

HUMPHREYS GRANTED PARDON

Celebrated Warehouse Case

Strong Petitions for a Con- victed Man

Letters of Judge Burnett and His Present Employers

Governor Chamberlain today issued a full pardon to A. M. Humphrey, under sentence of two years for warehouse shortage.

The petitions, amounting to hundreds, were stacked up on the governor's table this morning, when he issued the pardon. Among the signers were Mayor Williams, of Portland, and many Portland officials; F. J. Dunbar, T. T. Geer, D. H. Looney, J. D. Lee, W. H. Hobson, Claud Gatch, W. H. Byrd, A. B. Buren, J. G. Graham, of Balfour, Guthrie & Co.; Ed. Hirsch, H. E. McGinn, C. W. Fulton and all the members of the senate, and many of the house of representatives. All of the jurors, except one, who has left the state, also signed the petition.

Judge Burnett's Letter.

Judge Burnett, who tried the case, wrote a letter to the governor, reviewing the case very impartially, and concluded as follows: "On behalf of the defendant also appear the facts of his previous good character and respectable family. These, coupled with the anxious importunity of a faithful and affectionate wife, who, with her children, must, in their innocence, suffer more keenly in many respects than the defendant himself, appeal strongly to any one of a generous nature, especially when the wrongs of those injured by the defendant's acts are not so much in evidence."

Strong Pleas Were Made.

There were many letters and petitions from milling and warehouse men, and from business men who had large dealings with Humphrey, and all these spoke of him as being a man square and faithful in all his business dealings, and coming of a family that had never committed a crime. The fact that he made no attempt to conceal what he had done, and in the eyes of disinterested business men was not regarded as having committed any crime weighed in his favor.

History of the Case.

A. M. Humphrey was prosecuted in the circuit court of Marion county under section 1806, code, charging him with larceny by bailee, and was convicted February, 1902. For several years prior he had conducted a warehouse at Salem, and many owners of wheat had stored grain with him. Wheat being found short he was prosecuted on wheat checks issued to E. T. Hall for 204 bushels, worth \$102. Humphrey called his customers together and stated that he had been running short for some time on wheat. He had given them similar notice once before.

The shortage was shown on trial to

be in part due to shrinkage of damp wheat, in 1898.

Counsel for defendant claimed that he was acting as warehouseman only and could not be prosecuted under the bailee statute. This was overruled by Judge Burnett, and sustained in the supreme court. Two other informations against Humphrey resulted in failure to convict, and were dismissed.

The pardon case has been successfully prosecuted by Wm. H. Holmes and S. T. Richardson, and very effective work was done in the case by Mrs. Humphrey, who is entitled to great credit for her tireless devotion.

Ever since his trial Mr. Humphrey has been employed by a prominent Portland grain firm, who wrote the governor the following letter, dated Portland, March 10, 1903:

Letter from His Employers.

Dear Sir: About two weeks ago we signed a petition to pardon Mr. A. M. Humphrey, who at the present time, and has been since last August, in our employ. We would appreciate very much if you would grant the request, as we are positive that Mr. Humphrey is not to blame in the matter—so far as we know—at all. Circumstances at that time when he was short of wheat, were such that he was unable to prevent; one reason being he was sick in bed, and as we understand it, he had to leave most of the checking of in and out grain coming into his different warehouses to his employees; another reason is that in that year all the wheat came into the granaries and warehouses in a more or less damp and spoiled condition, and his men no doubt took in a great deal of that kind of grain for No. 1, which naturally caused a shortage.

Furthermore beg to state that Mr. Humphrey, even if his book showed a shortage, he gave up everything that he had to satisfy his creditors, in fact, knew positive that when he started to work for us he was really in poverty, and did not have anything to live on whatsoever. I am always quite positive that his intentions always have been to do the right thing with everybody, and would not under any circumstances, have disposed of the wheat in his warehouses if he had known to the contrary that it was not his own, and had no right to do so.

He has proven to be, since in our employ, very ambitious, and has worked day and night to make a living for his family, in fact has proven to be a man in every respect. Am of the opinion that even if he had done wrong, he has been punished to the fullest extent, and if he should be taken away from his family, it will leave them altogether penniless—as you no doubt are aware that he has a wife and five children, the youngest of which is four months—which surely are not to blame in this matter whatever.

Mr. Humphrey is employed in the capacity of salesman, traveling through the Willamette valley, and doing business amongst the people whom he has always known and dealt with, and he is meeting with the best of success. This surely speaks well for his integrity.

Trusting that you will be able to grant this request, and pardon Mr. Humphrey, which will be greatly appreciated, we remain,

Yours Respectfully,

ALBERS & SCHNEIDER CO.

Governor Chamberlain said he had had some experience with warehouse cases, and he believed it was next to

(Continued on page five.)

WHAT THE GOVERNOR VETOED

And Some of the Reasons Why

The Bill to Change Voting System Was Vicious

Cow Ordinances Can Safely Be Left to Towns

S. B. 15, Mays—To punish stealing of bicycles.

S. B. 31, Croisan—Stock running at large in Marion county.

S. B. 50, Booth—Protection of forests from fire.

S. B. 109, McGinn—Permitting cities to appropriate water rights.

S. B. 186, Rand—Creating Eighth Judicial District.

S. B. 198, Hunt and Marsters—Form of official ballot.

S. B. 204, Committee on Public Lands—Relating to selection of land.

S. B. 237, Committee on Mines—To create a bureau of mines.

H. B. 47, Kay—Garnishment of salaries of public employes.

H. B. 68, Cobb—Raising salary of School Superintendent in Multnomah county.

H. B. 113, Jones of Lincoln—Summer Normal at Newport.

H. B. 198, -Olwell—Amending the pure food law.

H. B. 281, Hahn—Incorporating City of Astoria.

H. B. 304, Hodson—Refunding war-rants in Multnomah county.

H. B. 363, Ways and Means—Special appropriation bill.

It is very doubtful if any Republican Governor would have vetoed all the above bills vetoed by Governor Chamberlain.

The bill to make it a penitentiary offense to steal a bicycle was one of those harsh laws of which Oregon has too many that fill our prisons with petty offenders, while most large criminals escape. As district attorney George Chamberlain has sent many such petty offenders to sea or into the army or navy.

The bill to prevent stock running at large in Marion county was too local in its nature and was vetoed as being in conflict with the constitution of the state. Some such law is needed, however.

The bill to protect forests was vetoed because the counties and state would have been subject to almost unlimited charges for fire wardens and their services in protecting what is in reality in most cases private property.

The greatest veto was the saving of the Australian ballot from destruction. The Hunt and Marsters bill was to enable the voter to cast a straight party ballot.

Heelers could by standing back of the judges and clerks of election look over their heads and see just how a voter marked his ballot and thus be able to pay for votes.

That bill was passed unknown to the general public and was probably

voted for by many members who did not know its full purpose.

The veto of the Bureau of Mines act was also timely. It was a hastily drawn measure and was probably a clear graft for some set of men who are tired of following prospecting and want to get on state pay.

The Pure Food bill was also an enlargement of the appropriation for the State Food and Dairy Commissioner, creating new officers and giving larger powers over the commerce of the country to a state official. It was clearly in the direction of sumptuary legislation and was very properly vetoed.

The veto of the charter of Astoria was a blow at an old abuse of political power, by which city officials elected by the people are legislated out of office, and other vital changes made in a city charter without the knowledge or consent of the people affected.

The other bill vetoed all had more or less merit, and some of these vetoes were a great disappointment to the people of Salem and other localities.

But taking all of the vetoes, even considering that some of our own pet measures were killed, they were salutary and the Governor deserves credit for being a man of independence and ability to say no of he thinks a measure is wrong.

For a jolly good fellow he has a mind of his own and only once was a veto message of his over-ridden in the House in the case of the Newport Summer Normal School.

JOURNAL X-RAYS.

England is busy building more battleships. She will reach the limit by and by when she gets so many she can't pay their running expenses.

Submitting the Alaska boundary to arbitration, is somewhat like playing a game of seven-up to see whether we shall keep what belongs to us, or let the other fellow have it.

Our neighbors across the Columbia are to be congratulated. The Washington legislature adjourned yesterday.

The Washington legislature appropriated more than \$2,000,000 to carry on the state government for two years.

As a talker, Morgan is a pretty fair example of the ratio of say 16 to 1.

Money talks, but not Senator Money when Morgan is in the hall.

Sued for Money.

J. D. Fahey, of St. Paul, has brought suit against Basil Wagner for \$14.00 borrowed money, and garnished the wages coming to him from D. F. Wagner, his father, by whom he is employed. The case is to be tried before Justice E. D. Horgan this afternoon.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day, Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! No baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day, to cts.

SCROFULA

Bad air, poor food, insufficient clothing, dark, damp or crowded apartments are frequent causes of scrofula. Perhaps this explains why the ailment is so common in the poorer sections of large cities. It is but a step from scrofula to consumption and herein lies the great danger. It is just as well to avoid the step.

Scott's Emulsion contains the very things that nature requires in curing scrofula. The pure Norwegian cod liver oil helps to build up the whole body and enables one to acquire new, healthy, solid flesh. The hypophosphites of lime and soda act as a tonic, replacing the waste and giving strength and new structure where it is most needed.

There is nothing that will do more good in the case of scrofula than Scott's Emulsion.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

MISS MONIE BOWEY,

No. 38 Perry Street,

DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

A couple of winters ago I slipped on a frozen sidewalk and fell flat on my back. On being examined I found that I had sustained internal injuries which laid me up for more than two months. After that I noticed that I had pains in the back and groin, which I never had before. I doctored and doctored for several months but as the pains increased instead of growing better I decided that I was not having the right treatment. Reading in the papers of the wonderful cures performed by Wine of Cardui I wrote to one of the parties and received a very satisfactory reply and I immediately sent for some. I was very short time I felt generally better and after seven weeks faithful use I was once more well and strong. I have never had a sick hour since and I daily bless your splendid medicine.



Miss Monie Bowe.

Wine of Cardui makes women more womanly by curing their weakness and making them stronger. Wine of Cardui cured Miss Bowe. As a medicine for all women in every trying period of their lives can you think of a better medicine for yourself, your sister, your daughter or your mother? Can you think of a more acceptable present to give your friend than a bottle of this medicine which will bring her health and happiness? You are suffering? Your duty is to rid yourself of this pain. If your daughter, mother, sister or friend is sick and in need of relief, your duty is equally great to them. Many women, now well, owe their lives to friends who brought them Wine of Cardui.

WINE OF CARDUI. Wine of Cardui is one medicine that should always be kept on hand in every home for immediate use when female weakness first makes its appearance. Miss Bowe's painful and dangerous accident would not have resulted so seriously had she taken Wine of Cardui promptly.

WINE of CARDUI

A million suffering women have found relief in Wine of Cardui.

FRANK DAVIS, Manager.

STANDARD BISCUIT CO.

Makers of PARADISE SODA CRACKERS and all kinds of fancy Cookies.

J. N. MATSCHEK CANDY CO., Inc.

Up-to-date Confectioners—Nuts and confectionery.

CAPITOL COMMISSION CO.

Wholesale Fruits and Produce. Phone No. 2231.

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Nearly \$2,000.00 worth now open for your inspection. Sizes up to 7 3/4. Prices \$1 to \$4. Shapes include the staples as well as all the new fads.



WE ARE PREPARING TO SHOW THE HANDSOMEST PATTERNS IN

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FOR MEN AND BOYS

That Salem Has Ever Seen. Prices range from 50c to \$1.50.



WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED ABOUT \$500 WORTH OF MEN'S AND BOYS

SWEATERS

In Plain colors and fancy combinations. More on the Road.

Prices all the way up to \$4.50.

A few dozen more of those \$2.50 and \$3.00 hats, winter styles, you may have for \$1.50 as long as they last. Scores of stiff bosom shirts, \$1.50 values, are now offered at 95c each. Our \$9.00 overcoats are now going at \$6.00. Better ones in proportion. Good interest on your money even if you don't need one till fall. Men's and boys' winter suits also being cleaned out at similar reductions. Cost cuts no figure—we want to clean 'em out.

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Headquarters for Salem-made Blankets, Flannels, Indian Robes, Men's and Boys' Clothing, and Ladies' Suitings.