

Still They Come! THE WAR PROCLAMATION



Our new, stylish, up-to-date SHOES are catching. People will go where they can get nice goods at popular prices, 275 Commercial street is the place; Call on us for a square deal and up-to-date shoes.

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LADIES!

This is our \$30

PACIFIC!



Furnished black and myrtle green.

BUREN & HAMILTON

NEW ARRIVALS OF

Dress Goods!

Exquisite patterns and bargains. Call and see them. Also an immense line of embroideries. See the different lines from 6c to 25c a yard, that will cost you double the money regular. Lots of new goods arrived at

FRIEDMAN'S

Corner State and Commercial streets.



Hardware is a line in which there is a great variety in quality and, of course, in price. We give you the best to be had of everything. You would not expect to get cheap prices on high grade goods, but we do sell the best goods at the lowest possible prices. For instance our

JEWEL

Stoves and Ranges

There are no better goods made, and we can sell them at prices that would surprise you.

GRAY BROS.

Removal Sale.

Come in and Get Bargains.

BROWN & SMITH.

248 Commercial street.

CHRISTMAS IS OVER!

But we are going to commence the New Year again with offering you low prices for groceries.

Table listing grocery items and prices: Salem Special, patronize home industry only... 90; Aumsville Flour... 10; New Pickles, per qt... 10; Arbuckle and Lion Coffee, per pk... 15; Best Mocha and Java Coffee, per lb... 35; Good Mocha and Java coffee per lb... 30; 10 lbs Lard... 85; 5 lbs Lard... 45; Chocolate, per lb... 25; 10 lbs. B. Wheat... 25; 10 lbs Corn Meal... 25; Try our Ho Cream Oats for mush.

HARRIETT & LAWRENCE

Old P. O. Corner

McKinley Will Issue a War Proclamation, Monday.

Preparations to Attack Havana by Land and Sea.

General Lee Gives War Department Information.

AMERICAN LINERS BOUGHT.

Sagasta Does Not Fear McKinley's Policy.

Clamoring for War in Madrid by Spanish Rioters.

President Will Veto All Independence Acts for Cubans

Special to The Journal.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 14.—All Cuban war news received here may be summarized as follows:

There was serious rioting in various parts of Spain, yesterday. Many persons were injured. Hostilities still continue in Cuba.

A member of the Spanish cabinet says that all Spain will resist to the bitter end any interference of the United States in Cuban affairs.

The flying squadron is ordered back to Hampton Roads after forty eight hours target practice. It will then be stationed at some southern port in case war begins.

The government is making preparations for a naval and land attack upon Havana. There is great activity and interest at Key West. The latest is that the president will issue a war proclamation Monday.

WASHINGTON, April 14, 6 p. m.—The president announces that he will veto any resolution embodying a promise for the recognition of Cuban independence.

Debate on the Cuban resolution is now going on in the senate. The galleries are packed. Great interest is manifested everywhere.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—There was a revival of general war activity in the navy and war departments, important conferences and hearings were held, the most notable being the session of the war board of the navy department, before which Consul-General Lee appeared.

General Lee furnished a great deal of definite data in regard to the forces of the insurgents and the Spanish in Cuba. An important feature of the hearing was the agreement that it would be very necessary to interrupt the cable from Santiago de Cuba. It is proposed to send a ship to the southeastern waters of Cuba and, at the outbreak of hostilities, drag for and cut the cable from Santiago de Cuba. It was decided to press the St. Louis and St. Paul, into naval service and to assign Captain Sigbee to the first of those ships, which should be ready.

Contracts for 100 guns for the army was awarded a cost of nearly three quarters of a million; nine enlisted men in the army were made second lieutenants and the navy department began the official enrollment of acting line officers.

An offer was received from patriotic New York ladies to build another ambulance snip.

Five tugs were purchased by the navy department and sixth tug was ordered to be purchased.

Army signal men in the west will be transferred to the eastern district. The navy department has been officially advised of the departure of Oquendo and Vizcaya from Porto Rico. No intimation is given of the direction taken by the two vessels, but it has been given out that they are proceeding to Cape Verde island or to the Canaries, probably the latter. This information was the cause of some excitement this afternoon.

General Miles urged Secretary Alger to make a call for volunteers to the number of 60,000 for the augmentation of the army; but, after further consideration, it was decided to adhere to the numerical strength of 40,000, previously decided upon; yet there will, within a day or two, be a compromise on a force of 30,000. Everything is in readiness, so far as routine work goes, of securing volunteers and for the concentration of the regulars. There remains for these two features in the military program only the issue of the presidential proclamation calling for volunteers.

Admiral John G. Walker has been detailed as a member of the war board in the navy department.

Orders have been issued in the war department prohibiting further use of ammunition by the light batteries of the artillery in field guns for the instruction of troops. The order has a special significance in the fact that the time has arrived when powder and projectiles must be saved.

There is ominous news from New York that dock No. 3 cannot be put into condition for service within 60 days. The dock situation, which has given the authorities a good deal of trouble in the last four or five years, proves to be the most exasperating feature in the whole war scheme.

Not Afraid.

MADRID, via Biarritz, France, April 14.—Sagasta said after a long interview with the queen regent, that he could not say that the tone of the McKinley message was hostile to Spain.

The old premier's eyes glittered and his voice trembled as he said it. He refused to discuss the message until the full official text arrived. I have talked to those in his confidence, and find the old Spanish fox still believes that congress will entrust the whole Cuban question to McKinley and that, with Woodford's assistance, matters can be delayed indefinitely, or at least until Spain can be better prepared for war.

It is a fact that Woodford has assured the Spaniards, even since the McKinley message was delivered, that peace is certain. Woodford knows the Spanish minister will not consent to the independence of Cuba, nor to intervention. Sagasta and the ministry, as well as the queen, have said again and again that Spain will not surrender another point till she is conquered. The fact is, the Spanish ministry has now an idea that McKinley has offended the American public by his message, and if he gets congress to put the matter into his hands he will continue delays indefinitely.

Rioting in Madrid.

MADRID, April 14.—Rioting was resumed at midnight last night. Many persons were injured, in a charge made by the civil guards. Quiet was restored but the government finds it increasingly difficult to repress the persistent clamor for war which comes from almost the entire population. Carlisle Baron Singsen and 17 others were sent to prison to await trial for participating in the riots.

How to Take Havana.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Lee attended a secret session of the board of strategy and gave his views on the best way to take Havana. He spoke for over an hour, going over the whole military situation, describing the military Spanish defenses, then the positions and character of the guns, mines, and much secret information he gathered in Havana.

Designedly Sunk.

LONDON, April 14.—Mr. J. P. Gibbons, who handled the submarine mines which were intended for use in Havana harbor, reaffirms, in the face of Spain's denial, that 96 mines and 14 tons of gun cotton were furnished Spain by the firm of which he is superintendent.

NO COMMUNICATION.

Unable to Notify Cubans of Congress' Action.

SPAIN FORTIFYING FOR WAR.

All Cable Communications With Cuba Cut Off.

KEY WEST, April 14.—Agents of the Cuban insurgents are trying to communicate the probable action of congress to their associates in the field. They may get news across the gulf by means of a boat from other parts. No vessels are leaving Key West for Havana, and none have arrived from there. Though cable messages are sent, no answers are received. Nothing has been received since General Lee's departure from Havana.

MADRID, April 14.—As the result of a long, important cabinet council, the Spanish war office is actively engaged in fortifying and manning the Mediterranean islands of Spain and placing other portions of the kingdom in a state of defense. It is understood instructions have been cabled Captain-General Blanco to carry suspension of hostilities into practical effect "according to circumstances in each district."

NEW YORK, April 14.—The present policy of the state department is in full accord with the precedents established by former administrations, and the general granting of letters of marque to privateers will not be advocated in case of war with Spain, says the Washington correspondent of the Herald.

While no authoritative statement can be obtained on the subject, it is certain the administration believes intervention in Cuba can be secured if congress acts in accordance with the recommendations contained in the president's message within the strict limits of international law, by reason of damages sustained by citizens of the United States in the island of Cuba and by the United States itself in the loss of the Maine.

The delegation to the president of the right to intervene would be in line with the powers granted in the cases of Algiers and Tripoli, and would carry as incidental to it the right to grant letters of marque and reprisal and to use the government war vessels for purposes of reprisal, without giving Spain a just cause for a declaration of war and without constituting an act of war upon the part of the United States.

MADRID, April 14.—The situation is regarded on all sides, even apparently by Minister Woodford, as being most serious.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 14.—The semi-official Journal de St. Petersburg contends that the concluding passage of McKinley's message precludes the possibility of military action upon the part of the United States.

LONDON, April 14.—A dispatch from Rome announces that the pope has again telegraphed to the emperor of Austria, begging him to use his influence with the other sovereigns in behalf of peace between the United States and Spain.

KEY WEST, April 14.—The cable communication with Havana was interrupted for several hours yesterday morning. Later in the day it started working. The cable officials here could offer no explanation for the happening.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Statistics from Las Villas obtained by a Herald correspondent show there are throughout the province of Santa Clara 1000 insurgents. In this number there are 20 important chiefs. They operate in bands of 150 and 200 men, with 30 and 40 horses. The Spanish troops operate in small groups save in the Siguaue hills. Carragena and La Reforma, where larger columns go.

There are throughout the province 52 sugar plantations, from which there have been produced 803,159 barrels of

sugar. The grinding continues with regularity except in the sugar plantation of Cananabo, which was set on fire recently.

El Pais says that President McKinley's message with its pacific and conciliatory tone, according to the extract transmitted to the insular cabinet by its representative, proved the falsehood of information given by the sensational press of the United States regarding the attitude of Mr. McKinley. The paper expresses no surprise, because it says that it could not ever expect that he would forget traditions and sound principles accepted by all statesmen who succeeded the great founder of the republic, George Washington.

It offers congratulations to its readers, because it declares the contingency of a conflict is now remote and alarm has disappeared.

The trial of the five men of the English sloop Arrow, which was taken to Santa Cruz del Sur by the Spanish gunboat Depento, for having been found in a prohibited place and having some provisions and munitions for the rebels, has been suspended.

Americans in Danger. TAMPA, Fla., April 14.—The large number of Americans left in Matanzas, Cuba, and said to be in imminent danger. The government sent inquiries here as to how soon steamers could proceed thither to take away 350 Americans there. The answer was that the Olive and Florida could proceed at once. They expect to be ordered to Matanzas tomorrow.

Will Remain Neutral. ROME, April 14.—At a meeting of the council of ministers Marquis Visconti Venosta declared that Italy, in accordance with engagements entered into with the allied powers, will remain absolutely neutral.

The Italian ambassador to Berlin has arrived in Rome. He informs the government officially that the German emperor will shortly visit Rome. This visit is connected with the present serious international situation.

Ignore Armistice. HAVANA, April 14.—The insurgents are ignoring the so-called armistice. General Rosas, who is within sight of Havana, with 2000 men, has received orders from Gomez to keep fighting around Havana, no matter what proposals of truce the Spanish may make and be ready to ready to operate with any American force that may land.

In Porto Rico. NEW YORK, April 14.—Advises to the Herald from Porto Rico are to the effect that the populace is still excited over the election, which resulted in a liberal majority of 25. Tuesday the governor issued proclamation against disorder.

Murder in First Degree. JACKSONVILLE, Or., April 14.—The case of the State vs Frank Lawrence Smith, charged with the murder of Peter Nelson in a boxcar near Central Point, February 15, went to the jury and after one hour's deliberation the jury returned a verdict of murder in first degree. Sentence was suspended, pending a motion for a new trial.

DECLARED INSANE.—Officers reached this city about 6 o'clock Wednesday evening from Woodburn, with a demented Italian hobo, who was arrested at that place during the afternoon. The man was bare-foot and without a hat, and his actions were those of an insane person. After an examination before Judge G. P. Terrell, conducted by District Attorney S. L. Hayden and Dr. C. H. Robertson, the man was committed to the asylum. The man gave the name of M. Bernardo and is about 32 years of age. During his examination the man claimed to have worked for several years in a coal mine, but his hands and arms and general appearance were such as to indicate that his chief vocation of recent years at least had been seeking transportation via the brake-beams. The Italian was evidently quite rational on the liquor question for when asked if he ever indulged in intoxicants he replied that he liked beer very well, his love for beer was great but champagne was the best of all.

FORECLOSURE SUIT.—George Morris has begun a foreclosure suit in Department No. 2, of the Marion county circuit court, against W. R. Sheldon, et al. Plaintiff demands judgment for \$800 with interest at 8 per cent. per annum from January 14, 1892, until paid, less \$418 that has been paid. The plaintiff further asks that the mortgage on lots 14 and 15 of the Salem Garden and Fruit tracts, containing 11.40 acres, given to secure the payment of the \$800 note, be foreclosed also.

SIMON FACTION WIN.

Mitchellites Defeated in Eastern Oregon District.

MALCOLM MOODY IS NAMED.

Walter Tooze Chairman and T. T. Geer for Governor.

ASTORIA, April 14.—In the second congressional district contest the Simon faction won a complete victory. The Mitchellites were outnumbered and outgeneralled.

At a critical moment Chas. W. Fulton deserted the Mitchell banner and the entire Simon, Scott, Corbett delegation was seated and will be seated in the state convention today.

THE SECOND DISTRICT FIGHT. Judge Carey's convention consisted of about 30 members from the country and the 60 Mitchell delegates from Multnomah. The regular convention was made up of about 50 country delegates and 60 regular delegates from Multnomah. The first was nominally in session from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and adjourned until Friday at 10 a. m.

The second, immediately after temporary organization, appointed a committee on credentials and took recess until 2 o'clock.

C. W. Fulton, of Astoria, undertook and successfully carried out a plan to harmonize the party in this district, and after numerous conferences, brought the Mitchell faction into the regular convention, where shortly after 7 p. m., all the delegates outside of Multnomah county, decided, by a vote of 47 to 33, to admit the regular Republicans to seat in the convention.

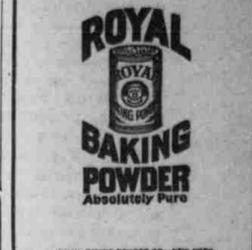
It was now evident that Ellis would have no chance for the nomination against Moody, so his name was not presented to the convention, and Moody was nominated by acclamation.

At 11 p. m. at a caucus of all the delegates outside of Multnomah county, at convention hall, it was informally declared that the election of a temporary chairman of the state convention shall be by ballot, and that balloting shall not begin until there shall have been ample time for nominations. M. L. Chamberlin, of Marion, presided, and J. B. Eddy, of Douglas, was elected secretary.

MOODY NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS. E. L. Smith, of Wasco, named Malcolm A. Moody, in a very fine speech, and the second of Judge M. L. Pipe, of Multnomah, who declared that at last he had found a party of gold Democrats like himself, was greatly appreciated. Mr. Moody's nomination was made unanimous. With the defeat of the Mitchell delegation from Multnomah, Ellis' chances had disappeared.

When Moody was called to the platform he said: "I deeply appreciate the honor conferred upon me. I accept this nomination from this convention. I am

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the choice of no faction or clique and my Republicanism cannot be questioned.

JUDICIAL DISTRICT. In the Salem judicial district circuit Judges Geo. H. Burnett and G. H. Hewitt were renominated. G. H. Irvine of McMinnville was put up for District Attorney and Jasper Smith of Tillamook county for member of the state board of equalization.

Nomination in first judicial district: A. C. Woodcock of Lane for judge, and G. M. Brown of Douglas, district attorney.

DISTRICT NOMINATIONS. Joint representatives of Sherman and Wasco, J. D. Wilcox of Grass Valley, and J. W. Morton, of Hood River. In fifth judicial district, for judge, H. S. Wilson of Wasco; prosecuting attorney, A. A. Jayne of Wasco. Members of board of equalization, C. C. Jinney, of Sherman.

Members of state committee H. L. Kuck, Wasco; W. H. Moores, Sherman.

In Eighth district, W. J. Leacher of Baker City, and prosecuting attorney T. J. Cheson, Astoria.

TOOZE FOR CHAIRMAN. There was a great victory for the friends of Governor Lord. The Woodburn man's delegation was elected over the anti-Lord faction at his town after a hard fight, and its election was accomplished by Judge Lord's friends. It means that the platform will either endorse the Lord administration or that the platform will be satisfactory to Judge Lord and his friends.

Late this afternoon the state convention was still engaged with temporary officers. No nominations were made at 3 o'clock. Continual adjournments being made.

The Simon faction seem to have the upper hand, but each appears to be afraid of the other. Things will go with a rush after the first final ballot.

HUME VS. SIMON. As THE JOURNAL goes to press the Simon and Mitchell factions have each been given 30 minutes to present their case. Hume has spoken and Simon is speaking.

ADMINISTRATOR APPOINTED.—Up on petition of Malinda A. Williamson, County Judge G. P. Terrell, sitting as probate court, appointed Frank Holmes administrator of the estate of James N. Hart, deceased who died January 24, 1898, leaving real property in this county valued at about \$400. Emma J. Royal was named as executrix in the will of the deceased but she failed to qualify, making it necessary to appoint another administrator. The only heir-at-law of the estate are: T. J. Buford, aged 40 years and address are unknown and Flagg Hart, age and address both unknown.

PERSONAL.—THE JOURNAL is assured that the omission to mention the presence of the Hon. Will King in the city was not intentional on part of any of the local force on the Statesman. It was an oversight, purely and simply, and not intended as a slight, and is not so taken by Mr. King or his friends.

Dr. Miller's Nerve Disasters 25c. at all druggists.

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... BETTER TIMES,



But keep down the price!—that's our platform for 1898. It has taken careful selection and close buying to do what we are doing this season. The finest suits, top coats and furnishing goods in America, the best styles from the leading makers and values that surpass our best efforts of other years. Hart, Schaffner & Marx Guaranteed Clothing is sold here for the price of ordinary goods.

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THE FAIR!