

Rostein & Greenbaum's Specials

OVERCOATS

FOR THE SMALL BOY OR THE BIG MAN. WE HAVE THEM TO FIT A TWO-YEAR-OLD. NOBBY STYLES, ALL WOOL, LITTLE PRICES.

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----|--------------------|--|
| Children's Wool Mittens..... | 10c | MEN'S MACKINTOSHES | |
| Boys' or Girls' Wool Gloves.... | 25c | BOYS' SUITS. | |
| Ladies' Wool Mittens..... | 15c | MEN'S SUITS | |
| Ladies' Wool Gloves..... | 25c | LOWEST PRICES | |

Umbrellas for children, good strong ones48c
 Umbrellas for Ladies, fine ones, at.....\$1.50 also \$1.00
 Underwear for ladies and children, winter weight.....25c
 Underwear, extra large sizes from.....38c up

SHOES

We carry the Hamilton & Brown brands made of all leather. The best wearing shoes on the market. Reasonable prices.

ROSTEIN & GREENBAUM

240 and 246 Commercial Street.

The "Elite" Hotel and Cafe

E. WALLERT.

Successor to E. Eckerlin.

146 and 148 Commercial Street

Meals 6 A. M. to Midnight. Excellent Merchants' Lunch, 25c. Sunday Family Dinners and Banquets a specialty.



E. ECKERLEN

Family Liquor Store

144 Commercial St.

Free Delivery

THE ELECTRIC MOTOR

BEATS 'EM ALL.

When motive power is under consideration—beats them in convenience, economy, safety and all-round satisfaction. As a matter of business wisdom you should consult us when you need power—it makes no difference how much or little. "Everything electrical" and the best wares and work at the lowest fair price are the motive power of our business. Estimates on a hint from you that you're in the market.

HYDE BROS. ELECTRIC CO.,
Phone 451—2 bells, 134 N. Liberty Street.

THE LENOX

Portland's new and most modernly furnished hotel, Third and Main streets, fronting on the beautiful City Plaza and adjacent to business center. Free bus to and from trains. Up-to-date grill. Excellent cuisine. Telephone in every room. Private baths.

European Plan, \$4 to \$2.50 Per Day
American Plan, \$2.50 to \$4 Per Day.
O. H. SPENCER, Manager



Capital Business College

Prepares young people for bookkeepers, stenographers and general office work. The development of the Northwest will afford openings for thousands in the next few years. Prepare now. Send for catalogue.

W. I. STALEY, PRINCIPAL

SALEM, OREGON



"FROM PILLAR TO POST"

You may go looking for a concern who can turn out better or more artistic mill work than we can, but you will be certain of failure. We are at home in every detail of the business, and our designs and finished work are regarded as models by competent architects and builders. All kinds of turned woodwork done to specification at very reasonable prices.

A. M. HANSEN,

Phone Main 244.

THE USE OF COAL

CUTTING MACHINERY
Though coal-cutting machinery was introduced into the United Kingdom as long ago as 50 years, its use showed slight development till the present century, and even now the number of machines in operation is relatively small. At the beginning of this century about 150 British collieries used cutting machines, the total number being about 40; now about 400 collieries are using 1800 machines. Over half are operated by compressed air, the rest by electricity. In 1900 barely 1 per cent of the total British coal output was cut by machines; now the proportion is 5 per cent.

These numbers and proportions can be best appreciated by comparison with the United States, where, in 1906, according to official figures, over 10,000 machines were in use, cutting 35.1 per cent of the total product. The mean annual output per machine was 11,638 tons, while in Great Britain the average is placed at 8630 tons. The excess in the United States is supposed here to result from the use of different machines and systems of cutting. The more general use and more rapid development of machines in the United States is attributed on British authority to the different arrangement of seams in the mines and the higher cost of manual labor. The slow development in Great Britain is laid to the prejudice of workmen against machines, the cheapness of manual labor, and certain natural features of mines. The inferiority of the primitive machines also created a barrier of conservatism among mine owners which is now hard to break down.—Consular Report.

Why Colds Are Dangerous.
Because you have contracted ordinary colds and recovered from them without treatment of any kind, do not for a moment imagine that colds are not dangerous. Everyone knows that pneumonia and chronic catarrh have their origin in a common cold. Consumption is not caused by a cold, but the cold prepares the system for the reception and development of the germs that would not otherwise have found lodgment. It is the same with all infectious diseases. Diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles and whooping cough are much more likely to be contracted when the child has a cold. You will see from this that more real danger lurks in a cold than in any other of the common ailments. The easiest and quickest way to cure a cold is to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The many remarkable cures effected by this preparation have made it a staple article of trade over a large part of the world. For sale at Dr. Stone's drug store.

HOW GERMANY

BUILDS HER NAVY
While appropriations for the United States navy have been more or less buffeted about in committee and on the floor of the senate and house of representatives, we have had in recent years a very conspicuous example of the beneficial results accruing from a continuous and regular naval shipbuilding policy, such as that at present under way in German empire. Beginning with 1898, the Germans have been acting on a definite program worked out for several years in advance. It has been known far ahead of the time of beginning construction just how many vessels of the various classes were to be laid down each year, although later acts have much increased the number and sizes. The act of 1898 contemplated the acquisition of a navy including 20 battleships, 3 coast defenders, 12 large and 29 small cruisers, besides 6 destroyers to be laid down annually. This total included a number of ships already in existence, and work was prosecuted on the others at the rate of two or three large ships each year. In 1900 a supplementary act increased the battleships to 38, the large cruisers to 14 and the small cruisers to 38. In 1906 the large cruisers were increased to 20, and the destroyers to be laid down each year were raised from six to 12. In 1907 the active life of all vessels was declared decreased to 20 years after which new construction would fill place of each vessel so retired, without such construction being included in the regular list for additions to the navy.—Frank Leslie's.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine causes out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Salem Water Company

OFFICE CITY HALL
For water service apply at office. Bills payable monthly in advance.



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& BINDER
223 S. COMMERCIAL ST.

Georgia's State Chemist Praises Cottolene

J. H. McCandless, State Chemist of Georgia, before a recent gathering of Cotton Seed men, gave emphatic praise to the high quality of Cottolene. He said:

"The sale of this product and the proclamation that it is made of cotton seed oil have done more to bring cotton seed oil truthfully and favorably before the public than anything else in recent history."

Mr. McCandless then pointed out how a pure, refined, vegetable-oil basis, such as is in Cottolene, is the only assurance a woman has of a clean, digestible, cooking product.

It seems a positive wonder in the light of all that has lately been said and written, and of what is known of lard, where it comes from, of what it may be made, and how little chance there is to get pure lard, that anyone will continue its use, when pure, sweet and healthful Cottolene can be so easily obtained.

COTTOLENE is Guaranteed Your grocer is hereby authorized to refund your money in case you are not pleased, after having given Cottolene a fair test.

Never Sold in Bulk Cottolene is packed in pails with an airtight top to keep it clean, fresh and wholesome, and prevent it from catching dust and absorbing disagreeable odors, such as fish, oil, etc.

Cook Book Free For a 2c stamp, to pay postage, we will mail you our new "PURE FOOD COOK BOOK," edited and compiled by Mrs. Mary J. Lincoln, the famous Food Expert, and containing nearly 300 valuable recipes.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago

"Nature's Gift from the Sunny South"



The Needs of Symbols.

"Human nature is not worse today than it ever has been. Man to man, the men of today can bear comparison with the men of the past. What, then is wrong with us? For one thing, and I wish to lay stress upon the fact, I think we are going through a most trying ordeal. We have lost our symbols—in politics, for instance. We are losing them in every department of life."

"In politics we have lost the symbols of the greatness of the state. Now, the idea of the commonwealth is a transcendently great idea; the idea of the commonwealth is hard to grasp as to what it really means. It is very difficult for the average man to get hold of a great idea merely by the apprehension of the mind. The great ideas of the world have been brought close to the human

heart by means of pictures, by what we call symbols, concrete signs, that somehow touch the instincts and appeal to the imaginations of men.

"In the olden days we had kings, and the king in his majesty, with his pomp and state, with the nobles that surrounded the throne, was such a symbol, such a sign, that appealed to the imagination and carried home to the average man the idea that there is something great in the state; that a divinity doth hedge about a king in virtue of his standing for the state.

"The king with his purple robes and his crown, was the sign. We have lost our sign and we are losing, too, the thing signified; we are doing without the sign and we have not the strength of mind to seize those great ideas without the sign to help us. So the state is regarded as a mere convenience; reverence for the commonwealth is passing away and this, I think, is the root of our

troubles. The world is trying to get along without signs, without symbols in religion and politics, and the average of mankind are not equal to the task of dispensing with them, and somehow we shall have to find a way of appealing anew to the imagination. We must not delude ourselves with the idea that we can awaken public interest and make the public heart glow by appealing to men's pockets, by trying to show that it is more profitable to have good government than bad government. It is more profitable, the pushing business man thinks, to let corruption go on so long as he can make money and you can not prove to him that it is otherwise. You can not arouse a great political movement by appealing to the pocket. If you desire a great movement, a movement that shall penetrate to the depths, you must appeal to the imagination."
—Dr. Felix Adler in an address before the National Municipal League.

\$3.00 Saves a Big Dollar \$3.00

BARGAIN DAY

SATURDAY, OCT. 31

All subscribers to the Daily Capital Journal—except carrier lists—who pay up all arrears to Nov. 1st, 1908, can secure the Daily Journal one year in advance for \$3.00 :: :: ::

The Annual Bargain Day

Saves the people hundreds of dollars. Start at once to take advantage of our BARGAIN DAY :: :: ::
Remit by mail or call at the Journal Office on or before Saturday evening, October 31st to secure this reduction :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::

DO NOT ASK FOR THIS RATE AFTER OCTOBER 31

E. HOFER, Publisher,
Salem, Oregon