

...CAPITAL JOURNAL'S EDITORIAL PAGE

HOFER BROS., Publishers and Proprietors

THE JOURNAL STANDS FOR PROGRESS, DEVELOPMENT, GOOD GOVERNMENT, AND NO DEGRADED LABOR.

WARNING ON SENATOR FULTON.

The United States department of agriculture, forestry service branch, sends us some printed matter which we publish elsewhere.

The Capital Journal is proud to be recognized as **THE ORGAN OR OFFICIAL MOUTHPIECE OF THIS GREAT FEDERAL GOVERNMENT OF OURS.**

We use to know "Tama Jim" Wilson, when he was a common farmer member of the Iowa state legislature. But we don't know Pinchot.

We suppose that is our fault, as we have been **WITHIN FIFTY MILES OF RIGHT WHERE HE WAS** and could have gone to see him had we had the habit.

But when Pinchot in the name of the great department of agriculture sends us stuff against one of our senators to print we suppose as a loyal American newspaper man we ought to do it.

We have never been stuck on the extension of the **ENDLESS FOREST RESERVES IN OREGON.**

These forest reserves have been the stalking horse behind which corporations have stolen millions of acres of our finest forest.

These forest reserves have blocked the development of the state **AND PREVENTED ITS FILLING UP WITH PEOPLE.**

The system is building up thousands of perpetual officials in the forestry, reclamation, irrigation, geologic survey and agricultural departments.

These civil service departments are filled with a class of persons who are beyond the reach of public sentiment, political influence or **THE POWER OF THE ALMIGHT HIMSELF TO REMOVE THEM FROM OFFICE.**

Senator Fulton was warmly applauded in his speech at the Salem Republican banquet, where he roasted unlimited and unrestrained forest reserve policies, and he will be everywhere in Oregon.

Furthermore the department of agriculture as represented by its forestry specialists is not upheld outside of a few professional and theoretical college politicians.

The fawning, flattering, truckling element in the Republican party, that would fall upon its knees to anyone in power for the sake of favors, would probably uphold Pinchot and the department of agriculture.

The rest of the common people who do not live by hopes of political pull and patronage, will condemn the forest reserves in Oregon **AS FAST AS THEY CAN GET AT THEM, OR ANYONE WHO BACKS THEM.**

That is about the way the war stands between Senator Fulton and the Forestry officials, who are mostly eastern importations, as offensive to the people of the west as were ever the carpetbaggers in the South.

They represent European policies of paternalism that seem to be the main purpose of the departments at Washington to fasten upon the American people, **WHERE EVERY OTHER PERSON IS A SOLDIER OR AN OFFICIAL.**

Senator Fulton can well afford to have it known that the department of forestry at Washington is **FLOODING THE STATE WITH PRESS MATTER AGAINST HIM.**

It is an unusual proceeding for the mere servants of the people to become dictators as to who should be sent to the U. S. senate from Oregon to represent the people of Oregon.

UNIONISM AND THE LAW.

The growth of organized labor in England and America and the transition of trade unions from outlawed criminal conspiracies to powerful lawful organizations present an important chapter in the world's history, and it is interesting to compare the legal status of organized labor today with the successive stages **WHICH HAVE MARKED ITS PROGRESS FOR ALMOST TWO CENTURIES.**

Since the recognition of the right of laborers to organize for mutual protection, by the adoption of the English statute of 1824 (8 C. 5 Geo. IV, c. 95) there has been a continuous struggle for supremacy between employer and employe, and while legislative bodies in the United States and the other civilized countries have made commendable efforts in recent years **TO ESTABLISH AN EQUITABLE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THEM,** the lack of uniformity of the statutes and decisions on the subject renders it one of the most unsettled branches of the law.

For much valuable information in this connection, we are indebted to Judge Alton B. Parker's treatise on "Labor Unions," published in the Cyclopaedia of Law and Procedure (Cyc), which not only traces the legal history of organized labor from its inception, but also clearly analyzes the law of this subject as it is now recognized by the courts throughout the country.

It appears that the prosecution of united laborers dates back to 1721 (24 Cyc 817) when the "Journeyman Tailors" of Cambridge were found guilty of conspiracy among themselves to raise their wages and upon which occasion the court held that while it was the privilege of an individual to demand that his wages be increased, if several met for the same purpose, it was illegal and the members of the union **WHO HAD ORGANIZED TO RAISE WAGES WERE GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY.** From that time this harsh rule was recognized as the law of England until the act of 1824, above referred to, was passed, which, as amended in 1825 by 6 Geo. IV, c. 129, repealed all prior statutes so far as they prohibited the organization of laborers for their mutual advantage.

The old English rule was followed in the United States during the early part of the 19th century, and the combination of workmen to raise their wages and prevent the employment of non-union men **WAS HELD IN SEVERAL CASES TO CONSTITUTE A CRIMINAL CONSPIRACY.** New York, Philadelphia and Pittsburg were at that period the hot beds of trade unionism and a number of bitterly contested cases are reported which resulted unfavorably to the cause of unionism. Notable among these was the case of the Journeymen Cordwainers, Yates vs. Sol. Cas. (N. Y.) 114, tried in 1803 at New York city when it was held that a body of Cordwainers were guilty of forming themselves into an "unlawful club and combination," and of adopting "unlawful by-laws, rules and orders among themselves, and thereby governing themselves and other workmen in their art"; and "not being content to work at the usual rate and prices for which they and other workmen and Journeymen were wont and accustomed to work, falsely and fraudulently conspired unjustly and oppressively to augment the wages of themselves and the other workmen, **AND UNJUSTLY TO EXACT AND EXTORT GREAT SUMS OF MONEY FOR THEIR LABOR AND HIRE IN THE SAID ART, MYSTERY, ETC.;**" and "that the defendants had conspired not to work for any master or person who should employ any workmen who should break any of their by-laws unless such workmen should pay to the club such sum as should be agreed upon as a penalty for the breach of such unlawful rules, and that they did in pursuance of such conspiracy refuse to work for James Corwin and Charles Atmes because they did employ one Edward Whittess, a cordwainer, who had broken one of such rules and refused to pay \$2 as a penalty." That they also "attempted to deprive and hinder the said Whittess from following his said art and did greatly impoverish him." **WHILE A CONVICTION FOR CONSPIRACY WAS SECURED IN THIS CASE THE NOMINAL FINE IMPOSED (\$1 and costs) and the remarks made by his honor, Mayor Clinton, in passing judgment characterizing the offense as one committed through ignorance of the law rather than with any unlawful intent, foreshadowed the**

turn in public sentiment towards union labor which occurred shortly thereafter.

Subsequent to the enactment of the English statutes of 1824 and 1825, the courts and legislatures of the United States who had theretofore been disposed to follow the law of the mother country, broke away from ancient precedent, passed numerous laws legalizing labor unions and extended the power thereof to such an extent that the situation reached the other extreme, and giant labor finding itself free, set about by every possible means **TO MAKE ITS STRENGTH FELT THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.** Its political power became tremendous and was reflected in the acts of the various legislatures which seemed determined to extend beyond all reasonable bounds the liberties of united labor.

As a consequence, strikes, boycotts, picketing, persuasion, **AND MODERATE INTIMIDATION WERE COMMENDED** as legitimate means of enforcing the demands of organized labor, and employers of non-union workmen were left to shift for themselves. In extending the rights of wage-earners a corresponding check was placed upon the employers thereof.

Combinations of capital for its better protection against the powerful organization of workmen were declared illegal by legislatures and the courts, and **FOR A TIME THE PENDULUM OF THE LAW SWUNG FAR TOWARDS THE SIDE OF LABOR UNIONS,** and it is of comparatively recent date that it started towards the point where lies equal justice to all parties at interest, organized labor, non-union labor, and employer. Probably the first backward movement respecting labor unions was taken when in the famous Debs case the United States court granted an injunction against trespass and the use of force which was quickly followed by other courts; and since that date the injunction writ has become a powerful weapon in the hands of capital in holding organized labor within the limitations of the law.

NOTES ON PROGRESS OF WOMEN.

The Cleveland (Ohio) Leader advocates placing women in official position in state institutions.

An earnest editorial on the subject closes with the words, "They must be called into this service of the state."

The Leader overlooks the fact that the constitution of the state provides that **SUCH OFFICES MUST BE HELD BY "ELECTORS" THUS BARRING WOMEN, NO MATTER HOW WELL QUALIFIED.**

Press dispatches say that March 15 was the first day of election for members of the Finnish Diet as well as the first trial in Finland on the proportional representation system.

The crowds are reported as "silent and orderly," and among them "large numbers of women who take the deepest interest in the proceedings."

THUS JUST A YEAR FROM THE DAY OF SUSAN B. ANTHONY'S FUNERAL women were voting on the continent of Europe for the first time.

At the Winchester Commercial club banquet, the other day, Desha Breckinridge, editor of the Lexington Herald, said in the course of his address:

"Those radical forefathers of ours established a new principle in the political development of the whole world.

They were the first to base suffrage **ON MANHOOD ALONE AND GIVE EQUAL REPRESENTATION BASED ON NUMBERS.** They were the first, as far as we know, to give women the right to vote for any purposes."

LITTLE THINGS WELL DONE.

No truer words are found in the Scripture than the saying that "he who is faithful in little things shall stand before princes.

In this country the princes are the common people and they are in the long run **THE REAL JUDGES OF PUBLIC OFFICIALS.**

The Capital Journal has repeatedly called attention to the excellent work done by the Salem Board of Education.

Their annual report has been commented upon, and is **WORTHY OF STUDY BY ALL AMBITIOUS TO SERVE THE PUBLIC.**

In the first place they showed a clean bill of health, accounting for every dollar that passed through their hands.

Next the Salem Board of Education did not levy a dollar more of taxes than they showed they had actual need of.

They took the increased valuation into account and levied only enough mills to raise the revenue **NEEDED TO CARRY ON THE SCHOOLS.**

The Salem School Board has men on it who are making a public record that entitles them to the highest offices in the state.

CEDAR WOOD FOR LEAD PENCILS

Now Bought by the Pound and Growing Scarcer Each Year.

The lead pencil is one of the most common articles in every day use, and nearly 320,000,000 pencils are manufactured in this country every year. To manufacture these millions of pencils there are required 110,000 tons, or 7,300,000 cubic feet of wood, so that each day in the year 300 tons, or 20,000 cubic feet, of wood are used for pencils. Since practically all of the wood is red cedar, and since the pencil industry is steadily growing, the supply of red cedar is greatly depleted; yet no substitute has been found for it. Leaving out of consideration the imported pencils, the average educated American over 19 years of age uses six pencils of home manufacture each year. Ten years ago he used less than five.

Red cedar has a soft, straight grain, and when grown under best conditions is very free from defects. Because of its peculiar qualities no equally good substitute for it has ever been found, and it is doubtful if any wood-using industry is so dependent upon a single species as the pencil industry is dependent upon red cedar. In fact, red cedar suitable for pencil manufacture is the only wood the price of which is always quoted by the pound.

Strange as it may seem, no steps have heretofore been taken to provide for a future supply of red cedar. This has been largely due to a lack of information on the rate of growth and the habits of the tree, and to the widespread belief that second growth red cedar never reaches merchantable size.

In accordance with its policy toward the conservation and with economic use of commercial woods, the forest service has made a careful study of red cedar and has come to the conclusion that it can profitably be grown in regions of its development. Several changes are recommended in present forest management in order to secure the desired growth. In the southern forests the cedar will have to be given a better chance instead of being considered, as now, a negligible quantity in its younger stages, and many of the forest-grown trees which are now cut for fence posts can profitably be left to attain their full development and thus become available for pencil wood.

YOUR HABITS ...

Are either your enemies or your friends.

Every young man should form the saving habit, which will prove a true friend and helper through life.

The best way to begin is to open a savings bank account.

Savings Department
Capital National Bank

BACKACHE AND DESPONDENCY

Are both symptoms of organic derangement, and nature's warning to women of a trouble which will sooner or later declare itself.

How often do we hear women say, "It seems as though my back would break." Yet they continue to drag along and suffer with aches in the small of the back, pain low down in the side, dragging sensations, nervousness and no ambition.

They do not realize that the back is the main-spring of woman's organism and quickly indicates by aching a diseased condition of the feminine organs or kidneys, and that aches and pains will continue until the cause is removed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

made from native roots and herbs has been for many years the most successful remedy in such cases. No other medicine has such a record of cures of feminine ills.

Miss Lena Nagel, of 117 Morgan St., Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "I was completely worn out and on the verge of nervous prostration. My back ached all the time. I had dreadful periods of pain, was subject to fits of crying and extreme nervousness, and was always weak and tired. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures Female Complaints, such as Backache, Falling and Displacements, and all Organic Disorders. Dissolves and expels Tumors at an early stage. It strengthens and tones the Stomach. Cures Headache and Indigestion and invigorates the whole feminine system.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free.



MISS LENA NAGEL.

Pool Selling Abolished.

There will be no pool-selling or gambling of any description allowed at the state fair this year, is the decision of the state agricultural board. The members have arrived at this decision after a lengthy discussion and base their arguments against it on the fact that Illinois, Iowa and Minnesota have eliminated gambling from their state fairs and they have proven best as general financial successes.

All of the superintendents of the different departments of the fair were appointed at this afternoon's meeting, as follows: Pavilion, W. H. Savage, of Corvallis; ladies' waiting room, Mrs. E. A. Holden, of Salem; poultry department, S. C. Shelous, of Portland, ex-secretary of the State Poultry association; ticket department, Frank Lee, of Portland; forage, J. T. Beckwith, of Jefferson; camp ground, Albert Tozier.

The American Shorthorn Breeders' association, of Chicago, has offered \$200 in cash prizes, and the Angora Goat association, of Kansas City, besides the cup entered, has posted \$50 in cash prizes. The bar privileges have been awarded to W. B. Ayres, of Portland, at \$300 per day.

BULLOCK BROS. RESTAURANT.

Two doors south of Bush's Bank
Open Day and Night
The best of everything.
Clean and quick service.

CAPITAL COMMISSION CO.
267 Commercial St.
Phone 179

Cash Purchasers of
Poultry,
Eggs, and
All Farm Produce.

Allen's

Order a package of this famous health and brain building food and enjoy some good old fashioned New England Brown Bread. A chance at a right hot loaf will make you think you are in Boston. With Allen's Self-rising B. B. B. Flour you can make bread just like the Puritans used to make.

B-B Pancake Flour is also a pure food; self-rising and all ready to Mark mix with water and bake on a hot griddle.

ALLEN'S B B B FLOUR CO.
Pacific Coast Factory, San Jose,
Cal. Eastern Factory, Little
Wolf Mills, Manawa, Wis.

The work on the buildings which are at once under the direction of S. A. McFadden.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, bleeding or protruding Piles in 14 days or money refunded.

To Turn Over Securities.

Washington, March 29.—Today order of Justice Clabaugh, of the District of Columbia supreme court, the creditors of Walter Heston to surrender all the securities in the possession belonging to Heston. Justice Clabaugh had previously proved the bond filed by John Shields, receiver for said Heston.

The secret of fashionable beauty I asked the question of a noted beauty specialist. "In order to be really rosy, plump, very pretty and to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Dr. Store's Store."

Iowa Legislature Adjourns.

Des Moines, March 29.—The adjournment of the legislature adjourns the first week in the month if the primary bill goes the way the adjournment goes today. As the two-cent fare has passed, there is nothing important to wait for.



Peter Piper's

Stole the pig and ran away with it. Why steal meat when our prices are so low? Try us and be satisfied. E. C. CHAMBERLAIN, 370 South

Garden Seeds

We have a large stock of Garden Seeds in bulk. Our seeds are all 1906 crop. We carry over.

ONION SEEDS.
Ask for small onion seeds. You get three times as much to the pound.

FIELD SEEDS.
Fancy Bluestem Wheat, Chevrolet Barley, Oats, Corn, Clover, Alfalfa, Field Peas, Land Plaster, etc.

Distributing agents for Coulson's Egg Foods, Coulson's Chick Foods, Coulson's Condition Powders. The largest wholesale and retail dealers in the city.

TILLSON & CO.
151 High St.