

ANTI-GAMBLING LAWS DRIVE SPORTSMEN OVER TO ENGLAND

London, Nov. 19.—American anti-gambling laws are counted on to bring such a mob of trans-Atlantic sportsmen to England for next year's racing that the British contingent is getting nervous. The American will be welcome in a way, as they will bring money into the ring. Still they have a record for such enormous winnings in the past that the "bookies" are not, on the whole, altogether sure they're glad to see them. The breeders are distinctly hostile and say that the influx of American horses threatens to kill their market. Whether the English like it or not, however, American owners stand a

chance of winning some of the richest English classic three-year-olds next year. In Foxhall Keene's Sir Martif, for instance, turns out anywhere nearly as good as he's advertised, the prospects are that the Derby will be credited to the Stars and Stripes again. The past season's British three-year-old form has been very confusing and Signorienetta's dual victory in the Derby and the Oaks is now believed to have been a fluke. She showed no such powers in any subsequent race and the general opinion is that J. B. Joel's "Your Majesty" is really the season's best horse.

LABOR LEADER IS REBUKED FOR HIS OPPOSING OF BRYAN

Denver, Colo., Nov. 19.—"Daniel J. Keefe, president of the Longshoremen's Union and sixth vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, if dissatisfied with the political policy of the federation should have resigned from the executive council of that body instead of making a fight in behalf of Judge Taft in the recent campaign. When he accepted a place on the executive council he, like all other members, agreed to the policy of majority rule. By his refusal to accept the decision of the majority of the leading labor officials of the trades unions of the country he stultified labor and himself." The foregoing is, in effect, the finding of the committee in its report to the federation convention. Since a week ago, Monday, when the address of President Gompers, created a stir over the country, by

its clear-cut stand on the political question, the delegates assembled at the convention have been anxiously awaiting the report of this committee for it would sound the keynote of the federation's future political policy. Keefe came to Denver with the avowed intention of making a fight on Gompers because of his stand for the lecture of Bryan and other candidates on the Democratic ticket. He started to organize the opposition to Gompers on the day of his arrival but met with little success. Still another slap was administered to Keefe when the executive council at its session last night decided that in the future all members of that body who may oppose the will of a majority in matters political should resign from the council and act merely as individuals.

TO WITHDRAW TRACT OF LAND

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE TO WITHDRAW 91,500 ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND — RUSH EXPECTED.

The General Land Office has decided to withdraw on January 20, 1908, 91,500 acres from the Umpqua Forest Reserve. This embraces some of the finest dairy, fruit and timber lands in Oregon (being located in Coos and Western Lane and Douglas counties. The dairy and fruit lands will be subject to the Homestead Act only, but the timber lands will be taken up under the timber and stone law. One of the peculiar features of this opening is that squatters rights will be recognized. After December 21 persons may settle on the land and prepare to make it their home. The rights of such squatters will be recognized as prior to those who file on January 20. It is expected that there will be a great rush for these lands, owing to the fact that similar land in that section is held at from \$50 to \$300 per acre. The proposed railroad from Drain to Marshfield runs directly through the center of this tract which will be thrown open. This seems to disprove the charge made against the government that vast areas are being reserved for the benefit of the lumber men and that bonafide homeseekers are being shut out.

Range ten (10), Section one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), south half of Section one (1), north half of Section two (2), north half of Section three (3), north half of Section four (4), north half of Section five (5), north half of Section six (6), north half of Section seven (7), north half of Section eight (8), north half of Section nine (9), north half of Section ten (10), north half of Section eleven (11), north half of Section twelve (12), north half of Section thirteen (13), north half of Section fourteen (14), north half of Section fifteen (15), north half of Section sixteen (16), north half of Section seventeen (17), north half of Section eighteen (18), north half of Section nineteen (19), north half of Section twenty (20), north half of Section twenty-one (21), north half of Section twenty-two (22), north half of Section twenty-three (23), north half of Section twenty-four (24), north half of Section twenty-five (25), north half of Section twenty-six (26), north half of Section twenty-seven (27), north half of Section twenty-eight (28), north half of Section twenty-nine (29), north half of Section thirty (30), north half of Section thirty-one (31), north half of Section thirty-two (32), north half of Section thirty-three (33), north half of Section thirty-four (34), north half of Section thirty-five (35), north half of Section thirty-six (36), north half of Section thirty-seven (37), north half of Section thirty-eight (38), north half of Section thirty-nine (39), north half of Section forty (40), north half of Section forty-one (41), north half of Section forty-two (42), north half of Section forty-three (43), north half of Section forty-four (44), north half of Section forty-five (45), north half of Section forty-six (46), north half of Section forty-seven (47), north half of Section forty-eight (48), north half of Section forty-nine (49), north half of Section fifty (50), north half of Section fifty-one (51), north half of Section fifty-two (52), north half of Section fifty-three (53), north half of Section fifty-four (54), north half of Section fifty-five (55), north half of Section fifty-six (56), north half of Section fifty-seven (57), north half of Section fifty-eight (58), north half of Section fifty-nine (59), north half of Section sixty (60), north half of Section sixty-one (61), north half of Section sixty-two (62), north half of Section sixty-three (63), north half of Section sixty-four (64), north half of Section sixty-five (65), north half of Section sixty-six (66), north half of Section sixty-seven (67), north half of Section sixty-eight (68), north half of Section sixty-nine (69), north half of Section seventy (70), north half of Section seventy-one (71), north half of Section seventy-two (72), north half of Section seventy-three (73), north half of Section seventy-four (74), north half of Section seventy-five (75), north half of Section seventy-six (76), north half of Section seventy-seven (77), north half of Section seventy-eight (78), north half of Section seventy-nine (79), north half of Section eighty (80), north half of Section eighty-one (81), north half of Section eighty-two (82), north half of Section eighty-three (83), north half of Section eighty-four (84), north half of Section eighty-five (85), north half of Section eighty-six (86), north half of Section eighty-seven (87), north half of Section eighty-eight (88), north half of Section eighty-nine (89), north half of Section ninety (90), north half of Section ninety-one (91), north half of Section ninety-two (92), north half of Section ninety-three (93), north half of Section ninety-four (94), north half of Section ninety-five (95), north half of Section ninety-six (96), north half of Section ninety-seven (97), north half of Section ninety-eight (98), north half of Section ninety-nine (99), north half of Section one hundred (100).

WOMEN PLAN RAIDS AND DISTURBANCES TO SECURE SUFFRAGE

(United Press Leased Wire.) London, Nov. 19.—Active plans were begun today for the formation of a troop of women cavalry for the purpose of aiding in the breaking of police lines during suffragette demonstrations. A fund of \$250,000 has been voted by the Women's Social and Political Union and the greater portion of it will be used for concerted attacks upon the parliament house and the residences of its members hostile to suffragette legislation. The dates fixed for the various rushes and raids are kept secret for the present. The members, however, have been warned by the officers of the union that there must be no "false politeness." Public meetings will be held and at the elections, every effort will be made to defeat Liberal candidates.

The prediction is made today by members of the union that within a year the franchise will be given to all English women. In the 1909 suffragette campaign, just outlined, is to be the fiercest the union has ever waged. Minor changes will be made from time to time as emergencies require, but the main features of it are as follows: A fund of \$250,000 for an active campaign. The breaking up of every meeting at which a cabinet member is to speak. Continual raiding of parliament house, whenever the national legislative body is in session. incessant "rushing" of the ministers in their own houses, at their main offices and whenever they venture out of door.

RULERS

(Continued from page 1) that horrible acts of some sort have taken place at the Chinese capital. One rumor says that an effort is being made by agents of the revolutionists to overthrow the government by killing all the high authorities.

Fleet in Readiness.

Manila, Nov. 19.—A dispatch from Shanghai today says that Prince Ching, head of the Chinese army, died at Peking last night and that his death has been officially confirmed. The same dispatch says that the new dowager empress, Yehonala is seriously ill. It is intimated here that the trouble is traceable to the same cabal that is thought to have caused the death of the recent emperor, Kwang Hsu, and dowager empress, Tsi An. It is believed here that Admiral Harbor, in command of the United States Philippines squadron, has received information direct from Peking, causing him to expect trouble and necessitating the presence of American vessels in Chinese waters. Prince Ching was one of the most influential men in China. He was president of the board of foreign affairs which corresponds to the foreign office of other nations. Late dispatches from Peking today state that all efforts to obtain a confirmation of the news of his death have proved futile. It is believed the American officers will continue to hold the American fleet in readiness awaiting developments. Efforts to confirm the reports of Prince Ching's death have been unsuccessful. Ching was president of the Chinese board of foreign affairs and in that position controlled the administration. His sudden rise in power in the last few days has attracted widespread attention to him.

INVESTIGATE LIFE IN THE COUNTRY

The commission on country life appointed by President Roosevelt, will leave Washington on November 18 and will visit several educational centers of the west for the purpose of obtaining information on the condition of western country life, whether anything needs to be done to improve it, and if so what it may be. It is proposed to hold hearings at agricultural colleges so far as practicable as these institutions provide effective organizations for securing the attendance of persons who are well qualified to express an opinion on country life questions. In particular the commission invites the attendance at these hearings of representative farmers, teachers, business men, physicians and others who live in the open country or have relations with it. Accredited delegates from granges, farmers' clubs or similar organizations as well as farmers and others who come on their own responsibility and who are likely to be helpful in the investigation will be welcome. The meetings will be public but are not held for the purpose of making speeches. Full and free discussions of the various problems affecting the life of the farmer especially those relating to the larger economic, social and sanitary questions of the open country will form the basis for these hearings. As the commission can meet only a short time at each place, a portion of the conference will be devoted to mapping out plans for further consideration and study of these questions, the results to be submitted at a later date for the use of the commission. The party will divide at Sacramento, several members will go north to hold hearings at Spokane, December 4 and 5, and Bozeman, December 6 and 7, reaching Omaha to hold joint sessions with the other during the Corn Exposition. The party will be in charge of C. J. Blanchard, statistician, U. S. reclamation service, Washington, D. C. The itinerary of the commission is as follows: Dallas, Texas, November 20-21; El Paso, Texas, November 22-23; Tucson, Arizona, November 24; Los Angeles, Cal., November 25-26; Fresno, Cal., November 27; San Francisco, Cal., November 28-29; Sacramento, Cal., November 30; Reno, Nevada, December 1; Salt Lake City, Utah, December 2, 3, 4; Denver, Colo., December 5-6; Fort Collins, Colo., December 7-8; Omaha, Neb., December 9, 10; Minneapolis, Minn., December 11; Madison, Wisconsin, December 12; Champaign, Ill., December 14; Ithaca, N. Y., December 16; Washington, D. C., December 17.

Notice of Restoration of Public Lands to Settlement and Entry.

Department of the Interior, General Land Office, Washington, D. C., September 19, 1908.—Notice is hereby given that the public lands in the following described areas which were excluded from the former Umpqua National Forest, Oregon, by executive orders effective July 1, 1908, if not otherwise withdrawn, reserved or appropriated, will by authority of the Secretary of the Interior be returned to the public domain on December 21, 1908, and become subject to settlement on and after that date, but not to entry, filing or selection, until on and after January 20, 1909, under the usual restrictions, at the United States land office at Roseburg, Oregon: In Township fifteen (15), Range eight (8), Section seven (7), south half of eight (8), all nine (9), west half of ten (10), all eleven (11), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-six (26), and twenty-seven (27); in Township sixteen (16), Range eight (8), Sections two (2) and three (3); in Township twenty-six (26), Range eight (8), Sections four (4) to ten (10), both inclusive, fifteen (15) to nineteen (19), both inclusive, and thirty-one (31); in Township twenty-seven (27), Range eight (8), Section 2; in Township fourteen (14), Range nine (9), Sections one (1), twelve (12), thirteen (13), twenty-four (24), east half of twenty-five (25) and thirty-six (36); in Township fifteen (15), Range nine (9), east half of Sections one (1) and twelve (12); in Township seventeen (17), Range nine (9), Sections twelve (12), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14); in Township eighteen (18), Range nine (9), west half of Sections six (6) and seven (7), south half of nine (9) and ten (10), south half and north-east quarter of eleven (11), all thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), south half of seventeen (17), south half and northwest quarter of eighteen (18), all nineteen (19), to twenty-three (23), both inclusive, north half of twenty-six (26), twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29), all thirty (30) and thirty-one (31); in Township nineteen (19), Range nine (9), Sections two (2), three (3), nine (9) to sixteen (16), both inclusive, south half of twenty-six (26) and twenty-seven (27), all thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34); in Township twenty (20), Range nine (9), east half of Section ten (10), all twenty (20), twenty-eight (28), twenty-nine (29), thirty (30) and thirty-one (31); in Township twenty-one (21), Range nine (9), Sections four (4), five (5), six (6), nine (9), ten (10), east half of seventeen (17), south half of nineteen (19), south half and northeast quarter of twenty (20), all twenty-nine (29), thirty (30) and thirty-one (31); in Township twenty-five (25), Range nine (9), Sections one (1), twelve (12), thirteen (13), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25), thirty-four (34), thirty-five (35) and thirty-six (36); in Township twenty-six (26), Range nine (9), Sections eleven (11), twelve (12), and thirteen (13); in Township seventeen (17),

Range ten (10), Section one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), south half of Section one (1), north half of Section two (2), north half of Section three (3), north half of Section four (4), north half of Section five (5), north half of Section six (6), north half of Section seven (7), north half of Section eight (8), north half of Section nine (9), north half of Section ten (10), north half of Section eleven (11), north half of Section twelve (12), north half of Section thirteen (13), north half of Section fourteen (14), north half of Section fifteen (15), north half of Section sixteen (16), north half of Section seventeen (17), north half of Section eighteen (18), north half of Section nineteen (19), north half of Section twenty (20), north half of Section twenty-one (21), north half of Section twenty-two (22), north half of Section twenty-three (23), north half of Section twenty-four (24), north half of Section twenty-five (25), north half of Section twenty-six (26), north half of Section twenty-seven (27), north half of Section twenty-eight (28), north half of Section twenty-nine (29), north half of Section thirty (30), north half of Section thirty-one (31), north half of Section thirty-two (32), north half of Section thirty-three (33), north half of Section thirty-four (34), north half of Section thirty-five (35), north half of Section thirty-six (36), north half of Section thirty-seven (37), north half of Section thirty-eight (38), north half of Section thirty-nine (39), north half of Section forty (40), north half of Section forty-one (41), north half of Section forty-two (42), north half of Section forty-three (43), north half of Section forty-four (44), north half of Section forty-five (45), north half of Section forty-six (46), north half of Section forty-seven (47), north half of Section forty-eight (48), north half of Section forty-nine (49), north half of Section fifty (50), north half of Section fifty-one (51), north half of Section fifty-two (52), north half of Section fifty-three (53), north half of Section fifty-four (54), north half of Section fifty-five (55), north half of Section fifty-six (56), north half of Section fifty-seven (57), north half of Section fifty-eight (58), north half of Section fifty-nine (59), north half of Section sixty (60), north half of Section sixty-one (61), north half of Section sixty-two (62), north half of Section sixty-three (63), north half of Section sixty-four (64), north half of Section sixty-five (65), north half of Section sixty-six (66), north half of Section sixty-seven (67), north half of Section sixty-eight (68), north half of Section sixty-nine (69), north half of Section seventy (70), north half of Section seventy-one (71), north half of Section seventy-two (72), north half of Section seventy-three (73), north half of Section seventy-four (74), north half of Section seventy-five (75), north half of Section seventy-six (76), north half of Section seventy-seven (77), north half of Section seventy-eight (78), north half of Section seventy-nine (79), north half of Section eighty (80), north half of Section eighty-one (81), north half of Section eighty-two (82), north half of Section eighty-three (83), north half of Section eighty-four (84), north half of Section eighty-five (85), north half of Section eighty-six (86), north half of Section eighty-seven (87), north half of Section eighty-eight (88), north half of Section eighty-nine (89), north half of Section ninety (90), north half of Section ninety-one (91), north half of Section ninety-two (92), north half of Section ninety-three (93), north half of Section ninety-four (94), north half of Section ninety-five (95), north half of Section ninety-six (96), north half of Section ninety-seven (97), north half of Section ninety-eight (98), north half of Section ninety-nine (99), north half of Section one hundred (100).

BITTER FIGHTS BETWEEN GRAFT TRIAL ATTORNEYS

(United Press Leased Wire.) San Francisco, Nov. 19.—Bitter personalities between Attorney Henry Ach for Abraham Ruef, indicted ex-convict of San Francisco, and the attorneys for the prosecution marked the beginning of the Ruef trial in Judge Lawler's court today. The verbal encounter was cut short by Judge Lawler who declared that he would not tolerate further indulgence in personalities by their side and that he would take measures to prevent their recurrence. The quarrel arose over questions propounded to James L. Gallagher, chief of the hooding board of supervisors and star witness for the people against Ruef, as to the details of the signing of the immunity contract between Rudolph Spreckles and the members of the hooding board. Attorney Hiram Johnson objected to the questions as calculated to waste time. Ach replied that he was asking the questions to save time. "That is like Satan rebuking sin," declared Attorney Johnson, looking squarely at Ach. "We can show the court that this very question just asked the witness was asked and answered five minutes ago and we can show the court that the counsel for the defendant has asked such questions time and time again for the very purpose of delaying this trial, dishonorably, we think." "I take an exception to the remarks

of the special counsel," declared Ach. "and—" "I want to say right here," interrupted Attorney Matthew I. Sullivan for the people, "that while we are on this subject we object to being designated by counsel for the other side as 'special counsel' and 'special prosecutors.' We are here for the people of the state of California with the concurrence of the district attorney and that of the whole people of California. If counsel insists upon making personal remarks, I suggest that the court administer a little contempt medicine." Ach started to reply but the court cut him short with the admonition, "That is all I care to hear. The court asks for the opinions of counsel on questions of law and there has been too much indulgence in the personal equation in this discussion. It must not be done and will be tolerated no more by this court." Attorney J. J. Dwyer for the prosecution asked the court if the attorneys for the people were not to be allowed to defend themselves from personal attacks and the court directed that the examination of the witness proceed. Judge Lawler ruled that the attorneys for Ruef would be permitted to ask questions as to the details of the signing of the immunity contracts subject to motions by the prosecution to strike out.

Paris, France, Nov. 19.—Rumors of the murder of Prince Ching, head of the army and most powerful man in China since the death of Emperor Kwang Hsu reached here today. It is also reported that Yuan Shi Kai, grand chancellor, has been murdered. No mention is made of the death of the new dowager empress. The rumors say the murders were committed by high officials, who are in a plot to seize the government.

FIGHTIN "BOB" TO LIVE IN LOS ANGELES

(United Press Leased Wire.) Los Angeles, Nov. 19.—W. J. Arkell, assistant to the president of the Los Angeles Harbor company, today announced that Rear-Admiral Robley D. Evans will come to Los Angeles to make his future home. Admiral Evans was elected chairman of the board of directors of the Los Angeles Harbor company, which plans extensive improvements about the San Pedro harbor. Arkell says that when he was in Washington ten days ago, he saw Admiral Evans and that Evans promised that he would come to Los Angeles this winter and make this city his future home. The admiral will be here at the close of a lecture tour he is now planning. The corporation is headed by A. C. Bird, former traffic manager of the Gould lines and plans to do much work on the harbor at San Pedro. A railroad between this city and that port is one of the projects of the company. The Chinese will officially mourn for the dead emperor 27 days.

ENGLISH GROOM AFTER THE MONEY

(United Press Leased Wire.) Chicago, Nov. 19.—Chicago society is discussing today an ante-nuptial agreement between Algeron Edwin Burnabee of Leicestershire England and Minna Feld Gibson, a niece of the late Marshall Field, dated the day before their marriage and filed here late yesterday. The agreement provides that in the event of her pre-decease, Mrs. Burnaby's husband will receive the same proportion of her property as would fall to an American husband under the laws of Illinois. This will amount to one-half of

her personal property and the use of one-third of her real estate during his life time. Mrs. Burnaby's wealth has been variously estimated from \$1,000,000 to \$3,000,000. This law applies in case there are no children. The contract provides that Burnaby shall grant his wife one-third of all his property in case she should survive him but his property is so meager that he is admitted to have the better of the bargain. No pupils, who have had any contagious disease, will be allowed to return to the Oregon City schools without a certificate of safe recovery signed by a doctor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of James Edsall Rutherford, deceased, by the county court of Marion county, Oregon, and had duly qualified as such. All persons having claims against said estate will present them to the undersigned at the office of John B. McNary and C. L. McNary in Salem, Oregon, within 6 months from the date of the first publication of this notice. This notice is published for the first time this 19th day of November, 1908.

PRINCE PHILIP WRITES MEMOIRS

Kaiser Wilhelm is in a state of comfortable apprehension following the announcement that Prince Philip Zu Eulien is preparing an elaborate book of memoirs that will be published after his death and for his safety, the memoirs that have been completed thus far, have been sent abroad. It is expected that they will supply as the Hohenzollern memoirs that they will expose this and their unwelcome truth concerning the court. It is stated that the memoirs will be published in England as they would be confiscated if they appeared here. A number of letters from the Kaiser are said to appear in the volume.

ALICE ONLY SMOKES TWENTY CIGARETTES

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 19.—Congressman Nicholas Longworth claims to have worked a great reform in the character of his wife, Mrs. Sperry, whose address on "Human Conditions and Possibilities" is the topic of discussion in social circles today. "Congressman Longworth and his friend of mine recently" said Sperry in his address before the M. C. A., "that he has succeeded in reducing the number of cigarettes his wife smoked from forty to twenty a day." Dr. Sperry hurled invective against the increased use of tobacco and declared something should be done to abate the evil.

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