

A FINE LINE OF
"Swits Gonde"
 Wool underwear for men, reduced from 95c to 75c each. This is a Klondike at the price. All sizes in

Children's Grey Wool Undewear
 reduced to close out. Sizes 16 to 32.

Children's Fleece-Lined Underwear,
 sizes 16 to 32, reduced to close. It will pay you to buy at these reduced prices.

Bay State Long Rubber Boots
 reduced to \$2.75 to close out.

Boston Long Rubber Boots
 reduced to \$3.25 to close. Only a few winter goods left and we want to close them all out.

New York Racket

Overcoat
 =or Suit=
 ★

Which do you want?

The purchase of either calls for judgment in selection. The quality of the fabric must be noted, also the workmanship, as the style of a garment does not indicate its wearing qualities. Our stock of overcoats and suits for the winter trade will stand the most rigid inspection.

All the latest fashions are represented and every garment is made of honest and trustworthy material. If there is any pattern or shade that we do not show it is because it is unsalable. Don't fail to see our heavy all wool clay worsted suits and overcoats, price \$10.

G. W. JOHNSON & CO.
 Last of the
Bankrupt Stock!

Going at 60c on the dollar. The owners of the Bankrupt Stock are determined to make a finish, and are now taking an inventory and during the time, they will sell all goods at an average of 60c on the dollar. Some goods a trifle above, and some goods below. Will positively close at the end of the month for the balance will be sold in a lump. There remains some good bargains in clothing, mackintoshes, dry goods, shoes, hats, underwerr, velvets, plushes and needles, at Friedman's Auction House, corner State and Commercial sts.

EXCITEMENT GROWS,

Cuban Administration Not Giving Satisfaction.

BOTH PARTIES DISSATISFIED

Relations Between Madrid and Havana Strained.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—According to the Tribune correspondent at Havana badgering the government occupies the attention of two classes in Cuba at present. One class is the conservatives, who were predisposed to fault-finding. Determined to have no share in the administration of autonomy, they are now congratulating themselves. The responsibility of implanting that system is indeed a heavy one, and those who do not share in it are fortunate.

The other class is a new creation. Its members call themselves radical autonomists. They are aggressive and critical. If the authorities depart from the straight path of colonial home rule they cry "lapse" from the housetops. The amnesty such as has already been extended does not satisfy them. They demand that Weyler and all his works be disavowed, and call for reparation in individual cases. They also insist on immediate reform of various abuses and the removal of the press censorship. In short, they have a program which causes them to be called both disingenuous insurgents and embryo rebels.

It is unfortunate for the regime of autonomy that misunderstandings have arisen between Madrid and Havana. The opposition pretends not to know the Cuban government is Captain-General Blanco or the autonomist cabinet. Where genuine doubts exist they are solved satisfactorily by electing to rest under the authority of General Blanco. But the misunderstandings between the Sagasta ministry and the autonomist cabinet cannot be settled so easily. The autonomist constitution is a comprehensive one. It may be that its authors did not thoroughly understand their work.

The control of the judiciary was a delicate matter. The autonomist cabinet thought it had been organized in favor of their appointments, but the minister of the colonies has recently made the nominations of judges and magistrates. The cabinet protest. Madrid responds, regretting the mistake, but explains that provisional autonomy did not go into effect until January 1, and these nominations, though made before that time, were in reality made before that time.

These embarrassments, while annoying, are not of a serious nature. If autonomy was acceptable to a majority of the people of Cuba they would not jeopardize its success. But it must be stated that the majority of the people on the island, in the insurgent camps or within the lines of Spanish sovereignty, are not paying much heed to autonomy as a political system. The government, which means Captain-General Blanco, and not the autonomist capitalist, is asked what the further plans of the government are, and when they will be put in force.

The news from Madrid is that the plans of General Blanco's military operations have been published and have had a good effect. The plans have not been published. The army is in ignorance of the prospective plans. The intelligent populace has been led to look for the close of the insurrection within a month, but this is looked upon as impossible.

The condition in Cuba viewed through different glasses. The rumors about the conduct of the war brings radical autonomists to the front with their series of interrogatories. Since the insurgents will not accept autonomy, these radicals want the government to ask Gomez and his associate chiefs what they will accept.

The newspapers began by pumping their inquiries into Senor Galvez, the president of the autonomist cabinet. He responded by stopping his subscriptions. General Blanco was not a subscriber, and when the questions were turned on him that method of resentment was not open.

The autonomists and reformists, who formed a fusion organization to support the government, are also asked what their next step is. Many think that in trying autonomy. Spain played her last card, but they were sure she would not turn trumps.

The conservatives have no plans beyond picking flaws. They agree that Blanco's military policy will not bring peace. They are of one mind in denouncing the United States for forbidding a return to Weyler's policy but they realize that the prohibition is an effective one. Some of them would go to war with the United States, in order to lose Cuba a way that would be consistent with their idea of Spain's honor.

Back of all is the idea of American intervention. It can hardly be said to be longer in the background. Henceforth it must be discussed as a probability which all parties in Cuba recognize. With the insurgents it is evidently a definite purpose. To Spain's government in the Antilles it may present itself either as a refuge or a retreat. Irreconcilable Spaniards dread it. The property-owners and

the commercial classes welcome the prospect.

But while this is the feeling, it should not be misinterpreted. The conditions in Cuba will not of themselves bring about the basis of intervention. The initial step must be taken elsewhere, possible in Madrid possibly in Washington. Demoralization amounting almost to anarchy may continue for a long while without either the military authority or the civil government, as represented by the autonomist cabinet, asking foreign aid to restore peace.

The growing misery of the people leads to the hope that intervention will not be indefinitely delayed. Starvation claims its hundreds of victims daily. No effective and permanent relief can be given. The populations in Cuba until the present conditions are reversed.

Rioting Probable.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Senor Da Lome, the Spanish minister, received an official cablegram from Havana stating that the city is in its normal condition without the slightest fear of any further disturbance.

UNION IN LAKE.

Progress in Marion County—Bryan Men for Judges and Clerks.

LAKEVIEW, Ore., Jan. 15.—(Special to THE JOURNAL.) A meeting of the People's party and Democratic county central committees was held at the court house here today and a Union of Populists, Democrats and Silver Republicans was formed on county ticket without a dissenting voice.

The division of the ticket is to be as follows: People's party: county judge, clerk, treasurer and coroner, Democratic: sheriff, commissioner, assessor, school superintendent, surveyor. Each party will maintain a separate organization but nominate a Union ticket in a joint convention. Following delegates were elected to the state conventions:

Peoples: S. P. Moss, A. W. Charlton, J. C. Oliver.
 Democrats: Hon. B. Daly, M. T. Waters, Joseph Lane.

The primaries were set for April 16, and county convention for April 23.

Progress for union in Marion County has been made the past week. Mr. Rigdon's address to the People's party central committee was well received. The People's party is practically a unit for a Union county ticket. The date set for their primaries is Saturday, March 12, at county convention, Wednesday, March 16.

The county court, at its present session, has recognized to a certain extent the request of a Union committee composed of D. J. Fry (Dem) Geo. W. Weeks (Pop.) and D. C. Sherman (Sil. Rep.) for the appointment of a judge and clerk of election for the minority party who supported Bryan. The Bryan voters were the only party opposed to the Republicans and thus had a right to demand one clerk and one judge.

In the presidential election in many precincts the entire board of clerks and judges were supporters of McKinley. The new list, as published elsewhere, does not do the Bryan voters justice in some precincts. But the county court probably did the best they could under the circumstances.

A board of election judges and clerks all of one party is not a legal, decent or just. Yet that was the actual status in many precincts. For instance, the statement is made that the persons on as Democrats, in Salem No. 4, were both McKinley supporters. They are again on as Democrats.

This is not the intent of the law. We do not believe it is the desire of the county court to violate the spirit of the law in the least particular, but they are besought to appoint certain persons under outside pressure of Republican politicians.

The straight Bryan or Silver organization have asked for nothing but what is fair and lawful in this matter and believe they should have had recognition in each precinct. We believe the court has aimed honestly to do this but has not entirely succeeded.

Another Republican Club Meets.

The Workingmen's Republican club of Salem, held a meeting in the police court room at the city hall, Tuesday evening when delegates were elected to the State Republican League which meets at Portland, February 1. This club was entitled to thirty-one delegates. President Earl Race was named as a delegate at large and three delegates were named from each of the ten Salem precincts as follows:

Salem, No. 1—W. L. Staley, W. T. Bell, P. H. Raymond.
 Salem, No. 2—C. A. Bort, J. F. Goode, M. J. Knerr.
 Salem, No. 3—L. P. Adams, J. E. Allison, L. S. Winters.
 Salem, No. 4—J. A. Evans, J. P. Fones, Mark Savage.
 Prospect—C. A. Murphy, S. A. Hughes, Joseph Schneider.
 Englewood—A. E. Parker, John Veatch, W. H. Savage.
 South Salem—Geo. F. Mason, A. Olmatt, John Newsome.
 North Salem—C. W. Knox, A. M. Clough, L. B. Stinson, A. E. Strang and Louis Folsom.
 Yew Park—F. L. Thomson, G. R. Baker and C. B. Irvine.

A committee consisting of Messrs. C. A. Murphy, L. B. Stinson and H. Fobbe was named to confer with a like committee from the Salem Republican club with a view to receiving a reduced transportation rate.

Vacancies in the offices of vice president and treasurer were then filled by the election of A. E. Parker and P. H. Raymond, respectively.

Speeches were made by Earl Race, A. E. Parker, P. H. Raymond, J. P. Fones and others in which loyalty to Republican principles as enunciated by the Republican platform, and a desire for harmony within the party were discussed at length.

New Election Precincts,

Also Changes Made in the Boundaries

BY THE MARION COUNTY COURT

Official Description of the New Precinct Lines.

A number of important changes were made in the election precincts of Marion county which are given below.

The lines of East Salem were drawn by James Culver, the former city engineer.

ENGLEWOOD PRECINCT.
 The new boundaries of Englewood precinct as fixed by the county court Tuesday are as follows:

Beginning at the termination of Liberty street in Salem, when said street intersects North Mill Creek, thence north-easterly to Broadway street in North Salem, thence northerly along Broadway street to Market; thence easterly along Market street to Sixth street; thence northerly along Sixth street to the Salem and Brooks county road, thence northerly along said county road to the center of the main ditch in Lake Labish; thence easterly following the center of said ditch and the main channel through the lake to where it unites with the west branch of the Pudding river; thence southerly following up the west branch of Pudding river to the line between sections 21 and 28 in T. 7 S. R. 2 W., being also the center of the said county road leading from Salem through the Capital City fruit farms to the south end of Howell Prairie, thence west to the corner of sections 28 and 29 in T. 7 S. R. 2 W., thence south to the southeast corner of the Zachariah Pollard claim; thence west to the southwest corner of the Robbins' claim; thence northerly to the southeast corner of the I. Baker claim; thence westerly along the county road leading from Salem past the asylum, to North Mill creek; thence down Mill creek to the place of beginning. The voting place for said precinct shall be at Wade's store.

EAST SALEM PRECINCT.
 The county court yesterday also changed the boundaries of this precinct which will hereafter be as follows:

Beginning at the n. e. corner of the d. l. c. of A. F. Waller in T. 7 S. R. 3 W. and running thence north 60 degrees west along the old claim line to the street east of Frickey's addition to Salem; thence northerly along the said street to the Salem and Asylum county road; thence easterly along said county road to the southeast corner of the I. Baker D. L. C.; thence southerly along the county road to the south west corner of the Robbins claim; thence easterly along the county road to the line between sections 28 and 29 in T. 7 S. R. 2 W.; thence north to the corner of sections 20, 21, 28 and 29 in T. 7 S. R. 2 W.; thence easterly following the course of the county road through the Capital City Fruit Farms to the west line of the C. Hagey d. l. c., in T. 7 S. R. 2 W.; thence south along the west line of the Hagey claim to the north line of the Benjamin Walden claim; thence west along the north line of the Walden claim to the northwest corner of said claim; thence south along the west line of the said Walden claim to the county road leading from Salem via Lien Boff's, which road is laid along the north line of the N. Walden claim; thence west along the county road to the line between sections 27 and 28 in T. 7 S. R. 2 W., thence south to the southeast corner of section 33 in T. 7 S. R. 2 W., thence west one half mile; thence south one mile; thence west one and a half miles; thence south one mile to the south east corner of section 7 in T. 7 S. R. 2 W.; thence west to the county road leading from Salem to Turner; thence northerly along said county road to the line between Simpson's Addition to Salem and the state land; thence north to the place of beginning. The voting place for said precinct shall be at Rickey.

BROOKS PRECINCT.
 Beginning where the line between sections 20 and 35, in T. 5 S. R. 3 W. intersects the right bank of the Willamette river thence east to the corner of sections 28, 2, 32 and 33 in T. 5 S. R. 2 W. thence south following the section line two miles to the corner of sections 4, 5, 8 and 9, in T. 6 S. R. 2 W.; thence east two miles to the corner of sections 2, 3, 10 and 11 in T. 6 S. R. 2 W.; thence south one mile; thence east to the center of the main channel and ditch in Lake Labish, to the line between sections 25 and 26 in T. 6 S. R. 3 W.; thence north to the quarter section corner between said sections 25 and 26; thence west one mile; thence north one and one-half miles to the corner of sections 14, 15, 22 and 23 in T. 6 S. R. 3 W.; thence west to the right bank of the Willamette river; thence down the right bank to the place of beginning. The voting place of said precinct shall be Brooks.

MT. ANGEL PRECINCT.
 Beginning on the Willamette meridian at the north east corner of section 12 in T. 6 S. R. 1 W., thence south following the meridian to the Abiqua and Foster county road; thence northerly along said county road to Jack's bridge on Butte creek; thence down Butte creek to where it unites with Pudding river; thence up Pudding river to the north boundary line of T. 6 S. R. 1 W.; thence east along the township line to the northeast corner of section 2 in T. 6 S. R. 1 W., thence south one mile; thence east one mile to the place of beginning. The voting place of said precinct should be at Monitor.

MONITOR PRECINCT.
 Beginning at the Willamette Meridian of the northeast corner of section 12 in T. 6 S. R. 1 W., thence south following the meridian line to the Abiqua; thence up the Abiqua to the Morley bridge on the Silverton and Foster county road; thence northerly along said county road to Jack's bridge on Butte creek; thence down Butte creek to where it unites with Pudding river; thence up Pudding river to the north boundary line of T. 6 S. R. 1 W.; thence east along the township line to the northeast corner of section 2 in T. 6 S. R. 1 W., thence south one mile; thence east one mile to the place of beginning. The voting place of said precinct should be at Monitor.

THE PRECINCT DIVISIONS.
 The Marion county commissioner's court has made several changes in the precinct boundary lines and created several new election precincts. This will cause some increased expenses for holding elections. THE JOURNAL opposed making any changes this year, and the court did not make as many as were asked for. We do not believe that the changes have been explained or obviated. All voters should study the lines of the new boundaries.

Big Wreck.

COLFAX, Cal., Jan. 19.—The most disastrous train wreck ever known in this section was caused last evening by the west bound passenger train on the Central Pacific jumping the track half a mile east of Colfax. The train is known as Pacific Express No. 2 and carried a large number of overland passengers. As a result of the accident one engineer and one fireman were killed, a passenger seriously injured and three other trainmen hurt. Two great engines drew the train over this section of the mountain road.

When the train left the track the boiler of one of the engines exploded, scalding Engineer Hackett so severely that he died soon after. Hackett's fireman, C. F. Brown, was also badly scalded and crushed. Fireman Lightner, on the second engine, was crushed to death and Engineer C. C. Brown, cut and bruised about the head. An invalid lady passenger, riding in the baggage car, sustained internal injuries. The extent of which have not yet been determined. H. Stevens was also hurt internally and received serious spinal injuries.

Soon after the cars left the track the mail car caught fire and was burned. The killed are: Engineer Don A. Hackett and fireman Lightner. The wounded are: Engineer C. C. Brown, badly injured about the head; Fireman C. F. Brown badly scalded and crushed; Mail Clerk Stevens, back hurt and injured internally; an invalid lady in baggage car, injured internally.

Notice.

Received this 18th day of January, A. D. 1898, from Sophia E. King, clerk of Silver Bell Circuit No. 43, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in full amount of beneficiary certificate issued to Mrs. Lydia Wright by the Pacific Circle, Women of Woodcraft.

DAN'L PERRY WRIGHT,
 SAM'L M. WRIGHT,
 W. O. BAKER,
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The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



JOURNAL "X-RAYS."

State finances-paying 8 percent interest on all state taxes, while the money lies idle! School finances—paying 7 percent interest on all school taxes paid for each current year!

Paying six and eight percent on all our bonded school debt, and actually paying seven percent on the money collected each year for current expenses, is a little steep.

Hobbs—"You can say what you like about advertising, but I can tell you it has repaid me threefold!"

Dobbs—"Why what did you advertise?"

Hobbs—"About four years ago I put an ad. in the paper for a typewriter. I now have a wife and two children."

Small men of smaller minds—that's correct. The way one of the Hanna organs answers the charge that Hanna and other U. S. Senators now use money to consummate their election to the Senate, is by alleging that only small men of smaller minds dare make the charge and that in this evil day even Lincoln or Washington would be charged with bribery if they were to be put under like conditions. The question is whether the men who bow down to the money powers and crawl on their knees before such ignorant, immoral, corrupt plutocrats as Hanna just because of their wealth are competent to judge as to who are the men of small minds. Men of small minds usually think all other men are of small minds and that they themselves are the large-minded men. Who are the true men? The men who have minds and principles of their own. Who do not grovel and crawl and bow down to the money power? Which is the real man? The one who sells his vote to Hanna for \$10,000 or the one who says "my vote is my own and cannot be purchased." Would Lincoln or Washington say that the \$10,000 man is the true man?

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Be Not Deceived! A Cough, Hoarseness or Croup are not to be trifled with. A dose in time of Shill's Cough will save you much trouble. Sold by D. J. Fry.

Clearance Sale
 Every Article Reduced.
 Remnants-Remnants-Remnants

On Friday we inaugurate our annual inventory remnant sale. Prices cut one-half in two for one day only.

Pontiac Percales, in dainty stripes and figures, special 64c.

We can give you a two clasp kid glove in blacks, tans, browns and reds. Extra heavy, 75c.

Children's fur sets. Just a few left. Special reductions in this line. Prices range from \$1.50 to \$2.50.

R. & G. Corsets at prices that will surprise you. We are closing out our entire line of this make. We invite inspection.

See our corner window, this will give you an idea of what we are doing inside. This only illustrates a few of the many bargains shown in this department.

Mackintoshes, celebrated Duck Brand, warranted. Tan wool box-coats, special \$6.10. Double breasted, all wool black box-coat, special \$10. Black all wool, troot dark plaid lining, special \$6.50.

You should take advantage of our great sale of children's clothing. Remember one-fifth off on entire line—nothing reserved.

Special prices prevail throughout our entire line of clothing and gent's furnishings. If you are thinking of purchasing a suit or top coat we would be glad to have you look us through—no trouble to show goods.

Fine hundred Madras and Percalé shirts.

Two collars and one pair cuffs, regular \$1 values—to close, 65c.

JOS. MEYERS & SONS.
 278-280 Commercial st., corner Court st.
 TELEPHONE NO. 1