

BINDING TWINE HIGHER

Trust is Undoubtedly Putting on the Screws

The price of Sisal binding twine starts in this year about two cents higher than a year ago. Minnesota Sisal twine is quoted at 9¢, Manila quotations are not at hand at this writing, but they will probably show the same relative advance that is made on Sisal. This advance does not find any warrant in the scarcity or advanced price of raw material. For, according to the treasury department's reports of imports for the years 1900-1, the value of Manila and Sisal fibre was higher the first year than the last, and the quantity imported larger the last year than the first. The imports of Sisal in 1900 were 76,329 tons, valued at \$11,237,612, or \$147 a ton. In 1901 the respective amounts were, 79,469 tons; \$9,835,766; \$11 a ton. Of Manila the figures for 1900 are: 41,929 tons, \$183 a ton; and for 1901, 51,166 tons, \$157 a ton. The larger supply of raw material at a lower price should be followed by a higher priced product cannot be readily accounted for upon any hypothesis, except that of trust influence. The dealer above quoted attributes the increased price of the binding twine to natural causes rather to the influence or operation of any trust. He said he was not informed as to whether or not the production of binding twine was controlled by a trust.

Reduced Rates via Southern Pacific.

The Southern Pacific will make special rates to San Francisco on the occasion of the convention of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at that point in June.

Tickets will be on sale from June 2d to 8th, inclusive, and will be available for stop-overs in California. Full information relative to rates, limits and other conditions will be cheerfully supplied by all local agents of the Southern Pacific. 25-eod-td

Local News Items.

Glenn Richardson, aged 15 years, a feeble-minded child, was received at the asylum today from Douglas county.

Willows county today made a half payment on her state taxes. The amount received was \$3358.

Governor Geer today received a letter from Irwin Mahon, secretary of the International Mining Congress, requesting the appointment of 30 delegates from Oregon to attend the fifth annual session of the International Mining Congress, which will be convened at Butte, Montana, on September 1, 1902. Governor Geer has not yet announced the delegates.

A Mixed Shooting Affray.

Baker City, Or., May 27.—While several miners and negroes were stealing a ride from Huntington in a boxcar last night a robbery of the miners was attempted by the negroes, the negroes thinking they had money. One miner shot two negroes, Frank Moore and one other, unknown. Nelson, a miner, was shot by a negro and badly wounded.

Shipwrecked Survivors Landed.

Naples, May 27.—The German steamer Koenig landed here today with twenty survivors of the British steamer Naorata, which foundered in the Indian ocean during a cyclone recently. Eighty-nine of the Naorata's crew and 65 passengers, mostly Indians, were drowned.

People Again Alarmed.

Fort de France, May 27.—Another eruption of Mt. Pelée began last night. People became alarmed and again were moved to the verge of a panic. Great black clouds hover over the volcano, on which can be seen occasional flashes of fire.

Triple Murderer Hanged.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 27.—Wm. Lane, who a few weeks ago murdered Ella Carden and her two children, was hanged here this morning. Lane committed the murders because Mrs. Carden, by whom he was employed, had secured a warrant for his arrest on a charge of theft.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

Dr. J. C. H. H. H.

COYOTE SCALP HUNTER

Makes as High as \$1500 a Year Trapping

The following, from the Malheur Gazette, shows what a good thing the scalp bounty law is for Eastern Oregon trap-hunters.

"Jack Marshall, the coyote killer, came to town today and turned over to the county clerk 15 coyote scalps, the result of four days' trapping. Mr. Marshall has probably made more money out of the coyote industry than any other man in the county. Since the law went into effect, three years ago, Mr. Marshall has cashed about 750 coyote scalps, thereby increasing his wealth in the sum of \$1500. To capture the wily coyote, Mr. Marshall relies almost wholly upon the trap. He is now trapping about eight miles from town, and uses about 30 steel traps, in to which he entices the coyote by use of a scent, which he manufactures himself. Mr. Marshall says it is no more trouble for him to trap a coyote than it is to trap a chipmunk."

Argument for Direct Legislation.

The initiative means that the people shall be able to initiate or begin legislation. The referendum gives the people the power to veto any law which is passed by any legislative body. This petition of five per cent. of the voters for a new law is called the initiative. The vote of the citizens on the law is called the referendum. It does not require that every law shall be submitted to the people, but only those petitioned for.

Direct legislation does not mean to abolish government representatives or officials. It simply gives the voters control over them. It makes them servants of the people, instead of masters. They are not given unlimited power, as at present.

The initiative and referendum would not necessarily need to be often used, as the fact that they could be used at any time would be sufficient to prevent bad legislation. The number of laws of a general nature are usually very limited, and only such are likely to be considered by the people.

The principle of direct legislation is not new or untried. The principle is found in our Declaration of Independence, which says all human government should be "by the consent of the governed." The principle and system have also been practiced for several years, and with great success, in the famous New England town meetings.

No Constitutional Convention Wanted.

A constitutional convention and a new constitution is one of the most costly events in the life of a state. This is not only because of the agitation and disturbance of business, but also because of the complete changes commonly made in the organic law, and the destruction of a large part of the state laws settled by the courts. If the people understood that in practice it is not possible to amend the constitution of Oregon it will be impossible to long escape a constitutional convention. Therefore it is very important and that every man who does not want the dangers and agitation of such a convention should not only vote but work for the adoption of the proposed initiative and referendum amendment.

Now is the Time

To Have Your Bicycle Fixed Up

Send it to us and we will guarantee you the lowest prices and best work.

We also have a full and complete line of sundries at lower prices than can be found elsewhere.

1902 G. & J. heavy tread casing, either Indiana or Goodrich make... \$3 50

Any Gas Lamp..... \$2 50

Morgan & Wright No. 1 inner tubes..... \$1 00

Push Button bells..... 25c

Single tube tires ea... \$2 00

Clayton F. Young Agt.

540 N. Cottage St. Phone Red 2550.

Wheels called for and delivered free.

Hop Situation Strong.

A prominent hop firm doing business on the Pacific coast writes as follows: The hop situation in this country has reached a stage of strength not equalled for many years past thus early in the season. It is eight years since the present ruling price of 12½¢ for contract hops was paid at this season, and that year the value of good hops on the market never fell below 19 cents when the product was in the bale. It is a self-evident fact that the hop buyers doing business in this country would not be free and even anxious buyers of the growing crop at 12½¢ in March and April, running chances on quality, quantity and the numerous other risks that buying a growing crop entails, unless the situation was statistically on an exceptionally firm basis. This it undoubtedly is.

Flax Seed Crop a Failure.

E. C. Smith—Practically no flax will be sown this season by valley farmers. Last year's crop was a partial failure, and those who were unsuccessful in their venture are discouraged. Dry weather came at a critical time and dwarfed the grain. The grain filled well, but was too short to cut. H. A. Howe, of Croswell; M. Harlow, of Springfield, and M. M. Gillespie, of McKenzie, planted in good season and were rewarded by large yields. The seed raised was first-class, so said Manager Simpson, of the Portland Lined Oil Works; even better than that produced by Idaho growers, as it yielded a large percentage of oil. Last year I contracted with growers on a basis of 90 cents per bushel. Prices had appreciated so greatly at the time of delivery that we ignored the contracts and paid \$1 bushel. Prospects this season are that the market will reach \$1.25. Manager Simpson says he can't rely on Oregon farmers. He has tried faithfully to encourage flax-raising in the valley but henceforth will devote himself to the promotion of the industry in Idaho, where the cereal is raised on a large scale.

Mayor's Son Indicted.

St. Louis, Mo., May 27.—Fred Ziegelmeyer, the son of ex-Mayor Ziegelmeyer, was indicted by the grand jury today for bribery and extortion in office. He was his father's private secretary during the latter's incumbency.

Farm House Burned.

The farm residence of Charles Le Brun, near St. Louis, this county, was burned to the ground at an early hour Monday morning. Loss, \$1200.

Market Quotations Today

"Make Salem a Good Home Market"

Hop Market.

Hops—16¢ every scarce
Liverpool, Dec. 5—Hops at London
—Pacific Coast steadily advancing 82¢@85¢

Flour.

Flour—\$2 70¢@3 10¢
Potatoes Apples, Etc.

Potatoes—60¢@75¢

Onions, \$1.75 to \$2.25 per 100 lbs.

Dried Fruits.

Dried apples—6½¢@8½¢

Italian prunes 40¢ to 50¢—3½¢ to 3½¢

Petite Prunes 40¢ to 50¢—3½¢ @4¢

Wood Pulp Posts, Etc.

Big fir—\$3 50

Second growth—\$3 00

Ash—\$3 50

Body oak—\$4 00

Pole oak—\$4 00

Cedar post—\$ 5 to 10¢

Balm wood—\$2 50 and \$3 00

Eggs and Poultry.

Eggs—13¢

Hides, Pelts and Furs

Green hides, No. 1—7¢

Green hides, No. 2—5¢

Call skins—4¢@5¢

Sheep—75¢

Goat skins—25¢ to \$1 00

Gray fox—25¢ to 50¢

Coon—10¢ to 40¢

Mink—25¢ to \$1 25

Otter—\$1 to \$5

Skunk—10¢ to 25¢

Muskrat—1 to 5¢

Wildcat—10 to 25¢

Wheat, Oats, Etc.

Wheat—50¢

Oats—31¢

Barley—\$19 per ton

Flax—Cash, Northwest, \$1 70

Live Stock Market.

Steers—4¢@4½¢

Cow—3½¢@4¢

Sheep—\$3 50 gross to \$4 00

Dressed veal—6½¢

Hogs, alive—5½¢ 5½¢

Hogs, dressed—11½¢

Coarse wool—15¢

Medium—13¢

Fine—13¢

Mohair—23½¢

May, Feed, Etc.

Oats—\$1 05 and \$1 10

Haled chest—\$6 to \$6 50

Clover—\$7 00@7 50

Feed barley—\$19@20 per ton

Brass—\$15 50

Shorts—\$21 50

Flour, wholesale—\$2 65

Dairy and Creamery Products.

Dairy butter—12½¢@15¢

Creamery—17½¢

Store—15¢@25¢

First-class country, per roll—30¢

Cream at creamery, per skimmer—15¢@14¢

Separator skimmed—15¢@16¢

Steiner's Market.

Chickens—8¢@9¢

Spring, 12½¢ to 15¢

Eggs per dozen, 13¢

PORTLAND MARKET.

PORTLAND, May 26—Wheat Wab-

STATE TICKET.

Governor.

GEO. E. CHAMBERLAIN, of Multnomah County.

Supreme Judge.

R. S. BEAN, of Lane County.

Secretary of State.

F. I. DUNBAR, of Clatsop County.

State Treasurer.

C. S. MOORE, of Klamath County.

Superintendent of Public Instruction.

J. H. ACKERMAN, of Multnomah County.

Attorney-General.

A. M. CRAWFORD, of Douglas County.

State Printer.

JAS. E. GODFREY, of Marion County.

COUNTY REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Joint Senator for Marion and Linn Counties.

W. H. HOBSON, of Stayton.

State Senator.

E. M. CROISAN, of Salem.

SQUIRE FARRAR, of Salem.

Representatives.

FRANK DAVEY, of Salem.

E. T. JUDD, of Aumsville.

THOS. B. KAY, of Salem.

A. M. LAFOLLETT, of Brooks.

J. D. SIMMONS, of Monitor.

Sheriff.

JOHN F. STEINER, of Jefferson.

Clerk.

JOHN W. ROLAND, of Salem.

Recorder.

JOHN C. STEGMUND, of Gervais.

Treasurer.

W. Y. RICHARDSON, of Stayton.

Commissioner.

WM. MILEY, of Aurora.

Assessor.

CHARLES LEMBECKE, of Butteville.

Surveyor.

BYRON B. HERRICK, Jr., of Turner.

Coroner.

A. M. CLOUGH, of Salem.

Justice of the Peace.

(Salem District)

E. D. HORGAN, of Salem No. 1.

Constable.

GEORGE H. IRWIN, of Salem No. 2.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Joint Senator Marion and Linn Counties.

JOHN A. JEFFREY, of Salem.

State Senators.

L. H. McMAHAN, Salem.

J. B. DUMMICK, Hubbard.

Representatives.

W. T. SLATER, Salem.

FRED ROCK, Stayton.

LOUIS SAVAGE, Salem.

S. TOMLINSON, Woodburn.

I. W. BERRY, Salem.

Sheriff.

B. B. COLBATH, Salem.

Clerk.

A. M. DALRYMPLE, Salem.

Recorder.

J. A. SELLWOOD, Salem.

Treasurer.

DAVID BACK, Mt. Angel.

For County Commissioner.

W. W. JOHNS, Salem.

Surveyor.

A. WHITLOCK, Silverton.

Assessor.

J. D. SKIRVIN, Scotts Mills.

(Salem District.)

Justice of the Peace.

J. O'DONALD.

Constable.

JOHN H. LEWIS.

SOCIALIST STATE TICKET.

For Governor.

R. H. RYAN, of Marion County.

For Secretary of State.

C. W. BARZEE, of Waco County.

For Treasurer.

W. W. MYERS, of Clackamas County.

Superintendent of Public Instruction.

C. P. RUTHERFORD, of Harney County.

For Attorney-General.

For State Printer.

J. E. HOSSMER, of Silverton.

For Congressman, First District.

B. F. RAAP, of Douglas County.

For Congressman Second District.

D. T. GERDES, of Clatsop County.

Socialist County Ticket.

For Joint Senator Marion and Linn Counties.

C. F. HARNISH, Albany.

State Senators.

GEORGE L. BROWN, Stayton.

J. H. HUNT, Rosedale.

Representatives.

J. E. MURPHY, Fair Grounds.

T. J. McCLAREY, Niasaza.

T. J. CLARK, Salem.

A. M. BLINNSTON, Rosedale.

Sheriff.

WM. WICKLE, Salem.

Clerk.

J. H. MACK, Woodburn.