

NEW ARRIVALS!

HATS. Newest blocks in all the fashionable shades at prices ranging from \$1 and up.

Ask for the Famous Lion Brand

TIES. A complete line of puffs, tecks, bows, and Club House ties in new effects at 25c and 50c.

New Clothing

arriving every day. Wool suit from \$5 up.

A large assortment of link buttons, collar buttons, scarf pins, etc., in all the latest novelties are among the new things shown by

G. W. JOHNSON & CO.
120 State street.

Since the arrival of

Mr. Steinenhausenberger
of New York at the bankrupt sale at Friedman's store, corner State and Commercial st., crowds of people were eager to shake hands with him, while the salesmen in the store are kept on the jump waiting on customers, and it is no wonder. It pays to trade there at the prices they are selling, and to see the way Mr. Steinenhausenberger smiles as he bids them all welcome.

A CRIMINAL RECORD.

Alleged Intimidations in the Chicago Courts.

SERIES OF NEW SENSATIONS.

Defense Springs Surprises at the Luetgert Trial.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—The Luetgert trial opened with a sensational intimation by ex-Judge Vincent that the police were intimidating the witnesses for the defense. Ex-Judge Vincent asks that the jury be excluded while he made a statement. After the jury retired ex-Judge Vincent with indignation in his tones and force in his declaration, said: "If the court, please, there is strong reason to believe the people are interfering with witnesses for the defense and trying to intimidate them. I do not know absolutely that this is true, but the indications point almost directly to that conclusion. I desire an order of the court prohibiting such action on the part of the police or the prosecution."

"Why not make the injunction cover both sides? suggested State's Attorney Deenen.

"The court does not require instructions from any of the attorneys engaged," sharply responded Judge Tuthill.

"I will make the charge that witnesses for the defense have been interfered with and harassed by the police," said Attorney Phelen, of the defense.

"If that is true there should be an investigation," remarked State's Attorney Deenen.

"If any witness for the defense has been intimidated it has been done without knowledge of the state, and we do not approve of it."

"I will say now for the benefit of the police," said Judge Tuthill, with severity in his tones, "that in case these charges prove true I will deal with the offender, and my dealing will not be gentle. This defendant has rights here and they will be protected."

"Why not order an investigation?" said State's Attorney Deenen.

"Mr. Deenen, this court will make the order it deems proper. That will do."

When the jury was recalled Rosa Gleich was placed on the witness stand for cross examination. This witness was called to impeach the evidence of Emma Schimpke, given on direct examination of the prosecution.

She stated she was with Emma Schimpke on the night of May 1, until 11 o'clock and remained with the Schimpke girl until the latter entered her home. She denied emphatically that either of them had seen Luetgert and his wife leave the latter's residence and go to the sausage factory as described. She denied that Gottlieb Schimpke, who testified that she also saw Luetgert and his wife was with Emma and herself that night.

Furthermore the witness said Emma Schimpke since she had testified had admitted to the witness in the presence of others that she had lied. According to the witness, Emma Schimpke said she lied because Gottlieb, her weak-minded sister,

had got her into the Luetgert case and she would not have testified on Luetgert's side. The witness also said Emma Schimpke tried to get her to tell the same story Emma did to save the latter's reputation.

State's Attorney Deenen went at this witness with one one of the most remarkable cross-examinations ever heard in a criminal court. His questions were aimed at her with the rapidity of a repeating rifle, worked to the limit of its speed. The witness was quick-witted and replied promptly for awhile, but she was not as resourceful as the lawyer, and after half an hour, she became confused and her face blazed with excitement. Then she began to contradict herself as to important particulars, and made corrections, which weakened her evidence.

Harry Fiedler, corroborated Rosa Gleich's story and asserted that the mother of the Schimpke girl compelled her to tell the story she did.

George Shalley, a bartender at the Mawle house, in Kenosha, Wis., testified that he saw Mrs. Luetgert on the night of May 3. He said she came into his saloon weary, as if she had walked far. She inquired the direction to the house of a farmer named Mueller. The following day, Shalley said he saw the woman again at Springbluff, a suburb of Kenosha. He was not acquainted with Mrs. Luetgert, but from the description of her he was positive the woman he saw was she.

The Yellow Jack.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 24.—The local fever situation has not shown any improvement. There were fewer cases reported today, but there was one more death than in the previous 24 hours, and at least four patients were reported at 6 o'clock to be in a dangerous condition. There is no reason to justify the statement that there is n d ger of an epidemic.

Nine new cases were reported to-day and four deaths: Marie Dubois, St. Charles; Chas. Hill; C. S. Cretow, 218 Birch street, Carrolleon; Mrs. Gaspario Lesnemes, 524 St. Phillips street.

The ninth new case reported was that of Mrs. Lesnemes, whose death is mentioned.

The detention camp was established at Oakland Park, but the Italians refused to go there, deeming it a plot to do them harm.

The Beauregard school building, which it was proposed to use as a fever hospital, and which a mob threatened to burn down, was destroyed by fire at 1 o'clock this morning, although it was guarded by police. It was formerly a fine residence, occupying a square of ground out on Canal street, near the cemetery.

Gunboat for Honolulu.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—Orders have been sent from the navy department to San Francisco to have the gunboat Wheeling sent to Honolulu as soon as she can be prepared for the voyage. The Wheeling has been put in commission recently, and was about to start in a short time for Sitka, taking stores and relief for the gunboat Concord, now on duty in Alaska.

Philadelphia will remain at Honolulu until the Wheeling arrives. Whether the Yorktown will then be detained is not certain, but it is likely that she will not stop at Honolulu on her way home from China longer than is necessary to secure coal.

Silver in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 24.—The silver wing of the Democrats opened their state campaign in Ohio yesterday. Each county is to hold a meeting, but the grand central meeting was set for this city. It was expected to have a meeting in each school district of the state, but in this matter the committee say they will not be successful. The county meetings, however, they say, are assured.

About 3,000 people attended the opening meeting here. Hon. A. W. Thurman presided. The principal speech was by Horace L. Chapman, candidate for governor.

SPAIN WANTS NO WAR

Negotiations to End Cuban Rebellion

OPENED AT WASHINGTON CITY

Report That War is Inevitable is Scouted at Madrid.

MADRID, Sept. 24.—The Correspondencia de Espana asserts that Pourparlers are proceeding between the United States and Spain for a friendly settlement of affairs, in Cuba.

El Epoca, after denouncing a "sensational" story of an ultimatum, points out that the Cubans have not been at war with Spain without the moral and material co-operation of the American people.

There is a great deal of comment as to the origin of the ultimatum. It has been attributed to a foreign ambassador, but all the ambassadors deny responsibility for it. The people do not think that war is inevitable.

It is asserted that the liberals will soon form a cabinet, and that on the return of the queen from San Sebastian to Madrid Captain-General Weyler will be recalled from Cuba and autonomy established in the island, thus leaving no pretext for the intervention of the United States.

Would Europe Sustain Us?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—State department officials refuse to discuss the statement made in the Associated Press cable dispatch from Madrid, namely, that the countries of Europe, with the exception of Austria, justify the interposition of the United States in favor of a termination of the Cuban war. Still, it is recalled that while Mr. Woodford was tarrying in an apparently purposeless manner in London and Paris, instead of proceeding to his post in Spain, it leaked out that the United States ministers at various European courts had been instructed to sound the governments to which they were accredited, with a view to learning how intervention in favor of Cuba would be regarded.

Although it was generally supposed at the time that this effort would not succeed, there is now good reason to accept the statement in the Madrid cable as fully warranted by the facts.

No Ultimatum.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—A special to the Herald from London says: In reference to the sensational telegrams from Madrid about the alleged ultimatum and inevitability of war between the United States and Spain, the Herald correspondent had a conversation with a distinguished American diplomat, who, though not personally concerned in the American-Spanish negotiations, is in a position to know the exact state of affairs, but who, for obvious reason would not allow his name to be mentioned. He said: "I cannot, of course, pledge in advance the government of the United States, but so far as the present is concerned such a step is not in contemplation. The United States has probably intimated through Mr. Woodford that the present state of affairs is most deplorable and that if we could be of any assistance in bringing this condition of things to an end we should be glad to offer our services. But you may state absolutely that no ultimatum has been sent to Spain by the United States."

Denied by Tetuan.

MADRID, Sept. 24.—The Duke of Tetuan, the Spanish minister of foreign affairs, in the course of an interview today with the correspondent of the Associated Press denies that the government had received an ultima-

tum from the United States in regard to Cuba, and said he had received a cablegram from Senor de Lome, the Spanish minister to the United States to the same effect, and denying the existence of an ultimatum.

BREWERY PLANT BURNED.

Destructive Fire at La Crosse, Wis.—Loss \$300,000.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Sept. 24.—Early Thursday fire was discovered in the roof of the brewhouse of the John Gund Brewing Company's plant. The night watchman turned in an alarm, and although every fire company in the city responded, nothing but the bare walls of one of the most extensive malting and brewing establishments in the Northwest remains.

The roof and inside woodwork were as dry as tinder, and the flames spread rapidly to the other buildings of the plant. The malthouse contained several carloads of malt and about 5000 bushels of barley, which was totally destroyed. The cold storage warehouse held about 12,000 barrels of beer, which was also destroyed. The total loss will exceed \$300,000, about half of which is covered by insurance. The output of the brewery was 100,000 barrels a year, and it employed 250 men.

POLITICAL MATTERS.

Ex-Secretary Tracy for Mayor of New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—After an executive meeting of the Republican assembly district members, Chairman Quigg announced that a resolution was unanimously passed requesting the former secretary of the navy, Benjamin F. Tracy, to allow the use of his name as Republican nominee for mayor of Greater New York. Mr. Quigg will notify General Tracy as soon as he can find him.

Jacob Worth, for years the recognized Republican leader in Brooklyn, was defeated in the Kings county convention. The opposition, led by Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff, City Works Commissioner Willis and Walter Atterbury, supported by Senator Platt, elected all of the nominees for county offices.

PRISONERS IN COUNTY JAIL.

Department No. 1, Circuit Court Meets October 4.
At present there are incarcerated in the Marion county jail seven men, four of whom are awaiting the action of the grand jury while the remaining three are serving out sentences for minor offenses. Those now in the county jail are:

Wm. Ferris, larceny, committed to jail July 10, to await action of grand jury.

Elmer Green, burglary, committed to jail, August 10. Held to grand jury.

Frank Bailey, burglary, committed to jail September 14. His case will be looked into by the grand jury.

W. H. Dawson, larceny, committed to jail September 16. Held to grand jury.

Will Stapleton was committed to jail September 13, to serve a sentence of twenty-five days for assault with a dangerous weapon.

Ed. Williams is serving a thirty days sentence for carrying concealed weapons. He was committed to jail September 20.

E. M. Steeves is also in the county jail awaiting a preliminary examination on the charge of larceny from the person.

The criminal docket at the October term of the Marion county circuit court will indeed be small. There will be but a few cases to be disposed of.

Judge Geo. H. Burnett will convene Department No. 1, Marion county circuit court, Monday, October 4th.

Department No. 5 of Marion county circuit court, will convene during the first week of November, H. H. Hewitt, Judge.

County Clerk L. V. Ehlen issued today bounty warrants as follows: Joe Zelinski, 35 cents; Kittle Turner \$4.00; Victor Hensziesler \$1; Frank Zielinski \$1.70.

Reports from all parts of the Ohio valley indicate that the frost did much damage September 21, especially to tobacco and the late corn.

The works of the Youngstown, Ohio Bridge Co. burned, at loss of \$100,000.

TEXT BOOK CONTROVERSY.

Over a Publication From the Pen of a Salem Lady.

The Salem Statesman says: "A Portland paper a few days ago made a reference, in uncompromising terms, of a new text-book, endorsed by the state board of education for the use in the public schools, and, incidentally, attacks Superintendent Irwin. This work is a brief history and geography of the state, and is intended as a supplementary study to the history and geography text-books now in use. The paper referred to above charged State Superintendent G. M. Irwin with introducing this book, when it was the work of the state board, instead, and the board had the book under consideration for two months before taking the action objected to, of recommending its adoption. The circular letter to county superintendents, asking for a vote on the subject, as required by law, was not written or dictated by Superintendent Irwin, but by one of the other members of the board; and it was approved by the board and consequently, signed by Supt. Irwin, as secretary of that board."

SOME FACTS ABOUT IT.

State Superintendent Irwin wrote the circular referred to but the board of education cut down the matter in it about one-half. But the state board, composed of Messrs. Lord, Kincaid and Irwin never voted to adopt this work—conceded to be a very meritorious one—as to do so would force all the school children of a certain age to buy it and put a large expense on the people of the state. The members of the board, aside from Irwin, say they intended to only recommend its use as a useful book, and did not recommend its adoption as a text book. They have issued a letter to county superintendents recalling the former circular, and stating the facts as above set forth.

THE AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY is up in arms against this book, which by the way is from the pen of a Salem teacher, Mrs. Earl Race of Yew Park. After the roast of Irwin in the Portland paper, Lawyer Paxton, for the American Book company came up to Salem and protested. He said this book would cost 50 cents apiece for all school children who use it, while the American Book company would furnish these facts free as an appendix to their histories and geographies already adopted. Governor Lord and Secretary Kincaid speak in the highest terms of Mrs. Race's work, and favor its use as a supplementary reading book for teachers, but not as a text book. The hostility of the American Book company is bound to make public sentiment in favor of Mrs. Race's book. That company out of the generosity of its heart don't furnish anything free to the public schools of Oregon, and if they attempt to embody any of Mrs. Race's facts or matter from her book they lay themselves liable. They pay Mrs. Race's book a high compliment when they feel that it is necessary to embody such matters as an appendix to their geographies and histories, and confess that their books do not contain the facts and information about Oregon which they should contain.

Fitzsimmons in Politics.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Fugillist Fitzsimmons has become a politician. His debut was made at White Plains when he attended a convention as a substitute delegate. It is said he will take the stump in Westchester this fall in behalf of W. V. Maller, Republican nominee for sheriff.

Prices of silver advanced sharply on Monday, as did wheat, pork and other commodities. The advance was not due to free coinage, but to extensive purchases, with decreased production.

LADIES.—Mrs. Smith has just received a fresh stock of fall and winter millinery, and will sell goods cheaper than ever, as her room rent is very low. Rooms over Dalrymple's store, Salem. 9-21-97

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Animals Poisoned.

A number of house dogs and a valuable maltese cat have been poisoned on a certain street in this city lately and a lady who has lost a pet dog asks publication for the following: "That most contemptible species of mankind known as the dog poisoner is again abroad in this city. The victim in this instance being the pet dog of a child. No one other than a sneak and a coward will resort to such means for the purpose of wreaking vengeance upon the owner of a dumb brute. It is a pity that one who stands high in one of the professions and walks the streets of the city in such self-conceited and pompous pride should be guilty of such an act. The name of the person at whose instance the poison in this case was administered is well known."

Power of Attorney.

C. M. Beak and Maria Beak, of Gloucester, England, have granted the power of an attorney to John Beak, of Marion county. The papers conferring such authority were made out at Gloucester, England, on March 19, 1897. The document, like all official papers in England, bears a revenue stamp of the denomination of one shilling. It reminds one of colonial times, when our forefathers were obliged to place stamps on all public and private papers, etc.

A DAIRY EXHIBIT.—Secretary Gabrielson is just in receipt of a reply from the Columbia Implement company, of Portland, stating that their firm will have a complete working exhibit of dairy machinery at the coming fair. This is an attraction that will please all farmers and dairy people as well as city folks, all of whom are interested in the processes of making good butter and cheese.

CASTORIA. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.



Chas. H. Fletcher

\$2000.00

Any baking powder will lighten your cake, if that's all you want. Some are stronger than others, some more wholesome.

Swiss's Best is both and more so.