

THE OLD RELIABLE



Absolutely Pure
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

NEW YORK BRIDGE OPENED

Gotham in Holiday Attire Celebrating the Day

Great Engineering Feat of the Century at Last Completed--A Valuable Acquisition

New York, Dec. 19.—Big ships and little ships, tugboats and rowboats, naphtha launches and steam launches, and scows and craft of every conceivable size and description swarmed in the East River opposite the Brooklyn navy yard today and screeched their whistles and fired their guns to apprise all within hearing that the new Williamsburg bridge, after an expenditure of \$20,000,000 and eight years of toil, was at last an accomplished fact. It was a day of jubilation for New York in general and for Williamsburg in particular, for to the people of the last named section of the metropolis the completion of the new bridge means freedom from the dangerous crush they have been obliged to contend with for years in crossing the old Brooklyn bridge. The ceremonies attending the formal opening were simple but impressive. The chief officials of the city, together with representatives of the Federal government, army and naval officers, distinguished engineers and other invited guests, assembled in the centre of the gigantic span across the river and listened to orations appropriate to the occasion delivered by Mayor Low, Bridge Commissioner Lindenthal,

and Borough Presidents Canton and Swanston. Commissioner Lindenthal made the opening address formally turning the bridge over to the city. The speech of acceptance was delivered by Mayor Low and was the chief feature of the ceremonies. The completion of the exercises was marked by the booming of cannon and the unfurling of flags throughout the great length of the structure. The general public was not permitted to cross the bridge today and this was avoided the possibility of a crush such as was witnessed at the opening of the Brooklyn bridge and which resulted in the deaths of more than a score of persons. But one roadway of the new bridge is entirely completed and this will probably be opened to traffic tomorrow or Monday. It is expected that the other roadway and the paths for pedestrians will be ready within a few weeks.

In general appearance the new bridge seems much more massive than the old Brooklyn bridge, but at the same time it is much less graceful. In length, width, height and the number of its promenades and trolley tracks the new structure surpasses the old. The Manhattan terminal of the new structure is at Delancy street, while the Williamsburg end is at South Fifth street. In the construction of these great terminal and approaches whole blocks of buildings were razed.

The length of the bridge between its terminals is 7,200 feet, or over one and one-third miles. The main span from the center of one tower to that of the other is 1600 feet long. The width of the structure is 118 feet, as compared with 85 feet, the width of the old Brooklyn bridge. Its minimum height above high water at pier head lines is 122 feet and its minimum height for 200 feet on either side of the center of the main span is 135 feet. The heights of the cables on the top of the towers is 533 feet at their center.

Three thousand and forty-eight tons of steel have been used in constructing each of the towers, while

nearly 17,000 tons have been put into the great approaches. In each of the suspension cables, which are 18 1/2 inches in diameter, there are 7,696 separate wires, these wires being 3,500 feet long and three-sixteenths of an inch in thickness. Six and one-half million feet of timber were required to construct the bridge and the steel employed amounted to 40,000 tons. It was necessary to excavate 125,000 cubic feet of earth and to tear down several hundred buildings and houses.

Both of the towers are planted on solid rock foundations. For the Manhattan anchorage 3,500 piles were driven through clay and sand until they reached a solid foundation. The anchorage on the Williamsburg side is said to rest on natural sand. The bridge is provided with two drives for carriages, four trolley tracks, two elevated tracks, two footwalks and two bicycle tracks.

Authority for constructing the bridge was contained in a law enacted by the state legislature in 1895. In October of the following year the first work was begun on the Manhattan tower foundation. On April 14, 1901, the first wire for the temporary foot bridge was strung, while the first wire for the permanent cable was stretched across the following November. The cables were finished in August 1902.

The opening of the new bridge is expected to relieve somewhat the overburden of traffic on the Brooklyn bridge. This measure of relief, however, will not be nearly so great as might be supposed at first glance at the situation, for the reason that the great bulk of traffic that will use the new structure have heretofore crossed the river by ferry and have not used Brooklyn bridge to any extent. The ultimate relief of the Brooklyn bridge rush lies in the completion of the third bridge across the East river already under construction at a point about midway between the Brooklyn bridge and the Williamsburg structure opened today. In addition to these three bridges a fourth is to connect Manhattan with the Brooklyn shore by way of Blackwell's Island, so that New York in a few years will be able to lay claim to the title of the city of magnificent bridges.

Farewell of Crack Troop.

New York, Dec. 19.—The transport Kirkpatrick which sails today for Manila carries four troops of the second cavalry who have been assigned to duty in the Philippines. The cavalrymen come from Fort Myer and include the composite troop that has won fame by its marvelous performances in the way of expert horsemanship. The troop has drilled almost daily for two years and has frequently been pronounced the most expert body of horsemen in the world. It has given exhibition drills at Fort Myer before many famous officers of European military establishments and has thrilled fashionable audiences in Madison Square Garden on the occasion of the annual military shows. The horses used by the troop have been left at Fort Myer. This parting by the troopers in leaving for the Philippines, where they hope to see some active service.

Standing Committee Meeting.

The Standing committee of the Oregon, Washington and California Eldership of the Churches of God met pursuant to the call of the chairman at Thatcher, Oregon, Nov. 21, 1903, at ten a. m. All members were present except Elder E. Porter. Singing and prayer by Elder J. F. Schoch, after which the following actions were taken.

Elder J. F. Schoch was chosen to fill the vacancy caused by Elder E. Porter's withdrawal from the Eldership. All brethren present were made advisory members.

Whereas Elder A. Wilson failed to appear before the standing committee to answer to certain charges against him, on motion he was suspended from the Gospel Ministry until the meeting of the Oregon, Washington and California Eldership at Mountview Washington in 1904. Motion prevailed.

Whereas Elder E. Porter has withdrawn from the Oregon, Washington, and California Eldership, we withhold his certificate or ordination until the meeting of the Eldership at Mountview, Washington, in October, 1904.

Elder J. L. McGlennan reported, Elder J. F. Schoch moved that we pray God's blessing on the brother in his work in the gospel Ministry. Motion prevailed.

Elder C. Hayes, reported through Elder J. W. Force, his report was received and license renewed. Adjourned.

J. GARRIGUS, Clerk.

W. Calvert, practical watchmaker, 158 State street, keeps repairs for all kinds of instruments: Violins, guitars, mandolins and banjos, at rock-bottom prices.

DISGUISED CATARRH

A Stealthy, Insidious, Weakening Enemy to Women--Many Thousand Women Suffer Needlessly From This Cause.

There are a multitude of women, especially housewives, and all other women obliged to be on their feet constantly, who are wretched beyond description, simply because their strength and vitality is sapped away by catarrhal discharges from the pelvic organs. These women get up in the morning tired, drag themselves through their daily duties tired, only to go to bed at night as tired as before.

Mrs. Eva Bartho, 133 East 19th Street, N. Y. City, N. Y., writes:—"I suffered for three years with what is generally known as leucorrhoea, in connection with ulceration of the womb. The doctors advocated an operation which I dreaded very much, and strongly objected to go under it. Reading of the value of Peruna, I thought it best to give this well-known remedy a trial, so I bought three bottles of it at once. Now I am a changed woman. Peruna cured me. It took nine bottles, but I felt so much improved I kept taking it, as I dreaded an operation so much. I am to-day in perfect health, and have not felt so well for fifteen years."—Mrs. Eva Bartho.



Miss Louise Mahon, 3 Glen Dallo Street, Toronto, Ont., Can., Secretary of the King's Daughters and Secretary of Lady Macdougall, writes:—"If all women knew of the benefits to be derived from taking Peruna we would have many happier and more healthful women. My health has never been so robust, and I am easily fatigued and can not stand much. About a year ago I was so run down that I had to take to my bed, and became weaker and weaker. A friend advised me to try Peruna, and I have great reason to be grateful, for in two weeks I was out of bed and in a month I was perfectly well, and I now find that my health is much more robust than formerly, so that I take Peruna once or twice a month and keep well."—Miss Louise Mahon.

Peruna is such a perfect specific for each case that when patients have once used it they can never be induced to quit it until they are permanently cured. It begins to relieve the disagreeable symptoms at once. The backache ceases, the trembling knees are strengthened, the appetite restored, the digestion made perfect, the dull headache is stopped and the weakening drains are gradually cured. These results certainly follow a course of treatment with Peruna.

Barbara Alberty, corner Seventh and Walnut streets, Appleton, Wis., writes as follows in regard to Peruna:

"For years I have suffered with backache and severe pains in the side. I do not so much as to say that I became discouraged. A school friend told me how very much Peruna had benefited her and I sent out for a bottle, which did more to relieve me than all the other



medicine I have ever taken. I used it faithfully for two weeks and it completely cured me. I have not had any pain since, anywhere, but feel like a new woman. I am truly thankful for what Peruna has done for me."—Barbara Alberty.

Mrs. Kate Mann, 808 Bathurst Street, Toronto, Ont., Can., Vice President of the Ladies Aid Society, writes:—"I am pleased to give praise to Peruna for the blessed relief I found through its use. I suffered for years with backache and dragging down pains and often had to go to bed and stay there when I was so busy that I could not fly by spared. It was therefore a simple goodness to me when Peruna was brought to my notice. Every drop seemed to give me new life, and every dose made me much better, and I promised myself that if I found that it cured me I would advocate it so that other suffering women should know of it. I have been in perfect health for one year, I enjoy work and pleasure because in such fine health, and no trouble seems too heavy to bear when you are in good health. Peruna has simply been a household blessing, as I never will be without it again."—Mrs. Kate Mann.



Mrs. Anna Martin, 47 Hoyt St., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:—"Peruna did so much for me that I feel it my duty to recommend it to others who may be similarly afflicted. About a year ago my health was completely broken down, had backache, dizziness and irregularities, and I seemed dark indeed. We had used Peruna in our home as a tonic, and for colds and coughs, and I decided to try it for my trouble. In less than three months I became regular, my pain had entirely disappeared, and I am now perfectly well."—Mrs. Anna Martin.

Mrs. Wm. Herick, Kennard, Washington county, Neb., writes:—"I am fifty-six years old and have not felt well since the Change of Life began ten years ago. I was in misery somewhere most of the time. My back was very weak, and my flesh so tender it hurt me to lean against the back of a chair. I had pain under my shoulder-blades, in the small of my back and hips. I sometimes wished myself out of this world. Had hot and cold spells, dizziness and trembling of the limbs, and was losing flesh all the time. After following your directions and taking Peruna I now feel like a different person."—Mrs. Wm. Herick.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Peruna can be purchased for \$1 per bottle at all first class drug stores. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

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