

Hats and Shoes

AT THE

NEW YORK RACKET

We offer a fine line of

FUR HATS!

ranging from \$1 to \$1.75, splendid hat at \$1.35. Also wool hats and neat golf caps for men and boys. Excellent

STAR 5 STAR

fine shoes at \$1.70, \$2.20, \$2.35, \$2.70 to \$3.25 for a very fine calf shoe; also men's heavy shoes.

Good stylish, all wool clay worsted black suits at \$7.50, \$8.15, 9.40, 10 to \$11.90 for a very fine suit.

Men's and boys' all wool and wool mixed suits at very low prices, boys' from \$1 to \$5.65. Men's suits from \$3.75 to \$13 for our fine all wool suits. Call and examine these goods and prices. We can save you money.

E. T. BARNES.

Make Room and Get Money.

"Kill Two Birds With One Stone."

We have too many goods for this season of the year and not enough money. Therefore in order to reverse the condition of things we propose to give you the profit on our goods for cash only. So come along and we will show you what a clearance sale means. We will demonstrate the fact to you beyond a doubt that you can buy

CLOTHING

Or Men's Furnishing Goods

cheaper of us for the next few weeks than you ever bought them before in your life. Try us and see that we are telling you the truth.

G. W. JOHNSON & CO.

AUCTION!

This evening and tomorrow at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Last Day.....

One day more only and the stock of the Palace Dry Goods and Shoe Co. will be all sold

SATURDAY.

Auction morning, afternoon and night. Some fine things left yet to be sold at forced sale. Do not miss the last day,

EUGENE WILLIS

S. FRIEDMAN, Auctioneer.

We Aim to Please.

We have just received the most artistic, best constructed and easiest acting line of builders' hardware ever brought to Salem direct from the

Yale & Towne Manufacturing Co.

This line includes locks, sash lifts etc., and the

Yale Burglar Proof Sash Lock: The strongest and safest sash fastener made.

GRAY BROS.



The Corbett Case.

Senator Spooner Speaks in Corbett's Favor.

He Signs a Parallel Case—Cuban Resolution Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.

All the opening session of the senate, the chaplain prayed that in this momentous hour of our history the blessing of the Holy Spirit might rest upon the president of the United States, both branches of congress and all the people of the country. He prayed that the honor and dignity and rights of our country might be upheld.

At the conclusion of the morning business, the vice-president laid before the senate Allen's resolutions, which was laid over from Wednesday. Allen said that, being satisfied from the vote on his amendment, the fate of this resolution was quite well sealed, he would withdraw it from further consideration of the senate.

Hansbrough called up the bill extending the homestead law and providing for the right of the way for railroads in the district of Alaska.

Rawlins objected to consideration of the measure at this time, as it was a subject too important to be taken up hastily. Hansbrough then moved that the bill be taken up, and Rawlins demanded the yeas and nays. It was decided to proceed with the measure. After a brief, desultory discussion, Hansbrough consented to not press the bill until Spooner of Wisconsin had delivered a speech on the Corbett case. Spooner made a legal argument in favor of the admission of Henry W. Corbett to the senate. He said that as a lawyer he felt he had no higher or better right to a seat in the senate than Corbett.

Said the primary power to fill seats in the senate, from any state, was in the legislature of the state but in the reading of the constitution it ought to be remembered that this very matter was one of dispute in the constitutional convention. He pointed out that the constitution provided that each state should be the peer of every other state, not in population, not in area, but in the number of votes in the senate. While this constitution could be amended by the action of two-thirds of the states, it is provided that no state could be deprived of its representation in the senate without its consent.

It was the purpose, undoubtedly, of the farmers of the constitution, in placing in the hands of the governor the power to make a temporary appointment, to safeguard the rights and interests of the state, so that every state, at all times, might have full and complete representation in the senate.

An effective point was made by Spooner when he cited the credentials of John Walker, of Virginia, who was appointed to the senate on March 31, 1790, by the governor of Virginia. This case was the first gubernatorial appointment made to the senate under the constitution. Spooner said it was precisely similar to that now under consideration, as Walker's credentials showed that the legislature of Virginia had an opportunity to fill the vacancy then existing, but had failed to do so. The senate accepted Walker's credentials and seated him.

"Can it reasonably be held," exclaimed Spooner, "that the distinguished men then sitting in the senate knew less of constitutional laws than we know now?"

Just before the conclusion of Spooner's remark Bacon, of Georgia, inquired whether, under all circumstances, in case of anticipatory vacancies, the senator from Wisconsin (Spooner) held that the governor had a right to make an appointment, irrespective of the inaction and inability, for any reason, of the legislature to elect.

Spooner replied that Bacon had correctly stated his position. Bacon then cited a hypothetical case of a legislature being influenced by the corrupt use of money not to elect, in order that the governor might make the appointment, and ask Spooner if he would seat the appointee of the governor in that case.

"Certainly," replied Spooner, "unless it could be clearly shown to the senate that the appointee was himself implicated in the conspiracy and in the corrupt use of the money."

HOUSE.

The house devoted itself strictly to business and disposed of thirty additional pages of the sundry civil appropriation bill. The fact that the

government is preparing for heavy contingencies was recognized in the house, when Chairman Cannon, who has been laboring to keep down appropriations, except, without a word of protest, the amendment to increase the appropriation to care for the unused machinery at the Springfield arsenal.

Gillette explained that the necessity of using this machinery might occur at any time. Resolutions, which were objected to a few weeks ago, for the appointment of two extra naval cadets to positions in the engineer corps of the navy, were also made. One of them will fill the vacancy caused by the death of Lieutenant Merritt, of the Maine.

SILVER REPUBLICANS.

Meeting of the County Central Committee—Call for Convention.

W. T. Rigdon called the Silver Republican county central committee to order.

On motion E. Hofer was elected secretary of the county central committee.

Aurora, B. J. Grim, proxy. Butteville, W. F. Her. Champeog, Geo. Eberhardt. Salem No. 1, L. E. Pratt, Englewood, Geo. Hilton, Gervais, C. Bilen, Hubbard, J. B. Dimick. Salem No. 2, A. B. Buren. Jefferson, U. G. Holt. Salem No. 3, J. M. Pugh; Brooks, J. N. Girod. Marion, A. E. George. Mehama, E. A. Barrick. Macleay, C. J. Simeral. Howell, Isaac Stevens. Salem No. 4, Amos Strong. East Salem, Roy L. Ballinger. Prospect, Salmon Brown. South Salem, Geo. F. Mason. North Salem, D. W. Weyant. East Silverton, Newt Richardson, proxy.

West Silverton, Jas. Bowen. St. Paul, S. J. Kerr. Stayton, E. C. Baker. Turner, G. G. Eggs. Woodburn, Geo. Whitney, proxy. Yew Park, E. Hofer. Monitor, John White. Aumsville, G. B. Cornelius. Mt. Angel, A. Klingler. Horeb, A. H. Boothby. Breitenbush, Joe Peasly. Elkhorn, T. L. Pope. Silver Falls, S. D. Arnold.

CALL FOR CONVENTION.

G. B. Cornelius moved a committee of three on apportionment. Carried. D. C. Sherman, J. B. Dimick and the mover were named. The committee retired to prepare a report.

On motion primaries were ordered held Saturday, March 12th, the day set for Populist primaries. Democratic primaries are called for Saturday, March 5.

Congressman Towne will be at Salem, March 8.

On motion date for county convention of the Silver Republicans of Marion county was set for 11 o'clock, Wednesday March, 16, the date for the Democratic and Populist conventions.

On motion an executive committee of five was ordered appointed. County Chairman Rigdon will announce the committee later.

Report of committee on apportionment submitted as follows:

Aurora.....	3	Salem No. 2..	4
Breitenbush....	2	Salem No. 3..	4
Butteville.....	3	Salem No. 4..	4
Champeog.....	3	East Salem..	3
Elkhorn.....	2	North Salem..	5
Englewood.....	4	South Salem..	3
Garfield.....	2	Silver Falls..	2
Fairfield.....	2	Silverton East	4
Gervais.....	3	Silverton West	4
Horeb.....	3	St. Paul.....	3
Howell.....	3	Stayton.....	3
Hubbard.....	3	Sublimity.....	2
Jefferson.....	2	Turner.....	3
Brooks.....	3	Woodburn.....	9
Aumsville.....	4	Yew Park.....	4
Macleay.....	4	Mt. Angel.....	3
Marion.....	3	Monitor.....	4
Mehama.....	3	Prospect.....	7
Salem No. 1.....	4	Total.....	127

Respectfully submitted.

G. B. CORNELIUS
J. B. DIMICK,
D. C. SHERMAN.

Barney in Trouble.

At 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon Barney Pompelli was arrested on a warrant charging him with indecent exposure. Barney was taken before City Recorder Edes this morning and pleaded not guilty. His examination has been set for tomorrow. For several months Barney has inhabited a dilapidated building on Water street near State and has at frequent times made efforts to entice girls ranging from 8 to 12 years of age into his rooms on the pretext of having some candy or a doll there that he wished to give them. The children's parents became alarmed and decided to take such steps as would put a stop to such practices on the part of Barney Pompelli. Barney is a well known character here where he has resided for several years following no particular vocation but that of loafing about the saloons.

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

Board of Inquiry.

The News is Systematically Suppressed.

The Maine Has Not Yet Been Replaced by Another Warship.

Reports from Havana today have not changed in any degree the view of high officials of the government as to the probable cause of the disaster to the Maine. It can be stated on the highest authority that absolutely nothing of a disquieting nature has been received at the White House, nor is important news of any character expected until the court of inquiry has completed its investigation and submitted its report.

It can also be stated on authority not to be questioned, that the public has been fully informed as to all matters connected with the disaster to the Maine, which have come to the knowledge of the government. Nothing has been withheld of the least public interest, and this policy will be continued until the problem has been solved and the whole truth brought to light. It is known the government has not received any information from an official source tending to show with any degree of certainty that the explosion was the work of enemies.

There is nothing to indicate that war with Spain is inevitable, a feeling of suspense pervades all sections of the country as the day's news shows. The government, without a doubt, is preparing for a possible emergency. Unusual activity is reported at navy yards, barracks, and recruiting stations, and where war material is being manufactured, orders have been received to push the work with all speed. As a result of the tension, stocks and bonds on the New York exchange dropped from 1 to 12 points, and the New York and Chicago wheat markets were affected sympathetically. In the London stock market, American shares sold at declines.

It is a significant fact that within the last two days there has been a remarkable change of opinion in the navy department in regard to the explosion on the Maine. When the first news arrived here last week experts at the department were nearly divided as between accident and design, but today, after studying the late reports, and especially photographs sent from Havana, nine out of ten of the officers of the department express the belief that the Maine was anchored over a submarine mine.

The only difference of opinion seems to be as to whether the mine was exploded by Spanish officers acting under orders, or by some enthusiast. The latter opinion is generally held, but it is said that this does not lessen in any degree the responsibility of Spain for the horrible catastrophe.

If the Spanish officers allowed the warship to be moored to a buoy which was attached to a submarine mine, they thereby became responsible for the result, whether the mine was exploded by official orders or not. The placing of the Maine in an exposed place in the harbor if it was done at all, was done by Spanish officers, and if the mine was exploded by anybody at all, they were directly responsible, and will be so held by President McKinley's administration.

Cuba Victory.

HAVANA, Feb. 25.—General Pando, sent emissaries to the insurgent leader Capote to negotiate a surrender. It is claimed that he has not been able to find Capote, and that consequently he went on to the city of Santiago de Cuba, by way of Manzanillo and Santa Cruz, where he arrived last Tuesday. With a battalion of soldiers he took the steamer for Manzanillo to commence operations in the field.

A battalion under Major Rivas left Candelaria on Monday to reconnoiter the insurgents. When the troops reached the heights they were attacked by a large insurgent force under General Maria Rodriguez and Leader Perico Diaz and surrounded. A hot fight ensued. Major Rivas was killed by shots in the mouth and heat. The Spanish column retreated. Its casualties in addition to the loss of Major Rivas were four officers and 15 men wounded. The insurgent loss was small.

We are anxious to do a little good in this world and can think of no pleasanter or better way to do it than by recommending One Minute Cough Cure as a preventative of pneumonia, consumption and other serious lung troubles that follow neglected colds. Stone's Drug Store.

A Smooth Englishman, J. H. Clements, who was arrested at Eugene Thursday charged with larceny, was arraigned before City Recorder Ed. N. Edes at 1 p. m. today and plead guilty to petit larceny whereupon he was sentenced to thirty days in the county jail.

Clements has been in this city for several months past during which time he has apparently developed considerable proficiency in the art of swindling his confidential friends. For two weeks he was given employment as night clerk at the Hotel Salem whereby he might earn his board and while there he succeeded by misrepresentations, in contracting a number of bills about town, beside borrowing small sums from various persons pending the arrival of a remittance from "the old country."

Clements left Hotel Salem about a month ago and for the past few weeks has been living with W. W. Wattenpaugh and family of South Salem. Shortly after his arrival there he induced Mr. Wattenpaugh's daughter to allow him to wear her plain gold band ring for a few days and upon her request a few days ago for its return, refused to refund it.

Wednesday evening Clements boarded the southbound California overland, presumably for Turner, as he informed a friend, to give an entertainment, but instead he purchased a ticket for Eugene. On the following day Mr. Wattenpaugh appeared in police court and swore out a warrant for Clements' arrest.

He was apprehended at Eugene where he had registered as J. H. Patterson and was promptly arrested. Chief of Police Dilley went to Eugene last night returning with his man this morning.

Clements returned the ring, plead guilty to larceny and was sentenced as indicated above.

Clements is no stranger here by any means, as an examination of the police court records shows. About four years ago he was known here as Harry Hartley. He purloined a watch from one party and about \$7 in money from a university student, and for which offences he narrowly escaped a sentence to the penitentiary.

Unless Clements, alias Hartley, alias Patterson does not desist in his questionable practices he will yet prove a suitable candidate for the state penitentiary.

DR. COOK'S TRIAL.—The case of State vs. Dr. J. F. Cook, charged with practicing medicine without a license was called in Justice Johnson's court at 1 p. m., today, when the work of getting a jury begun. At press hour but five jurors had been secured, viz: F. N. Derby, R. A. Crossan, T. O. Barker, Frank Post and E. C. Patton. District Attorney S. L. Hayden is representing the state while Attorneys Wm. Kaiser and H. J. Bigger appear for Dr. Cook.

= Spring Blossoms =

SALEM'S Greatest Store!

A Feeling of Pleasure

and satisfaction is experienced in purchasing where the BEST COLLECTION of the CHOICEST GOODS are to be found at the LOWEST PRICES. Our many lines of spring goods comprise all of the above and were purchased of the representative firms in New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and San Francisco. In fact we had the pick or first choice of all. Seeing is believing.

Opened Today.

Newest silk capes. Newest tailor suits.

Opened Yesterday.

New silk skirts. New wool skirts.

Sunshine Waists.

The waists that took all Salem last spring in newest blouse styles just received, perfect fitting, newest effects.

New Crochet Hose.

The pink of perfection.

New W. B. Corsets.

The pink of perfection.

Spring Clothing.

Neat and nobby, swell attire, exclusive patterns. We know that never before have we seen such attractive styles.

H. S. & M.

Clothing is the finest made.

New Top Coats.

Coverts & Whipcoats.

The Latest in Men's Wear.

New shirts that would be considered cheap at \$1.25 or even \$1.50, our price

\$1.00.

JOSEPH MEYERS & SONS.

278-280 Commercial st., corner Court st

TELEPHONE NO. 1

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



Notice of Democratic Primary Election.

Notice is hereby given that a Democratic primary election for the purpose of electing delegates to the Marion County Democratic Convention, called to be held at Salem, Or., on March 16, 1898, will be held from 2 o'clock p. m. to 7 o'clock p. m., on Saturday, March 5, 1898, in each of the following named precincts in the City of Salem, in Marion county, Oregon.

Salem No. 1, Salem No. 2, Salem No. 3, and Salem No. 4. The polling places, the number of delegates to be elected, and the judges of election for each of said precincts are, Salem No. 1, polling place, the old Engine House at the north end of Liberty street in said city. Delegates, 4, and Judges, John Gray, W. D. Jeffries, and W. J. D'Arcy; Salem No. 2, polling place, No. 322 Commercial street, delegates, 4, and Judges, C. M. Charlton, R. A. Kirk and F. W. Durbin; Salem No. 3, polling place, No. 254 Commercial street, delegates 10, and Judges, Jefferson Myers, F. W. Steensloff and W. H. Cook; Salem No. 4, polling place, office of Hansen & Landon Sash & Door factory, N. W. corner High & Mill streets, delegates, 9, and Judges, John Chase, J. B. Mosler, and Jas. E. Godfrey.

D. J. Fay, Secretary Marion County Democratic Central Committee. 2-25-td

Organized in Baker County.

BAKER CITY, Feb. 25.—The Silver Republicans of this county met in this city Thursday afternoon and organized. T. M. Saxton was elected chairman and A. C. McClelland secretary of the county central committee. The county convention will be held April 2, the date fixed for the Democratic and Populist conventions. There was a large attendance and the meeting was enthusiastic.

A CONFERENCE.—A meeting of the creditors of E. E. McKinley, the warehouse man, is being held this afternoon in the office of Attorney Tilton Ford. At press hour the conference was still in session. A large number of the farmers having grain on storage with Mr. McKinley are in attendance. It is understood that Mr. McKinley agreed to pay 40 per cent of all claims in 30 days and to give his note for the balance payable in three years.