A HISTORIC HOTEL

The Favorite Hostelry in Ante-Bellum Days—Often Patronized by Abraham Lincoln—From Its Veranda Stephen A. Douglas Delivered a Great Speech—Again the Scene of an Important Event.

From the Tri-County Scribe, Plymouth, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Campbell Thompson run the historic Cuyler House at Plymouth, Ill., a hostelry where Abraham Lincoln often slept, where "Dick" Yates, Lyman Trumbell and Richard Oglesby bought refreshments for the inner man in ante-bellum days, and from the veranda of which Stephen A. Douglas delivered one of his great speeches.

This article has not so much to do, however, with this historic hotel, as it has with the landlord's thirteen-year-old laughing, bright-eyed, rosy-cheeked daughter Ollie.

As one sees her to-day, the picture of perfect health, it is hard to believe that nearly nine of the thirteen years of her life were spent on the bed of invalidism, that for months she never walked, and for years suffered the pain, misery and distress of inflammatory rheumatism in its worst form.

Able physicians were employed but no permanent benefit resulted.

Mrs. Thompson heard of a wonderful cure which had been effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and was influenced by it to purchase some of the pills for her daughter.

Before she had taken half a box, there was marked improvement in her condition; when she had taken two boxes she was completely restored to health. To-day, there is not a healthier child than Ollie Thompson.

The case came to the attention of the editor of the *Tri-County Scribe*, and a reporter was detailed to learn the story of this remarkable cure from Mrs. Thompson's own lips. She said:

"Ollie was a hearty, well-developed child from the time she was born until she was three years old. In 1887 she was taken down with inflammatory rheumatism. For nine years she was never entirely free from the disease, and much of the time was in an alarming condition. At times, she could not walk, and her spine was drawn out of shape so that she could not stand straight. One of the doctors said if she became well she would be a cripple for life.

"Dr. Grigran, of Augusta, was the first doctor who had her case. He doctored her through two serious times of the disease, and finally told us he could not cure her. We doctored her most all the time, but when she was ten years old she had an unusually severe attack, and we called in Dr. Kreider, of Prairie City, where we were then living. He tried hard to cure her but finally gave it up. He said, 'I can do nothing further, the case is the worst I have witnessed.'

"We nearly gave up hope then, but called Dr. McDaniel who doctored her after we came to Plymouth, but no benefit was derived.

"Then I heard how Uncle Wesley Walker had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Knowing the condition it had been in, I thought if the pills cured him they might help Ollie. Consequently I bought a box for her, and before she had finished it she was much better. She continued taking them, and when the second box had been used she was well, and has never had rheumatism since.

"I cannot say too much for the Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. We have been dead long ago if she had not taken them." VICTORIA THOMPSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of September, 1897.

W. S. ROMICK, *Notary Public.*

I hereby state that I have examined Miss Ollie Thompson, and find no outward appearance of rheumatism.

W. D. WADE, M. D.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of September, 1897.

W. S. ROMICK, *Notary Public.*

All dealers sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, or they will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 1000), by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Daily Capital Journal.

BY HOFER BROTHERS.

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1898.

Daily, One Year $3.00, in Advance
Daily, Four Months $1.00, in Advance
Weekly, One Year $1.00, in Advance

UNION TICKET.

State Ticket.

Governor—W. R. KING.
Secretary of State—H. R. KINCAID.
State Treasurer—J. O. BOOTH.
Supreme Judge—W. M. RAMSEY.
Attorney-General—J. L. STORY.
State Printer—CHAS. A. FITCH.
Sup. of Public Instruction—H. S. LYMAN.

Congressional.

First District—R. M. VEATCH.
Second District—C. M. DONALDSON.

First Judicial District.

Judge—E. C. WADE.
Judge—JOHN A. JEFFREYS.
Prosecuting Attorney—A. N. SOLISS.
Member Board of Equalization—C. E. WORDEN.

Second Judicial District.

Judge—J. W. HAMILTON.
Prosecuting Att'y—HENRY DENLINGER, Jr.

Third Judicial District.

Judge—R. P. BOISE.
Judge—P. H. D'ARCY.
Prosecuting Att'y—S. L. HAYDEN.
Member Board of Equalization—J. P. ROBERTSON.

Joint Senator

Clackamas and Marion—H. L. BARKLEY.

Marion County Ticket.

Senators—GEO. W. DIMICK; L. C. GRIFFITH.
Representatives—JAS. A. KNIGHT; F. A. MYERS; H. L. BENTS; CHAS. F. HEIN; GEO. H. CROISAN.
Sheriff—FRANK W. DURBIN.
Clerk—KING L. HIBBARD.
County Commissioner—C. MARSH.
Recorder—C. P. STRAIN.
Assessor—T. C. DAVIDSON.
County School Supt—W. H. EGAN.
Treasurer—C. J. SIMERAL.
Surveyor—T. C. JORY (People's).
Coroner—T. L. GOLDEN.

SALEM PRECINCT.

Justice—JOHN M. PAYNE.
Constable—C. M. CHARLTON.

Dates for the Joint Canvass in Marion County.

Saturday, May 21st—Turner, 10 a. m.; Marion, 2 p. m.; Jefferson, 8 p. m.
Monday, May 23d—Aumsville, 10 a. m.; Sublimity, 2 p. m.; Stayton, 8 p. m.
Tuesday, May 24th—Detroit, 8 p. m.
Wednesday, May 25th—Gates, 10 a. m.; Mill City, 2 p. m.; Mehama, 8 p. m.
Thursday, May 26th—Victor Point, 2 p. m., Silverton, 8 p. m.
Friday, May 27th—Scott's Mills, 10 a. m., Monitor, 2 p. m.; Mt. Angel, 8 p. m.
Saturday, May 28th—Gervais, 10 a. m.; Woodburn, 2 p. m.
Tuesday, May 31st—St. Paul, 10 a. m.; Champoeg, 2 p. m.; Butteville, 8 p. m.
Wednesday, June 1st—Aurora, 10 a. m.; Hubbard, 2 p. m.; Brooks, 8 p. m.
Thursday, June 2d—Howell, 10 a. m.; Macleay, 2 p. m.
Friday, June 3d—East Salem, 2 p. m.; Salem, 8 p. m.

KING AND SOVEREIGN.

Their Itinerary Arranged for Two Weeks.

Senator W. R. King, the Union candidate for governor, spoke at Heppner Saturday night. He will return at once and he and J. R. Sovereign will speak at Medford at 1:30 p. m. on Monday. Their itinerary has been arranged as follows:

Medford, May 9, 1:30 p. m; Grants Pass, May 10, 1:30 p. m; Roseburg, May 11, 1:30 p. m; Eugene, May 13, 1:30 p. m; Albany, May 13, 7:30 p. m. Corvallis, May 14, 7:30 p. m; Toledo, May 16, 7:30 p. m; Independence, May 17, 2:30 p. m; Dallas, May 17, 8 p. m; McMinnville, May 18, 8 p. m; Forest Grove, May 19, 1:30 p. m; Hillsboro, May 19 8 p. m; Oregon City, May 20; Portland, May 21.

"Cyclone" Davis, the Texas Populist, arrived Saturday morning and will begin the campaign at once. Id

UNION MEETINGS.

Cyclone Davis will speak at Silverton, Saturday, May 21, at 1:30 p. m., and at Salem at 7:30 p. m., same date.

RELIGION AND POLITICS.

Col. (?) B. F. Alley, editor of the Baker City Republican, is out in an editorial charging Hon. Will R. King, Union candidate for governor, with being an A. P. A. We have only to say in reply that we are satisfied that our former statement is true in every respect. The letter of Senator Al Reed, a Republican of standing, reprint from the Oregonian, is evidence of the character which is borne by this man Alley, and stamps him as one who would lend himself to any dirty scheme to injure an honest man. T. T. Geer, the Republican candidate, is a member of the Silverton A. P. A. council and dare not deny it, and his henchmen are simply, as in this case of Alley, trying to injure his competitor by unfair means.—Roseburg Review.

THE JOURNAL is perfectly satisfied that Mr. King is not a member of the A. P. A. because he says he is not.

If Mr. Geer will say that he is not an A. P. A. we will print his statement and that will settle it so far as we are concerned and ought to settle it with all fair-minded men.

There is no way to prove or disprove any man's membership in a secret organization, except by his own statement as a matter of honor.

THE JOURNAL has refused to print anything reflecting in any manner upon the private or personal character of T. T. Geer, though asked to do so. An official's public record is something the public have a right to read about.

Now, if either the Union party or the Republican party has surrendered to the A. P. A. politicians, which is it? Is it not a notorious fact that the Republicans turned down Gov. Lord, Phil Metschan, Supt. Irwin and Attorney General Idleman because they were not bigots on this question but treated all men alike, regardless of their religious faith? Gov. Lord was warned that if he made any more speeches at Catholic banquets or Catholic dedications he would be defeated. He told the A. P. A. manager he would not be influenced by such considerations and they united solidly in Marion county against him. The Mitchell faction, the Binger Herman politicians, and the weak and hungry elements that always run after anything to get votes all united to nominate Mr. Geer because he had not taken a stand on this question.

There is nothing more vicious or reprehensible in public affairs than the effort making to brand a man as a member of a secret political organization that seeks to make religious faith a test of loyalty or citizenship, and then give him no way to clear himself, not even accepting his own assertion.

A PARALLEL CASE.

Medford Mail-Tor-Miner: Now that all the candidates are in the field, their past official records are the property of the voters, and in this connection they will look well to the record of Benson, the Republican nominee for circuit judge. The voters of Jackson county have not forgotten the series of blunders by which he lost the county about $8000 in the Bloomer defalcation.

The above is a parallel case to the Ward defalcation in Clatsop county. Benson was the speaker of the Mitchellite rump house in 1897. The Republicans have put up men like him from Clatsop, Dunbar for secretary of state, and from Klamath, Moore for state treasurer. Why do they do this? If the Union party had made up its state ticket with county officials, from counties where there has been a Republican defalcation and no one convicted, what a howl would go up from the virtous "sound money" howlers and apostles of virtue? Failure to convict in those three counties proves that the whole gang stood in to protect one another. This is not "politics. It is facts from the official record and a question of common honesty in public business.

THEY HAVE A RECORD.

The Union of Silver and Reform forces in Marion county have a record.

It is for good government and for the right.

They elected one member of the Salem city council and his record is free from all jobbery.

They put up no candidates for director in the Salem school election but they voted right.

They are not afraid to vote for clean Republicans when they are put up against boodlers.

County Treasurer Brown is a leader in the Union party and he has made a model official.

Secretary of State Kincaid is a Union man, though a lifelong Republican. He has made the best record ever made by a man in that office.

So in city, county, school district and state the Union voters have a record to be proud of.

No taxpayer will ever have cause to regret giving his vote to any man on the Union ticket.

GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATES.

The Semi-Weekly Heppner Gazette, a leading Republican newspaper of Eastern Oregon, pays the following high personal tribute to Hon. W. R. King:

The people of Heppner will be addressed tomorrow by one of the Union party's leading men, Hon. W. R. King, candidate for governor of Oregon on the fusion ticket. The Republicans have one of their best men at the head of their ticket, Hon. T. T. Geer—Tall Timothy of the Waldo Hills."—If our party should win we will have the satisfaction of knowing we voted wisely and well, but if we should loose we can have this consolation, that a man has been chosen who has no objectional qualities other than his politics. Mr. King, like Mr. Geer, has served his state in a splendid manner as a solon, having been elected first as a representative on the Democratic ticket, from Malheur county, and afterwards as joint senator on the Populist ticket, representing Baker and Malheur counties. Republicans have a right to support Mr. Geer and should be proud to do so on the point of partisan politics, but otherwise Mr. King is the peer of Mr. Geer.

THE UNION TICKET.

The people of any county regardless of party are perfectly safe in voting for the Union legislative ticket. If that party has control of the legislature some reform bills will be passed and economy will be enforced.

What faction or ring or senatorial machine will control the Marion county delegation if Republicans are elected? Will they be Mitchellites or Moabites or Corvettites, or Hittites or Jebusites, or McKinley-Mitchellites?

The warring factions of Republicanism in Oregon owe the people one Solemn duty—to go bury themselves.

WM. H. EGAN.

Sketch of the Union Nominee for County School Superintent.

Wm. H. Egan, Union nominee for Marion county school superintendent, is a man in every way qualified for that important position. Twenty-three years a teacher has made him thoroughly familiar with the school system of Marion county. His energy and experience are a sufficient guaranty of his ability to fully and promptly meet every requirement of the office. During his long service as teacher, he has taught full terms and never lost an hour from sickness. As county clerk he is remembered as a competent and obliging official, always at his post.

As superintendent he would faithfully labor for the upbuilding and perfecting of our free school system and be in sympathy with every effort to elevate the standard of education or to ennoble the high and responsible calling of teacher; Should he be elected, his love of school work, pleasing address and obliging disposition will make him very popular with both the teachers and schools of the county.

HON. H. C. HUSTON.

Union Nominee for State Senator of Lane County.

The name of the gentleman who heads the Lane county Union ticket is a familiar one to the pioneers and earlies settlers. H. C. Huston, Union nominee for State Senator, came to Oregon with the emigrantion of 1852, driving an ox team across the long and dusty plains. His native state is Indiana but with much of the earlier emigration, that dared the hardships of a six months journey across a wild and comparatively unknown counrry, he hailed from Missouri.

Mr. Huston settled on the claim, where he now resides, twelve miles west of Eugene. When the Rogue River Indian war of 1855-6 broke out in the southern portion of the state he was one of the first to enlist and served until the Indians were subdued and the troops disbanded, receiving three serious wounds in the service.

Was elected state senator from Lane county and served from 1866 to 1868. Held the position of postmaster of Long Tom post office from 1870 to 1878.

Mr. Huston is a man of strong individuality of character. Acquired his education—and it is not a limited one by any means—in the practical school of experience that served so many of our pioneers. He can be trusted to fully carry out the dictates of his conscience uninfluenced by the many combinations and temptations that beset the path of the average legislator.

We need not speak of his soundness on the great issue that has brought the Union party—the party of reform and of the people—into existence. Mr. Huston is amply gifted with the faculty of expressing himself, and making himself understood, and will be heard from in the county canvass —Eugene Daily Guard.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Candidate Not Afraid.

Prof. Lyman Denounces the American Book Co.

FOR ROBBING OREGON PEOPLE.

Legislative Investigation Should Be Had as to Cost in Oregon.

[Daily Oregonian May 12, 1898:]

PORTLAND, May 11.—(To the Editor) A gentleman whose position entitles him to the highest credit in school affairs in our state is reported in the Portland Telegram, of April 15, as saying that he was not entirely satisfied with the school books now furnished the pupils of the state and thought that marked changes should be made in the works on geography and arithmetic. He also thought that the prices of school books should be regulated, as parents have to pay more for them than the books are worth.

Examination of the prices of our school text books in Oregon and in other states fully bears out the assertions of this gentleman. I have recently received catalogues of school books with price lists from the state superintendents of Montana and Missouri. Whatever may be the result of the present election, or whoever is placed in the office of superintendent of public instruction, it would certainly be a pity if this election should pass by and the people of our state fail to learn how much they are paying for their children's school books in comparison with those of other states.

In Montana, where population is much more sparse, and the general expenses of living are greater than in Oregon, the cost of school books is much less. For instance, the five school readers, Stickney's series, published by Ginn & Co., cost in the aggregate $2.09. In Oregon the five readers, the Barnes series published by the American Book Co., certainly not superior to Stickney's, cost $3. The two arithmetics in Montana, Walsh, published by D. C. Heath & Co., cost 95 cents; in Oregon our arithmetics Fish, published by the American Book Co., a serious notoriously inferior, cost $1. In Montana the two geographies, published by Rand, McNally & Co., cost $1.33; in Oregon the two geographies, Montieth's published by the American Book Co., cost $1.90. In Montana copy books of the best character are 60 cents a dozen; in Oregon they are 96 cents a dozen to $1.20 a dozen.

In Missouri, where the population is much denser than in Oregon, we find, as we should expect, even better prices than in Montana. The five readers, the Franklin series, by Sheldon & Co., cost in the aggregate, full cloth, $1.52; or cloth back, $1.32. The geographies, the Rand McNally series, cost, both, $1.23. A first reader in Missouri costs at retail, over the counter, but 12 cents, against ours at 25 cents.

It is unnecessary to particularize. Any one interested—and who is not that has to buy school books?—may study this out for himself by sending direct to Montana or Missouri for prices.

In view of this condition, in which nearly 90,000 school children are daily using books that cost from 25 to 100 per cent more than the children of neighboring states are obliged to pay, is it not astonishing that any one should object to the charge?

It has been currently reported that in 1894, the time of the last school book election, books were not changed because the people were suffering from hard times and did not wish a change. It it were true that the people did not wish a change, it was only because they were ignorant of the great expense that a continuance of books and prices were bringing upon them. They ignorantly believed, or else they were knavishly informed, that a change meant an increase of expense, whereas a change at that time, or at the present time, or at the next book election, means a vast reduction in expense.

The change that the people favor will be a chance, not necessarily of books, but of contract; a change of prices. The American book Co., itself, which has a practical monopoly of the book business here, and which with a hardhood characteristic of all intrenched monopolies, takes no pain to furnish us its best publications, is doing business to Idaho along with some twelve other companies; in Montana, along with some eight ther companies; and in Missouri along with some twenty-one other companies, and furnishes those states its best books at prices as low as any.

This election ought to result in compelling this concern to deal with Oregon fairly or else to quit the state. The demand of the people, loud enough to be heard from one end of the street to the other, should be for a change of contract, for prices as low as those in Idaho or Montana, or possibly in Missouri, and to bring this opulent and merciless A. B. C. monopoly to the level of descent competition.

H. S. LYMAN.

Excursion Rates.

To the G. A. R., encampment at The Dalles, Or., via Steamer Alvena and the Regulator. Fare round trip $2.50. Tickets good leaving Monday, May 16, return [illegible] 11 16

KING S. HIBBARD.

The Union Nominee for Clerk of Courts in Marion County

Hon. K. L. Hibbard, candidate for county clerk on Union ticket, is a native of Illinois, crossed the great plains with parents in 1847, arriving in the beautiful Waldo Hills, September 25, same year, where he now lives on part of the old homestead, located by his father.

He received such schooling as the facilities of those early times afforded. His most noted teachers were the late well known chancery lawyer, B F. Dowell, and the inimitable Judge Orange Jacobs, Low of Seattle. The former was a successful teacher. The latter, a scholarly man and forceful teacher, who stamped the impress of his genius upon many of his pupils and was regarded the Nestor of educators at that time.

On leaving school he engaged in teaching a short time, but soon turned his attention to the pursuits of agriculture, which he has since successfully followed. He has long been known as a careful and popular dairyman.

In 1874 he was elected assessor of Marion county, for two years, and was appointed to fill the half term of T. C. Shaw. During his three years assessorship, the entire cost to the county, was less than $4500 an amount insufficient to run that office one year under present extravagant methods.

In 1877 he did the entire held work alone less fifteen days help commencing the 1st day of March, the assessment was completed and the books turned over to the sheriff and clerk on the 1st day of October. Now it requires the assessor and a dozen deputies nearly a year to complete the work. He helped to enumerate the census of this county in 1880 to the entire satisfaction of the government. Being placed upon the legislative ticket by the People's party in 1896, he came within 250 votes of being elected, although it was a year of big Republican majorities in this county. For 25 years he has either clerk or a member of the board of directors of his school district, showing to an unusual degree the esteem in which he is held by those who know him best.

Mr. Hibbard is an original republican having helped organize that once great party in this state. He was a follower and admirer of the immortal Lincoln, and while the teachings and influence of such famous Statesmen as Seward and Sumner, Fessenden and Chase dominated the party, he kept pace with its sturdiest votaries. He knows the thrills and heartswells of republicanism, when it meant something besides Hannaism—When gold was not its God, its creed and its greed. He is abreast of all reforms for the betterment of society. And the inborn principle that made him a dutiful and loving son, and a favorite of both schoolmates and teachers forms the basis of his character as a man and makes him a most pleasant companion, desirable neighbor and friend. There is no more worthy man in Marion county today than K. L. Hibbard. He has been faithful to every trust reposed in him and if elected Clerk all the people of the county will have a competent economical and most genial official.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The following is the platform adopted by the republican party of Oregon in state convention assembled, at Astoria, Thursday, April 14, 1898:

"We, the republican voters of the state of Oregon, in convention assembled, congratulate the people of the state as well as of the whole nation on the unmistakable fact that the dark cloud of adversity, which has hung like a pall over our fair land, has been dissipated. We recognize that the return of prosperity is due to the restoration of the republican party to power.

"We are in favor of the maintenance of the present gold standard; we are unqualifiedly opposed to the free coinage of silver and to all other schemes looking to the debasement of the currency and the repudiation of debt. We believe that the best money in the world is none too good to be assured by the government to the laborer as the fruit of his toil and to the farmer as the price of his crop. We condemn the continued agitation of free silver as calculated to jeopardise the prosperity of the country and to shake the confidence of the people in the maintenance of a wise financial policy; we particularly condemn as unpatriotic, the efforts of the free silver agitators to array class against class and section against section; we declare that the interests of all classes and of all sections of our country alike demand a sound and stable financial system.

"While we deplore the imminence of war, we recognize that the country is on the eve of a war, undertaken for the vindication of the national honor and the performance of a work dictated by every instinct of humanity; we declare that the administration is entitled in this conflict to the confidence and support of the entire people.

"We are firmly attached to the principles of the federal constitution; we recognize that representative government is one of these principles, and we are opposed to any change in law or constitution which will abrogate this time-honored principle.

"We are in favor of retrenchment and reform in state and county matters.

"We demand strict economy in public affairs, and the abolition of all needless offices and commissions.

"The salmon fishing industry, so fruitful a source of revenue to the state, should be fostered, and to that end we favor state aid in the artificial propagation of salmon, and their distribution in the waters of the state.

"We reaffirm our allegiance to the principles of the republican party of the United States, as enunciated by the republican convention in St. Louis in 1896.

"We denounce the fusion party of Oregon as an aggregation of spoilsmen, who are ready to subordinate principles to offices. Each of the parties to this compact is willing to stultify itself and form alliances with elements which it has heretofore denounced as dangerous and unfit to be intrusted with power; we declare that good government cannot come from such an alliance."

UNION PLATFORM

The following is the platform adopted by the People's, Democratic and Silver Republican parties assembled in state conventions at Portland, March 23-26, 1898:

United in a common cause for the sacred purpose of preserving the principles of government by the whole people, in fact as well as in name, restoring and maintaining equality, under that government, of all classes, we, the People's Democratic and Silver Republican parties of the state of Oregon, waiving all minor points of difference, and uniting for the purpose of carrying out the great underlying principles upon which we are all agreed, do make and present to the people of this state the following declaration of principles, and to the carrying out of which we solemnly pledge each and every candidate upon our united ticket:

First—We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of foreign nations; and we are unalterably opposed to the policy of the present republican administration in demanding the retirement of greenbacks, and the turning over of the money-making power of the government to the national banks, as presented by the bill drawn by the republican secretary of the treasury, and indorsed by President McKinley; and we especially denounce the avowed attempt by said bill to fasten the country irrevocably and forever to the single gold standard.

We demand a national money, safe and sound, issued by the general government only, without the intervention of banks of issue, to be a full legal tender for all debts public and private, also a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people through the lawful disbursements of the government.

We demand that the volume of circulating medium be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of the business and population of this country, and to restore the just level of prices of labor and production.

We favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract.

We demand that the government, in payment of its obligations, shall use its option as to the kind of lawful money in which they are to be paid, and we denounce the present and preceeding administrations for surrendering this option to the holders of government obligations.

We demand that there shall be no further issue of United States interest-bearing bonds.

We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

We demand the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

We demand the initiative and referendum system of law-making in its optional form, local, state and national, and the submission by congress of all important national questions for an advisory vote of the people, until such time as the national constitution shall have been amended so as to provide for direct legislation.

We condemn as dangerous and unjust the surrender, in all departments of the government, to the influence of trusts, corporations and aggregations of wealth generally; and the packing of the highest courts of the land with corporation lawyers, too ready to do the will of their late employers, and to set aside valid and wholesome laws passed by the legislative departments of the states and government, upon flimsy pretexts, at the behests of such institutions.

We are opposed to government by injunction.

In state matters, we demand:

A simple and well-guarded registration law.

A more equitable mode of appointing judges of election.

Stringent laws to regulate the operation of fish traps, fish wheels and all fishing gear in the waters within the jurisdiction of the state.

We denounce and condemn the corrupt and extravagant republican legislative assemblies, and charge that the republican party, in its eagerness for the spoils of office, has become divided into warring factions, so that it is incapable of government as exemplified by the condition existing in the office of the state treasurer, there being at this time more than $500,000 therein wrung from the people by the process of taxation, while state warrants are stamped "Not paid for want of funds."

We demand that all district and county officers be placed upon salaries commensurate with the duties to be performed by them.

Inasmuch as railroad and other corporate property is not bearing its proportion of taxation, we demand that such property shall bear its just and equal share of the expenses of government.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c

Blood Poison.

Contagious Blood Poison has been appropriately called the curse of mankind. It is the one disease that physicians cannot cure; their mercurial and potash remedies only bottle up the poison in the system, to surely break forth in a more virulent form, resulting in a total wreck of the system.

Mr. Frank B. Martin, a prominent jeweler at 926 Pensylvania Ave., Washington, D.C., says: I was for a long time under treatment of two of the best physicians of this city for a severe case of blood poison, but my condition grew worse all the while, notwithstanding the fact that they charged me three hundred dollars. My mouth was filled with eating sores; my tongue was almost eaten away, so that for three months I was unable to taste any solid food. My hair was coming out rapidly, and I was in a horrible fix. I had tried various treatments, and was nearly discouraged, when a friend recommended S.S.S. After I had taken four bottles, I began to get better, and when I had finished eighteen bottles, I was cured sound and well, my skin was without a blemish, and I have had no return of the disease. S.S.S. saved me from a life of misery." S.S.S. (*guaranteed purely vegetable*) will cure any case of blood poison. Books on the disease and its treatment, mailed free by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SSS

"IRONING MADE EASY"

This starch is prepared on scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundering. It restores old linen and summer dresses to their natural whiteness and imparts a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen and can be used even for a baby powder.

For sale by all wholesale and retail grocers.

O.R.&N.

TO THE EAST GIVES THE CHOICE —OF— Two Transcontinental Routes.

Via Spokane Minneapolis St. Paul and Denver Omaha and Kansas City. Low rates to eastern cities.

For full details call on or address

BOISE & BARKER
Agents, Salem, Oregon.

OCEAN DIVISION.
Portland—San Francisco.

Steamers leave Ainsworth dock, Portland April 28, May 1 4 7 10 13 16 19 22 25 28 31.

Fare—Cabin, $12.00; steerage, $8.

WILLAMETTE RIVER DIVISION.

PORTLAND—SALEM ROUTE—Steamer Ruth for Portland Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 a. m. For Corvallis, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 p. m. Steamer Elmore for Portland Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:15 a. m.

Transfers to street car line at Oregon City if the steamers are delayed there. Round trip tickets to all points in Oregon, Washington, California or the east. Connections made at Portland with all rail, ocean and river lines. Call on G. M. Powers, agent, foot Trade street.

W. H. HURLBURT,
Gen'l Pas. Agt. Portland, Or.

EAST AND SOUTH

—VIA—

THE SHASTA ROUTE

OF THE

Southern Pacific Co

EXPRESS TRAINS RUN DAILY

6:00 P M	Lv...Portland...Ar	9:30 A M
8:25 P M	Lv...Salem....Lv	7:00 A M
7:45 A M	Ar. San Francisco. Lv	8:00 P M

Above trains stop at all principal stations bet. Portland and Salem, Turner, Marion Jefferson, Albany, Tangent, Shedds, Halsey, Harrisburg, Junction City, Eugene, Creswell Cottage Grove, Drain, Oakland, and all stations from Roseburg to Ashland, inclusive.

ROSEBURG MAIL, —DAILY.

8:30 A M	Lv....Portland..Ar	4:30 P M
10:55 A M	Lv....Salem....Lv	1:50 P M
5:20 P M	Ar....Roseburg..Lv	7:30 A M

Pullman buffet sleeper and second-class sleeping cars attached to all through trains.

WEST SIDE DIVISION.
BETWEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS.
Mail trains daily [except Sunday.]

7:30 A M	Lv....Portland..Ar	5:50 P M
12:15 P M	Ar....Corvallis..Lv	1:05 P M

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of the O. C. & E. Ry.

EXPRESS TRAIN DAILY [EXCEPT SUNDAY.]

4:50 P M	Lv...Portland...Ar	8:25 A M
7:30 P M	Lv...McMinnville Lv	5:50 A M
8:30 P M	Ar Independence Lv	4:50 A M

Direct connections at San Francisco with Occidental and Oriental and Pacific mail steamship lines for JAPAN AND CHINA. Sailing dates on application

Rates and tickets to Eastern points and Europe. Also JAPAN, CHINA, HONOLULU and AUSTRALIA, can be obtained from W. W. SKINNER, Ticket Agent Salem.

R. KOEHLER, Manager.
C. H. MARKHAM, G. F. & P. A. Portland

Corvallis & Eastern R. R. Company.

[YAQUINA BAY ROUTE.

Connecting at Yaquina Bay with the San Francisco & Yaquina Bay Steamship Co.

STEAMSHIP "PRESIDENT,"

Sails from Yaquina every 8 days for San Francisco, Coos Bay, Port Orford, Trinidad and Humboldt Bay.

Passenger accommodations unsurpassed. Shortest route between the Willamette valley and California.

Fare from Albany or points west to San Francisco: Cabin, $8; steerage, $6.

Round trip, good 60 days, $17.

To Coos Bay cabin $8; steerage $6.

To Humboldt Bay and Port Orford, cabin $10; steerage $8.

RIVER DIVISION

Steamer "Albany" between Portland and Corvallis, through without lay-over. Leaving Corvallis 6:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Sundays; leaves Portland, Yamhill street dock, 6:00 a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays

EDWIN STONE, Manager.
J. C. MAYS, Superintendent.
Corvallis, Or.

C. G. COKER, Agent, Salem.

Burlington Route

Let Me

plan your trip east. Let me suggest a good route for the return as the going trip. Let me quote rates. Let me tell you how comfortable and quickly and safely you can make the trip if you take Burlington Route.

No trouble for me to do this. No expense for you to have me do it.

Three route easts—via Billings, Denver, and St. Paul. Tickets at offices of connecting lines.

A. C. SHELDON,
Gen'l agent, Portland, Or.

The Northern Pacific

Railroad still continues the popular route for eastern travel and now that spring is opening up it becomes more so than ever. The pleasant and comfortable accommodations furnished passengers are proverbial and need no mention. The quick time made, without change of cars is universally known. The road traverses the most magnificent belt of country in the world, every mile furnishing constant scenery attractive and interesting, so that the traveler goes through without fatigue and reaches the journey's end without realizing distance. Although Washington, Idaho, Montana Dakota, Nebraska and the other states, the eye is feasted with scenes pleasing and impressive, while no sand storm, suffocating atmosphere or other demoralizing discomforts are met with. For tickets and full particulars call on

THOMAS, WATT & CO.
Salem, Or., Agents

Oregon Short Line.

—THE—

Quickest, Safest, Cheapest

Line for all points East and southeast.

FREE reclining chair cars, Pullman palace sleeping cars, and upholstered tourist sleeping cars on all through trains.

BOISE & BARKER,
Agent Salem, Or

C. O. TERRY,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
W. E. COMAN,
General Agent,
124 Third Street Portland, Or.

When Going East

Use a first-class line in traveling between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and the principal towns in Central Wisconsin.

Pullman Palace Sleeping and chair cars in service.

The Dining cars are operated in the interest of its patrons, the most elegant service ever inaugurated. Meals are served à la Carte.

To obtain first-class service your tickets should read via

The Wisconsin Central Lines.

for all connections at Chicago and Milwaukee. For eastern points.

Ticket full information call on your nearest ticket agent or write

JAS. C. POND,
General Pass. Agent Milwaukee.
Or JAS. A. CLOCK, General Agent Wis. Stark Street Portland Or.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Pig 6 for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not the cause of poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.