

## CRIMINAL.

### Deputy Marshal Ambushed.

### The Stabbing Affray at Albany Yesterday.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 21.—Two deputy United States marshals are dead, two seriously wounded and two more missing as a result of an attack upon a posse of officers by a gang of desperate moonshiners in Searcy county. The dead are: B. F. Taylor, of Searcy county and Joe Dodson, of Stone county. The wounded men are the Renfrow brothers. The names of the missing men were not given, but they are supposed to be deputy sheriffs of Searcy county.

Taylor, one of the murdered men, was 60 years of age and was the wealthiest man in Searcy county. Dodson was a wellknown deputy and has been a terror to moonshiners. He was leading a raid when the terrible affair occurred.

The officers had approached to within 30 yards of an illicit distillery, when they were fired upon from ambush. Taylor and Dodson fell at the first volley, dead in their tracks. The shooting occurred 35 miles from Russellville, at a point 10 miles south of Witt Springs. The locality is in the mountains, and has for many years been a favorite rendezvous for moonshiners and counterfeiter. News of the tragedy was brought to Russellville this morning by Dr. Pack, who came after the coroner.

The men who did the shooting are supposed to be a gang of moonshiners led by Horace Bruce and John Church, two of the most desperate characters in that part of the state.

### Cutting Scrape.

ALBANY, Aug. 31.—A rather bad stabbing affray occurred on Baker street, near First, one that depends on the next few hours to determine how serious the result will be.

About two weeks ago Billy Maher, a former New York man, arrived in

Albany and secured a position in P. C. Anderson's blacksmith shop. He was about 25 years of age, a muscular, powerful young man. On Sunday, the 21st instant, he and Jas. Blackburn went across the Willamette in order to settle which was the better fighter, and when the contest was over it was very emphatically in Maher's favor. Blackburn did not forget it. Sunday evening about 10 o'clock they met in Emil Etter's saloon. Maher had been drinking heavily and was very intoxicated, and had been for some time.

Blackburn remarked about working in the wheat field, when Maher responded: "the hell you have," whereupon Blackburn knocked him down. Shortly afterwards Maher went out side, and was looking for Charley McClain, another blacksmith, when he saw a man on Baker street about half way back to the end of the building, whom he approached. It proved to be Blackburn, who, without any warning staggered up to him, began slashing him in the back. He fell to the ground with Blackburn upon him. Fred Senders and another man near by, then followed and took him off.

Senders said that Maher was on top of Blackburn, and that he only saw part of the affair, after the men were down; but they had been fighting.

Blackburn had been drinking some, it is said very little. Dr. Davis was sent for. The wounded man was taken to the woman's cell in the jail and his wounds dressed. There were six stabs and a shallow slash fourteen inches long, all in the back. One stab went clear into the lungs, at the right shoulder blade, another close by to a bone, the others were small ones and were scattered. Dr. Davis thinks the man will get up all right but it will depend on whether inflammation sets in the case of the lung stab.

Blackburn refuses to make any statement at the present time. He gave himself up to Marshal Lee and was placed in the county jail, where he awaits a preliminary examination.

OPEN AIR MEETING.—Remember the open air meeting on Geo. S. Downing's lawn tonight.

## ALASKA'S

### Mad Rush Still Continues.

### Immense Gold Discoveries—Men Wild to Reach the Interior.

SEATTLE, Aug. 31.—The following letter was received, per steamer Utopia, by the Associated Press:

SKAGWAY, Aug. 23.—The jam is broken on the Skaguay trail. A number of outfits have gotten over, and there is a steady stream of moving humanity mixed up in an almost undecipherable mass of horses of all sizes, ages and conditions, mules and steers, milk cows, goats and dogs; also vehicles of every description and kind to be imagined. Three steamers are now unloading on lighters, which convey the freight as near the shore as possible, where it is loaded on wagons and carried above high tide.

The Utopia is unloading at the only wharf—a very shaky structure. Two piledrivers are at work on another dock, which is intended to be a substantial affair. A new sawmill got steam for the first time yesterday morning. Rough lumber is worth \$27 per thousand, but cannot be gotten out half fast enough at any price.

The city of tents is not being displaced but reinforced by a city of "shacks" of all sizes and degrees of finish. Skaguay is the boom town of Alaska. Every man, whose heart failed him when he encountered the first hardship, has turned townsite boomer. Four weeks ago Skaguay was not known; today, there are not less than 3,000 people here in addition to those on the ships in the harbor. They have surveyed off the townsites, the first comers having first choice. The United States commissioner is issuing some kind of certificate, fee \$5, surveyor another \$5; then the squatter sticks up his tent, shack, or corral, and is ready to skin the first tenderfoot that comes along. Transfers by quit-claim are quite common and as high as \$200 has been paid for a choice location. Skaguay has all the usual accompaniments of frontier mining town dance halls, scarlet women and all kinds of gambling games.

There is no danger of famine here, though there may be a shortage in certain lines. Great piles of hay, grain, flour, bacon, sugar and all necessaries are in stock, apparently to last for some time to come. There are not less than 2,000 horses at work on Skaguay trail, but it is hard to get any one to contract to deliver you over the summit at any price but you can get over for about 30 cents a pound if you are willing to wait and contract by sections. The packers at this end of the trail do not like to contract farther than the first hill, six miles, then one has to hire another outfit.

At Dyea the Indians are moving the freight in an almost unbroken stream, from the landing to Lake Linderman, and it is no trouble to contract to get one's entire outfit put over at one trip for from 30 to 35 cents per pound. No one should come expecting to get over this fall for a less rate, and no one should bring boats. There are boats, set up, knocked-down, in sections and single boards on both trails from the landing to the base of the summit, but not one has yet been taken over.

### Vigilant Committee.

SEATTLE, Aug. 31.—An unknown man has been shot on the Skaguay trail, by a committee of vigilantes, and his bones are now rotting beneath a pile of rocks within a few rods of the pass.

This news was brought down by the steamer Utopia which arrived Monday morning, at 3 o'clock, from Skaguay. Some time ago a sack of flour was stolen. Suspicion pointed to a man who was seen near the summit. A committee of six was chosen to ferret out and punish the

thief. These men went to the tent of the suspected man, and found the missing sack. The man begged for mercy, but the committee, satisfied of his guilt, decided that he be immediately killed. The man was dragged from the tent and tied upright to a pole, the committee-men stood off a short distance and at a word, shot together. The thief's body was pierced in six places, and feeling their duty done and sick of their task the vigilantes left at once, not even waiting to put the bloodied form beneath the ground. For three days it hung there in full view of those passing with their packs. The odor from it became unbearable finally, and the body was buried.

### Rich Mines.

TACOMA, Aug. 31.—A letter to the Ledger has just been received from the North fork of the McMillan river, Alaska, from George Lemon, addressed to his wife in South Tacoma, giving particulars of a fabulously rich strike on this tributary of the McMillan river. He and his partner went there from the Yukon, on information from an Indian, who accompanied them, last spring, and he says they have struck a locality richer than the Klondike. In three months they have made a clean-up of \$55,000. He says they have a lard bucket and a bean can full of nuggets, and although they have no scales, they believe it will run at least to the amount named. They have staked off five claims and he tells his wife to send up four friends, whom he designates, as quickly as possible to locate the adjoining properties, the law being that one man can locate only one claim.

The McMillan river is between 200 and 300 miles south of the Klondike, and until lately has been an unexplored region. Lemon expresses fear of scurvy breaking out this winter.

### Strike Situation.

DENVER, Aug. 30.—A special to the News from Ladon, Ind., says: An immense meeting was held at the opera-house in behalf of the starving coal miners in Indiana. Thomas J. Terhune made a statement of the condition as he found it while making his investigation as Governor Mount's special commissioner. He said: "There are 8000 families in this state in destitution. Thirty thousand people who are literally starving. A few years ago they received \$1 25 per ton; now the average price paid is about 35 cents per ton. A good miner can make \$1 a day and is allowed to work two or three days each week. They are compelled to trade at company stores and the prices they pay are left entirely to the mine operators. The miners admit that they cannot live upon the present scale of wages."

A large subscription to the relief fund was raised.

E. V. Debs left Terre Haute for St. Louis last night to attend the conference called by the national executive board of United Mineworkers. He says there has been a remarkable change in public sentiment on the injunction question; that whereas three years ago there was hardly any dissent from the course of Judges who were issuing restraining orders against the strikers, the preponderance of sentiment now is in opposition.

### Low Excursion Rates.

The Southern Pacific will make a one fare rate from all points on their lines in Oregon to the Oregon state fair which opens September 30 and October 8. A big harvest and a big fair. A clean, vigorous, delightful and comprehensive exposition of everything pertaining to the farm and farmer. Good races and amusements of all kinds. Special attraction every day.

With the present crop prospects and the extremely low railroad rate of one fare for the round trip, the people of Oregon can afford to patronize a state fair that benefits all classes. Popular admission of 25 cents.

### Call for County Warrants.

Notice is hereby given that I have funds on hand to pay all warrants presented prior to June 17th 1896, and interest will cease on the same from the date of this notice.

Dated Aug. 31, 1897.  
G. L. BROWN,  
County Treasurer.

## FOREIGN.

### Afridis Now Holds the Pass.

### Afghan Trouble—Other Foreign Matters.

PESHAWUR, Aug. 31.—A strong force of Afridis, it is announced, has closed Kohat pass, and therefore the proposed advance of a column of British troops through that pass has been countermanded. With Khyber and Kohat passes in the hands of the enemy the gravity of the situation has increased.

The Shinwara and Kapal police posts on the Samana range were attacked, evacuated by their garrisons and burned by the enemy Sunday night. In addition, the Orakzais on Sunday night looted the Nariab Samana bazaar and burned the school. The Kohat pass Afridis are still loyal, in spite of the Mullah's strenuous efforts to excite their chiefs. They promise not to oppose the Peshawur troops who are marching on Kohat.

A column of native troops, under Colonel Gordon, was sent out from Peshawur with orders to force the Kohat pass if necessary and reach Kohat. The Kohat pass, at its entrance, is commanded by Fort Mackeson. It runs through Afridi territory to the British post of Kohat, about 40 miles from Peshawur. The latter is a strong military position.

### Grecian Indemnity.

ATHENS, Aug. 31.—The government has replied to the request of the powers for a statement of the revenue it would be able to assign as a guarantee for the indemnity loan. The government offers to set apart revenues amounting to 4,000,000 drachmas yearly. The Austrian government, it is stated, has proposed the rejection of the British plan for the settlement of the Graeco-Turkish difficulty, and urged that the five remaining powers proceed with the conclusion of peace between the two countries.

### French Election.

BREST, Aug. 31.—The result of the parliamentary election in the third district of Brest is that Abbe Eayraud, Christian socialist and Republican, whose previous return was invalidated by the chamber on the ground of clerical influence, has been re-elected to the chamber of deputies by a large majority.

### May Return to Palestine.

BASEL, Switzerland, Aug. 31.—At the session of the Zionist congress, the delegates present unanimously adopted a program for re-establishing the Hebrews in Palestine, with publicly recognized rights. A dispatch was sent to the sultan of Turkey thanking his majesty for privileges enjoyed by Hebrews in his empire.

### Fatal Collision.

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—A collision between passenger trains took place near Vonninkel. Three locomotives and six carriages were wrecked, two persons were killed and 14 injured. Of the latter, it is thought probably 12 will succumb to their injuries.

### Prison System.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The Chronicle this morning published the announcement that the czar had decided upon the partial abolition of the exile to Siberia of criminals, and the substitution thereof of confinement in large central prisons in Russia. The change will become effective a year hence.

Potatoes, too! The prospects are good for an unusually high price for Oregon "spuds." The Oregon farmer is in luck all around this year.—Exc. If potatoes go to \$1.00 a bushel the spud editor of this paper will wear a crown of vines about his hat.

### It Goes Off Well.

No article of Oregon manufacture ever got such a favorable reception in this city as the Tillamook cream cheese introduced by Sonnemann, the State street grocer.

## A HORRIBLE MURDER.

### Luetgert on Trial for Making Sausage of His Wife.

CHICAGO, Aug. 31.—The trial of Adolph Luetgert, the sausage-maker, for the alleged murder of his wife on May 1 last, began in earnest. Two witnesses were examined, Dietrich Bickness, brother of Mrs. Luetgert, and Louis Luetgert, the 12-year-old son of the accused. The testimony of Bickness tended in the main to show the alleged indifference of Luetgert to the fate of his wife, and the alleged indisposition to report the matter of her disappearance to the police department.

Louis Luetgert, who is a remarkably bright lad for his age, produced something of a sensation in concluding his testimony, and it is believed caused counsel for the prosecution regret for having placed him on the stand. The boy has already been examined twice as to the knowledge of his mother's disappearance, and in neither did he refer to having heard his mother about the house after he had been sent to bed.

Today he recounted how he had gone to a circus on the evening of his mother's disappearance. He returned about 10:30, and found his mother, to whom he described what he had seen at the circus. While engaged in this conversation he said his father entered the room and ordered him to bed. Later, he said he heard his father descending the rear stairway, in the direction of the sausage factory.

This portion of his testimony was identical with that given at the preliminary and the habeas corpus proceedings. But today he continued by saying that after he had been asleep for a long time he was suddenly awakened by hearing a rustling of skirts in his bedroom. He called out:

"Is that you, father?" but his mother's voice replied: "No, it is me." The lad declared that he was sure that it was his mother's voice, which replied to his query, and he soon went to sleep. The state's attorney asked Louis why he had not told this part of the testimony before, and he replied that no one had asked him if he had seen his mother after retiring.

Court adjourned for the day, the defense refusing to cross-examine the boy.

Contrary to the expectations of the state, the jury will be asked by the defense to witness an experiment in the vat in the basement of the sausage factory. This is to be the result of an experiment conducted by Luetgert's attorneys on Saturday and Monday. The body of a man of about Mrs. Luetgert's age and weight, who met death by violence, Thursday, was taken to the factory on Diversey avenue and immersed in a solution of caustic potash.

Experts reported that after boiling the body in a 15 per cent solution of potash for the same length of time as the state alleges Luetgert disintegrated the body of his wife, the complete skeleton of the cadaver remained intact and the solution had but little effect upon the clothing.

As a result of the test, the defendant will, it is said, ask Judge Tuthill to remove his court and jury to the basement of the big sausage factory for a few hours and witness another experiment which the defense claims will completely disprove the state's theory of disintegration.

### Greatly Reduced Rates.

Why not attend the state fair when you can buy a ticket for one fare, round trip, from any point on the Southern Pacific lines in Oregon. The Oregon state fair and industrial exposition will present unusually fine exhibits and attractions in addition to the numerous track features, and exciting running races, with Del Norte to lower his record of 2-08 for a purse of \$250. Arrangements are being made for the introduction of many new attractions to interest and please all who attend.

Visitors may prepare to be royally entertained. One fare for the round trip, and popular admission of 25 cents.

### CASTORIA.

The famous signature of *Castoria* is on every wrapper.

## JOURNAL "X-RAYS."

Rev. Grannis, who has filled the First M. E. pulpit for four years. It is reported, will not ask to be returned to Salem. He is a talented man in many ways and has filled a pulpit harder to fill acceptably than any in Oregon. He has made mistakes and who has not. We don't like him a little bit but he has kept his church strong and has outlasted all but Rev. J. S. White.

If it be true, as reported, that Congressman Tongue insists on one or more of his relatives being appointed to a fat federal office, isn't it rather small business for a man of his wealth and in his position?—Portland Welcome (Rep.)

Why shouldn't Tongue do what Metschan, McBride, Hermann and other idolized Republican leaders are upheld for by their admirers? Isn't nepotism the surest road to great success in Oregon politics? The Welcome is hardly fair to Mr. Tongue.

Great Scott! Frank Motter for Portland Collector; W. J. Ivy for Alaska, etc. Shake them all up in one mold and it wouldn't make a tailor's man.

"Lane county" writes to the Oregonian: If Messrs. McBride and Tongue want any assistance in selecting men to fill the offices of Oregon let them call in Republicans who belong to the party through principle, and if deemed advisable consult also with the leading sound money Democrats, and ignore the men who are Republicans for pie only.

The Chicago Record prints the following letter from Governor Lord, of Oregon: "Replying to your recent question, I have to say that, in my opinion, the most important subject to be taught in the American public schools are the common English branches. In my judgment it is not properly within the province of the state to furnish higher education for the public. Something must be left for individual ambition and energy, and I believe the state does its duty when it provides a good common-school education." The governor is eminently correct, says the Oregonian.

The Salem Statesman has gone so far as to accuse the Governor of being a common drunkard. Guess not as bad as that. Matters are in a peculiar strait, though, when the second paper of the state accuses its party governor of such things.—Albany Democrat.

But it is not the second paper in the state that insults the governor. It is a leased-out irresponsible concern, edited by an individual who prospered by serving the most corrupt politicians on both sides, who has no residence in Oregon, and no party in politics. An accusation from such a source is to be worn as a badge of probity.

The Statesman gave a half-column to a "stinkbug" on its first page and over a column to a "stinkbug" on another page. We fear it is the organ of that animal.

The JOURNAL'S X-Rays have been ordered extinguished. They are declared impertinent and are not wanted in certain quarters where a dark lantern is the only illuminator employed.

Another outrage is being perpetrated by the Salem official, shoddy aristocracy, one of whose sons has a petition signed by many Republicans asking Congressman Tongue to appoint this boy cadet to West Point. The law requires this place to be filled by a competitive examination open to all the young men in the district. What will not the Salem hog do next?

Major Hodgkins is sly, devilish sly; he don't trust anyone else to report his battles.

Royal makes the food purr, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

Why not attend the state fair when you can buy a ticket for one fare, round trip, from any point on the Southern Pacific lines in Oregon. The Oregon state fair and industrial exposition will present unusually fine exhibits and attractions in addition to the numerous track features, and exciting running races, with Del Norte to lower his record of 2-08 for a purse of \$250. Arrangements are being made for the introduction of many new attractions to interest and please all who attend.

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CASTORIA.

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# 5,000 MEN WANTED!

To buy harvest and hop-pickers

# GLOVES

We have a full line of castor horse, goat, buck, calf and hogskin gloves, equal to the best in quality, fit and workmanship, not to forget prices which are as low as the lowest. A full

# GUARANTEE

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# G. W. JOHNSON & CO.

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Sacrifice sale of clothing still on.