

STYLISH CLOTHES

Are the outward evidence of the gentleman. You cannot expect your garments to look well when the quality is poor-looking well enough at first perhaps.

Our clothing is manufactured from the celebrated Salem mills fabrics—clean, pure yarns of the best quality which wear and and always look well. Just received our new lines of

Blue Serge Suits
\$10, \$14, \$17.

See ours before you purchase.
HATS—Largest and most complete line in the city.

WOOLEN MILL STORE
299 COMMERCIAL ST.

We're holding
the reins ==



WHEN it comes to a matter of prices in Shoes, and we are driving at a fast gait, too; but we can keep it up so long as our stock lasts. This idea of our driving in prices is too large a stock and must be reduced -- get in on our low prices on Tan Shoes, others as well.

275 COMMERCIAL ST.

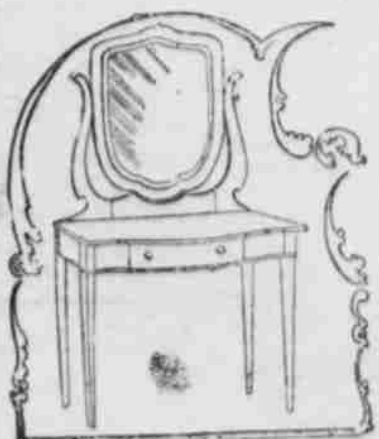
KRAUSSE BROS

You run no risk in having
your work done at the
Salem Dental Parlors as
all work is fully guaranteed.

DRS EPLEY & OLINGER

Our Motto: Good Work at Living Prices.
Rooms 27 and 29, P. O. BLK.

Dressing Tables



IN ALL KINDS
OF
PRETTY WOODS.

Are now used to go
with Iron Beds.
We keep a good line
of these goods and
would be pleased to
show you whether
or not you intend
buying.

Wardrobe Couch



Is not a
Trunk

But it answers nearly the same purpose. We sell a good many to people who wish to economize space.

Hammocks?



Yes, we have some
good ones, close woven
and full length, with
two heavy stretchers.

Half Dollars



Do as much today
as dollars once did
in the furniture
trade.

Let us show you how much you can get for a little money.

The Big Store
WITH LITTLE PRICES.

Buren & Hamilton
HOUSE FURNISHERS

BRYAN AND STEPHENSON

Second Place On Ticket Goes
to Illinois.

BRYAN AND PLATFORM
ARE ACCEPTED

By Acclamation and Cleveland's Running Mate
In 1892 was Named on the
First Ballot.

By Associated Press to the Journal.
KANSAS CITY, July 6.—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, was last night unanimously placed in nomination as the Democratic candidate for president of the United States.

The nomination came as the culmination of a frenzied demonstration in honor of the party leader, lasting 27 minutes and giving utterance to all the pent-up emotions of the vast multitude.

(The full text of the platform will be found elsewhere.)
CONVENTION HALL, KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 6.—Stevenson was nominated for vice-president on the first ballot.

The Day's Proceedings.

KANSAS CITY, July 6.—At 11:45 Chairman Richardson brought the convention to order for the third day's work. Rabbi Mayer of Kansas City delivered a prayer. Following prayer call of states began for nominations for vice-presidency.

Arkansas yielded to Illinois. Representative Jas. Williams presented the name of Stevenson. Williams spoke rapidly and briefly, and at the mention of Stevenson, Illinois was on its feet cheering wildly. Kansas was up as was Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi and a large number of delegates in different parts of the hall.

A. A. Roeming, of Minnesota, took the platform to present the name of Chas. A. Towne.

When he pronounced the name of Towne the Minnesota delegation rose to its feet waving flags in a frantic fashion. The galleries joined in applause but there was less enthusiasm among the men on the floor who had the votes.

Result of first ballot for vice-president: Stevenson 559 1/2, Towne 80 1/2, Hill 176, Smith 16, Danforth 1, Gov. Hogg 1, Carr 23, Patrick 18.

Before this vote was announced, the states voting for other candidates changed their votes to Stevenson, making his nomination unanimous.
The convention adjourned at 3:22 p. m.

IT IS IMPERIALISM.

The Main Issue Set Forth By the Platform—The Document in Full.

KANSAS CITY, July 6.—Following is the official text of the platform as agreed upon by the committee on resolutions and presented to the convention:

We the representatives of the Democratic party of the United States, assembled in National convention on the anniversary of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, do reaffirm our faith in that immortal proclamation of the inalienable rights of Americans and our allegiance to the constitution framed in harmony therewith by the fathers of the republic.

We hold with the United States Supreme Court that the Declaration of Independence is the spirit of our Government, of which the Constitution is the form and letter. We declare again that all governments instituted among

men derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; that any government not based upon the consent of the governed is tyranny; and that to impose upon any people a government of force is to substitute the methods of imperialism for those of the republic.

We hold that the Constitution follows the flag and denounces the doctrine that an executive or a congress, deriving their existence and power from the people, may exercise unlawful authority beyond it in violation of it. We assert that no nation can long endure half republic and half empire, and we warn the people that imperialism abroad will lead quickly and inevitably to despotism at home.

Believing in these fundamental principles, we denounce the Porto Rican law enacted by a Republican Congress, against the protest and opposition of the Democratic minority, as a bold and open violation of the Nation's organic law and a flagrant breach of the National good faith. It imposes upon the people of Porto Rico a government without their consent and taxation without representation. It dishonors the American people by repudiating a solemn pledge made in their behalf by the commanding general of our army, which the Porto Ricans welcomed to a peaceful and unresisted occupation of their land. It doomed to poverty and distress a people whose helplessness appeals with peculiar force to our justice and magnanimity. In this, the first act of its imperialistic programme, the Republican party seeks to commit the United States to a colonial policy inconsistent with republican institutions and condemned by the Supreme Court in numerous decisions.

We demand the prompt and honest fulfillment of every pledge to the Cuban people and the world, that the United States has no disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over the island of Cuba, except for its pacification. The war ended nearly two years ago, profound peace reigns all over the island, and still the administration keeps the government of the island from its people, while Republican carpetbag officials plunder its revenues and exploit the colonial theory to the disgrace of the American people.

We condemn and denounce the Philippine policy of the present administration. It has embroiled the republic in an unnecessary war, sacrificed the lives of many of its noblest sons and placed the United States, previously known and applauded throughout the world as the champion of freedom, in the false and un-American position of crushing with military force the efforts of our former allies to achieve liberty and self-government. The Philippines cannot be civilized without endangering our civilization; they cannot be subjects without imperiling our form of government, and as we are not willing to surrender our civilization or to convert the republic into an empire, we favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to give to the Filipinos first a stable government; second, independence; and, third, protection from outside interference, such as has been given for nearly a century to the republics of Central and South America.

The greedy commercialism which dictates the Philippine policy of the administration attempts to justify it with the plea that it will pay, but even this sordid and unworthy plea falls when brought to the test of facts. The "war of criminal aggression" against the Philippines, entailing annually an expense of many millions, has already cost more than any possible profit that could accrue from the entire Philippine trade for years to come. Furthermore, when trade is extended at the expense of liberty, the price is always too high. We are not opposed to territorial expansion when it takes in desirable territory, which can be erected into states in the Union, and whose people are willing and fit to become American citizens. We favor trade expansion by every peaceful and legitimate means. But we are unalterably opposed to the seizing or purchasing of distant islands

to be governed outside the constitution and whose people can never become citizens.

We are in favor of extending the Republic's influence among the nations, but believe that influence should be extended, not by force and violence, but through the persuasive power of a high and honorable example.

The importance of other questions now pending before the American people is in nowise diminished and the Democratic party takes no backward step from its position on them, but the burning issue of imperialism, growing out of the Spanish War, involves the very existence of our free Republic, the destruction of our free institutions. We regard it as the paramount issue of the campaign.

The declaration in the Republican platform, adopted at the Philadelphia convention, held in June, 1890, that the Republican party "steadfastly adheres to the policy announced in the Monroe doctrine" is manifestly insincere and deceptive. This profession is contradicted by the avowed policy of the party in opposition to the spirit of the Monroe doctrine to acquire and hold over eighty over large areas of territory and large numbers of people in the Eastern hemisphere, and to place the strict maintenance of the Monroe doctrine in all its integrity in letter and in spirit, as necessary to prevent the extension of European authority on the Continent, and as essential to our supremacy in American affairs. At the same time, we declare that no American people shall ever be held by force in unwilling subjection to European authority.

Militarism. We oppose militarism. It means conquest abroad and intimidation and oppression at home. It means the strong arm which has ever been fatal to free institutions. It is what millions of our citizens have fled from in Europe. It will impose upon our peace-loving people a large standing army, an unnecessary burden of taxation, and a constant menace to their liberties. A small standing army and a well-disciplined militia are amply sufficient in time of peace. The republic has no place for a vast military service and conscription. When the nation is in danger the volunteer soldier is his country's best defender. The National Guard of the United States should ever be cherished in the patriotic hearts of a free people. Such organizations are ever an element of strength and safety.

For the first time in our history and in contrast with the Philippine contract, has there been a wholesale departure from the time-honored and approved system of volunteer organization. We denounce the American people, as a subversion of the ancient and fixed principles of a free people.

Trusts. Private monopolies are indefensible and intolerable. They destroy competition, control the price of all material and finish product, thus robbing both producer and consumer. They lessen the wages of the laborer and arbitrarily fix the terms and conditions thereof and deprive individual energy and small capital of their opportunity for betterment. They are the most efficient means yet devised for concentrating the wealth of the Republic in the hands of a few. The Republic destroyed. The dishonest paltering with the trust evil by the Republican party in the state and National platforms is conclusive proof of the truth of the charge that trusts are the legitimate product of Republican policies, that they are fostered by Republican laws, and that they are protected by the Republican Administration in return for campaign subscriptions and political support.

We pledge the Democratic party to an unceasing warfare in Nation, state and city, against private monopoly in every form. Existing laws against trusts must be enforced and more stringent ones must be enacted providing for publicity as to the affairs of corporations engaged in interstate commerce; and requiring all corporations to show, before doing business outside of the state of their origin, that they have no water in their stock and that they have not attempted and are not attempting to monopolize any business or the production of any articles of merchandise and the whole constitutional power of Congress over interstate commerce and the mails and all modes of interstate communication shall be exercised by the enactment of comprehensive laws upon the subject of trusts. Tariff laws should be amended by putting the products of trusts upon

Continued on Fourth Page.

TERRIBLE ATROCITIES

Being Committed By the Chinese People

ALL FOREIGNERS MUST LEAVE THE EMPIRE

Such is the Judgment of the Best Informed in London—Japan Doesn't Trust the European Powers.

By Associated Press to the Journal.
TIENTSIN, June 20, via Shanghai, July 6.—Those best informed in Tientsin consider the position of the foreigners in Pekin almost hopeless. It is hopeless to attempt to force a way through with the force available.

Wells are being poisoned. The Chinese are committing terrible atrocities upon the wounded. Gen. Tung Fuh Siang, with 10,000 troops, is marching toward Pekin.

The army thereabouts number fifty thousand. The Chinese dead about Tientsin number thousands. Most of them lie unburied in the fields. The river of Taku is full of floating bodies. The small American contingents everywhere distinguished themselves, Capt. McCalla and Maj. Walker are at Tientsin. Their men are placed in the lead of every movement.

All Foreigners Threatened.

LONDON, July 6.—The danger of a general revolt in China becomes more patent and Europe is being confronted with a rapidly increasing belief that the international column will be forced from Tientsin and that the international troops and the colonies at treaty ports stand in grave danger of expulsion.

In the meantime the hitherto unquenchable jealousies of the European powers, stays the hand of Japan, though it is hoped an understanding will soon be reached.

Prizes Given Away.

The China lamp given away Thursday evening by Roth & Graber, was drawn by Miss Caroline Willis, and the set of dining plates by Miss Nellie Derby. The other coupons have not been presented.

Through the Yellowstone.

The new route via the Oregon Short Line Railroad and Montida, Mont., enables you to make a delightful trip through the Yellowstone National Park, entering via Montida and coming out via Cinnabar, making it unnecessary to cover any portion of the route twice. For beautiful descriptive booklet, write or call at Oregon Short Line Ticket Office, 142 Third street, Portland, Oregon. 6 18 6w

Artificial Lake.

By Associated Press to the Journal.
GREAT BEND, Kan., July 6.—A syndicate composed mainly of Kansas City capitalists have acquired a tract of land eight miles north of this city for the purpose of creating a lake for irrigation purposes. The tract embraces a natural basin twelve miles long and six miles

wide. Only one draw leads out of it, and that is only 250 feet wide. Damming this will make the basin a lake. The land in the basin is worthless for farming purposes. A ditch 40 feet wide and 14 miles long has been built, connecting the Arkansas river with the basin. The expenditure of at least \$800,000 is anticipated. Canals will be built in various directions, and much apparently worthless land will be reclaimed by the proposed irrigation. Aside from its source of irrigation supply, the lake will be made a summer resort for Western Kansas people.

We always have the freshest candy. For we make some every day. Our chocolate creams and Bon Bons. Are "par excellence" so they say.

Of taffies we have many kinds. Both plain and flavored chewies. When you're undecided what to buy, Step in and purchase those.

ELLIS & ZINN'S

154 State St. Phone 2874.

Prevention of Eye Troubles

Prevention is better than cure. It is cheaper. It is possible when cure is impossible. Eye troubles may be avoided by the timely use of glasses, averting discomfort, suffering and permanent impairment of sight. We are properly equipped to adjust glasses and guarantee satisfaction.

Herman W. Barr,
Scientific Optician,
118 State St. Salem Or.

MT. ANGEL COLLEGE AND SEMINARY

Conducted by the Benedictine Fathers.

Located 40 miles south of Portland, on one of the most beautiful and attractive spots of the Willamette Valley. THE IDEAL PLACE FOR YOUR BOYS. Preparatory, Classical, Commercial and Scientific Course. Music a specialty.

For particulars, apply to the President.

7-2-3m

A man carries domestic economy to extremes when he stops the clock at night to save time

Great Preparation Sale.

On Fine Clothing --

Novelty or Staple—It's all the same—all made with the proper care and of the best materials. Stylish, originality in colors, combinations and effects.

FRESH AND CRISP

People who know us, and know our goods are faithful patrons to our store.

Specials in Men's Suits \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.95

They are not the best suits in our store by any means; they are slightly out of style and we haven't a full line of them, but if you are not too particular you will buy one for a working suit.

Mens Suits \$6.60 Really reliable styles, Neat, desirable pattern!

This is the line of the season—don't fail to see it in our clothing window.

Years for Reliable Values.

Jos. Meyers & Sons.

SALEM'S GREATEST STORE.

25 Per Cent. Off

Ladies' fine \$4.00 Kid shoes,
Tan or Black, \$3.00. Men's
fine \$4.00 Willow and Russia
Calf, \$3.00. Infants' fine \$1.00
shoes, for 75c. All new styles.

Salem Shoe Store

R. H. LEABO, Manager.

BRIDGE & BEACH
MANUFACTURING CO.'S

SUPERIOR STOVES and RANGES.

CAN BE FOUND AT

GRAY BROS

SOLE AGENTS
AT SALEM, ORE