

About....

# Corsets



We are the Salem Agents for the Famous

Royal Worcester Corsets

We do not quarrel with those who advertise to make figures with corsets. All we aim is to fit the figure with a natural corset. Nature knows more about beauty than any corset manufacturer. Just so with the Royal Worcester kind. They're made the way a perfect corset should be made and we can fit any form.

## HOLVERSON'S

THE BIG BARGAIN HOUSE OF SALEM.



### The Value Of Seeing.

Perfect vision broadens the scope of your usefulness.

Wherever you go you want glasses that will enable you to see perfectly, satisfactorily.

We'll Fit Your Eyes with glasses that will give you eye comfort. It's better to have the slight defect fitted so the greater difficulty may not come.

C. H. Hinges

Scientific Optician, 206 Commercial St.



### Your Holiday Shirts,

collars and cuffs will be right if we do them. We do only first class laundry work, and we put a finish on linen that good dressers appreciate. We do everything right, including the delivery on time. We call for and deliver.

### Salem Steam Laundry

COLONEL J. OLIVETT, PROPRIETOR. COLONEL D. OLIVETT, MGR. Phone 417 330 Liberty Street

## FREE! CHRISTMAS PRESENTS FREE!

AT GREENBAUM'S DRY GOODS STORE.

During this month we will present to our customers fine decorated semi-porcelain China ware, in proportion to the amount of their purchase. Taking into consideration that our merchandise is reliable and our prices lower than at any other house, this is the greatest gift sale before the public. Dress Skirts, Silk Waists, Wrappers, Shawls and Fascinators at reduced prices.

## Greenbaum's Dry Goods Store

Next Door to Post Office.

## Improved -- Strawberries

are to be had and have been tested for three years. Limited stock of plants \$1.00 per hundred. Per dozen by mail 25 cents. Apply: W. W. Walker, Nurseryman, or E. Hefer, sole propagators, Salem, Ore.

## THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is commended by Statesmen, Professional men and thousands of others prominent in the world's activities, for its fine discrimination in sifting the actual news from conflicting reports and the presentation of current events in their just proportion. They comment on its freedom from daily-paper sensationalism. All men and women who want to know what the world is doing find it an intellectual necessity, to judge from the letters received from hundreds. Its editorials are comprehensive, and labor saving to the busy man or woman. Its timely contributions on important topics are by the best-informed writers. Its reviews of other magazines give the best of their best work. It is profusely illustrated.

These letters will enable all thoughtful men and women to judge of its value to them:

**PRESIDENT**  
"I know that through its columns views have been presented to me that I could not otherwise have had access to; because all earnest and thoughtful men, no matter how widely their ideas diverge, are given free utterance in its columns."—Theodore Roosevelt

**EX-PRESIDENT**  
"I consider it a very valuable addition to my library."—Grover Cleveland

"It is a publication of very great value. I have sometimes found there very important matter indeed which I should not otherwise have discovered."—George F. Hoar, U. S. Senator, Massachusetts

"I do not have a great deal of time to read magazines, but I take pleasure in saying that the 'Review of Reviews' is among the number which finds a place on my table each month."—James K. Jones, U. S. Senator, Arkansas

"It is one of the best and most satisfactory publications of the day."—Charles W. Fairbanks, U. S. Senator, Indiana

Send for particulars as to how it can be had with an invaluable set of books for 50 cents a month.

The Review of Reviews Company  
13 ASTOR PLACE, NEW YORK



Our splendid stock offers some great values and the prices range from

50c to \$8 each



The best values obtainable will be found here. We carry many kinds, either separate garments or union suits. Better not buy till you've seen our line.

### "Wayne Knit"

That's the name of the best hosiery made. High spliced heels double soles and toes and guaranteed Black

25c a pair

## SPEEDY STEAMERS WANTED

To Carry Our Wares to Australia

The New Federation Will Deal Largely With Us.

Another Opportunity for the Pacific Coast.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Mr. Robert Shand, general manager of the Western Australia Steamship Company has just arrived here from Liverpool who has been interviewed upon trade conditions. He said in part: "Great changes in the trade relations between Great Britain and Australia will probably occur in a very short time as a result of the new Australian tariff. This tariff will not injure our trade with foreign countries, but Great Britain's trade with us, it is the general impression, will be seriously handicapped."

Formerly the Australian Colonies, with the exception of the free trade colony of New South Wales, imposed protective duties against one another. Under the federal constitution they are all swept away and now all international trade in Australia is free. This has, of course, caused a diminution of revenue in all protected colonies and now we propose to raise that amount of revenue by increasing the duties on almost all imported articles. This increase will be levied not only on goods coming from other countries but from all portions of the British Empire outside Australia. The taxed articles include spirits, beer, wine, tobacco, paper, agricultural implements and furniture. This is rather strong evidence against the fallacy that trade follows the flag. At present our largest trade is done with the United States, France and Germany."

Mr. Shand said he was here "to look over the shipping field and get an idea as to the prospects it holds out for a new line. If it is started the route will be from San Francisco to Western Australia ports. The branch office will also be in San Francisco. We are confident that the shipping field here offers excellent inducements. Trade between America and Australia has grown enormously during the past four years, and not a little difficulty is experienced in getting suitable and fast freight steamers to handle it."

**DIED.**  
ATWOOD—At the family home on East Mill street, Tuesday, Dec. 3, 1901, after a protracted illness, J. H. Atwood, aged about 69 years, of paralysis.

## YOUR WAGON

### How About It?

The real test of a wagon is in the extreme wet weather, or in the extreme dry. Oregon farmers need wagons that will stand most anything.

**STUDEBAKERS** are built for this country. The hubs are made of black birch and are warranted not to check or split. Felloes are made from the best Indiana oak and are soaked in linseed oil, which prevents loose tires. The spokes are made of second growth Indian white oak, and are of the slope shoulder pattern which is an exclusive pattern of Studenaker wheels. If you will take a tape and measure the circumference of the spokes and felloes on a Studenaker 3-inch wheel you'll find one in 3-3/4. The wheel is the life of a wagon. They represent about two-thirds of the cost of the gear and that's where that proportion of your money goes.

Get good wheels. You'll find that Studenakers stand more hard usage, are guaranteed to carry larger loads, and last longer than others.

A full line of all sizes always on hand.

## F. A. WIGGINS

255-257 Liberty St. Salem. Farm Machinery, Wagons, Buggies, Bicycles, Sewing Machines.

Two found can of calcium carbide! 5c. Mitchell, Lewis and Staver. Co. 19-24.

## KLONDIKE, December 3, 1901.

## To THE FAIR STORE,

Salem, Oregon.

I am about ready with my Reindeer to start to gather up Dolls and Toys for all the good girls and boys and Christmas presents for Anybody and I want to make THE FAIR STORE, at Salem, my headquarters again, for I have been advised that THE FAIR STORE is full and running over with Nice Holiday goods for anybody and that your prices are so low that I will be able to buy a good supply of everything. Yours for Holiday goods, and a good time.

SANTA CLAUS.

P. S. Remember that Dabney and Gillmore are the proprietors of THE FAIR STORE. They are on the "ground floor," no elevation in prices or locality.

## BREEDING FOR EGGS.

A Few Suggestions on How to Get the Best Eggs Per Hen Per Year. More poultry men and women get from 100 to 125 eggs per hen per year than over that amount. And why? There are only four reasons why—first, the stock; second, the houses; third, the feed; fourth, the care given. Again, there are only two classes who make money by keeping poultry—the person who has only a few and the one who makes it a business. Two hundred eggs per hen per year are not an unusual event, and there is no reason why every poultryman should not have that kind.

It is not necessary to have trap nests to find out your layers. The poultryman who has to use them for that purpose is not the one to make a success of poultry keeping, because if he has to depend on a contrivance it is only proof that he cannot place any dependence on himself. As soon as one has to rely on others it is high time that he gives up the business. If you want to find your layers, stay with your fowls, pick them out, hang up a daily egg record and watch it. If you have not the time for this, then you certainly belong to the middle class. Unless you give the fowls all your time you cannot expect them to make money for you. Unless you know your fowls they will not make you money, even if you do give them all your time. If you have a hen that is a known layer and she is undersized or too large, don't breed from her. If you do, you are wasting both time and money.

Stock has greatly improved in the past five years, but egg production has not. When poultrymen devote more time trying to find out which way and how is the best to feed, then they will increase the egg production. Because John Jones tells you that his way of feeding is the best that is no reason why you should adopt it until you know it to be a fact. Because Sam Jones tells you that one variety of chickens will lay more than the others don't sell what you have and get them until you know it is so. Poultrymen are too ready to listen to the other fellow.

My method of obtaining and holding great layers is as follows, no matter what the variety kept:

As soon as the pullets are fully matured they are carefully watched. As soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts to lay she is removed to her permanent quarters, punch marked, a record hung up, date of hatch, pen hatched from, etc. This goes on until pens are full. Those that are backward in starting are put in a different building, we counting them as culls. The pullets and records are carefully watched. We do not breed from these as pullets, but as soon as one starts