

TROOPS ARE NOW FIGHTING IN PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Great Battle Now Reported Raging Between Americans and Spaniards.

MANILA, July 31. — via Hong Kong. Heavy engagement between Americans and Spaniards at Malate. American loss is 13 killed and 47 wounded.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—A dispatch from Hong Kong says: The German steamer Petrarch left Manila August 6 and has arrived here. She reports that the Spanish soldiers at Manila attacked the American camp on the night of July 21.

The attack was made on the American camp between Cavite and Manila during the night of July 31. The Spaniards numbering 3,000, made several desperate charges upon the American lines but each time the fierce fire of the Americans drove the Spaniards back and finally broke the Spanish center and the enemy retreated.

Later the Spaniards made a second attack and were repulsed and retreated into bushes keeping up a constant fire on the roads leading to Manila, over which it was expected the American troops would advance. Some estimates place the Spanish losses at over 500 killed and wounded.

During the fighting the rebels remained neutral.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The war department today received the following cable from Hong Kong:

"Gen. McArthur's troops arrived here on the 31st of July. Five deaths were reported. The landing was delayed on account of high surf. To gain

Midnight Assault Repulsed by Brave Pennsylvania Troops.

the approach to the city, Green's out posts were advanced. The Spanish attacked the Americans sharply. The artillery befell them and held the position.

It was necessary to call out the whole brigade. The Spanish loss was heavy. Our loss was nine killed, forty-eight wounded, ten seriously.

Secretary Alger regards the Malate fight as the beginning of a general attack upon the Philippine capital.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—A copyrighted cablegram from Manila bay to the Evening World gives full particulars of the fighting:

"General Green's force of 4,000 men had been advancing and entrenching. The arrival of the third expedition filled the Spaniards with rage. They were determined to give battle before the camp of Dewey could be reinforced. The trenches extended from the beach to the left flank of the insurgents.

Sunday the insurgents left the flank and withdrew, leaving the American right flank exposed. Companies A and E of the Tenth Pennsylvania and the Utah battery were ordered to reinforce the right flank. In the midst of a raging typhoon and a tremendous pour of rain the enemy's force of three thousand strong attempted to surprise the American camp. Our

Thirteen Killed and Forty-Seven Wounded Americans.

pickets were driven in and trenches assaulted. The Pennsylvania men stood their ground under a withering fire.

The First California with two companies of the Third Artillery were sent to reinforce the Pennsylvanians. The enemy were on top of the trenches when the reinforcements arrived, and never was the discipline of regulars better demonstrated than by the work of the Third Artillery, commanded by Captain O'Hara. Nothing could be seen but the flashes of mauer rifles. The men ran right up to the guns of the attacking Spaniards and mowed them down with regularity.

The Utah battery, Captain Young commanding, covered itself with glory. The men pulled the guns through mud axle deep. The enemy was repulsed and in disorder. Our infantry had about exhausted its ammunition and did not follow the enemy. Not an inch of ground was lost but the scenes in the trenches will never be forgotten. The night of August 1st, the fighting was renewed, but the enemy had been taught a lesson and made the attack at every long range, with heavy artillery.

The Utah battery repelled and the artillery duel lasted an hour. On the night of August 2 the artillery duel was renewed. The total number of dead on the American side 13, and 10 are in the hospital mortally hurt.

NEARLY 350 SICK.

The Two Army Hospitals Nearly Full—Five Tents Have Been Erected.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—There are now 292 patients in the divisional hospital at the Presidio. Both of the big buildings in use are full and five hospital tents have been erected. Of the last 12 patients brought in seven have measles—three from the Seventh California, two from the Fifty-first Iowa, one from the First Tennessee, and one from the First Oregon recruits. The most serious case in the division hospital is that of First Sergeant Wesley Kimmerly, of the First Tennessee regiment, who has spinal meningitis and is not expected to live.

In the Presidio post hospital there are 53 cases, a decrease of two from the total Saturday morning. Only one patient is dangerously ill.

Turkey Refuses to Pay.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Relative to the statement from Constantinople that the Turkish government has declined to recognize the American demands for indemnity for outrages committed upon American missionary establishments in Turkey during the Armenian troubles, it is learned that this answer was made some time ago, and in fact has been consistently rendered by Turkey whenever approached on this subject. The Turkish answer has adroitly cited the attitude of the United States in cases where claims were preferred by foreign governments for damages sustained by their citizens in riots.

Probably Lost.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Aug. 9.—Wreckage is reported coming ashore between Gray's harbor and Willopa bay, and the stage driver coming from the latter reports finding boxes of groceries in the surf about half way between the two harbors, and also picked up a small memorandum book that is supposed to have been used on the steamer Signal. That vessel is now 11 days out from San Francisco to Gray's Harbor. Something is wrong, and merchants of this city who have heavy freights on her are feeling restless.

Rapist Hanged.

RIPLEY, Tenn., Aug. 9.—Saturday morning, about 3 o'clock, Richard Thurmond, a negro of bad reputation, entered the house of L. D. Hines and attempted to assault his daughter. She screamed and the negro ran. A posse chased him to Middleton, Tenn., where he was captured and brought to Ripley. He made a full confession and was hung at 1 o'clock in the morning by an orderly crowd of citizens.

CASORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
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Our wash goods department. All 12 1/2 and 15 and 20c values in laces, organdies, dimities to close
8 1-3c
- All**
8 1-3 and 10c boucle cords, dimity and lawn to close
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- Colored Oil Cloth**
Never shown or sold less than 20c the yard, special
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- Still Hammering**
A way at these jackets, values to \$10. Just the proper garment to take with you to the coast or mountains and only
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The celebrated W. B. in four styles, fine netting
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- Shaw Knit.**
The most celebrated of all men's hose. We have them
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At clearance prices, all to close at the one price
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Reduced one-half.
- New Gordons**
The best hat at any price, brown, black, beavers, etc., Fedoras, Dewey, and Derby styles.
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Suits just received. Let's make your acquaintance.

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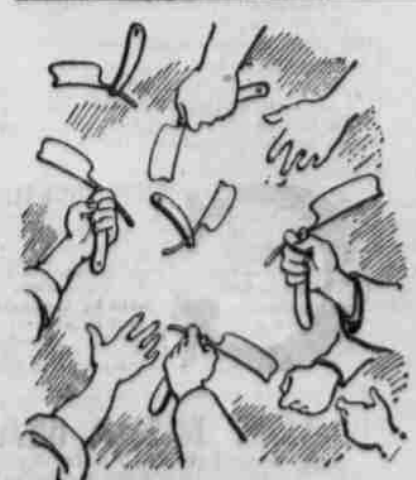
Our new goods are arriving daily. We have bought cheaper than ever and while they last we will sell: Men's working gloves, a good quality for 25c. Men's heavy black bib overalls for 50c. Men's pants 65c. Men's better qualities for \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Overshirts, just the thing for harvesters, 23c. A good pair of suspenders worth 25c for 15c. A good pair of heavy sock 5c a pair. Men's bicycle hose for 25c. Underwear, overshirts and sweaters. A great variety at reduced prices.

Clothing to fit the small boy or the big man the latest styles at the lowest prices. In dry goods we mention a few specials:

- Fine Chenelle table covers 1 1/4 yards square, worth \$2 for 85c each.
- Lace pillow shams worth 75c for 25c a pair.
- See those new outing flannels at 5c a yard.
- Tucking, quite a fine selection, see our prices. You cannot afford to make it yourself.
- Embroideries an endless variety at half values.

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A. I. WAGNER Mgr

MILES IN PORTO RICO.

American Army Closing in On San Juan.

The Army Will Take the City Regardless of Peace Negotiations.

PONCE, Porto Rico, Aug. 9.—General Henry, with the Sixth Illinois and Sixth Massachusetts, will move tomorrow on Arecibo. All our troops will then be in motion, in four different columns, toward San Juan.

Gen. Miles' invasion of Porto Rico is progressing in an entirely satisfactory manner and Americans are gaining ground daily. Gen. Miles' plan to have the troops march on San Juan from four different directions. When Gen. Schwan and Gen. Henry form a junction at Arecibo there will be a formidable army ready to march on San Juan. Miles is giving his personal attention to the management of the campaign. He intends to press forward to San Juan regardless of peace.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The secretary of war has stopped the dispatch of further reinforcements to Porto Rico.

NO OFFICIAL WORD.

Cabinet Adjourned at 11:35 But Nothing as to Spanish Acceptance.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The cabinet adjourned 12:35 without having received official word of the Spanish acceptance. When the cabinet meeting ended, it was stated that Cambon might deliver the answer to the president within an hour.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Up to 2:30 this afternoon the Spanish answer had not been delivered to the state department. There is no present indication of an extra cabinet meeting to consider the reply. It is expected that it will be in the hands of the president and Secretary Day by tonight.

Up to mid-day no arrangement had been made for a conference between the president and Minister Cambon. It may be that no further conference will be held and that the Spanish reply will be given to Secretary Day, for it is complete in itself and at present it has not reached a stage of argument.

GUNBOATS ARRIVE.

The Monterey and Brutus Are Now With Dewey at Manila.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—A Dispatch was read in the cabinet meeting today from Dewey, announcing the arrival of the gunboats Monterey and Brutus, at Manila and that there was plenty coal and enough fresh provisions to last the force three months.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—A copyrighted dispatch to the World dated Manila Aug. 4th, says: The Monitor Monterey arrived today. Manila will fall as soon as the monitor Monadnock arrives. She is expected today.

Dewey's ships are stripping for action. Owing to the heavy seas the troops of the third expedition have not yet landed. Immediately after the arrival of the expedition, Merritt organized all the forces for an attack on Manila.

A Thinking Machine.

Will help any man woman or child to conclude just what is wanted at all times, but the average person who comes into the Fair Store requires no thinking machine to convince them that we have everything that is wanted in the line of CAMPING, and HARVESTING SUPPLIES, and in fact everything that you need to wear, at prices that cannot be beat by competitors.

O. P. DABNEY.

Troops were formed into one division, under command of Gen. Anderson, the division is composed of two brigades, the First under MacArthur. The Twenty-third and Fourteenth regular infantry and Wyoming, North Dakota, Idaho, Minnesota Volunteers, and Astor battery. The Second brigade under Gen. Green. The Eighteenth Regular Infantry, the Third Artillery, Engineers, Signal Corps, and California, Colorado, Nebraska and the Pennsylvania Volunteers and a Utah battery.

SPAIN'S REPLY.

Consists of Elaborate Views of Each Point Involved in the Treaty of Peace.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Spain's reply is the acceptance of all of the conditions of the United States demands. Spain presents elaborate views of each point involved, and on the questions which may arise when the American conditions are carried into execution.

COLON'S CONDITION.

Fears That She Cannot Probably Be Saved.

PLAYA DEL ESTE, Province of Santiago de Cuba, Aug. 9, noon.—The Merritt & Chapman wrecking steamer, Potomac has arrived at the scene of the battle of July 3, and has visited the Cristobal Colon. The wreckers report her to be in a very bad situation, and they fear it is impossible to save her. The Maria Teresa has not yet been floated.

The auxiliary gunboat Vixen has returned to Guantanamo bay from Santiago. Otherwise, there has been no movement of the vessels comprising the American fleet. The warships are ready to sail at 12 hour's notice.

Seventeen Missing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—A letter received by the Alaska Commercial Company, dated Unalaska, July 28, says:

"Information received here is to the effect that an entire party of 12 prospectors, calling themselves the Columbia Exploring Company, together with R. Weber, a Moravian missionary, his wife and two native pilots, bound for the Kuskokvian river, have been lost. Not long ago, Rev. Weber was asked by some of the prospecting party, who were on board the steamer Lakme, to go with them as pilot and interpreter, with two Indian pilots, up the Kuskokvian river. He agreed to do so, taking his wife and child along.

On June 24, Weber met the party who had a 50-foot steamer and two barges. They were at Good News bay, but were short one boat which was needed to carry their stores. On July 27, the natives say, the small steamer, with two barges in tow, left Good News bay to proceed up the river. Soon after their departure a terrific storm arose.

A few days later the natives reported a stranded barge ashore on the north side of the river. It was laden with supplies, all of which were appropriated by the Indians. Later on a raft was found adrift. Nothing has been heard of any of the 17 persons who started up the river, and it is thought they have perished. The names of the prospectors have not been ascertained."

In the Lower Courts.

J. C. Barton, the hop man arrested for drunkenness was discharged by Recorder Edes this morning on condition that he would leave the city. Dennis Flagg plead not guilty to the charge of riding on the sidewalk alleging that he was ignorant of the new ordinance. His trial will be had tomorrow morning.

Miss White forfeited bail to the amount of \$2.50 for riding without a light.

Justice H. A. Johnson had two cases in his court today.

The case of F. H. Johnson vs. Henry Josse, action for money due on a promissory note was taken under advisement until tomorrow at 2 p. m.

The case of the State vs. A. E. Hawis for assault and battery on the person of John Tidwell was decided for the state. Mr. Hawis plead guilty and the court fined him \$5., which he paid.