

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN COLUMN

DEMOCRATIC STATE AND COUNTY TICKET.

For Supreme Judge—THOMAS O'DAY, of Multnomah.
For Congressman First District—ROBERT M. VEATCH, of Lane.
For Dairy and Food Commissioner—S. M. DOUGLAS, of Lane.
For Circuit Judge Third Judicial District—R. P. BOISE, of Marion county; WILLIAM GALLOWAY, of Yamhill county.
For District Attorney—J. J. WHITNEY, of Linn county.
For Representatives—F. X. MATHIEU, of Champoe; A. HUCKESTEIN, of Salem.
For County Judge—GRANT CORBY of Woodburn.
For Sheriff—J. HARDING, of Salem.
For Treasurer—DAVID BACH, of Mt. Angel.
For Assessor—JOSEPH LA FOLLETT, of Brooks.
For Commissioner—J. F. GILLMORE, of Salem.
For Justice of the Peace, Salem District—C. W. CORBY.
For Constable, Salem District—JOHN LEWIS.

5-25-4-w

A Missourian Heard From.

Ed Editor: At the opening of the campaign at Turner, a few days ago, Judge Scott gave his pretended reasons for refusing to allow Mr. Herron to use the county road roller on the new road being constructed between Salem and the reform school by convict labor. Scott complained that Herron had accused the judge of withholding the county's road roller for political reasons, and said this was not true and that the roller was in constant use on the Liberty road, and that it was impossible to grant all of the requests for it. The facts are, Scott has been, and is now making this claim as a mere excuse. It is impossible to understand what Scott means by means of "constant use." He is not crushing rock with the road roller, and, as it will roll a strip of road eight feet wide and 25 to 30 miles long in one day, and would, therefore, roll half the road in Marion county in two months' time, Judge Scott has claimed to have the roller in constant use on the Liberty road, the question is, what is he doing with the roller to keep it in "constant use?"

At the same meeting the judge "explained" the Champoe matter. He said he gave the people in that road district, out of the treasury, 100 per cent of the amount they had agreed to donate, for the reason that the county would be compelled to repair the piece of bad road in their district, whether the people donated or not. So he gave them dollar for dollar. When did this necessity occur. Several Missourians were at Champoe when Scott had his conference with the people of that place, and know what the facts are. It happened on May 2, 1904, and auspiciously near the 6th day of June, 1904. At that time some of the citizens of Champoe said to Scott: "If you do not do something for our roads here, you will not get a vote in this district on the 6th of June." And so the judge proceeded to do something. He gave them 60 per cent more money out of the county treasury than he has been giving other districts under similar circumstances. When called upon to explain this matter Scott first denied it in toto; but when he found he was dealing with those who knew the facts, he made up his mind that "explanation" would not explain. The judge then pleads the necessity of the judge. We can see the necessity in one way, because those Champoe fellows intended to do as they said, unless they got some crushed rock road in their vicinity. The judge looked to the north, south, east and west upon seeing this dark cloud rising in his political horizon, and saw a sea of prairie country. He saw no insane person, nor any poor coming from that vicinity, and immediately concluded those people must have \$700 at once to fix that Champoe hill. He said: "I will send Mr. Culver down right away to do that surveying. And Culver went, even though he is not county surveyor or road master. Mr. Culver set the grade stakes three feet below the present road bed in front of Dolph Jette's store building, and Mr. Jette is not very well pleased about it. But Mr. Scott

imagines that the political horizon has brightened, and that possibly some Democrats and heretofore Republicans of Champoe precinct will now vote for him. In fact, the judge has unthoughtfully admitted his motive in making the Champoe road appropriation. In his printed interview in the Capital Journal, he said that the voters of that precinct would doubtless "show their appreciation of the matter by their votes on the 6th day of June." This is the whole story. The judge was after votes. Unfortunately these Missourians were present on the same day, and they know about the hills, bridge, big timber and grave-yards (some of them political.) "If they had just stayed away that day, I would have turned a trump card, sure."—Scott. The hill in question is not steep; people daily ride bicycles up it, and an ordinary team can pull 4000 pounds to the top of the hill in its present condition. Besides, all the heavy teaming is down the hill to the landing. This hill has been once cut down and graveled, and a few more repairs would put it in much better condition than the majority of hill-roads throughout the country. The land at the bottom of the hill is not swamp, either. The judge's statement that the Champoe road district had no expensive bridges is not true. The stream of water that runs the Champoe flouring mills is more than half as large as the Pudding river, and the bridges across it are quite as numerous. Mr. Scott's Republican friend, J. E. McCoy, had just finished rebuilding the bridge at the Champoe mills when Scott went into office, and the county court passed on and received the bridge. Besides, the roads in that vicinity have as many big fir stumps to be blown out, and rough places where some have been removed, as 75 per cent of the other road districts in the county. However, we need not pursue this subject in detail, as the judge has admitted in his interview aforesaid, that his object in making this Champoe appropriation was to get votes on June 6th. Will he get them in this way? MISSOURIAN.

Concerning Tax Bill.

Mr. B. L. Eddy, seems at a great deal of pains to parade in the newspapers the fact that he introduced in the last legislature, a bill to tax corporations larger fees for filing their articles of incorporation, and that it has yielded a considerable revenue to the state. This bill adds very little to the burden of the large corporations, it is the small ones that it hits hard, especially does it hamper the development of mining industries.

If Mr. Eddy was anxious to make the corporations doing business in this state contribute their just share to support the public burdens, why did he so strenuously oppose the Harris bill, which provided for taxing telephone, telegraph and express companies, which collect immense incomes from the people and pay scarcely any taxes. Also to justify tax railroad corporations. This Harris bill would have yielded vastly more revenue than the bill so largely paraded by Mr. Eddy. Whenever the big corporations needed a champion in the last legislature, they had him in Mr. Eddy. He may not have been their attorney, but he promptly appeared for them whenever they needed one. He forgot to vote for what is called the "Car bill," which was a measure to compel railroad companies to furnish cars to shippers of lumber, cattle and all other marketable products—he did remember to vote against said "car bill."

The principles of the Harris bill, providing for taxing telephone, telegraph, express and railroad corporations, has been sustained as constitutional by the highest courts of many of the states, and by the supreme court of the United States as long ago as 1896.

This was done in the case of the Adams Express company vs. the Ohio State Auditor. This case was decided in 1896, by the United States supreme court and is reported in the U. S. reports, Vol. 165, page 194.

The same principles are also sustained in the following cases:

The American Refrigeratory company vs. Hall, 147 U. S. reports, page 70. (A Colorado case).

Adams Express company, vs. Indiana, 165 U. S. reports, page 255.

See also notes of U. S. supreme court reports Vol. 12, page 931.

See also Rose's digest of U. S. supreme court reports, Vol. 3, page 2457, and cases there cited.

Let him explain.

Jimmie Culver's Courage.

The people of Marion county will make a careful examination of the records and qualifications of those whom they shall elect to serve them as county officers. They will be especially cautious in the selection of the man who is to be sheriff during the ensuing two years. They want a man who will fairly and impartially, and at the same time, fearlessly enforce the law. These careful citizens have not quite

forgotten that a few years ago James Culver, the Republican candidate for sheriff, was street commissioner in the city of Salem, and that, during his term of office, the city became involved in a controversy with one of its leading bankers concerning the obstruction of a certain street by means of a fence across the same. The offending fence was, by the city council, ordered to be removed, and Jimmie Culver, the street commissioner, bearing the order, and clothed with the majesty of the law, proceeded to the front to enforce the order. But, sad to relate, when he arrived at the fence he found it garrisoned by the enemy—defended by their artillery, consisting of at least a big stick—and Jimmie and the majesty of the law were both defied. Jimmie executed a precipitate retreat, it is reported, leaving all his heavy artillery, and a large part of his ammunition and supplies in the hands of the enemy. He returned to the city hall, and reported that the fence refused to be removed, resigned his position as street commissioner and took to the woods. Is this the material of which sheriffs are made? Marion county is even larger and fiercer than the city of Salem, and Mr. Culver seems hardly the stuff to enforce the majesty of the law therein. Vote for J. Harding for sheriff, and avoid the possibility of any more ignominious retreats.

R. M. Veath, the Democratic candidate for congress, and J. J. Whitney, Democratic candidate for district attorney, will speak at the armory tonight at 8 o'clock.

Reformed Church Synod.

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 1.—The 98th regular session of the General Synod of the Reformed church in America began in Grand Rapids today with a large attendance of delegates and visitors. The session will continue for several days. The synodical sermon will be preached by the retiring president, the Rev. Dr. Cornelius L. Wells, and there will be full reports and discussions on the work of the educational missionary and other branches of the church work.

CAPTIVES KINDLY TREATED

Morocco Bandits Are Considerate to the Two Men Held by Them

Tangier, June 1.—The newspaper Haroc states that the family of Pericaris have received letters from the captives, in which they state that they are in fair spirits, and that their captors are considerate.

Nebraska Democrats.

Omaha, Neb., June 1.—Notwithstanding the opposition on the part of many prominent Nebraska Democrats to the leadership of William J. Bryan it is probable that the Democratic state convention, in session here today will act in accordance with the wishes of Mr. Bryan, and in support of the Kansas City platform. The work of the convention is confined to the selection of delegates to St. Louis. The nominating convention will be held at Lincoln later in the summer.

Shoemaker Is Improving.

Henry Schomaker, who underwent an operation at the Salem Hospital last week, is much improved, and will be glad to see his friends.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS
Spells.

If sickly women only knew the value of the Bitters as a tonic, regulator, and health maker, they would never use any other. Thousands have won a true, we hope you'll try it at once.

It cures
Sick Headache,
Cramps, Bloating,
Biliousness,
and fainting.

MAGNATE DIED TODAY

Samuel R. Galloway a Prominent Railroad Official Succumbed

New York, June 1.—Samuel R. Galloway, president of the American Locomotive Company, a former president of the Lake Shore and New York Central railways, and vice-president of the Union Pacific, died suddenly this morning, as a result of an operation for a disease of the mastoid bone.

Justice Harland Growing Old.

Washington, D. C., June 1.—Justice John M. Harland of the United States supreme court observed his 71st birthday today. Though eligible a year ago for retirement from the bench on full pay, there is not the slightest prospect that he will avail himself of the privilege for some years to come, as he is hale and hearty and has the vigor of many healthy men half his age. The justice has served nearly thirty years on the supreme bench and is the senior of the court.

English Derby Won.

London, June 1.—The English derby at Epsom today, was won by Leopold de Rothschild's Saint Amant, 5 to 1. The French colt Guvernant was the favorite, 7 to 4, but did not show. Lancashire, the only American bred colt, owned by Buchanan, a whisky distiller, also ran, but there were no American jockeys. King Edward viewed the race, but the queen stayed away on account of the rain in the early hours. There was the usual large crowd.

Mann Is the Man.

Washington, June 1.—The president has decided to appoint Ed A. Mann, of Las Cruces, as associate justice of the supreme court of New Mexico.

SUFFERED 25 YEARS With Catarrh of the Stomach—Pe-ru-na Cured.



In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman Congressman Botkin says: "My Dear Doctor—It gives me pleasure to certify to the excellent curative qualities of your medicine—Peruna—Manalin. I have been afflicted more or less for a quarter of a century with catarrh of the stomach and constipation. A residence in Washington has increased these troubles. A few bottles of your medicine have given me almost complete relief, and I am sure that a continuation of them will effect a permanent cure."—J. D. Botkin.

Mr. L. F. Verdery, a prominent real estate agent, of Augusta, Ga., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from catarrhal dyspepsia. I tried many physicians, visited a good many springs, but I believe Peruna has done more for me than all of the above put together. I feel like a new person."—L. F. Verdery.

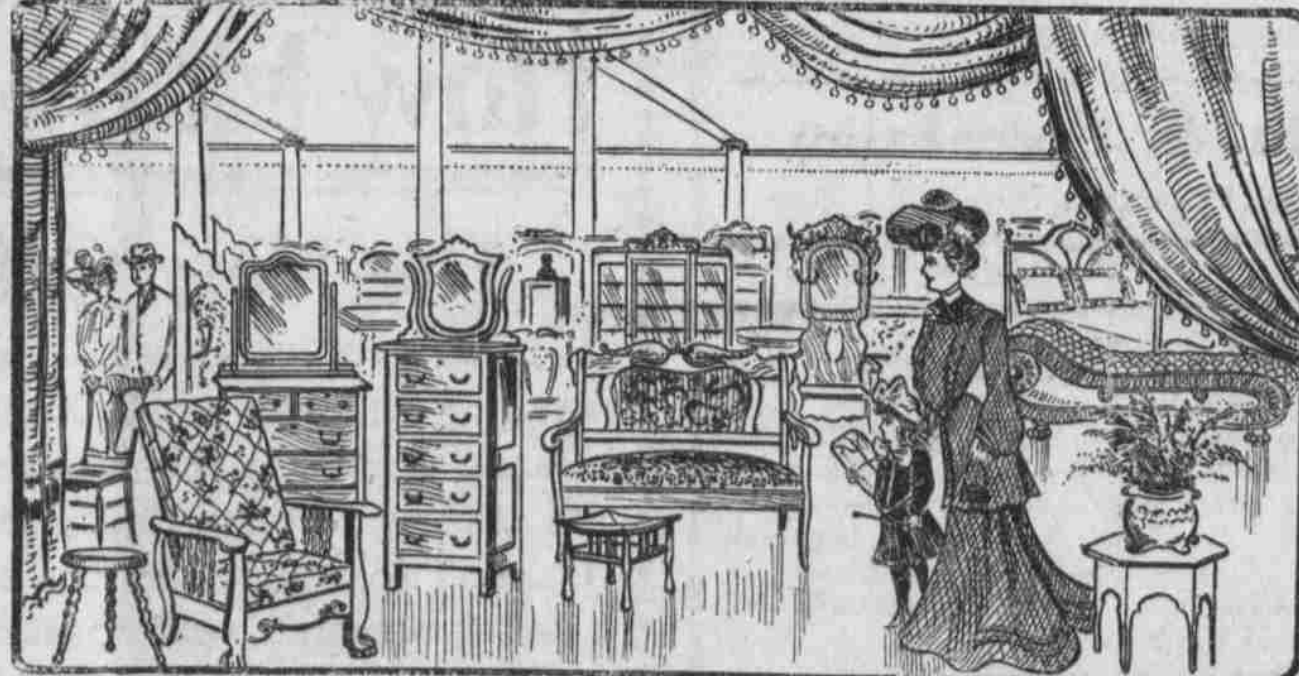
The most common form of summer catarrh is catarrh of the stomach. This is generally known as dyspepsia. Peruna cures these cases like magic.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

BIG BARGAINS IN FURNITURE

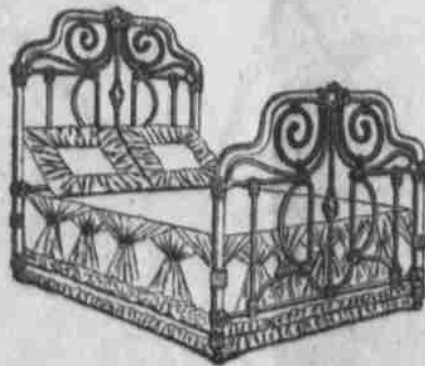
Special Prices



Special Prices

You will save money on furniture, carpets, wall paper and all housefurnishings.

Our Special Sale of IRON BEDS



Offers the lowest possible prices. All Iron Beds going at marked down figures to make room for a large shipment to arrive this week. This sale soon closes, so buy now as you will save by doing so. Full size Iron Beds

\$2.50

It will pay you to get our prices on

Carpet Linoleum and Matting



We carry the largest stock of carpet between Portland and San Francisco. Our prices are lower than either of the above cities. We sew and fit them to your floors.

Go-Carts



Do not buy a cart until you see our line.

All the modern improvements, foot-break, 5-8 inch rubber cushion tires, patent parasol clamps and many other improvements. Construction simple and easy to operate.

Picture Framing

Buren & Hamilton HOUSE FURNISHERS

Wall Paper

VOTE FOR

JOHN H. LEWIS

FOR CONSTABLE.

He makes a competent and economical official and is a safe man in the place.