

DAILY CAPITAL JOURNAL

BY HOFER BROS.

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NO JOB FOR YOU AT PANAMA.

A correspondent writes, asking for information about work in the canal zone. He wants to know how to go about it to get a job there.

Don't allow yourself, good friend, to get the Panama fever.

In common with thousands of young men you have, no doubt, been touched by the romance of Panama. You have thought it would be fine to visit a strange country, to become connected with great enterprises and to carry away a salary two or three times as large as you could earn at home.

There are not many good jobs at Panama. The government, in the classified service, has use for engineers, clerks, foreman-engineers—to a limited extent—and has offered good salaries.

But the supply has vastly exceeded the demand—so much so that no more applications will be received.

So save the stamps and paper and make up your mind to stay at home.

There is another side to it.

Several thousand men will find work on the big ditch for a number of years. Their work will be unskilled and hard. It will call for men of a race that can live and do hard work in a hot country. And that means that the supply of muscle will be largely drafted from South American states.

Keep away from Panama.

It is not healthful there. All that can be done, and all that will be done, in a sanitary way, will leave some danger for men with white skins.

And some of them will come home in pine boxes.

If you have any kind of a position that affords a living, get the Panama idea out of your head.

BECAUSE HE LOVED HER.

Enlightened New York furnishes a new formula for wife-winning and incidentally a suggestion to husbands for keeping their wives' affections ever fresh.

A rejected lover meeting his heart's desire walking on the street with the other fellow wisely overlooked his successful rival, but hit the girl twice over the head with his cane.

"Why did you beat me so?" asked the bruised and tearful girl when they were brought together in the police court.

"Because I love you so. Do with me as you like!" was the sorrowful, soulful reply.

The fair complainant turned to the judge. "I refuse to make any charge against dear, dear Jack!" she exclaimed. "I didn't know he loved me so much!"

They left the courtroom to be married. It is to be hoped that the girl so easily mollified may live happy ever after.

It must be observed that this incident simplifies the complex problem of courtship and carries us back to the direct process of primitive man when wedlock was a mere question of strategy and force.

The supreme virtue of the New York method lies in its revitalizing influence on the affections. Perhaps the girl's indifference was an act of sub-consciousness from which she could only be roused by a blow deftly administered on the head. Thus mental equilibrium was established and she saw the absurdity of Jack's love.

It is an old adage that a woman never truly loves a husband until he beats her. So there's nothing new in the direct connection between beating and love.

"Because I loved you so" is an excuse that will overcome everything in

the heart of woman. It is the nature of the creature.

O, brute of a man, kick her, starve her, neglect her, disgrace her, but tell her that you love her, and she will cling to you and smile upon you and worship you.

O beast of a man, creep home just before daylight, with your think-tank swamped by booze, and meet her cold look with "Yeah, my dear, I—hic—know I'm late, but—hic—hurried home as quick as I could, because—hic—because I love you so," and she will overwhelm you with kind attentions and then drop soundly to sleep and dream of heaven.

O, greater beast, give her the finest house in town and silks, jewels and automobiles, and never tell her that you love her, and she will pine and die of loneliness and heartache.

OUR SYSTEM APPROVED.

(Corvallis Gazette.)

Mr. Mulhall, of the Royal Society of London, in his "Balance Sheet of the World," says: "It would be impossible to find in history a parallel to the progress of the United States in the last ten years."

"Every ray that the sun rises upon the American people it sees an addition of two and a half million dollars to the accumulation of wealth of the Republic, which is equal to one-third of the daily accumulation of all mankind outside of the United States."

Prince Bismarck, of Germany, said: "The success of the United States in material development is the most illustrious of modern times. The American nation has not only successfully borne and suppressed the most gigantic war of all history, but immediately afterwards disbanded its army, found work for all its soldiers and marines, paid off most of its debts, gives labor and homes to all the unemployed of Europe as fast as they can arrive in the territory, and still by a system of taxation so indirect as not to be perceived, much less felt. Because of its deliberate judgment that the prosperity of America is mainly due to its system of protective laws, I urge that Germany has now reached that point where it is necessary to imitate the tariff system of the United States."

So we find that the great men of other nations approve the protective tariff system of the United States and desire to place the affairs of their own country on the same basis.

X-RAYS

Deceit is the affianced bride of conceit.

From all accounts fortune is not a knocker.

Even the sick man will tell you he enjoys health.

The political game is not always as bad as it is played.

The first drink is the bridge over the Rubicon of sobriety.

Lots of building in sight this year, Salem will be a busy place.

The four sawmills on the lower Siuslaw river will start up soon.

One hundred men are working on the new logging road at Mill City.

The treasurer of Everett, Wash., is \$11,500 short. Too much gambling.

Profanity never pays a dividend, but it sometimes yields a sinner a whole lot of satisfaction.

It is believed that Mayor Waters would not veto an order by the council to pave a street.

Mayor Carrington, of the army in the Philippines, gets 60 years' sentence on five counts.

State Game Warden Baker has turned loose a hundred Bob White quail at Cottage Grove.

Governor Chamberlain thinks it wouldn't hurt anybody to have a Democrat on the supreme bench.

Wisconsin is holding a consumers' league today at Oshosh. The consumer should be satisfied to consume and pay.

If the wind should change to the east suddenly today, remember there is an amateur oratorical contest on at Mt. Vernon, Iowa.

The boom which the Masonic order is undergoing all over the East is making demand for a great many Oregon billygoats.

Have you smelled the sweet perfume from the south these days? Only don't make a mistake and take the sweet

smell of malt from the brewery for the perfume of roses from California.

The talk about Simon or any other man setting up as a boss in Oregon is rot. The people are going to have something to say for the better.

Eugene Guard, Democrat: Lane county has a man who is honest, broad, fearless, capable, and has what the country's constitution is made of—independence. Such a man is A. C. Woodcock. He is a man who would redeem his district from the odium placed upon it by the past few years by tricksters, a man who would honor himself and state. No better selection could be made.

Captain Carter served a term of five years in prison for embezzlement and defrauding the government, in connection with the improvement of the harbor at Savannah, but his companions in crime, Gaynor and Greene, have escaped until now by fleeing to Canada and fighting their extradition on one plea or another. They were indicted in 1899 and on going to Canada forfeited bail bonds in the sum of \$40,000 each. The decision of the Canadian judges have been favorable to the embezzlers until the United States carried the case to the privy council of England, the highest court in that country. That court reversed the two judgments by which Gaynor and Greene were set free and charged them with the costs of the appeal. These two worthies are now in a fair way to get their just deserts, although long delayed.

DEVELOP
OREGON
INDUSTRIES

(Continued from first page.)

of brush it would be good and suitable for general farming. Now can you give me these details:

1—The address of one or two reliable breeders.

2—The outlook regarding markets for mohair and carcasses.

3—How near to the town and school can I homestead.

4—Where can I get literature and maps describing the place.

5—Can you give me prices for good grade Angoras.

W. S. Gamble, Geary, Okla.: What county has good cheap land. How is Wallawa for good cheap land. I am not particular as to the distance from the railroad. Please send my name to some one who can give me information about Oregon, and then I can correspond with him. I want to go either to Oregon, Washington or Idaho.

P. O. Greenwood, Webster City, Ia.: I am working in the poultry business and would like a small place near to school and church, also a good market. I would like a position paying about \$50 or \$60 per month, a clerical position preferred, but am not so particular but that I would consider work in any honorable line.

If you have any literature descriptive of the country I would be pleased to receive it, and if you can do anything for me in the other lines I shall be greatly obliged to you.

W. A. Chapman, Coldwater, Mich.: I am about to incorporate some Eastern capital for the purpose of growing English walnuts on rather a large scale in the vicinity of Salem. Can you give me your personal opinion of the same as an investment? The stock will be sold in small shares, and this will put in touch with the Willamette valley a considerable number of Eastern wealth-to-do men. I have just returned from the Willamette valley, and am booming Oregon with all my might and main. Would like a supply of your literature, so I can distribute it to an advantage among the class of people Oregon needs.

J. H. Yeakel, 1804 Oakes Ave., Everett, Wash.: Will you send me a county map of your state, also a township map of Sherman county. Do you know of any homestead land in said county, and who I have to apply to for entry? Any information you can furnish on the above subject will be gratefully received, as I am very desirous of locating in your state.

Lowell A. Dunkel, Fort Plain, N. Y.

If you want a safe medicine for all family ills you cannot find anything better than the Bitters.

For over 50 years it has been curing such ailments as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Female Disorders, Chills, Colds and La Grippe without failure. Try it and see.

SKIN
DISEASES

Altoona, Pa., June 20, 1903.
I was afflicted with Tetter in bad shape. It would appear in blotches as large as my hand, a yellowish color, and scale off. You can imagine how offensive it was. For twelve years I was afflicted with this trouble. At night it was a case of scratch and many times no rest at all. Seeing the good the medicine was doing a friend who was taking it for Eczema, I commenced it, and as a result the eruption began to dry up and disappear, and to-day I am practically a well man. Only two tiny spots are left on the elbow and shin where the whole body was affected. I have every confidence in the medicine and feel sure that in a short time these two remaining spots will disappear. S. S. S. is certainly a great blood purifier, and has done me a world of good. I am grateful for what it has accomplished, and trust that what I have said will lead others who are similarly afflicted to take the remedy and obtain the same good results that I have.

125 East Fifth Ave. JOHN F. LEAR.

While washes, soaps, salves and powders relieve temporarily, they do not reach the real cause of the disease. The blood must be purified before the cure is permanent. S. S. S. contains no potash, arsenic or mineral of any description, but is guaranteed purely vegetable. Send for our book on the skin and its diseases, which is mailed free. Our physicians will cheerfully advise without charge any who write us about their case.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

A party of ten of us here have decided to send a representative to look over the states of Washington and Oregon, with a view of locating and buying a large tract of land suitable for general stock raising and the growing of wheat and hops. We have been informed that your section of the country is especially adapted to the above industries on a large scale. Will you kindly inform us in regard to the section immediately surrounding you, as to the price of land, crops raised in your vicinity, etc., as we wish to gather some data before looking over the different sections, to work from. We would also be pleased to have you inform us regarding any timber land subject to entry in your section, as we expect to form a strong company to engage in these enterprises.

H. Blackledge, Blandinsville, Ill.: Will you send me some circulars, as I am thinking of coming somewhere in that country, and would like to find out the description of it.

John Pemberton, Watertown, South Dakota: You will remember me as one of the party that started a Push Club at Rosedale last summer, but we were too busy to push much. But I meet a great many that want information on Oregon, and I am anxious to help them out of this country. I will talk some, and the next thing is they want the papers to show, and if you will forward some of the "Paradise Found" and other information at hand it will oblige me, and no doubt help us all.

A. S. Mellinger, Brooksville, Ohio:

I would like to come to your state and start the tobacco cultivation and preparing it for the market. I am a tobacco man and thoroughly understand the business, and am fully convinced that it can be done successfully. I am working to get a party to locate in or about Salem. I was there about two months last summer, and can vouch for that section. Hoping that you will send me a lot of literature to distribute among my prospects.

Public Is Aroused.

The public is aroused to a knowledge of the curative merits of that great medical tonic, Electric Bitters, for sick stomach, liver and kidneys. Mary H. Walters, of 546 St. Clair ave., Columbus, Ohio, writes: "For several months I was given up to die. I had fever and ague, my nerves were wrecked; I could not sleep, and my stomach was so weak from useless doctor's drugs that I could not eat. Soon after beginning to take Electric Bitters I obtained relief, and in a short time I was entirely cured." Guaranteed at J. C. Perry's drug store; price 50c.

MARKET QUOTATIONS TODAY

"Make Salem a Good Home Market."

Poultry—at Steiner's Market.
Eggs—Per dozen, 16c.
Ducks—10c.
Chickens—9c@10c.
Hens—10c@11c.
Turkeys—15c.

Harritt & Lawrence,
Eggs—Per dozen, 17c.
Fruits, Vegetables, Etc.
Potatoes—40c.
Potatoes, sweet, \$1.35.
Onions—c.
Apples—75c@81.00.

PRISON
REFORM
WORKER

Mrs. Ballington Booth
of New York Talks
to Convicts

Addresses a Large Audience
at the First M. E. Church
in the Evening

Salem people had the opportunity of hearing one of the greatest women lecturers in the United States, in the person of Mrs. Ballington Booth, who was in the city last evening.

She arrived on the 5:31 train, and was taken immediately to the state prison, where an informal reception was held. Among those meeting her there were Rev. and Mrs. Winans, Rev. and Mrs. E. W. St. Pierre, Superintendent and Mrs. James, Miss James, matron, Warden and Mrs. Curtis. Mrs. Booth was accompanied by Captain and Mrs. Dunnean and their little son.

At 6 o'clock Mrs. Booth addressed the prisoners. The services were opened with song, and then Rev. St. Pierre introduced the speaker. The prisoners watched her with wrapt attention, some of them had never heard of her before, others had read of her and had been told, but none had ever seen her before. Mrs. Booth is a small, plump little body, with clear, open countenance and a power to hold her audience. She looks at her audience with a frank smile and wins their approval. Her talk to the men was directly to them, just as if she was their own mother and was setting them aright. She is earnest and her talk brought tears to many an eye in that audience.

She began her address by telling how glad she was that an opportunity had arisen that she might visit them, but she said "I will not say as one speaker did once, 'I am glad to see you here, because I am not, but as long as you are here, I am glad to see you.'" Then she told how she had started out in this work. It was nine years ago when a call came to speak to the boys at San Quentin, and from that day her work has been consecrated to those darkened lives in the inside world. She said "I belong not to the outside world, the cruel world who sneers at my boys, but to the inside world." She said, "When I first saw those boys at San Quentin in stripes, there came into my heart a great longing that God would take me and use me and help me to do this great work." At first she was laughed at and people told her she would come out broken hearted in six months and many other things, but she was far from those things.

"Indeed," she said, and the speaker smiled at the boys in front of her. "I feel like an old-timer, I have been in so often."

She told about the starting of the temporary homes for prisoners. She first secured a pretty homestead, and had it arranged in the most pleasing way and called it "Hope Hall," and during the past eight years over 3000 have come there for shelter and help until work had been provided for them. There they were away from the taunts and jeers of the world, and had the "Little Mother," as she is called, to guide them in the right way.

She told about the organization of the V. P. L., or the Volunteer Prison League, and of the many prisoners who had been enrolled. "Over 20,000 to be a mother to," she said, "I feel as if my shoulders ought to be bent with age and my hair white, but I am here to tell the story."

When "Hope Hall" was first started there were a great many people who were curious to know all about it. "First," she said, "came the reporters with their pencils and pads to take everything down, but they were met at the door and told they were not eligible. Then the friends came and they were met with the same reply, and that is the way the home is maintained. No outsider is allowed to interfere, and only prisoners who have been in one year are eligible."

The speaker dwelt on the pitiful side of the prison life and those left behind, and the long years of suffering caused. "You," she said, "are here clothed and fed, while those you have left in the outside world many cold and hungry." She made an earnest plea for them to reform and get ready for a new life. The old saying, "Once a convict, always a convict," was a rank lie, and the eyes of the speaker flashed and said, "No, they shall not talk about my boys that way."



Cut the Can
and compare the quality of
**Economy
Brand
Evaporated
Cream**

with any of its imitations. Note the difference. See how smooth and appetizing our product is, owing to its heavy consistency, which keeps the butter fat equally distributed, in contrast with the cheap and thin imitations which allow the butter fat to rise and form unsightly clots.

the audience; those who had looked uninterested and indifferent on the start were all intensely interested, many were thinking deeply, and when she called on them to do better, some rose to their feet and one of the spoke. She then lead them in prayer. At the end the whole audience joined in the song, "Nearer My God, Thee," and it was a sad sight to see so many of those criminals bow their heads in silent anguish over what might have been.

After the address Rev. St. Pierre spoke a few words, thanking the speaker in behalf of the prisoners, and the said for all those who were thankful to have Mrs. Booth with them to raise their hands, and every hand was raised high.

Mrs. Booth's smiling face and helpful words will linger long in the minds and hearts of these men. At the close of the service one of the women prisoners broke down and threw her arms around Mrs. Booth and wept unrestrainedly. Just as Mrs. Booth was to enter the door to be escorted away she turned around and waved her hand and said, "Goodbye, Boys," and every man looked at her with longing eyes until she disappeared behind the wall, and the men were sent back to the cells.

At the First M. E. church, at 6 o'clock, she addressed one of the largest audiences the church ever held, every one enjoyed it very much. Her next visit to Salem will be looked forward to with much interest.

Mrs. Booth wore a white evening dress, with an Empire waist, set with brilliant diamond on her bosom, and Japanese scarf thrown over her shoulders. Her hair was done up pompously, and her entire appearance spoke of culture and refinement, and is quite a departure from the original Salvation army style, from which her organization is a progressive offshoot. Her delivery is in a finished style of elocution, and she has evidently trained herself for a great career. All her features are studied, and her declaration of religious truth for the reformation of individuals are along the lines of higher truth, and free from cant and ante-deluvian theology.

Peculiar Disappearance.

J. D. Runyan, of Butlerville, Ohio, laid the peculiar disappearance of his painful symptoms, of indigestion, biliousness, to Dr. King's New Life Pills. He says: "They are a powerful remedy for dizziness, sour stomach, headache, constipation, etc." Guaranteed at J. C. Perry's drug store; price 25c.

A
FULL
STOCK

We now have a full stock of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Narcissus, Snow Drops, Jonquils and a nice assortment of Chinese Sacred Lilies. Would be pleased to have the public call and inspect our stock at

Savage & Fletcher
322-324 Commercial St.

SAVE
SOMETHING

He who earns a small salary and saves part of it is better off than he who earns a large salary and spends all. No matter how small your income, something should be regularly laid by for future needs.

No man's income is so small that something, even if only a very little, cannot be saved.

SAVE THAT LITTLE.
We Solicit the Accounts of
all Who Wish to Save

Savings Bank
Department
Capital National
Bank.