

Something New in Salem

A Big Combination at the Woolen Mill Store...

A Combination of STYLE ELEGANCE COMFORT

In their spring clothing and as heretofore they will be the leaders in men's and boys' clothing this season.

The Best Goods for the Least Money.

See our line of Golf and fancy shirts. The nobbiest in the city.

WOOLEN MILL STORE

299 COMMERCIAL



ANNOUNCEMENT OF spring arrivals. We have just received complete lines of children's and misses slippers in Red, White and Black.

KRAUSSE BROS

REPAIRING A WATCH

Of the finest workmanship is a branch of our business that we give special attention to.



ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Are regarded by many as of doubtful utility. They do not know that by our system of

Dentistry

They are made to equal, if not surpass, those supplied by nature. Our teeth on plates are the acme of perfection.

Full sets on rubber from \$7.00 up

Drs. Eppley & Olinger

Postoffice block.

PANAMA CANAL

To Be Reported on by The Commission

THOROUGH BORES BEING MADE

But the Report Will Be Delayed For Nearly Two Years

New York, March 22.—A special to The Times from Washington says: Rear Admiral Walker, retired, chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission in an interview is quoted as saying that the report will be made up of two parts. One part will be made up of the Panama route, as then known to the commission where the Panama route was not complete. The facts obtained were presented and it was expected that the commission would have the privilege of superintending its report by the use of further information.

"We have still SOME 600 OR 700 MEN AT WORK ON THE NICARAGUA ROUTE, which has been most carefully 'bores' from six fathoms below water on the Atlantic to six fathoms below water on the Pacific and wherever there is to be a lock. These last parties are about coming in and with their return will be made up the complete information to be embodied in the report. "On the Panama route we have made careful examinations, but we have in part, utilized the work of the French engineers, found to be very few and very accurate. We have proved it and adopted the verified French data. "We hope to be able to complete our full report by June and to submit it to the State Department at once. I am sorry that provision was not made for printing it at once, as I fear that the holding it back for submission to congress until next December, with the inevitable delays incident to the issue of a work filled with plans and maps and charts, WILL PREVENT THE READING OF THE REPORT FOR POSSIBLY TWO YEARS. This commission has nothing to decide after it has ascertained all the facts and has decided which route will be most convenient, economical and safe for the United States."

Further inquiry into the indemnity question makes it appear that the sum of \$200,000,000, which the officials consider the maximum that should be levied upon the Chinese, represents absolutely the limits of Chinese ability, according to the calculation of officials best informed as to the resources of China.

Swindler Claims to be Cudby's Sductor. DALLAS, Tex., March 22.—According to a statement made by H. W. Summers, county attorney, a prisoner in the Dallas jail named A. E. Henderson has declared himself to be the kidnapper of young Cudby of Omaha. He did not give facts and circumstances and did not swear to his statement, although he had been warned as required by law, but says young Cudby will identify him.

Chinese Failure in New York. New York, March 22.—The first business failure has occurred in New York's Chinatown. The old grocery house of the Wing Ho Hin Company has filed a petition in bankruptcy, liabilities of \$7463 and assets of \$2913. Many Chinese merchants were "caught" for various small amounts in the final crash of this old house, which had been doing business for nearly 15 years. If the head of the firm, Lee Loung Ling, had not loved a beautiful colonial maiden in the distant flower province of Kong Tong, the failure probably would never have taken place. At least he thinks so and declares that while he was away wooing and marrying the girl of his choice in China, his partners injured his business. Lee Loung Ling came here from China nearly 17 years ago, leaving behind him the beautiful Sany Sing.

He promised that he would return with a fortune in 10 years and claim her

War department reports surrender of General Fuller and command, ending insurrection in Panay. Imperial decree placarded at Fekin, threatening all anti-foreign societies with punishment. Southern Pacific abolishes low through rates between Honolulu and Eastern cities. First Chinese failure in New York. Grocery firm Wing Ho Hin Company. Russian government issues decree forbidding assemblages on the streets. Troops on both sides. Russia England land dispute at Tien Tsin with draw. First shipment five thousand barrels Texas crude oil arrived in New York. President has not decided to retain Land Commissioner Hermann. Twelve additional companies coast artillery are ordered organized. McKimley and Hanns conferring about Nebraska deadlock. A Coldbrook Mass., woman killed her six children. Ex-President Harrison's estate appraised at \$380,000. Portland brewer's strike remains unchanged.

hand. Just 15 years from the day of his leave taking he returned to Kong Tong and his fiance welcomed him with open arms and they were soon married, to the joy of their parents and friends. Before going away Ling had taken into partnership with him his manager, Lee Tan Ying and Young Lun Que, his book-keeper. They ran the business while he was gone. Just before the Chinese new year Ling landed in New York and found that his firm owed everyone from whom they could get credit. Most of the creditors were Chinese merchants, but a few of them were Americans. They were clamoring for their money. Ling was forced to tell the creditors the firm would have to go into bankruptcy and be sold out for their benefit.

THE CHINESE INDEMNITY

Has Been Sized Up at \$200,000,000 Bonds Will Be Issued And the Rothschilds Will Get as Much More

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Although the situation at Tien Tsin was never regarded here as really dangerous, officials felt that the prolongation of the hostile attitude of the British and Russian forces might lead to trouble in the end, so that the news of the arrangement by which both powers are allowed to recede from their position without loss of honor was well received here.

With the exciting issue withdrawn, the Chinese trouble has assumed a less menacing aspect and it is reported that the ministers have been able, leaving in abeyance the troublesome subject of indemnity, to make some headway toward the disposition of the points remaining to be adjusted under the articles subscribed to by China and the powers.

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Senatorial Ballot in Nebraska. LINCOLN, Neb., March 22.—On the senatorial ballot today Croome voted for D. E. Thompson. The factionists brought in two men off sick beds and caused the change of pairs with one sick republican member so that three more votes were cast, raising the number necessary to elect to 65.

Today's News Summarized. England backing Japan against Russia. Amosked Manchurian treaty refused. Insurrection in Panay.

BACKING JAPAN

Policy of England in Chinese Situation

BRITISH FLEET IS GATHERING

Danger of Actual Conflict Has Thus Far Been Obviated

New York, March 22.—A dispatch to The Herald from Berlin says: A number of newspapers published alarming news in regard to the situation in China. ENGLAND IS SAID TO BE BACKING UP JAPAN, which is mobilizing her army and the Russian fleet is assembling at the Yalu River. The mediation of Count Von Waldere in the Tien Tsin dispute has been refused by both England and Russia. An article in the semi-official Post does its best to calm the public mind and states there is no ground for anxiety. Certain influences, it states, will be exerted in order to prevent the present conflict becoming more embittered.

LONDON, March 22.—Advices have been received here from Peking to the effect that Yang Yu, the Chinese minister at St. Petersburg, recently stated that modifications of some of the articles of the Manchurian treaty had been conceded by Russia. It is claimed these modifications were intended to avoid placing obstacles in the way of the sovereignty and independence of China. The modifications were forwarded by the Chinese plenipotentiaries to the court of St. Petersburg. An edict has been received at Peking stating that THE TREATY CANNOT RECEIVE IMPERIAL SANCTION.

New York, March 22.—A dispatch to The Herald, from Tien Tsin, says: Alterations continue there between the French and British. An Indian officer of high rank Lorsewhipped a French sergeant. The discipline of the French forces leaves much to be desired. While the French officers are evidently doing their best to maintain discipline, it would not surprise any one, to see the French troops get beyond control at any moment. Already have been heard French soldiers hissing their own officers and it is reported that some French officers have been stoned in a mysterious manner by missies coming from untraceable quarters.

Contingents of Cossacks are continually dribbling in, and the Russians have now five hundred more than they had when the French force was sent here. It is reported that the arrival at the mouth of the river of expected reinforcements from Port Arthur, Newchwang. On the other hand, it is reported and believed here that THE BRITISH FLEET IS COLLECTING AT WEI HAI WEI for the purpose of making a naval demonstration against Port Arthur.

Contrary to expectations, the days have passed without serious conflict. The Russians with the help of between three and four hundred coolies are breved here at the river in front of their concession. They have now reached a point within 50 yards of the British sentinal and the work is proceeding rapidly. The British advanced pocket lines between 30 and 40 feet from the bank and there would not be room for the road to be constructed without disturbing the ground upon which the British pickets are stationed. General Campbell informed the Russians, however, that he would regard as an act of aggression any attempt of the road builders to disturb the sidetrack and undermine the positions of the British sentries.

It is understood here that General Campbell did not give any reply to the Russian demand for a withdrawal and apology. The New South Wales naval brigade is here on picket for the purpose of reinforcing the Victorian brigade in guarding the British settlement. The presence of these troops and the arrival of marines from Taku has had a reassuring effect on the Chinese. A plan to bear on the settlement has been arranged, but has not yet been carried out. Tuesday morning the working parties stopped work on the river side of the road when they reached a point within 20 feet of the British position. They subsequently resumed the construction of the road a point 400 yards further. The danger of actual conflict has thus been obviated for the present.

First Effect of the Trust. SAN FRANCISCO, March 22.—The Examiner says: The competition in the trade of Hawaii through San Francisco is to be shut off, temporarily at least. For years the Southern Pacific has made a low through rail and water rate from Chicago and other eastern

cities to Honolulu, the rail end of the through rate being much lower than that charged merchants of this city, says from Chicago to San Francisco on the same class of business and the water end of the rate much lower than the regular water rate charged local merchants to Honolulu.

The Southern Pacific has decided to abolish the low through rate. Hereafter the Chicago or St. Louis merchant shipping goods to Hawaii will be charged the regular mail rate to this city, plus the usual water rates to the islands. The company has issued a notice to this effect.

Under this new arrangement, local merchants believe they can command the bulk of the trade of Hawaii in spite of the competition of Paget Sound and New York. They are not apprehensive that the eastern people will get better transportation terms by way of San Diego, Portland, Tacoma or Seattle and thus hold their own against this city. The railroad people are not so confident and therefore they look upon the arrangement as experimental.

THREE CENT FARES FOR NEW YORK

With Great Reduction in Time of Transit

New York March 22.—At a hearing before the committee on streets and railroads on the board of aldermen, held in the Brooklyn Borough Hall last night, Albert L. Johnson offered to become a tenant of the Brooklyn tunnel and reduce the time of travel between the Battery and Richmond Borough to 15 minutes, besides establishing a three-cent fare if the tunnel were built as he wished it.

Mr. Johnson said in part: "I am willing to consider any reasonable proposition that may be offered by the Rapid Transit Commission if they include in its proposed route, one which will lead through South Brooklyn on near Second Avenue as possible, being governed entirely by the cost of construction, and ending on the Staten Island side of the Narrows.

If the commission will submit such a plan, I shall bring before it a proposition worthy their consideration. To meet the debt limit objection I shall say that if the commission will prepare such a plan and it shows the necessary cost will be in excess of the debt limit, I am capable of bringing sufficient credit to make up the deficiency."

He went on to say that the single tube system was most economical for the tunnel, four or six of which could be made, according to the number of corporations which would join in the construction.

These conditions being satisfactory, he said he would give transportation from the Battery to Staten Island for 3 cents, bunding himself to charge no more than that and would cover the distance in 15 minutes. He then made the announcement that he had all grants and capital and was already constructing a road from New York to Philadelphia, in which he intended to charge a 50 cent fare. He said he would carry his passengers from this road at South Ferry and if he got the tunnel right he would make it a part of the Philadelphia road.

Royal Engagement Will Be Announced. New York, March 22.—It is stated on reliable authority that the Grand Duke Wilhelm Ernest of Saxe-Weimar, will, on the expiration of mourning for Queen Victoria, become engaged to the youngest daughter of the late Duke Alfred, of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

GEN. BOTHA'S GOOD WIFE

Conveys Kitchener's Message to her Husband

THEY CONFER ON TERMS OF PEACE

England's General Declines to Discuss or Consider Boer Independence

LONDON, March 22.—The parliamentary papers giving details of the negotiations between the Boer commander-in-chief, General Botha and Lord Kitchener, commanding the British forces in South Africa, issued this morning, begin with a telegram from Sir Alfred Milner to Mr. Chamberlain. The dispatch is dated Pretoria, February 23, and states that Mrs. Botha has returned from a meeting with her husband, bringing a letter in reply to Sir Alfred Milner's verbal message offering to meet General Botha as a means of ending the war or the express understanding that he would not discuss the question of the independence of the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony.

Mrs. Botha assured Sir Alfred that the letter was written with the point clearly understood. General Botha referred the matter to his generals and it was stated that the meeting would probably take place at Middleburg. Mr. Chamberlain replied that he was glad to hear of General Botha's desire to treat, and hoped it was genuine. "He will find us," said the Colonial Secretary, "anxious to meet him on all points affecting his individual position."

On February 27 Sir Alfred Milner cabled Lord Kitchener informing him that General Botha had written that he would be in Pretoria at 10 p. m. February 28.

A dispatch from Lord Kitchener to the War Office dated Pretoria, February 28 reports a long interview with General Botha who showed very good feeling and seemed anxious for peace. He asked for information which he said he would submit to his government, the generals and the people. If, he said, he could visit the Orange River Colony and get them to agree and should all then hand in their arms, it would finish the war. He said they could go on for some time and he was not sure he would be able to bring about peace without independence.

"I declined to discuss such a point," said Lord Kitchener, "and such a modified form of independence would be most dangerous and would lead to war in the future. Replying to General Botha's inquiries, I informed him that when hostilities ceased the military would be replaced by a crown colony administration consisting of a nominated executive and assembly to advise him, followed after a period by a representative government. The Boers would be licensed to have rifles to protect them selves against the natives, the Dutch natives, the Dutch and English languages were to have equal rights, Kafirs would not have the franchise until after representative government had been granted the Orange Free State for Kafirs would be considered good; church property, public trusts and orphan funds would not be touched; no war tax would be given to repair the burned farms and to enable the farms to start afresh and colonists who had joined the republic should be disfranchised."

"General Botha generally seemed satisfied with these conditions." Among the questions which Lord Kitchener ap-

parently did not reply to were when the war prisoners would return, and regarding the taking over of debts of the republics, including those locally contracted since the beginning of the war.

MR CHAMBERLAIN IS INTERPELLED

Unable to Make Known The Boer Reasons

LONDON, March 22.—In the House of commons today Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, informed Trevelyan Liberal, that he was unable to inform the House what were the Boer reasons for rejecting the peace terms. Replying to a question in Commons today, as to whether the government proposed to ask Germany to act with reference to Russia's action in Manchuria, the foreign secretary, Lord Cranborne, replied that the Russian government had repeatedly declared its intention to respect the integrity of China and the British Government was not aware that Russia had infringed it.

Getting Better?

Are you recovering as fast as you should? Has not your old trouble left your blood full of impurities? And isn't this the reason you keep so poorly? Don't delay recovery longer, but take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

It will remove all impurities from your blood and tone up your whole nervous system. Give Nature a little help at this time. Aid her by removing all the products of disease from your blood.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Keep your bowels in good condition with Ayer's Pills.

Price 25c. a box.

Write the doctor freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

Reports from Philippine commission indicate rapid progress of establishment civil government and constantly increasing disposition on part of insurgent chiefs to surrender.

Fresh Taffies Today

Ellis & Zinn's

54 State Street. Salem Phone 2974



Dress Stuffs...

Fashion's latest creations are here for spring of 1901.

NEW HENRIETTES WOOL TAFETAS PRUNELLAS ZIBALINES VENEPIANS BROADCLOTH CHEVIOTS

Flannel Silk

A very new weave in silk and wool for waists. We are always first to show new goods. Beautiful spring shades just in.

\$1.00 yard



Spring Umbrellas

The handsomest line we have ever shown. Dainty handles serviceable covers.

\$4.9c to \$6.00 each

New Side Combs, Back Combs

Stray Lock Retainers Brooches, etc.



Second Crowd Bringer...

We offer for Friday sale only, a big line of fine gingham, all this spring's styles at

6 1-2c yard

These are all this spring's styles. We have no need to undertake to palm off old shelf worn goods as new ones.

Come With the Crowd

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Advertisement for BARR'S JEWELRY STORE. Includes text 'NEW SHIRTS CAPES JACKETS SILK WAISTS BABY CLOTHES' and 'M. E. FRASER'.

Advertisement for 'Strange' eyeglasses. Text: 'That so many people enter... Does it not stand to reason that a pair of glasses fitted by a competent optician...'

Large advertisement for Jos. Meyers & Sons. Text: 'Every Day Has Its Special feature', 'At all Times', 'A Haven for Those Who Want Good Goods'. Includes lists of items like 'Shirt Waists', 'Petticoats', 'Ladies' Suits', 'Linen Collars', 'Every Day', 'Today', 'Dress Skirts', 'Gordon Hats for Men', 'Men's Suits'.

Advertisement for Dalrymple's. Text: 'EXHIBIT OF BLACK CATS DRAWN BY OUR SCHOOL CHILDREN. AT OUR STORE THIS WEEK.'