about whether he is good or bad, desirable or objectionable.

It's so with a store. The people who never visit it care nothing about it one way or the other. It doesn't exist for them. But—when they are persuaded to patronize it—when they come to turn the spot-light of their attention on it—when it comes to have a part in their lives, as some stores must have in all lives—then it's different; then it DOES matter whether it strives to win confidence; it does matter whether or not its price concessions are genuine, dependable.

If it meets all tests that a good store must stand when it is advertised—when it thus invites the critical attention of people—then advertising 'makes' the store. If it fails in most of the vital things—if it proves, under the light of publicity, not to be much of a store, THEN ADVERTISING WILL NOT PAY—for it will emphasize shortcomings as well as merits.

For these same reasons it is generally assumed that the store which does not advertise is seeking to avoid close inspection and comparison, and that the store which does is courting them.

PILES QUICKLY CURED AT HOME

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure—
Trial Package Mailed Free to All
in Plain Wrapper.

Piles is a fearful disease, but easy to cure if you go at it right.

An operation with the knife is dangerous, cruel, humiliating and unnecessary.

There is just one other sure way to be cured—painless, safe and in the privacy of your own home—it is Pyramid Pile Cure.

We mail a trial package free to all who write.

It will give you instant relief, show you the harmless, painless nature of this great remedy and start you well on the way toward perfect cure.

Then you can get a full-sized box from any druggist for 50 cents, and often one box cures.

Insist on having what you call for. If the druggist tries to sell you something just as good, it is because he makes more money on the substitute.

The cure begins at once and continues rapidly until it is complete and permanent.

You can go right ahead with your work, and be easy and comfortable all the time.

It is well worth trying.

Just send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 92 Pyramid building, Marshall, Mich., and receive free by return mail the trial package in a plain wrapper.

Thousands have been cured in this easy, painless and inexpensive way, in the privacy of the home.

No knife and its torture.

No doctor and his bills.

All druggists, 50 cents. Write today for a free package.

"How do you account for Casey's wonderful success as a policeman?" "The fact that he used to work in the ditch." "How does that account for it?" "It made him proficient in the art of throwing mud."

Reason Enthroned.

Because meats are so tasty they are consumed in great excess. This leads to stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. Revise your diet, let reason and not a pampered appetite control, then take a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will soon be well again. Try it. For sale at Dr. Stone's Drug Store. Samples free. Sold by all dealers.

Mrs. Uptown—I trust that we shall get along very nicely, Nora. I am not at all difficult to suit. Nora (the new maid)—No, ma'am; that's what I thought the blessed minute I set eyes on the master.

AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her.

Williamette, Conn.—"For five years I suffered untold agony from female troubles, causing backache, irregularities, dizziness and nervous prostration. I had no hope of recovery until I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I bought a box and tried three bottles. The first bottle did me some good, the second did more, and the third did still more. I received no benefit from any of them, but seemed to suffer more. The last doctor said nothing would restore my health. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to see what it would do, and I am restored to my natural health."—Mrs. ETTA DONOVAN, Box 299, Williamette, Conn.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to try at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?

MAKING THE STATEMENT A MISDEMEANOR

PUT TO SLEEP IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—MOST ELOQUENT ARGUMENT MADE BY DIMICK OF CLACKAMAS

H. B. No. 107, to make it a misdemeanor to make or take any pledge in writing to do or perform any act in violation of his oath of office or of the constitution of the United States. It provides for a fine of \$500 or imprisonment for one year, or both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court. Mr. Brooks said that the purpose of the bill was to lay the foundation to test in the courts the question of the constitutionality of Statement No. 1 of the primary law. Some punishment should be imposed on any one who took such a pledge, which was in violation of the laws of this great nation, as he verily believed. At present there was no way to take this law into the courts. Brandon said this was a bill to throw discredit on the direct primary law. Oregon had one senator who was elected under this law two years ago, and the legality of that election or any act connected therewith had never been called in question to insult the intelligence of the people.

Mahone said the old way of electing senators brought every member of the legislature here tied hand and foot by pledges to individual candidates for senator. Under the new system candidates could make their pledges to the people direct. He read memorials of past legislatures asking for this law. No amendment to the federal constitution was possible until two-thirds of the states had acted.

Farrell said it was the right of any candidate to make any pledge to the people that was in the interest of good government. So long as the flag waved over this land of the free, American freemen, under the constitution, could deal directly with their representatives and holding them responsible.

Dimick made an impassioned plea for supporting the law, including Statement No. 1. He asked the question: Have the people been 'hamming' are they going to quit now? The people had answered by 40,000 majority. He said this bill was mischievous, calculated to create dissensions in the Republican party. If it passed this legislature the people would take the referendum on it, and it would be rejected by larger majorities than ever.

Buchanan said the only question involved in this bill was whether the pledges made under this act were lawful or unlawful. That was all.

Were the Statesmen men afraid to hear this question passed upon in the courts?

McDonald said there was a higher law than the constitution, as was shown by the events leading up to the Civil War. The people were the supreme rulers, and could compel candidates to take any pledge they saw fit. Were not all political platforms promises and pledges binding men to a fixity of purpose? Was it to be made a crime to take a pledge. Brady said he believed the statements in the primary law were constitutional, but he knew many did not agree with him, and was willing to see the matter tried in the courts.

Jackson said he did not believe this legislature had any right to pass this bill to make it a crime to take a pledge for good government, and to do away with the manipulation of electing senators. Jones of Douglas grew eloquent in his denunciation of the Brook-Bean bill Statement No. One was greater than its founder, superior to its beneficiaries. Like Mt. Hood, it stood pure and undefiled, like its crown of eternal snow.

Bean reviewed the legal arguments for the bill. Constitutions were no longer respected as of yore. This was not a bill to replace the direct primary law, but to make it possible to test it in the courts. In reply to Farrell Bean said under the new law the choice of the people was not reached any more nearly than formerly.

The previous question was ordered and on roll call the bill was declared defeated.

Those voting no were: Messrs. Abbott, Altman, Barrett, Bedillion, Brandon, Bryant, Campbell, Clemons, Corrigan, Couch, Davis, Dimick, Eaton, Farrell, Hattberg, Jackson, Jaeger, Jones of Lincoln and Polk, Jones of Douglas, Jones of Clackamas, Linsweber, Libby, Mahone, Mariner, McDonald, Miller, Munkers, Orton, Patton, Philpot, Purdin, Rusk, 32.

Farrell and Leinenweber, who had not taken the Statement, voted with the Statement people.

Those voting aye were: Messrs. Applegate, Beals, Bean, Belknap, Bonebrake, Bones, Brady, Brattan, Brooks, Buchanan, Calkins, Carter, Conyers, Greer, Hawley, Hines, Hughes, Mahoney, Mann, McCue, McKinney, Meek, Muncy, Reynolds, Richardson, Smith, Mr. Speaker, 27. Absent, Dodds, 1.

Brady and Richardson, Statement men, voted with the opposition.

CRATER LAKE ROAD GETS SOLID SUPPORT

ONE HUNDRED BOOSTERS AFTER ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLAR APPROPRIATION FOR A WAGON ROAD

The Medford boosters, under the leadership of Judge Wm. M. Colvig and Hon. W. I. Vawter, had a hearing for the Crater Lake wagon road, before members of the legislature Wednesday afternoon. The delegation was nearly one hundred strong, and great enthusiasm prevailed.

The state is to give \$100,000. Klamath county will give \$50,000. Jackson county will give \$50,000. The Harriman system is to give \$50,000.

The federal government is to give \$150,000. Judge Colvig stated the situation as not a local enterprise, but to develop one of the great natural scenic wonders of the world.

Mr. Will Steel stated that Crater Lake was 85 miles from Medford. It had been designated by competent authorities as the eighth wonder of the world. It now took three days to go in by wagon roads. If this road was built an automobile could go to Crater Lake in seven hours. If only 20,000 came annually as tourists, at \$200 each, they would leave \$4,000,000. The demand of \$100,000 from the state was preceded by \$100,000 given already by the two counties named. When the state has acted congress will act. The counties have acted and the state should act. It all depends on action by the state. W. D. Fenton said this was a national enterprise. The tourist travel

of Southern California was worth \$40,000,000 a year. The more we advertised Oregon, the more tourists we would get, and each tourist became a traveling representative to boost for the state. The great Cumberland turnpike was the forerunner of our whole present railroad system.

W. W. Cotton spoke next, and said he had never been at Crater Lake, because there was no decent way to get there. A wagon road from Portland to Mt. Hood would pay bigger returns than any one thing we could do. He was enthusiastic for the Crater Lake road. This money would return more cash for the investment than any other that could be made. Now you can not go to Mt. Hood, to Crater Lake or to any one point out of 20 he could name. We want people to see our country, to stop here, to spend their money here.

H. E. McGinn said there was nothing in the world equal to what Southern Oregon had to show, and the way to get the tourist business is to build roads to these natural beauties. Give them what they want, and the world will repay you big.

C. S. Jackson said that as a scenic wonder Crater Lake was a \$20,000,000 asset, that ought to be added to the state's earning powers. The present trip to Crater Lake was a weary one. To make it convenient for all of our people to get to that wonderful camera of nature was the purpose of this movement. To spend \$100,000 to get an investment of \$500,000 ought to entice even the slow going tight-wads of the Oregon legislature. (Laughter). He would have the state sell sites for lodges, cottages, hotels and road-houses. It meant a great education for the masses. Within four years that road could be completed. Dollars could not be eaten and consumed. They could only be expended in the employment of Oregon labor. Mr. Vawter said it was thought better to start the road from Gold Hill or some other point; it would do as well as Medford.

They did not want to start from Jackson county. Mr. B. F. Mulkey spoke for the development of Oregon, which had been very much neglected. The magnates of the world were going to be drawn to the soft Italian skies of Southern Oregon, where was the finest climate in the world. Mr. Harriman had already located there. He called it the finest hunting ground in the world. If Jackson county could vote its \$50,000 lavishly, why could not the state give its \$100,000. Men would build their beautiful homes along this highway, would bring their works of art, their magnificent libraries and collections of statuary and make this the richest state in the Union.

R. G. Smith spoke of the proposed wagon road as one of the most delightful automobile trips in the world that would fill our country with the most profitable class of travel. The hearing was before the committee on roads and highways.

ECZEMA CURABLE? PROVEN!

Attorney at Moline, Ill., Convinced by Oil of Wintergreen Compound.

There is nothing that will convince a lawyer except evidence.

Now, here is some rather startling evidence of a simple home cure for eczema which convinced one lawyer, F. C. Entriaken, attorney at Moline, Ill. He tells how oil of wintergreen compound mixed with thymol and glycerine, as in D. D. Prescription, cured him in 40 days after 32 years of suffering.

"For 32 years," writes Attorney Entriaken, "I was troubled with eczema, eczema all over my face, body and head. I could run a hair brush over my body and the floor would be covered with scales enough to fill a basket. I tried everything—salves, internal medicine, X-Ray—all without result."

"Just a month ago I was induced to try D. D. O. Prescription. The itch was relieved instantly; so I continued. It is just a month now and I am completely cured. I have not a particle of itch and the scales have dropped off."

"I can only say again CURE DISCOVERED. I am now starting all eczema sufferers on the right track."

Cure after cure has been brought to our attention and always that instant relief from the awful itch.

The Capital Drug Company, State and Liberty streets.

Kodol is a combination of all the natural digestive juices found in an ordinary healthy stomach, and will digest your food in a natural way. Pleasant to take. Sold by all druggists.

Pretty much all of the state of Ohio has climbed aboard the water wagon. Only a few "wet" counties are left.