

# MT. ANGEL VERSUS SILVERTON

## How Two Marion County Towns Will Be Pitted Against Each Other

### Silverton Appeal Which Favors Real Local Option Does Not Want This Kind

Two weeks from next Tuesday the voters of Oregon will be called upon to decide one of the most perplexing problems that has ever confronted the people of this state, and at this time it is even more important in Oregon than the great Presidential election. Indeed the latter has been entirely abandoned from the minds of some interested temperance workers and the whole interest of the fall campaign lies within the question of local option. Both are certainly important in Oregon.

There are good citizens and bad citizens in every class and in every locality, and the attitude of decent people toward great public and social questions should be determined, not by accidental questions of employment or locality, but by those deeper principles which represent the innermost souls of men.

The good citizen is he who, regardless of his wealth or his poverty, strives manfully to do his duty to himself, to his family, to his neighbor, to the state; who is incapable of the baseness which manifests itself either in arrogance or in envy, but who while demanding justice for himself, is no less scrupulous to do justice to others.

Many qualities are needed by the people of Oregon in handling this important question, which would preserve power of self-government in fact as well as in name. Among these qualities are forthrightness, shrewdness, self-restraint, the courage which refuses to abandon one's rights; and the disinterested and kindly good sense which enables one to do justice to the rights of others.

The Silvertonian-Appeal has previously expressed itself in favor of local option in the state and we still hold that this will be a good thing for the country in general. We took this stand from the start and have maintained the same—and shall continue so to do until we are convinced by experience, if possible, that it is wrong—believing that there is a serious need of some such reformatory and prohibitory law in Oregon, but we fail to see whereby the adoption of the measure by precincts will produce the desired effect. If we are to have local option in the counties we should have it in all parts of the county, and not in parts of the county where the deed of such a measure is not so seriously felt. Precincts like Mt. Angel, and others we could mention, where the local option measure would not be likely to become a law, will need the assistance of all precincts in the county to bring about the change. Here is where the opportunity presents itself for the good citizen to do justice to the rights of others as well as himself. Without help the adoption of this measure will never be accomplished in such cases and without the voice of outsiders the evils of the liquor traffic will continue to exist in parts of the county if not in all the county, and the result will practically be the same or worse at home.

Suppose, for instance, this precinct should carry under certain circumstances, would it have the desired effect? The idea of the measure, as we understand it, is not for the purpose of closing a few saloons, but for the purpose of prohibiting the sale of liquor in the state. This cannot be accomplished without the adoption of the measure in the whole county, and we believe it will be easier to carry the whole state by counties than by precincts.

This may not be effected this fall, and the discussion is probably a useless one, but it is suggested by the fact that some of our local option friends, after reading the article in the issue of last week, accusing the writer of being an advocate of anti-local option. Our only objection to local option is by precincts, and we want it understood that way.

It is not our intention to antagonize those who do not believe as we do, but we propose to treat them with fairness, and we expect the same from those who are disposed to criticize. We are sincere in the belief that local option in precincts would be a failure as we are that it would be a success if it becomes a law by counties. We have previously stated that we believe local option, under certain conditions, will be a success, and we say so, yet.

Every saloonkeeper in Silverton knows how we stand upon this subject, and we always feel free to state our candid opinion upon any subject, but unlike some of our predecessors, we do not claim to be the only authority upon this subject nor do we consider a person destitute of reason because he may not look at the matter in the same light that we do. This is a mark of selfishness that we are happy to acknowledge does not exist within the humble person of the writer. We are not above criticism, by any means, but we dislike to be chastised for giving expressions upon subjects which we believe to be for public good.

We do not approve of the use of liquor, nor the sale of it, but we are not unwisely interested in the defeat of this which has overtaken our wide-awake little city in a measure which will uphold another community at our very door, and multiply the evils of the saloon at our door. Not only is this the case in Silverton, but practically the same conditions exist in other parts of the state.

Local option in this precinct would be the means of closing the saloons of Silverton, which is all very well as far as that goes, but in this event comes increased taxation. This we would willingly submit to, if our neighbors could realize the same satisfactory results, for the sake of the boys and girls, but to be placed against such conditions, realizing that our neighboring towns are increasing their revenues as a result of our closed saloons and increased taxation, together with the fact that their evil surroundings have been increased from the same results, would not seem to be fairness to ourselves nor our neighbors. However, if we can so fix the measure that the saloons of our neighboring towns will be closed at the same time, it will be a mission highly commendable by all the intelligent people, and for one for which we could willingly sacrifice the revenue of the saloon. It would be a feature in the home missionary movement worthy of the praise of every temperance worker, every Christian and intelligent thinking person.

This argument that the local option movement in this state would do great injustice to the general lines of business is only a weak argument in the hands of those who are interested in the welfare of their own interests. But suppose this be true, who is now willing to sacrifice some of his worldly interests for the sake of the young man?

Let it be understood that the writer is in favor of local option, but not so local that it will deprive us of the financial benefits and give them to others in our own yard. Not the kind that will increase our own taxation and lessen that of our neighbors; not the kind of local option that will remove the evils of the saloon from one place and increase them in another at our side; but we are in favor of a measure that will remove the evils from the entire county and state, and until we can establish such a measure we might better let the matter rest as it is and increase our efforts for good in some other manner.

We are not alone in this opinion, as will be manifested at the polls on the eighth of November. There are hundreds of good conservative people in the state of Oregon who are awake to the necessity of doing something

with the liquor question which will bring more satisfactory results into the home, but as it seems to come before some people today, as the proper movements in the way of accomplishing the desired reformation.

#### THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful It Is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, a great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

#### Alton Coates Injured.

Mr. Alton Coates, who played full-back for Multnomah in the big Stanford game, returned home this morning, coming with the team. He played a great game until hurt. Through a mistake in the signal he was run into and his right knee badly injured, how seriously is not yet known, but it is thought the leg will be all right. It is now in a plaster cast, which will be taken off tomorrow and the knee examined. It probably not chipped, as reported. The football men had a fine time, and enjoyed the trip.—Albany Democrat.

Coates, who is also the champion hurdler and broad jumper of the Pacific Northwest, has had his leg injured before, and there is a probability of bad results, which will mean a great loss to the athletic world. Coates was the cause of the O. A. C. losing the field meet last year, and they will be about the only institution on the Coast who will not mourn should he be forced to abandon athletics. Coates, who belongs to the Oregon National Guard, thought that he had enough drill in that organization, and refused to drill at school, and upon being given his choice between drill and leaving school, he chose the latter, and as his events would have given the required points to the college to win the meet, and they not being able to fill his place, they consequently lost.

#### Weak, Nervous People.

We have received letters from all parts of the U. S. highly recommending Dr. Gunn's Blood & Nerve Tonic, until the faith we had in the remedy has been fully sustained. We had confidence from the very beginning that this medicine should make cures, but lacked that assurance that comes after many successful trials. Now that we have been upheld in our belief we want to impart to others our confidence. Nervous and unsteady people, weak, fleshless people, pimply, pale, or sallow people, are all victims of weak, watery blood. Make new, rich blood, to be forced through the system by the way of the arteries, and disease cannot remain. This Tonic cures disease by giving you strength to resist it. All druggists sell it for 75c per box, or 3 boxes for \$2. The tablets are to take after each meal. They turn the food you eat into rich red blood. Persons who take this Tonic gain in good solid flesh from 1 to 3 lbs. per week.

For sale by Dr. C. S. Stone, druggist.

**Bernhardt 60 Years Old.**  
Paris, Oct. 22.—It seems difficult to realize that Mme Bernhardt, the "Divine Sarah," who has just returned from a most triumphant engagement in London, is three score years old. Such is the fact, however, the great actress having first seen the light of day just 60 years ago today at 5 Rue de L'Ecole de Medicine, in this city. Her mother was a Jewess, who had migrated to Paris from Berlin. Her grandfather was an optician of Amsterdam, and there she spent her earliest childhood.

At a convent at Versailles, where she was sent at the age of 7, she became notorious for the violence of her temper. In 1859 she entered the Paris conservatory and became a pupil of Provost and Sampson. In two years she gained the second prize for tragedy, and the next year the same for comedy.

On August 11, 1862, she made her debut at the Theater Francaise in "Iphigenie." To Francisque Sarcey is due the credit of discovering Sarah Bernhardt's talent. When all other critics were silent he announced that though her acting was that of a school girl, her elocution was perfect. She was eight months at the Comedie Francaise, when she boxed the ears of Mile. Mathilde, her senior, and left for other fields. Her first real success was in 1869, when she appeared as the Florentine page in "Le Passant."

During the siege of Paris she worked untiringly with the ambulance and shortly after returning to the stage achieved a veritable triumph as the queen in "Ruy Blas." Thereafter managers were at her feet. When Bernhardt first went to London, in 1879, she was adversely criticized, once for being unable to play her part, and again for presenting a defective Chloride, a part she disliked. She retired to her country house and paid \$20,000 for breach of contract rather than be criticized again.

#### Good Spirits.

Good spirits don't all come from Kentucky. Their main source is the liver—and all the fine spirits ever made in the Blue Grass state could not remedy a bad liver or the hundred and one ill effects it produces. You can't have good spirits and a bad liver at the same time. Your liver must be in fine condition if you would feel buoyant, happy and hopeful, bright of eye, light of step, vigorous and successful in your pursuits. You can put your liver in fine condition by using Green's August Flower—the greatest of all medicines for the liver and stomach and a certain cure for dyspepsia or indigestion. It has been a favorite household remedy for over thirty-five years. August Flower will make your liver healthy and active and thus insure you a liberal supply of "good spirits." Trial size, 25c; regular bottles, 75c. At all druggists. At Dr. Stone's drug store.

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